

MASSACRED.

Inmates of a Hospital Slaughtered by the Spaniards.

Patriots Bluff Spaniards and the Town of Faisol Was Looted—Gen. Luque Says Cuba is Virtually Lost to Spain Through Weyler's Mismanagement.

New York, April 21.—A special dispatch to the Sun from Havana says: One of the most shocking illustrations of the savage warfare carried on by the Spaniards in Cuba happened Monday in this province, between the villages of Guanche and Jesus Maria.

Lieut. Col. Herrera, at the head of a guerrilla force of some 200 men, surprised a Cuban hospital, in which about 100 sick and wounded were being treated. Every one inside of the hospital were killed by the invaders, who did not even spare two old women who were acting as nurses.

One of the three wounded persons who made their escape by creeping, covered with blood as they were, to a neighboring forest, tells of the massacre in a letter addressed to a friend in Havana.

"It was about 11 o'clock in the morning when a shot from our outposts revealed to us the presence of the Spaniards. Believing the place was safe from any attack of the enemy, hidden as it was in the forest, the Cuban detachment of 200 men who guarded us retired from the hospital three days ago to take the field. Only ten men were left for our protection, and they were poorly armed with old carbines. They did their best to save us, but the Spaniards surrounded them and backed them to pieces with their machetes. Ten minutes later they had surrounded us also and began their massacre of defenseless wounded men and innocent women.

"It is impossible to describe in words the horrible scene. Driven out from their couches, my poor fellow-sufferers huddled in the middle of the room and cried in vain for mercy. The Spaniards answered these cries with insults, mached some and thrust their bayonets into the bodies of the others.

HAVANA, VIA KEY WEST, Fla., April 21.—The town of Faisol, in the Matanzas province, was raised Thursday afternoon by a Cuban force of about 300, supposedly under one of the officers from Gen. Lauret's army. The place has three block houses and a garrison of about 80 Spaniards. The Cubans crept through between the block houses early in the morning, and before the Spaniards were aware of their presence they were entrenched in a stone church in the center of the town. They sent word to the Spanish officers that they had come there for supplies, and if they were permitted to get them and retire without trouble they would not attack them, but if the Spanish troops disturbed them they would burn the town and capture and destroy the blockhouses.

This bluff succeeded. The Cuban force looted seven or eight stores nearest the church, taking large quantities of supplies. Before leaving they compelled the alcalde of the town to have tables spread in the church, whereupon the officers sat down to a feast, to which a large number of persons attended. After remaining in the town for six or seven hours without disturbance, the force retired.

Gen. Luque, who succeeded Gen. Bernal, has resigned and expects to leave for Spain on the next steamer. He is outspoken in his criticism of Weyler's tactics and says Cuba is virtually lost to Spain through Weyler's mismanagement.

BILLY VERNON

Badly Injured in a Boxing Bout in Athens, Pa.—May Not Recover.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Billy Vernon, of Haverstraw, N. Y., was probably fatally injured in a boxing bout with Leslie Pearce, of Camden, N. J., at the Olympic Athletic club, Athens, Pa., Tuesday night. The fight had been scheduled for 15 rounds, and at the opening of the fourteenth both men came up fresh and smiling. After sparring for an opening, Vernon made a left swing which Pearce cleverly countered and both men broke away. More sparring followed and Vernon made a vicious left lunge. Pearce ducked without attempting a return when Vernon suddenly collapsed and fell heavily forward on his face. He was counted out, but continued to lay motionless after Pearce had retired to his dressing room. Vernon's second, Paul Dime, of Amsterdam, N. Y., made an effort to rouse him but he lay still. Then several doctors pushed their way to the ringside and, upon their direction, the unconscious man was carried to his room. At a late hour he was still senseless and the physicians gave but slight hope of his recovery. Pearce was placed under arrest, but every other person connected with the affair managed to escape before the authorities got wind of it. There were about 2,000 spectators.

Will Support Bundy.

