

THE BOURBON NEWS.

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CYCLING AND THE HEART.

English Doctor's Idea of the Effect of the Popular Exercise.

Dr. Herschell, an English physician, has written a book, in which he attempts to show the effect upon the heart of overexertion in bicycle riding. He is much opposed to racing, and declares that fast riding by children is dangerous and almost sure to affect their health later in life.

"The cyclists who habitually ride long distances must now be considerable," says Dr. Herschell. "The number of individuals who make a profession of cycling is rapidly increasing, particularly that class who travel over the country attending meetings. These will average two or three races a week for six months in the year; and as they are handicapped according to their former and previous performances, such races are usually hotly contested. Among amateurs every large club has its record for long distances against time.

"It is an open question whether we should allow little children to cycle. They are all eager to do so, as they see their elders crazed upon the subject, and the cycle manufacturers are fostering the idea by placing on the market diminutive wheels. Of course, cycling for short distances with low gear and frequent rests can do a child no manner of harm. But, to insure this, constant supervision is necessary. My experience is that when a boy learns cycling he does not confine himself to what would be harmless to him, but is even more inclined to do it than grown-up people. When out with a party he will of necessity have to keep up with his elders, and when alone he tries to break records. The average boy has very lofty ideals in the way of athletics. I read in the cycling papers quite recently of a little boy who, at the mature age of four, has taken to the path. What effect will the continuous high pressure in the arteries of this infant have upon the development of his circulatory system? Time only will show. We have at present no data upon which to form an opinion, as it is probably the first time in the history of the world that the problem has been presented to us, and that anything like cycling has become a factor in the evolution, development and growth of our children. When we allow a child to ride long distances upon a cycle we are carrying out a physiological experiment which, although possibly of interest from a scientific standpoint, must be utterly unjustifiable.

"The amount of disease which will be produced by cycling in the near future rests with that large body of family physicians whom I am addressing in this essay. They must insist upon making a thorough examination of the heart of every patient over middle age who may be taking up cycling.

"Having made such an examination, the practitioner will be in a position to allow the patient to cycle without restraint, or to put an absolute veto upon this form of exercise, or to lay down rules for its safe indulgence; and to prescribe the daily amount, the pace, and other details which may enable the patient to use the cycle not only with impunity but even with advantage. On his part every intending cyclist will be well advised if he consult his medical adviser and be thoroughly overhauled before commencing to learn."

Chicago Times-Herald.

GOUGED GOLD PIECES.

Skillful Work Done by Coin Sweaters on the Pacific Coast.

One of the most puzzled men in town is a Montgomery street restaurant keeper, who recently took in a \$20 gold piece which filled all the ordinary requirements of genuineness so far as a superficial test could reveal the true facts. But a few days ago a banker stepped into his place and saw the \$20 piece which the restaurant man had received only a short time before. The banker had a queer look in his eyes as he took the coin and rapped it sharply with his knife, and the restaurant keeper had a stranger expression as he saw his supposed \$20 piece break into two pieces.

"How is this?" he demanded. The banker answered: "It is the same old game. I had one of these pieces myself, and since then I have tested gold pieces of the \$20 denomination very carefully. If that had been genuine my test would not have broken it."

Then the restaurant keeper and the banker carefully examined it together. The outside of the gold piece was all right, seemingly, when the disserver parts were placed together. The milling seemed to be up to the standard. The weight was correct.

But the inside of the piece was half filled with a composition which was not the customary gold and alloy. Still closer examination revealed that the gold had been sawed through with exquisite care and skill just inside of the milling. Then the milling had been removed and from the interior of the piece some of the gold had been extracted and the baser composition was made to take the place of the more precious metal. Then, with equal deftness and skill, the milling had been replaced and soldered in some way, and the trick was done.—San Francisco Call.

Baby Wouldn't Mind. Mamma—Bobby, look out! You'll drop the baby. Bobby—That's just what I'm trying to do. If he dropped from Heaven, as you said, he can't mind this little fall.—Brooklyn Life.

