

NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

Proposals for Building Three—The Largest Ship Builders in the Country Appeared as Competitors. WASHINGTON, June 23.—The opening of the navy department Monday for proposals for building three torpedo boats called together more bidders, as one of them expressed it, than used to gather when \$10,000,000 worth of naval construction was the stake. Then it was noticeable, too, that the largest ship building concerns in the United States appeared Monday as competitors for the little boats, while heretofore they often disregarded such work. The boats are to be of the highest speed. The contract will demand not less than 330 knots per hour, which is 2 1/2 knots faster than the speed fixed for the Porter. Two of them are to have a trial displacement of not less than 230 tons each and the other of not less than 200 tons. The successful bidder is allowed 18 months to build the boats. It is scarcely possible until the bids have been carefully examined by a board of experts to say which are the lowest bids. The bids were as follows:

George Lawley & Son, of Boston, one boat of 410 tons for \$289,000. Union Iron works, of San Francisco, one 330 ton boat, \$245,250; two of the same for \$490,000; one boat of 284 tons for \$225,000, two for \$440,000. Harlan & Hollingsworth, of Wilmington, Del., one boat of 276 tons for \$214,000; one of 340 tons for \$235,000, or both for \$449,000; one 267 ton boat for \$212,000, with one of 340 tons for \$235,000, or \$447,000 for both; another of 340 tons for \$236,000, and still another of the same size for \$233,500, or for both, \$467,000; one boat of 276 tons for \$215,000, or two of the same for \$425,000; one boat of 267 tons for \$213,000, and for two, \$421,000; Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, one 340-ton boat for \$245,000. Bath iron works, of Maine, one 300-ton boat for \$217,900, or two for \$432,000. Columbian iron works, of Baltimore, Md., one 250-ton boat for \$210,000, or two for \$415,000; one 340-ton boat for \$195,000, or two for \$385,000; one 260-ton boat \$225,000, or two for \$444,000; one 230-ton boat and one 260-ton boat for \$435,000 for both; another pair of boats of 230 tons and 260 tons at \$411,500 for both. The Gas Engine and Power Co., of New York, one 235-ton boat for \$210,000, or two for \$410,000. John H. Dialogue, of Camden, N. J., one 243-ton boat for \$243,000 or two for \$478,000; one 270-ton boat for \$269,000. Wolf & Zewicker, of Portland, Ore., one 249-ton boat for \$214,500 or two for \$424,000. Charles Hillman Shipbuilding and Engine Co., of Philadelphia, one 270-ton boat for \$230,000.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Judge Bradley Monday morning instructed the jury to acquit Broker Seymour on trial for alleged contempt of the senate sugar trust investigation committee. The ground was that Seymour had not been legally summoned. Broker Mcartney will be tried later.

TEHUANTEPEC,

A Mexican Town of 15,000, Destroyed by an Earthquake—Not One Building Remains Standing.

OAXACA, Mex., June 22.—The continued earthquake shocks and heavy rains have seriously interrupted telegraph communication with the Isthmus of Tehuantepec during the past three days.

Advices were received here Monday that the official commission sent to the city of Tehuantepec by President Diaz to investigate the reported formation of a volcano and the extent of the damages has arrived at its destination and found the condition of affairs much worse than expected.

The town of Tehuantepec contained about 15,000 inhabitants, and is completely destroyed so far as houses and buildings are concerned, not one remaining standing. There were a number of substantial and costly buildings in the town. The people are living in tents and in the open air on the outskirts of the place. The earthquake shocks continue to be felt at frequent intervals and the people are terrified. The heavy smoke and other indications of an active volcano to the west of the city are no longer visible.

C. D. COLLINS,

Who Was Badly Beaten and Robbed at Meramec Highlands, Slowly Recovering.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—C. D. Collins, the prominent southerner who was badly beaten and robbed at Meramec Highlands last week, is slowly recovering but is not yet out of bed. His physician thinks that Collins' complete recovery is a matter of but a few weeks.

In an interview Mr. Collins has reiterated his charges against Martin Ensley, his supposed friend, who he declares assaulted and robbed him of \$6,000. He said: "I firmly believe I was lured to that place by Ensley so he could assault and rob me. I think he had the hammer under his coat all evening, and he did not sit beside me in the cars for fear I would discover it. He must have known where I carried the \$6,000, although I don't see how he found it out."