BALTIMORE, April 21.—Leading colored citizens of Annapolis and Baltimore hold the opinion that Bundy should maintain his right to enter the naval academy and hold his commission in the navy. They think the time has come when the colored people should assert all their political and official rights. The colored people at Annapolis, forming a large portion of the population, will welcome Bundy and give him all the assistance possible.

Chas. B. Reid Indicted for Murder.

MADISON, Ga., April 21.—Chas. B. Reid, who shot and killed L. M. Halstead, an attaché of a circus, in this city April 7, because of an insult said to have been offered to Reid's wife by Halstead, was indicted for murder by the grand jury of Bibb county Tuesday.

May Be Sent to Madrid.

HAVANA, April 21.—La Lucha prints a dispatch from New York which says that President McKinley will send Gen. Fitzhugh Lee to represent the United States in Madrid. Lee refuses to affirm or deny.

HUNTER WITHDRAWS.

He Asks That Another Caucus for a Candidate Be Held.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 22.—The following notes were made public at noon Wednesday: "Hon. William H. Jones, Chairman of the Republican Joint Caucus, Frankfort, Ky.—Sir: I shall be obliged if you will call the republican members of the general assembly in joint caucus at the earliest time convenient to receive a communication which I desire to present to their consideration. Very truly, W. GODFREY HUNTER."

"To the Republican Members of the General Assembly of Kentucky: Responding to a request just received from Hon. W. Godfrey Hunter, republican nominee for United States senator, you are hereby called to meet in joint caucus in the hall of the house of representatives in Frankfort this Wednesday, April 21, 1897, at 8 p. m., for the purpose of receiving a communication referred to and to take such action in the senatorial matter as may be deemed advisable.

"W. H. JONES, "Chairman."

The above means that Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter has given up all hope of being elected United States senator from Kentucky.

Already the woods is full of candidates who are willing, yea, anxious, to take his place, but the race will probably narrow down between Judge W. W. Holt and W. J. Deboe, although "there are others." Holt is believed to have the best chance.

On joint ballot Wednesday the following was taken in the senatorial caucus Wednesday night, but the vote on the motion to adjourn till Thursday night was a fair test of the strength of the Hunter and anti-Hunter elements of the party. The Hunter men, who are for Deboe, voted against adjourning, while the anti-Hunter men, a majority of whom are for Judge Holt, voted to adjourn.

Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, after abandoning the senatorial fight at Frankfort Wednesday afternoon, secretly boarded the Chesapeake and Ohio express as it left the capital Wednesday night. He was accompanied by his wife.

LEEVE BREAKS

At Shipland Landing, Miss.—A Mighty Rush of Water Over the Surrounding Country.

JACKSON, Miss., April 22.—The Greenville correspondent of the Associated Press wires Wednesday morning as follows:

At 9:30 o'clock Wednesday morning the dreadful alarm cry of "Levee broke" was repeated for the sixth time in the Yazoo, Mississippi delta, when the huge 18 foot levee at Shipland Landing, Issaquena county, suddenly crumbled away, letting in with a mighty rush and roar the ponderous torrent of the great river. Shipland is on Promised Land plantation, about two miles below Lake Providence, Louisiana. At the time of the break back water from the upper crevasses was already against the levee some ten or twelve inches deep and many high places around were still uncovered. Hope was entertained that the worst had passed and that the fearful flood had spent its fury in the wreck and ruin already wrought. But it was not so. Many fine plantations upon which partial crops might have been made must now share the fate of the rest, and in all of lower Issaquena, Sharkey and Yazoo counties, where there was a foot of water before, there will be three feet or more. Places which have heretofore been havens of refuge for live stock and human beings will now have to be abandoned, and in a few short days there will scarcely be a dry spot in all the country south of this break between the levees and the Yazoo river. Whether there be life lost in the region immediately affected, depends upon the question whether the people are provided with boats. In addition to the disastrous local consequences of the break, it will also have the effect of raising the water in the Yazoo river, and keeping that stream up at its mouth to such an extent as to retard the outflow of flood water in the upper delta country.

DAMAGING FROSTS

In the Peninsular Section of Virginia—The Southwest Suffered Very Little.