His List. Jack—That man has many prominent people on his visiting list. Kitty—Is he a society leader? Jack—No, he's a collector of bad debts.—Up-to-Date.

LESS PEACEFUL.

Turkey Sending Seven Thousand More Troops into Thessaly.

Porte Preparing a Petition to Be Signed by Inhabitants of Thessaly Praying to Be Placed Under Turkish Rule—Invaders Driven Back by Greeks.

LONDON, May 26.—The aspect of eastern affairs is less peaceful. Turkey is sending 7,000 more troops to Thessaly, and it is said that the sultan has promised his ministers not to relax his hold upon that province.

The note of the powers certainly does not yield on a single point and states even that the peace conference must be held at Constantinople and not at Pharsalos, but the sincerity of both Germany and Russia is doubted, and any sign of dissension among the powers makes more obstinacy on the part of the sultan.

It is reported from Vienna that Emperor Nicholas has advised King George for his own safety, to appoint a military governor with exceptional powers and to concentrate 8,000 picked troops at Athens.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says the porte has prepared a petition in Greek and in Turkish, to be signed by the inhabitants of Thessaly, praying to be placed under the rule of the sultan.

The Athens correspondent of the Standard says the powers have assured Greece that the porte will not be allowed to evade the conditions of the armistice.

A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says the powers, including Turkey, have assented to the appointment of Prince Francis Joseph of Battenberg as governor general of Crete.

The correspondent of The Times at Athens says:

"The torrent of recrimination, denunciation and bitter invectives which was checked by the fear of the immediate Turkish advance to Athens has broken out afresh, now that this danger has been removed by the armistice. The authors of the war policy, equally with those who are held responsible for the disasters, are being dragged before the bar of public opinion. So far as the official culprits are concerned, it is believed that the government will appoint a commission of inquiry to punish the guilty. A thorough investigation into the ambulance and commissariat departments will probably entail scandalous disclosures.

"The Ethniké Hetairie is bitterly denounced, and the government is urged to seize its funds, to confiscate its stores and arms and to compel it to render an account. The government is not likely to accede to this suggestion, because many persons prominent in political life are closely connected with the organization, and the hetaria, conscious of its strength, has decided to remain silent and to preserve its mysterious and invisible character. Possibly smitten with compunction, however, the society has donated 60,000 drachmas for the relief of the Thessalian refugees. This is apparently the best justified item of all its expenditures.

ATHENS, May 26.—A dispatch from Lamia Tuesday says that 300 Chegs intruded upon the neutral zone, but were driven back by the Greek gendarmaria. The Crown Prince Constantine has strongly protested against this intrusion as a violation of the armistice.

VIENNA, May 26.—The Neue Freie Presse publishes a dispatch from Constantinople Tuesday saying that Germany has finally approved the conditions of peace, and that the identical note of the powers on the subject was presented to the Turkish government Tuesday.

Germany's action is regarded as being highly prejudicial to the prospect of a speedy conclusion of peace, as it leads Turkey to believe the powers are disunited and encourages opposition.

Patrol Wagon Collides With an Electric Car.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Four police officers and one patrol wagon driver connected with the Fiftieth street police station were seriously injured Tuesday night in a collision between the patrol wagon and an electric car. The collision occurred at Fiftieth street and Indiana avenue, and at the time the driver of the patrol wagon was urging his horses on a dead run in answer to an alarm of fire from Forty-third street and Calumet avenue. The wagon with its occupants was thrown to the sidewalk and demolished.

Will Not Go to Spain.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26.—Ex-United States Senator George F. Edmunds, Tuesday, emphatically denied the published report that he had been offered the Spanish mission by President McKinley. When asked if he would accept the position if it were offered him, he said: "I am averse to holding any public office and have no inclination to go abroad in any capacity."

The Statehouse Bill Vetoed.