Nineteen Dragons Drowned.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—The river Kur has overflowed its banks near the railroad depot of Nawthig in the Tiflis district. Nineteen men belonging to the Ninjnovgorod dragoons were swept into the water and drowned.

Congressman Milliken's Successor.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 22.—E. C. Burleigh, of this city, was Monday elected to congress from the Third district, to succeed Seth L. Milliken, deceased. The victory was an easy one over Frederick W. Plaisted, the democratic candidate. The populist vote was meager.

Steel Works Close Down.

SCHANTON, Pa., June 22.—The big south works of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Co., was forced to close down Monday night and about 2,500 men are out of employment because of a dispute over a reduction in wages.

OUT IN FORCE.

Annual Reunion of the Noted Confederate Veterans Opened.

Many Prominent Southerners Attend—J. B. Regan, Only Surviving Member of the Confederate Cabinet, the Orator of the Day—Other Addresses.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 23.—Many special trains arrived Tuesday with ex-confederate survivors and friends, who come for the purpose of attending the annual reunion of the noted Confederate Vets. The rush of Monday was continued Tuesday, and the reception committees on duty at the Union station and headquarters were kept very busy assigning the visitors to homes. The regular trains were run in sections in order to accommodate the very heavy demand for transportation. From daylight Monday to midnight there arrived from all directions on the Louisville and Nashville, and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway 48 trains, bringing into Nashville not less than 20,000 people. Of the number of trains arrived the Louisville and Nashville had 19 and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis had 29. The former ran thirteen regular trains and six specials, and the latter seven regular trains and 22 specials.

Rain fell during the morning, but the weather cleared somewhat toward noon and in the afternoon it was pleasant. The ex-confederate soldiers spent Tuesday morning in attending the reunion at the tabernacle and meeting old comrades. The tabernacle, a large building situated on Summer street and having a seating capacity of 6,000, was filled. Seats on the platform were occupied by the sponsors, maids of honor, the officers of the association, speakers of the day and distinguished generals and their staff officers. Gov. Taylor was accompanied by his staff in full uniform. Prominent among those who were seated on the platform were Gen. Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi; Judge J. B. Reagan, of Texas, the only surviving member of Jefferson Davis' cabinet; Col. A. S. Colyar and Dr. Thomas Menees, of Nashville, and Hon. J. D. Atkins, surviving members of the confederate congress; Hon. Marcus J. Wright, of Washington; Gen. Simon B. Buckner, of Kentucky; Col. Henry C. Myers, Col. Lake, Col. Helm, of Memphis; Gen. E. P. Sykes, of Mississippi; Col. Howard, of Georgia; Gen. Moorman, of New Orleans; Col. Baxter, Smith, of Nashville; Col. W. B. Bate; Col. John H. Savage, of Tennessee; Dr. William Jones, chaplain of the United Confederate Veterans; Gen. Clement Evans, of Georgia, and Gen. Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama. Robert E. Lee, jr., grandson of Gen. Robert E. Lee, also occupied a prominent place on the platform. A son of Gen. Hood was also present. Both of these young men were shown marked attention by the veterans. Gen. John B. Gordon arrived during the morning and was given an enthusiastic reception.

The assembly was called to order by Gen. Gordon, and prayer was offered by Dr. Jones, the chaplain. Gov. Taylor delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the state; Judge Ferris spoke for the county and Bishop Fitzgerald, who represented Mayor McVoy, spoke for the city. Capt. J. B. O'Brien, chairman of the executive committee, made some announcements and in behalf of the committee welcomed the visitors. Gen. Gordon then spoke briefly.

Judge Reagan then delivered his address. Tuesday night bands paraded the streets playing tunes familiar to all who endured the trials from '61 to '65. Headquarters were besieged, speeches were made and the city was one grand mass of festive occupants. The chief subject of discussion is the proposed retirement of Gen. John B. Gordon as commander-in-chief. He has signified his intention of retiring from the command of the association and this has caused a good deal of wire pulling. Many names are suggested for his successor. Gen. Simon B. Buckner, Gen. Joe Wheeler, Gen. Stewart and others are suggested. The only intimation of a rift in the lute of harmony, which makes music for the confederate veterans, comes from the suggestion of Gen. Buckner for commander-in-chief.