RICHMOND, Va., April 22.—In the peninsular section of Virginia there was heavy frost Tuesday night, and some damage to early fruit and vegetables. No fear is indicated for the fruit in the Danville section, and there will be only slight injury in the Prince William and Loudoun tier of counties.

Norfolk reports heavy damage to truck in the counties of Virginia seaboard and Eastern North Carolina, and the fruit around Charlottesville suffers, it is thought, seriously. Small fruit in the Staunton district is said to have been killed, but the apple crop is regarded as safe. The southwest seems to have suffered very little.

Murderer Kelley Taken to Somersworth. MONTREAL, April 22.—Jos. E. Kelley, the self-confessed murderer of Cashier Stickney, of Somersworth, N. H., was taken to Dover, N. H., Wednesday night. He consented to return, waiving extradition proceedings. Wednesday Kelley confessed that he wore a disguise when he went to rob the bank.

Lineman Burned to Death. ST. LOUIS, April 22.—In the center of the business section of the city Wednesday Edward Clayland, a lineman for the Missouri Electric Light and Power Co., was burned Wednesday by a live wire. His smoking body hung in the air for at least ten minutes in view of thousands who were attracted to the scene.

Charles Filkins for Governor. WARREN, O., April 22.—Charles Filkins, of Warren, a leading attorney, is being talked of for governor by the democrats. Filkins is widely known as a strong talker.

CITY OF DAMASI

Captured and Burned by the Greeks in a Desperate Fight.

The Situation at Tyrnavo is Somewhat in Doubt—The Turks Shelling the Town—The Greeks Cross the Frontier at Bani—Severe Artillery Duel.

ATHENS, April 21.—News has just reached here that the Greeks, after a desperate battle, have captured and burned Damasi. Viglia is still resisting. Another division of the Greek troops, it is reported, has traversed the Reveni pass and captured three block houses. This division has almost reached Damasi, where it will effect a union with the force that captured the town. The 20,000 troops under Gen. Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery.

Reveni lies 12 miles northwest of Larissa. Ethem Pasha with a force variously estimated at from 10,000 to 14,000 troops led seven assaults against it Monday, but all were repulsed by the Greeks.

Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs here that the Turks at that point were completely and finally repulsed.

In Athens greater attention has been paid to the operations in the neighborhood of Reveni than to those at Milouna pass. The theory all along has been, that if the Greeks could establish themselves at Damasi, their road would lie open to Ellassona.

The exact situation at Tyrnavo is somewhat in doubt. The news from that point is conflicting. But there is no confirmation of the rumor that the place has been captured by the Turks. What seems to have happened at Tyrnavo was evacuated in order to send troops forward to Reveni and was then re-occupied by troops returning from Milouna.

MILOUNA PASS, April 21.—The Turks have just commenced to shell the town of Tyrnavo. All the roads leading to Larissa are crowded with fugitives shouting, "Reserves, don't try conclusions with the Turks."

The Greek villages in the plain are completely deserted.

ATHENS, April 21.—A dispatch from Arta says that 3,000 Greeks have crossed the frontier at Bani, and a severe artillery duel has been in progress since Monday. The Greek artillery has silenced the Turkish inartillery fort, commanding the town. Two attempts by the Turks to cross the river were repulsed. There has been brisk artillery and infantry firing along the line for about five miles. Two Greek officers and many Turks have been killed.

ATHENS, April 21.—The report of the capture of Damasi by the Greeks under Gen. Smolenitz is confirmed by official dispatches. Official dispatches report also that further heavy breaches have been made in the Turkish forts at Prevesa. The bombardment ceased at nightfall, but was resumed Wednesday morning.

The ironclad Spetzia has left the Gulf of Arta to join the eastern squadron which, it is said, has an important mission.

ATHENS, April 21.—The news of the capture of Damasi puts a new complexion upon the situation on the frontier, is a great encouragement to the government, and is likely to have the most exhilarating effect upon the spirits of the Greeks, who had been greatly depressed by the reverses of their troops at Milouna Pass. This success and the fact that the fall of Prevesa seems imminent virtually offsets the calamity at Milouna. If the Greek divisions effect a union at Damasi, as is expected, there is almost nothing in the way of their prompt advance to Ellassona.