JACKSON, Miss., May 26.—The governor Tuesday returned to the legislature without his approval the bill providing for the building of a new statehouse at a cost of \$750,000. The governor's objections to the bill are of such a nature as to permit of a remodeling of the bill and it is thought an amended form of the measure can be passed at the present extraordinary session.

Obstreperous Prisoner Subdued by a Woman.

KEWANEE, Ill., May 26.—John Kane, a prisoner in the county jail, attacked Deputy Sheriff Stiers, and was wrestling him, when Mrs. Stiers appeared with a revolver. She put the pistol to the prisoner's head and told him that she would kill him if he made any more trouble. Kane submitted, and was put in irons.

Freedom of Roman Catholics.

ROME, May 26.—The Osservatore Romano announces that Emperor Nicholas has made special provision for the freedom of Roman Catholics in Russia.

THE SUPPLIES.

For American Citizens in Cuba Ample—Representatives of Tobacco Manufacturers Meet in the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Representatives of practically all the tobacco manufacturers in the United States, with the exception of the cigar manufacturers, met here Wednesday to protest against the proposed advance of two cents a pound in the tax on tobacco contemplated in the senate amendments to the tariff bill.

There were present and represented about 150 manufacturers. The total tobacco output, exclusive of cigars, of the United States is about 500,000,000 pounds annually, and of this amount 250,000,000 pounds was represented Gen. E. McAlpin, of New York, was chairman, and T. E. Allen, secretary. Among those present were representatives of every important tobacco producing or manufacturing point in the country. Resolutions were unanimously adopted which briefly cite the injury inflicted upon the trade by the frequent changes of the tax rate and protest against the adoption of the senate amendment. Meeting adjourned to present the resolutions at the capitol.

The senate committee on finance has agreed upon the following amendments to the chemical schedule of the tariff bill: The paragraph in regard to coal tar dyes is changed to read as follows: "Coal tar dyes or colors and all products or preparations of coal tar by whatever name known not especially provided for in this act, 25 per cent ad valorem."

Consul General Lee cabled the state department Wednesday from Havana that the amount of supplies he has now on hand there for the relief of American citizens in distress is abundant and will last for some time. Presumably this statement applies to all the consulates, for the consul general has been in consultation with his subordinate consuls on this very matter by direction of the secretary of state. At any rate the department will now pause before moving further in the direction of distribution of relief. Tuesday steps were begun to hurry forward supplies from this country to Cuba just as soon as Gen. Lee was heard from. Gen. Sullivan, commissary general, had selected one of his most experienced assistants, Capt. Davis, who rendered such good service at Memphis in the relief of the flood sufferers, to go to Cuba with the supplies if necessary and distribute them under the general plans of Gen. Lee. The New York commissary depot was to purchase the supplies. Then Mr. R. A. Smith, a director in one of the steamship lines plying between New York and Havana had offered free transportation to Cuba of the supplies and every thing was in trim to begin moving as soon as word came from Gen. Lee.

Now, however, the department will wait until Gen. Lee notifies it that there is further need for relief before putting its plan into operation.

The president has commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence of death imposed upon Dennis Davis, convicted in the western district of Arkansas of murder and sentenced to be hanged July 23.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The first vote in the senate on the tariff bill occurred on Senator Vest's amendment to reduce the rate on borax to three cents per pound. The amendment was defeated, yeas 20, nays 34.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Civil Engineer R. E. Peary has been detached from duty at the New York navy yard and granted five years leave of absence. This action has been taken by Secretary Long to enable the officer to prosecute his Arctic explorations.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The most significant development in weather forecasting for years, making it possible to forecast for a period at least 16 hours longer than at present and more accurately, has been attained by the weather bureau, and soon will bear practical fruit. This is the result of experiments with kites flown at distances, one to two miles above the surface of the earth, which have been quietly conducted in this city for some weeks. Daily readings have been taken at this altitude, and the fact has been established that shifting of the wind occurs at a mile level above the earth's surface from 12 to 16 hours before the same change of direction occurs on the surface. This is due to the same forces which operate to cause wind shifts to produce a storm; one condition being dependent on the other. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has taken great interest in the experiments which were made by Chief Moore, of the weather bureau, and his consultations with Prof. Moore have resulted in the formulation of a policy which will make weather predictions more valuable in the future.