BIMETALLIC MEN.

They Are in the Cincinnati Convention in Large Numbers.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Kentucky, and particularly the sister city just across the river, Newport, appears to have captured the temporary organization of the Bimetallis league convention at the Pike opera house Tuesday, when, at its beginning, Col. George Washington and D. I. Schneider, both of that city, were elected respectively chairman and secretary pro tem. of the convention. The delegates, about two hundred in number, assembled shortly after 9 o'clock, and were called to order by Hon. Jephtha Garrard. He delivered a brief address of welcome and called for nominations for temporary officers, with the above indicated result. Col. Washington spoke briefly in accepting the honor and assuming the chair, explaining that the purpose of the convention was to perfect the organization of a joint bimetallic club for the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia, and in any and all ways advance that cause.

Child Swallows Bug Poison.

KOKOMO, Ind., June 23.—A three-year-old son of Alonzo French, near here, is supposed to be dying from poison. The child, while playing in the barn, found a package of insect powder that had been used to kill lice on horses and swallowed the drug. The physician has little hope of saving the boy's life.

Twenty Thousand Prisoners Released. LONDON, June 23.—The government of India as a memorial of the jubilee will release 20,000 prisoners who have been convicted of the various offenses in that country.

GEN. GORDON

Re-Elected Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate Veterans—The Thousands of Delegates Present Cheered and Waved Their Hats.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 24.—When the business meeting of the confederate association met in the tabernacle Wednesday was called to order by Gen. John B. Gordon, prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Kelly, of Columbia, Tenn. The report of the committee on history, was presented and referred. Gen. Gordon then delivered his address, prefacing it with an announcement of his intention to resign as general commanding. There were cries of "no," "no," from all over the hall, and when quiet had been restored, Gen. Gordon proceeded with his address.

When Gen. Gordon had concluded, a motion that Gen. Joseph Wheeler be requested to nominate Gen. Gordon for re-election, was made and carried. Gen. Stephen D. Lee, who had been called to the chair, declared nominations closed, and Gen. Gordon was unanimously re-elected. The thousands of delegates present cheered and waved their hats and handkerchiefs, and the scene was a most impressive one.

The committee on credentials reported 7,000 delegates present and 1,000 camps represented. Gen. Chipley, of Florida, chairman of the Confederate Memorial association, presented the first report of the committee. The report of the board of trustees of the Confederate Memorial association was read and adopted. The meeting then adjourned until 3 o'clock.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 24.—Atlanta gets the next reunion. At the business meeting Wednesday afternoon it was voted to meet in Atlanta next year. The afternoon session was held for the purpose of winding up the business matters before the association. The unanimous refusal of the association to allow Gen. John B. Gordon to retire as commander-in-chief had put an end to possible difficulties and entanglements and paved the way for a speedy disposition of the remaining business. A resolution commendatory of the reign of Queen Victoria was voted down and the resolution of praise for the queen's jubilee was defeated.

The business matters are all disposed of and Thursday the old confederates and their friends will devote themselves to social recreations. There are 15,000 of the old soldiers in attendance. Official badges have been issued to more than 12,000 and regularly delegated attendants from camps and bivouacs number, according to official reports more than 8,000. There never before has been so large a gathering in this city. Hotels are jammed, business houses are full, temporary lodging places are crowded and yet Thursday will witness another invasion. The great parade occurs Thursday.

BIMETALLIC LEAGUES

Of West Virginia, Kentucky Ohio and Indiana Adopt a Constitution.

CINCINNATI, June 24.—At 10 a. m. Permanent Chairman Brown opened the convention with an address. He spoke of the great extent of territory represented by the large gathering and said it was indicative of the growing interest in silver.

In his speech Chairman Brown mentioned the name of James G. Blaine. It brought forth as loud applause as when he referred to William J. Bryan. After Chairman Brown's speech Secretary Clark read an invitation from Mayor Taggart, of Indianapolis, to hold the next convention in that city. The Big Four promises low rates and the Indianapolis Commercial club promised co-operation in entertainment. He also read a communication from the centennial at Nashville, inviting the convention to visit the exposition.