Should the Greeks succeed in reducing the forts at Prevesa, as now seems probable, and in occupying the town with the large land force co-operating with the bombarding warships, the road to Janina would be open and the Turkish troops in Epirus placed at the most serious disadvantage. The strategic value of Prevesa to the Turkish division in Albania is that so long as it remains in the hands of the Turks it makes possible a steady line of munitions and food supplies. With Prevesa in the hands of the Greeks this line would be promptly cut, and it would be practically impossible to revictual the Turkish troops by the long land route through Macedonia. On the other hand the Greek troops could be revictualled by sea.

ROME, April 21.—According to a dispatch to the Messagero, from Athens, dated Tuesday, the forces of the Turks and Greeks in the fighting which has taken place in the Milouna pass totaled up 20,000 men. The dispatch adds that Crown Prince Constantine assumes supreme command of the Greek forces which will fight the Turks Tuesday. It is also announced that King George of Greece leaves Athens for the frontier Tuesday.

ATHENS, April 21.—Fighting between the Greeks and Turks was resumed Tuesday morning at Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest from Larissa. A big battle is in progress. The Turks are attacking in still greater force than Monday, but the Greeks are making a stubborn resistance.

It was announced this evening that the Greeks have recaptured Gritzovali.

Col. Manos, in command of the Greek forces of the frontier of Epirus, has telegraphed to the government here that the Turks have bombarded the military hospital at Arta although the red cross flag was hoisted over it.

ATHENS, April 21.—There was renewed fighting between the Greeks and Turks in the Milouna pass Monday. It was of the most severe description, but full details are not obtainable here.

The firing ceased at 5 o'clock Monday evening. The total Greek loss in the various engagements in the Milouna pass is estimated here at 1,000 killed and wounded.

Over 200 wounded soldiers and officers of the Greek army have arrived at Larissa, Tyrnavo and Volo.

The losses of the Turks are declared to be much greater than those of the Greeks.

THE PROGRAMME

Of the Democrats With Reference to the Tariff Bill—Their Plan is Not to Delay the Bill Any Longer Than is Necessary.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—There has been some discussion of the probable programme of the democratic members of the finance committee with reference to the tariff bill and it is learned that while their plans are not definitely matured, they intend to have reasonable consideration of the bill in committee and believe that they will have the support of Senator Jones, of Nevada, upon any fair proposition they submit. The democrats do not want an extended consideration in committee, but may desire to offer some amendments after they have seen the bill, the adoption of which they consider they would be more likely to secure in the committee than in the open senate. It is said that in the senate the democratic plan is not to delay the bill any longer than is necessary, but that every senator desiring to discuss it shall have the opportunity to do so, and that such record-making votes as the democrats think necessary shall be had. This policy the democrats will pursue to the end. In this connection it may be stated that the democrats of the senate do not approve of the policy of Mr. Bailey and his fellow democrats of the house. Attention is called to the fact that it was long ago said that the policy of Speaker Reed and the republicans of the house are pursuing would be followed in order to direct attention to the delay of the tariff bill in the senate. If delay should ensue by reason of debate by democratic senators it will be pointed out, democratic senators say, that this delay is not endorsed by the majority of the democrats of the house.

The Bailey democrats will be endorsing the republicans in their criticisms of the democratic senators. It is not known whether or not the advice which the democratic senatorial leaders are freely giving the democrats of the house will be taken, but it is known that house democrats have been advised that acquiescence in the republican tactics is not good policy. The democratic senators do not want criticisms which may be directed at them to be indirectly endorsed by the democratic members of the house.

It was learned Wednesday that in the changes made in the tariff bill by the senate sub-committee the rates in the metal schedule have been made very close to the present law and the same is said of the cotton schedule.