Animals Burned to Death.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27.—The barn and stable of George Crossland, Senator-elect McLaurin's brother-in-law, near Bennettsville, were burned by an incendiary. There were in the stables 60 head of horses, mules, cows and hogs, all of which were consumed.

Destructive Fire in Norway.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, May 27.—The town of Levanger, about 35 miles northeast of Trondheim, on the Trondhjem Fiord, has been almost completely destroyed by fire. The conflagration has swept away four fifths of the buildings and still rages.

Was Sadie Burks Murdered.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., May 27.—The body of Sadie Burks was found in the Ohio river near the city wharf. There are marks of violence on the body which indicate murder, and arrests will probably follow soon. It was thought she had suicided.

Cincinnati Man Killed in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 27.—Edward C. Shott was killed by a Lake Shore train Wednesday. Letters and newspaper clippings in the dead man's pockets indicate that he had friends in Cincinnati, that he had attained some prominence as a pugilist.

AN AMENDMENT.

To the Tariff Bill Providing for an Export Bounty on Farm Products.

Examination and Classification of Railway Lands in California—Representatives Visit the Tennessee Centennial Exposition—Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Senator Cannon, of Utah, Tuesday introduced an amendment to the tariff bill providing for an export bounty on wheat, corn, flour, tobacco and other farm products "by way of an equalization to agriculturists of the benefits of this (the tariff) act."

This act is the result of a conference of silver republicans, populists and some democrats which may be said to represent the sentiment of an element which puts silver above all other legislation.

Senator Hansbrough, from the committee on public lands, Tuesday reported the bill for the examination and classification of the lands within the railroad grants in California. The bill authorizes the appointment of a commission to conduct the classification, which is to be made with special reference to the mineral or non-mineral character of the lands. It authorizes the rejection of any claims on behalf of the railroad companies which may cover mineral lands.

The senate Tuesday confirmed the following nominations: Brig. Gen. John R. Brooks, to be major general; George B. McLaughlin, of Montana, to be agent for the Indians of the Blackfoot agency in Montana; Joseph H. Gaines, of West Virginia, to be United States attorney, district of West Virginia; A. M. Ketter, postmaster at Bennett, Pa.

More than 50 members of the house of representatives, many of them accompanied by wives and other members of their families, left the city at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening in a special train over the Southern railway for Nashville, Tenn., to visit the centennial exposition. The party is in charge of L. S. Brown, the general agent of the passenger department of the Southern railroad and the trip will be made via Asheville, Knoxville and Chattanooga. Congressman Gains, of the Nashville district, accompanies the visitors and will see that nothing is undone to make the trip a delightful one. The itinerary of the trip has been so arranged as to give the excursionists opportunity to enjoy the beautiful scenery through which they will pass.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The tariff bill was taken up in the senate at 2 o'clock Wednesday. Senator Vest gave notice that when the paragraphs were read he would move to strike out the provisions relating to beer, manufactured tobacco and snuff and cigarettes.

Senator Aldrich, on behalf of the republican members of the senate committee on finance, Wednesday gave notice of 33 additional amendments to the tariff bill, which will be offered as the bill progresses. Senator Aldrich then opened the debate for the republicans.

SIXTEEN FISHERMEN.

Adrift in Their Boats, Found Water Graves or Have Been Picked Up by Some Passing Steamer.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., May 26.—Of the 19 men of this town who sailed on the schooner Joseph E. Johnson for the fishing grounds on the west bank, 200 miles off the Nova Scotia coast, three men came back on the schooner when she rounded the point Tuesday morning with her flag at half mast. The other sixteen are still adrift in their dories off the western bank, have found water graves, or happily have been picked up by some passing steamer.