A motion was then made to have the committee on constitution report. Chairman Cassel read the same, which was adopted with one amendment.

The constitution provides that the name of the organization shall be "The League of Ohio-Valley Bimetallic Clubs." It shall consist of bimetallic clubs of West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana. Its object shall be to encourage and assist in the formation of bimetallic clubs for organized work in advocating the principle of "the free coinage of silver and gold upon equal terms."

The report of the committee on nominations was then called for, Chairman Cushing then read the names proposed as follows:

For president, Dr. R. H. Reemelin; Cincinnati; vice presidents, C. J. Bronston, Lexington, Ky.; W. D. Wilson, Osgood, Ind.; W. O. Frazier, Wheeling, W. Va. (Ohio has no vice president, having the presidency); Secretary, John E. Owens, Cincinnati; Treasurer, J. P. Tarvin, Covington, Ky. The executive committee is to be composed of A. W. Clark, Greensburg, Ind.; G. D. Downing, Aurora, Ind.; Ramsey Washington, Newport, Ky.; J. L. Rhinock, Covington, Ky.; D. L. Baumgartner, and R. M. Shearer, Cincinnati. There being but one delegate from West Virginia, the vice president from that state was recommended to be empowered to appoint the two members of the executive committee from that state.

Eloquent speeches were made by the leaders in the silver cause. The convention adjourned Wednesday next to meet in Indianapolis next year.

Disturbances at Oveido.

MADRID, June 24.—Disturbances have taken place at Oveido, capital of the Spanish province of that name. The gendarmes who were detailed to suppress the disorder fired upon the rioters, killing two workmen and wounding five others. A renewal of the disturbance is feared.

Degree Conferred on President Dole. WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., June 24.—At the commencement exercises of Williams college Wednesday the honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred on Sanford Ballard Dole, president of the republic of Hawaii.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Extraordinary Session.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—SENATE.—The senate made greater progress Thursday on the tariff bill than any day since the debate opened. Two entire schedules, covering the more costly articles, schedules H. on spirits, wines and beverages and schedule I. on manufactured cotton goods. This brings the senate to flux schedule, with the important wool schedule standing next. The portion of the bill passed Thursday is substantially the same as that reported, all committee changes being unimportant, while the opposition amendments of Mr. Jones (Ark.) and Mr. Vest were systematically rejected by majorities ranging from five to ten. Mr. Allison secured the addition of a new paragraph to the cotton schedule with a view to compensating the cotton manufacturers for the recent action of the senate in placing raw cotton on the dutiable list. In paragraph 288, on motion of Mr. Allison, the house provision was restored. The remaining paragraphs on spirits (290 to 293 inclusive) were agreed to as reported without opposition.

The house was in session an hour and a half Thursday most of the time being taken up with the roll calls. Mr. Sulzer (dem. N. Y.) succeeded in injecting to the proceedings a brief speech in favor of Cuba which he denominated "a speech for peace and a speech for the relief of the residents of Greer county, Oklahoma," was passed. At 1:35 p. m. the house adjourned till Monday.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—SENATE.—The tariff bill came a halt in the senate Friday, less than one page of the flux schedule being disposed of. The debate drifted into political channels, Senators Bacon, Vest, Jones (Ark.) and Tillman taking part in an exposition of the democratic doctrine on the tariff. It led to several lively exchanges, during which the cleaning of political "dirty linen" was frequently referred to. Mr. Tillman's remarks were made with characteristic vehemence, and at one point a personal attack concerning the tariff that if there was to be stealing he wanted his share for South Carolina. Late in the day Mr. Morgan proposed an amendment to place a ten per cent ad valorem ranging from five to ten on the free list, with a few stated exceptions. In supporting the amendment Mr. Morgan called attention to the singular fact that the income tax feature of the Wilson bill is not repealed and can be enforced by a writ in the phase of the supreme court of the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—SENATE.—The senate made giant strides on the tariff bill Monday, covering 56 pages and establishing a record for progress during this tariff debate. The last two schedules of a state capst, covering paper and manufactured sundries, were completed with the exception of the paragraph on hides, gloves, coal and lesser articles which went over. This advanced the senate to the 11th schedule which was taken up at 2 p. m. and completed in three hours and 15 minutes. The wool and silk schedules went over with an agreement that wool would be taken up Tuesday. After that the tobacco schedule, the reciprocity provisions and the duties on various articles ranging from iron to the many isolated paragraphs passed over, remained to be considered. The progress Monday was so marked, however, that for the first time there was a feeling that the end was near.