The chemical schedule is understood to be about completed. Many changes in it in the direction of reductions have been made.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The secretary of war Wednesday sent to the house a report from the chief of engineers of the army upon the survey of the mouth of the Green river, Ky., with a view to the construction of a lock and dam. He reports that the proposed improvements would cost \$294,000, and are not justified. The secretary also reports that the proposed acquisition of the channel excavated through Atehafalaya bay, La., by the Morgan Steamship Co. is not advisable.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The speaker of the house Wednesday received the third letter from Attorney General McKenna, urging in strong terms that appropriations for the expenses of the United States courts be made at once. Without special appropriation the attorney general represents that the courts must adjourn, or else certificates be issued for expenses of jurors, witnesses and officers, and that many persons now held in jail will have their confinement lengthened.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The republican members of the finance committee of the senate have reached an agreement either to strike out the retroactive provisions of the Dingley tariff bill or amend it so as to pave the way so to have it stricken out in conference, and have so notified the democratic members of the committee. The democrats have agreed in view of this promise not to present the Vest resolution on the subject of Secretary Gage's recent circular.

This was one of the accomplishments of the visit of the republican members to the senate Tuesday. The sentiment among the republican members is said to have been against the provision from the first, but they felt that to take decisive diverse action upon it in the face of democratic opposition would place them in the light of acting under fire and taking a position because of the criticisms of the opposition. They, therefore, asked that the democrats keep their hands off until the republicans should have an opportunity to make their intentions known. The democrats considered this proposition as reasonable and agreed to refrain from pressing consideration of the Vest resolution until the result of the labors of the republican members could be known.

While not absolutely decided between the material modification of the provision and its complete cancellation the balance of opinion in the committee is understood to be quite on the side of destroying it entirely. The democratic senators generally believe this will be the result of the committee deliberations and expect that when the bill is handed to them the clause will have disappeared.

Notre Dame Defeats University of Michigan. SOUTH BEND, Ind., April 22.—The University of Notre Dame baseball nine administered a sound whipping to the University of Michigan team Wednesday afternoon. Score 18 to 3.

Wm. S. Holman Critically Ill. WASHINGTON, April 22.—At noon Wednesday Dr. Burwell, the family physician of Judge William F. Holman, reported Holman in a critical condition. Said Dr. Burwell: "Mr. Holman is worse to-day than he was yesterday. While there is no immediate danger, he is in a critical condition now. He is conscious only part of the time."

Ten Minutes Session of the House. WASHINGTON, April 22.—The house after a ten minute session adjourned till Thursday out of respect to the late Representative Milliken, of Maine.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Extraordinary Session.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—SENATE—The senate spent Thursday considering the Indian appropriation bill, but did not complete it. Early in the session the proceedings were made executive and when the doors were again opened to the public, the Indian bill came up. The pending question was on the committee amendment opening the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah to public entry. On motion of Mr. Gallinger he provided as to children of a white father and Indian mother was modified so as to give these children tribal rights on the consent of a majority of the tribe, and the consent of the secretary of the interior. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, spoke in criticism of the provision of the bill abolishing sectarian Indian schools. He knew, he said, that what he said would subject him to bitter criticism. He was brought up a Protestant and had no connection with the Roman Catholic church. But he had no sympathy with that cowardly and ignorant sentiment that any religious denomination could menace our liberties. He had been a member of the republicans and he believed the republicans were opposed to republican institutions. But he had traveled through the Indian country, visiting the schools and had found them a travesty on education except when conducted by the Jesuits. Broken down preachers and defunct politicians were sent out to the western country to teach the Indian children. He had found, he said, that the only Indian schools accomplishing any good were those conducted by the Jesuits. The secretaries of the Catholic church seemed to appeal to the Indians. I do not belong to that sect who would rather see an Indian damned than see him in the Catholic church. Mr. Vest said he would make no effort to oppose the provision of the bill, but would content himself with this protest. The Indian bill was not completed when at 5 o'clock, the senate adjourned to Monday.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—SENATE—The senate passed the Indian appropriation bill Monday. It is substantially the same as it passed the house, and can occasion little division save on the amendment opening the Uncompahgre Indian reservation. Resolutions of inquiry were agreed to asking the secretary of state as to the operation of the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley act. Mr. Vest introduced his resolution declaring illegal the recent order of the secretary of the treasury, relative to imports arriving after April 1. The secretary gave notice of pressing the resolution Tuesday and it may afford another test on the tariff. After the executive session the senate adjourned as a mark of respect to Representative Milliken, deceased. A resolution for a committee of five senators to inquire into the issuance of land patents to the Pacific railroads and to the California & Oregon railroad and the amounts of subsidies paid to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. was favorably reported, but on suggestion of Mr. Stewart (Nev.) went over. During debate on the Indian bill Mr. Allen (pop. Neb.) offered an amendment for the establishment of an Indian supply warehouse at Omaha.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—SENATE—Senator Morgan's resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba was discussed in the senate Tuesday and then went over for a week, owing to the absence of Senator Hale, of Maine, who has been active in opposition. Mr. Morgan again urged the need of speedy action by this country to stop the devastation in Cuba. The resolution went over. The agricultural appropriation bill was then taken up and passed without amendment. At 1:40 p. m. the senate went into executive session. At 2 o'clock the senate resumed legislative session and the bankruptcy bill was formally laid before the senate. In the course of the debate Mr. Allen (pop. Neb.) announced that he would obstruct in every possible way any bankruptcy bill which included involuntary bankruptcy. Mr. Morgan (rep. Minn.) amended his substitute bill so as to overcome criticisms heretofore made. Mr. Morgan gave notice that he would seek to secure a test on the pending Nelson substitute by moving at 4 p. m. Wednesday to lay the substitute on the table. Mr. Bacon (dem. Ga.) submitted numerous amendments modifying the stringency of the original bill as applicable to debtors.