All 16 put off from the schooner early Friday morning, but the fog that settled down over the ocean three hours later swallowed them up, and then after three days of waiting it lifted, but no trace of the men could Capt. Biers discern from the masthead of the schooner. Sunday morning, there being no trace of the boats, course was set for Provincetown. During this time the three men on the schooner were without sleep, and they reached here nearly exhausted. A number of old fishermen here are of the opinion that the men will be seen again, either being picked up or rowing to the mainland of Nova Scotia, almost 200 miles distant.

As to the probability of the men being picked up, it is acknowledged that steamers during this portion of the year take a more southerly course to avoid the ice, and the men, when last seen, were some distance north of the so-called steamer lane. Another fisherman may, however, rescue the men.

Dug Up Soldiers of 1812.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., May 26.—A walnut box containing the bodies of several soldiers of the war of 1812 was unearthed Tuesday during the excavation for the new courthouse. The bones of an Indian of immense proportions were also found. The soldier remains will be given a military burial on Decoration day by Company B, officers of the Second regiment assisting.

Special Election August 10.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 26.—Gov. Mount Tuesday morning issued a call for a special election in the Fourth congressional district, to be held August 10, to elect a successor to the late Congressman Wm. S. Holman.

To Go Into the Hands of a Receiver.

BOSTON, May 26.—Insurance Commissioner Merrill has instituted proceedings to put the Franklin Mutual Fire Insurance Co. into the hands of a receiver. It has \$1,351,354 of insurance in force. The company was organized in 1829.

Cabinet Crisis in Peru.

LIMA, Peru, May 26.—A cabinet crisis is probable, and it is believed that Enrique Rústamanta Y Salazar will be the premier of the new cabinet. He was minister of war of the Candamo provisional government in 1895.

AN OFFICER.

From the Commissary Department of the Regular Army May Take Charge of the Relief Supplies for Americans in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The president, on the suggestion of Secretary Alger, is considering the plan of assigning an officer from the commissary department of the regular army to take charge of the assembling of relief supplies for Americans in Cuba. This department is trained in handling of supplies, and has advantages in contracting for large quantities of necessities. Through the good officers of the Spanish government, it is probable that, in the event it is decided to send food supplies to Cuba in addition to the remittance of money, our government will be able to send much more than would be the case if duty were exacted upon the goods imported. An intimation has been given that such supplies will be admitted duty free. The importance of this remission can be perceived when it is realized that the duty on flour is \$4.50 per barrel, or about its original cost. In other words the \$50,000 appropriation will be practically doubled in value by the saving of tariff reductions.

It was said Monday afternoon that the president would begin to plan the details of the distribution, so the subject doubtless will come before the full cabinet at its regular meeting.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The republican caucus Monday emphasized the fact that there is a wide divergence of opinion among the republican senators on rates of duty fixed in the various schedules of the tariff bill. The senators were in caucus nearly four hours. The only official announcement that was made after the caucus adjourned was that it was decided to appoint three senators in addition to the republican members of the finance committee who are to act as committee to assist in getting the tariff bill through the senate. It was generally stated, however, that an agreement had been reached that there should be no set speeches on the bill from the republican side, except that of Senator Aldrich, which is to be delivered Tuesday. A resolution or memorandum offered by Senator Burrows was agreed to by those present, which sets forth that the sense of those present, there not being a full attendance of the caucus, was that republican senators having amendments to offer should present them to the republican members of the finance committee, and if the amendments are approved by the committee they are to be offered in the senate. If disapproved the senators presenting them are to have the right to submit them to the republican caucus, which is to be called upon each schedule if amendments to it are proposed. The finance committee is to hold sessions each evening for the purpose of hearing propositions from republican senators and to decide upon the advisability of presenting such amendments in the senate.