HOUSE.—After the approval of the journal the house, under a special rule, adopted a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the repair of dry dock No. 3 at New York, which recently was discovered to be leaking badly. Mr. Latimer (Ct.) asked the yeas and nays on the bill and he could not be driven by threats. Mr. Carter, who had aroused the storm, endeavored to have the paragraphs relating to carpet wools go over, with a view to securing some united action, but Mr. Vest, in an ironical speech objected to delaying the tariff bills, and postponing public business while republican senators held a caucus. Mr. Teller, of Colorado, also spoke against delay and took occasion to say he would not vote for the bill unless the features relating to woolen goods. Aside from this stormy interruption, fair progress was made on the wool schedule.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—SENATE.—After a contest lasting throughout the day, the senate completed the paragraphs of the wool schedule relating to raw wool, and advanced into features relating to manufactured woolen goods. The day was devoted largely to a discussion of the effect of the tariff rates in the price of wool and the speeches were on the republican lines in the main. At one main point, Mr. Hearst diverted technical discussion by a reference to William J. Bryan's opposition to the tariff. This brought Senators Mantle, Allen and Stewart to the defense of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Teller was drawn into the controversy, and in a few incisive remarks he warned republican associates that their hopes of prosperity from this bill would be blasted. Mr. Quay made an effort to have the house ad valorem rates on third-class wools adopted, but he was defeated 19 to 41. The committee rates were then agreed to, viz: four cents per pound on third-class wool valued at 10 cents or less per pound and seven cents per pound on third-class wools valued at over 10 cents per pound. The schedule was completed up to paragraph 361, relating to cloths, knit fabrics, etc.

Death of Capt. Boycott. LONDON, June 22.—Capt. Boycott is dead. He was about 55 years of age, and became famous through being the first man subjected to the "boycott" in Ireland. He was a land agent in 1881 in the Connemara section of county Mayo, where he collected rents for a number of landlords, notably the earl of Erne. The captain made a speech in which he urged the people of Ireland to abstain from agrarian crimes and to adopt instead a policy of sending harsh landlords, agents and bailiffs "to Coventry," the old term for boycotting. Events so shaped themselves that Capt. Boycott was the first man the Irish experimented upon in this connection, and hence the now familiar word of "boycott."

Fatal Shooting Affray in Belknap, Ala. SELMA, Ala., June 24.—Frank Riggs, a prominent merchant, was shot and instantly killed, and Wm. J. Reese was seriously wounded in a shooting scrape at Belknap, Ala. W. A. Sewell, Riggs' father-in-law also took part in the shooting.

Nine Badly Injured—One Will Die. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 24.—Eight women and a boy were the victims of an elevator accident at 8 o'clock Wednesday night in the manufacturing of the C. K. Baker Tent and Awning Co., 104 West Third street. The operatives had been kept late and when their work was over all made a rush for the freight elevator. After eight women had crowded into the car, the boy in charge lost control of the machine and the elevator crashed down into the basement 40 feet below. Several of the women were taken out of the shaft unconscious and all were injured more or less serious. One will die.

Lieut. Peary Going North. NEW YORK, June 24.—Lieut. Peary, the Arctic explorer, started for Boston Wednesday night. He will sail from Boston on July 10 for the north. "This present trip," he said, "is simply preliminary to next year's Arctic exploration, which may continue three, four or five years, with the intention of reaching the pole if possible."

Blown Up With Dynamite. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 24.—An Italian laborer's shanty near Brilliant station, on the Allegheny Valley railroad, was blown up by dynamite shortly after midnight and Gaetus Antinello was instantly killed. Tignorina Sartorilla was fatally injured and a number of others received injuries of a less serious nature. The police believe the explosion was the result of a plot against Antinello and 13 Italians have been arrested pending an investigation.