HOUSE—Not in session.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—SENATE—Most of the day was given to the bankruptcy bill. The vote on the substitute and amendments will be taken up at 3 p. m. Thursday. It was agreed that a committee of 15 senators should represent the senate at the coming Grand memorial ceremonies. Senator Mason, of Illinois, made his maiden speech in the senate Wednesday and signified it by a bitter criticism on the rules of the senate. The speech was in support of a resolution introduced by the Illinois senator directing the committee on rules to report a rule by which debate could be closed and the previous question ordered. Mr. Hoar (Mass.) replied briefly, pointing out that the other branch of congress was more open to criticism than the senate. He was in accord with Mr. Mason, however, on the need of new rules. A vote was taken on Mr. Gorman's motion to refer the Mason resolution to the rules committee, which prevailed, yeas 32, nays 24. A further discussion of the subject is promised as Mr. Hoar has a pending resolution to discharge the committee on rules from further considering the reform of the rules.

HOUSE—The chaplain of the house, Mr. Couder, in his prayer Wednesday gave thanks that this nation was at peace with all others and prayed that higher and holier methods than war might prevail everywhere. He prayed for the friends of Representative Milliken, of Maine, who died Sunday and whose desk was draped in black and covered with flowers. The death of Mr. Milliken was announced by Mr. Dingley, and out of respect the house at 12:10 p. m. adjourned until Thursday.

West Virginia Crops Damaged. NEWPORT NEWS, W. Va., April 22.—A heavy frost fell throughout this section with a heavy damage to crops. In some places ice formed on poles. Owing to a brisk breeze which has prevailed nearly all night and the dry condition of the atmosphere but slight damage was done to the fruit trees, although in localities remote from the water they are said to have been frost bitten. The greatest damage was done to the pen crop, many acres of which was in bloom. The strawberry crop was also slightly injured.

Western League Season Opens. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 22.—The Western League season of 1897 opened in this city Wednesday. The visitors could not touch big Bill Phillips and were shut out. The features of the game was the pitching of Phillips and the field work of the home team. Thirty-five hundred people witnessed the contest.

Empires Meet and Embrace. VIENNA, April 22.—Emperor William of Germany arrived here at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning and was welcomed at the railroad station by Emperor Francis Joseph and all the Austrian archdukes. A guard of honor was drawn up on the platform of the railroad station. The emperors embraced each other repeatedly and Emperor William cordially greeted the archdukes. After the imperial suites had been presented to each other the emperors drove to the palace amid the cheers of the crowds of people lining the route.