The object of this proposition is to prevent the republicans from dividing upon various schedules which might be presented. The necessity of this arrangement was developed by the debate and the various contentions of senators.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Representative McMillan, of Tennessee, Monday introduced in the house a resolution providing for the consideration of the senate resolution on recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents "from day to day until disposed of."

The resolutions were referred to the committee on rules, but it is not likely that the committee will consider it. The majority leaders will decide for themselves when it is proper to act on the resolution.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The president approved the Cuban relief resolution Monday afternoon. The \$50,000 which is to feed starving Americans and bring home those who wish to come home will be distributed under the supervision of Assistant Secretary Day.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The tariff bill did not come up in the senate Monday morning as expected, owing to the death of Senator Earle, of South Carolina. Immediately following the reading of the journal, Senator Earle's death was announced and the senate adjourned in respect to his memory. The house adjourned at 12:25 p. m. on account of the death of Senator Earle, of South Carolina.

President Has Power to Remove Office-Holders.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—In the United States supreme court Monday Justice Peckham handed down the opinion of the court in the case of L. E. Parsons, late district attorney for the Northern district of Alabama, appealed from the court of claims. The decision was adverse to Parson's claim that he was entitled under Section 769 of the revised statutes to hold his office for four years, notwithstanding the president's order of removal.

Vanderbilt's Enterprise in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 25.—The Odessa Listok, of Odessa, announces the coming arrival there of one of the Vanderbilts, who, according to that newspaper, is about to start a big naphtha works at Baku-Russian Transcaucasia. The Novoe Vremya, commenting on this statement, protests vigorously at the "increasing invasion by foreigners of the naphtha fields," and says that they (the foreigners) will not hesitate to create a monopoly which will be prejudicial to Russian national industry.

More Gold for Export.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The treasury department at 11 o'clock Monday received a telegram from New York stating that \$1,150,000 in gold coin had been withdrawn from the sub-treasury for export, also that \$1,250,000 in gold had been obtained from banks, making the total shipments for Tuesday, \$2,400,000.

McKinley Congratulates Victoria.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The president Monday morning sent a cable message to Queen Victoria congratulating her on the celebration of her 79th birthday.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

When a man is trying to experiment he does not want to be asked about it.

If stiff and sore, St. Jacobs Oil will cure you. Won't lose a day. The cure is sure.

Some men do business as they trade horses.—Atchison Globe.

When bilious or costive eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

The weakness of others increases our confidence in ourselves.—N. Y. Weekly.

Knocked out by lumbago? It's because you don't cure it with St. Jacobs Oil.

When some folks do not know what to say they quote Latin.

Can't Sleep, Why?

Because the nerves are weak and easily excited and the body is in a feverish and unhealthy condition. Nerves are fed and nourished by pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives sweet, refreshing sleep because it purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1, six for \$5. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills—cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Advertisement for Hires Rootbeer, featuring 'FULL OF HEALTH' and 'HIRES Rootbeer' text.

Advertisement for Santa Fe Route, featuring '\$25.00 Chicago to California' and 'And \$23.00 from ST. LOUIS, is the rate that will be made by the'.

Advertisement for Earn a Bicycle, featuring 'EARN A BICYCLE' and '60 DAYS' text.

Advertisement for Hartshorn's Self-Acting Rollers, featuring 'HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING ROLLERS' and 'NOTICE' text.

Advertisement for Crescent Bicycle, featuring 'RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE' and 'Western Wheel Works' text.

Advertisement for Hay Presses, featuring 'HAY PRESSES!' and 'IMPROVED HUNTER FULL CIRCLE' text.

Advertisement for Silos, featuring 'SILOS' and 'HOW TO BUILD A' text.

Advertisement for Pensions, Weeks Scale Works, Opium, and Dropsy New Discovery, featuring 'PENSIONS for SOLDIERS and WIDOWS' and 'Weeks Scale Works' text.