Heat Victims in New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, June 24.—The intense heat continues here. Five deaths were reported Wednesday, among them is Bishop Dudley, a well known cotton broker.

AT THE OPERA.

The Scene in the Covent Garden was a Most Gorgeous One—Women Blazed With Jewels and the Men Wore Brilliant Uniforms.

LONDON, June 24.—Wednesday night was a gala night at Covent Garden opera house, where the whole programme and performance reflected the greatest credit on Maurice Grau.

The event fairly rivaled the procession as an attraction to Londoners. For miles around Covent garden the streets were crowded and the crush of carriages was so dense that many men, wearing gorgeous uniforms and covered with jewels, had to walk for long distances with the varying comments of the crowd. Many others, like the duke of Marlborough and the duke of Devonshire, drove to the opera house in state carriages, with coachmen and footmen resplendent in state liveries.

In front of the opera house was a mounted guard of honor; inside the earl of Lathom, with a lot of gold sticks awaited the arrival of the royal party, while Beefeaters lined the stairway and mounted guard outside the royal box. Meantime the house filled and the scene was most gorgeous. The women blazed with jewelry; nearly every man wore a uniform of some sort, while the Indian princes, dressed in native costume, occupied prominent boxes and were curious spectators of the glittering display.

At length the royals began to arrive, the princess of Wales coming first. Her costume was white, embroidered with silver; upon her head she wore a beautiful diamond tiara, pearls around her neck and a long row of orders across her bodice. As she entered the royal box the audience rose and the band played the national anthem.

The rest of the party then filed into the box, each preceded by the earl of Lathom walking backward. Among them were all the visiting princes and all the members of the English royal family except the queen, Empress Frederick of Germany and Princess Beatrice.

As soon as they were seated the curtain rose, disclosing the entire cast of the opera, among them Madame Melba and Mme. De Reszke, grouped upon the stage. Then followed such a rendering of the national anthem as it never had before, after which was carried out Mr. Grau's carefully arranged programme, including the second act of "Tannhauser," the third act of Gounod's "Romeo and Juliet," and the fourth act of the "Huguenots."

The efforts of the singers and the orchestra were received with the greatest enthusiasm and the performance surpassed in every way the famous Gala performance given at Covent Garden for the emperor of Germany. The scene was one of incomparable loveliness. The whole interior of the structure was hidden by freshly cut flowers, principally roses. The upper tier of boxes was a mass of Marchenil roses, the next tier a mass of pink roses and the bottom tier of rich dark red roses. White flowers adorned the royal box, which was surmounted by an enormous floral crown of crimson roses and golden orchids. The box was decorated in the Louis XVI style, the chairs and settees being covered with white and yellow silk. The same material, fluted and patterned into diamonds formed the ceiling.

The box was a beautiful picture. The prince of Wales wore the red uniform of a field marshal and among all the other princes there were no two uniforms like. The royal group seemed a collection of glittering orders and beautiful gowns. The princess of Naples wore some wonderful diamonds, and Grand Duchess Sergius displayed the largest emerald in the world. It was noticeable, however, that the royals were less lavish in jewelry than many ladies in the other boxes, who were fairly plastered with gems.

The audience included all the leaders of official and social England and all of the ambassadors. Ambassador Hay, with Miss Hay and Spencer Eddy, occupied his own box.

After the performance in Covent garden, the prince and princess of Wales and the royal party were entertained at supper by Lord Rothschild at his town house in Piccadilly. A dance followed. There were 800 guests.

Ohio Republican Ticket. TOLEDO, O., June 24.—The republican convention Wednesday nominated the following ticket:

For governor, Asa S. Bushnell. For lieutenant governor, Asa W. Jones.

For supreme court judge, Joseph F. Burkett. For attorney general, Frank S. Monnett.

For state treasurer, Samuel B. Campbell. For school commissioner, Lewis D. Bonebrake. For board public works, Charles A. Goddard.