Used by the Champions.

The popularity of the Winchester repeating shot gun is deserved, for although it costs very little, it has repeatedly out shot the highest priced handmade guns. Hundreds of shooters who use double-barreled shot guns now use the Winchester because they found that they could bag more game and make better scores at the trap with a Winchester. What stronger recommendation could any shot gun possibly have than to be used by J. A. K. Elliott, champion live bird shot of the world at Ily-O. Heikes, champion of America, rolling target; Ferd Van Dyke, Capt. B. A. Bartlett and many other of the best shots in the country. A Winchester repeating shot gun and Winchester factory loaded shells form a combination which cannot be surpassed. Send to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., for their large illustrated catalogue free.

When a man runs for an office, and is defeated, he consoles himself by saying it paid him for the acquaintance it gave him.—Washington Democrat.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

What a Man Can Do With \$1,000. He can buy 160 acres of good land for \$1,000. Pay \$400 down; balance in three payments due in 3, 4 and 5 years at 7 per cent. He can also buy 100 choice ewes for \$300 and ten good cows for \$300. The milk and butter from the cows will pay all farm and family expenses. The increase of sheep and wool will pay off the mortgage before it is due. In five years he will have a farm all paid for and well stocked. For descriptive lists and prices address H. F. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 255 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

The mathematics of marriage—man becomes an integer instead of a fraction; he halves his sorrows, doubles his joys, and multiplies his usefulness.—Ram's Horn.

Letters from Farmers

In South and North Dakota, relating their own personal experience in those states, have been published in pamphlet form by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and as these letters are extremely interesting, and the pamphlet is finely illustrated, one copy will be sent to any address, on receipt of two-cent postage stamp. Apply to Geo. H. Hefford, General Passenger Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

He always wanted something new; at last he had his wish.—Rode home upon an open car. And caught pneumonia.

"Star Tobacco."

As you chew tobacco for pleasure, use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore the cheapest.

"What is a crank, papa?" "A crank, my son, is a fellow who goes around with his wheel."

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 932 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

Nothing humiliates a man more than a woman to find it necessary to take him down a peg.—Athenion Globe.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. Dieter, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1894.

It is astonishing how many men there are who can play the fiddle.—Washington Democrat.

Sore and stiff from cold; don't wait and suffer; use St. Jacobs Oil and get cured.

They who have most of heart know most of sorrow.—N. Y. Weekly.

Casarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

Nothing makes a man so mad as for you to keep cool when he is abusing you.

A man humps himself with lumbago. He hushes when cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

If there is nothing in a map, his "opportunity" never comes.—Ram's Horn.

Just try a 10c box of Casarets candy caustic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

Every time a man runs across a real pretty girl he wishes he hadn't married.

Wrinkles come with neuralgia. They go with St. Jacobs Oil's cure of it.

A danger foreseen is half avoided.—N. Y. Weekly.

Impure Blood

"My blood was out of order, and I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has purified my blood and relieved me of rheumatism, kidney trouble and sick headaches. I am now able to do a good day's work. Rheumatism has troubled me since I was a child, but I am now entirely well." MISS PHOENIX BAILEY, Box 445, Pasadena, California. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable, beneficial. 25c.

Advertisement for Hires Rootbeer. Features include: Laugh at the Sun Drink HIRES Rootbeer, Keep Cool-Drink HIRES Rootbeer, Keep Well-Drink HIRES Rootbeer, Quenches your thirst HIRES Rootbeer. Includes an illustration of a man's face.

STAGE DIAMONDS Our New Wonder diamond yet discovered. Our Best of \$25.00 90 cents. Screw Earrings or Eardrops, \$1.00. Only experts can tell them from the real. Entire satisfaction or money returned. Diamond J. P. RAWLEY, 51 Broadway, NEW YORK.

OH, YES; WE USE IT. YUCATAN. DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials. Treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREENE'S SOUS, ALABAMA, GA.