Blown Up With Dynamite. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 24.—An Italian laborer's shanty near Brilliant station, on the Allegheny Valley railroad, was blown up by dynamite shortly after midnight and Gaetus Antinello was instantly killed. Tignorina Sartorilla was fatally injured and a number of others received injuries of a less serious nature. The police believe the explosion was the result of a plot against Antinello and 13 Italians have been arrested pending an investigation.

Heat Victims in New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, June 24.—The intense heat continues here. Five deaths were reported Wednesday, among them is Bishop Dudley, a well known cotton broker.

Consult Thy Purse

And buy your tickets from Chicago via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to the following named points on June 20 and 30, and July 1, 2 and 3. Look at the figures. San Francisco ..... \$25.00 Salt Lake City ..... 20.00 Denver and Pueblo ..... 12.50 Sioux City ..... 9.75 Omaha and Council Bluffs ..... 7.75 Kansas City ..... 7.50 and other points in proportion. These are very cheap rates made for these special dates. Return tickets at approximately the same rates will be sold on various dates in July and August.

For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent or call on or address Geo. H. Hefford, G. P. A., C. M. & St. P. Ry., Chicago, Ill.

He Wondered. Little Clarence (after three minutes of silence)—Pa! Mr. Callipers (wearily)—Uh? "Pa, when you eat a doughnut do you eat the hole, or do you eat all around it and leave the hole?"—N. Y. Journal.

Only \$25.00 to San Francisco. From Chicago via the North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Railway), the famous "California in 3 Days" Route, June 29 to July 3, inclusive, on account of the C. E. Convention. Similar rates will be made eastbound. For full information apply to ticket agents C. & N. W. Ry.

"That affair on the end of my tail," said the rattlesnake, "may not seem handsome, but—" He skillfully threw a coil. "It's a rattling good thing. Yes."

"Star Tobacco." As you chew tobacco for pleasure, use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore the cheapest.

His Banker.—"That boy of mine has an inordinate craving for money." "Takes after his father?" "Yes, he always does when the craving comes on."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—Lizzie Ferrel, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Some people laugh like amateur singers trying to run the scales.—Acheson Globe.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Time, which vindicates a man, first buries him.—Acheson Globe.

Pure Blood Is the basis of good health, steady nerves, mental, physical and digestive strength. If you are nervous, enervated and purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you are weak, have no appetite and desire to be strong, healthy and vigorous, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will tone your stomach, create an appetite and build you up.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to buy, easy to operate. 25c.

\$25.00

Chicago to California

And \$23.00 from ST. LOUIS, is the rate that will be made by the

Santa Fe Route

For the Christian Endeavor Convention in July, will also apply to few medicinal points, and in the reverse direction. Have you wish to visit the SOUTH? WEST? the remarkable health resorts; the irrigated farms; the orchards; the new mining camps now attracting a multitude of gold-seekers; the towering Rockies; the stupendous grandeur of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River; the far-famed marvls of mountain and valley on that western shore where the blue Pacific rolls? Then take this opportunity. You may learn all about it by addressing any agent of the Santa Fe Route, or the undersigned.

W. J. BLACK, C. A. HIGGINS, G. P. A., 11th & Jackson St., St. Louis, Mo. Room 145, 9th & Jackson St., Chicago, Ill.

FUN MAKING

and health making are included in the making of HIRES Rootbeer. The preparation of this great temperance drink is an event of importance in a million well regulated homes.

HIRES Rootbeer

is full of good health, invigorating, appetizing, satisfying. Put some up to-day and have it ready to put down whenever you're thirsty. Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

IMPROVED HUNTER FULL CIRCLE HAY PRESSES

3 Styles. Greatest Capacity, Cheapest. Write for Catalogue. C. G. B. LEWIS, Leese, MERIDIAN MACHINE SHOPS, Meridian, Miss.

PENSIONS for SOLDIERS

See increase in. Rejected claims reopened. All laws free. 37c practice. Success or no fee. A. W. McCormick & Sons, Cincinnati, O., and Washington, D.C.

Weeks Scale Works,

STOCK, COAL, HAY, GRAIN, BUFFALO, N. Y. AND COTTON SCALES.

OPIMUM

and Whiskey Habit cured at home without pain. Book of instructions sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Sent Free. Dr. H. R. GIBBS' 5075, Atlanta, Ga.