

WILL COME OUT.

A High Official of the Mine Workers' Unions is Confident

That the West Virginia Miners Will Join the Strike—All They Wait for is a Little Urging From the Union—Labor Leaders Among Them.

CLEVELAND, O., July 14.—Within 48 hours developments of a very definite character are expected to take place in the West Virginia coal fields. A leading operator received a long distance telephone message at ten o'clock Tuesday morning stating that nine organizers had just left Pittsburgh for the West Virginia coal fields. A person who occupies a high official position in the Mine Workers' union, was at the Pittsburgh end of the phone. "You may look for something startling in that direction within the next 48 hours," he said, "reliable advices which I have received Tuesday morning, convince me the West Virginia miners will come out. All they wait for is a little urging from the union. I am free to confess to you that while I expect many men would come out, I never hoped for such a complete and overwhelming victory as this."

The foregoing message was repeated to a reporter who was standing at hand by the operator who received it. When that point is reached that the coal mine operators "refuse to talk for publication," the situation is grave indeed. The operators now urge upon their interviewers that under no circumstances must their names be used in connection with the information they have supplied. A leading operator made a plain statement, a startling statement, in fact, Tuesday morning, but insisted his name must not be used.

"Is there not some parts of your statement which I may accredit to you," asked the reporter.

"No. You see if I talked for publication I would have to say to you just the opposite of what I have said. You appreciate that there are many reasons why I would not want my name to appear as admitting all these facts."

Since Saturday the coal strike has assumed a very grave aspect, but a full realization of the change did not reach Cleveland operators and dealers until Tuesday. Excepting a few operators who had some inside information, they were disposed to speak lightly of the matter, and loudly declared that there was coal on hand—more than enough to supply the country regardless of the outcome of the strike. Tuesday all this seeming or pretended confidence had disappeared. Several operators went to Pittsburgh Monday to attend the voluntary conference of the state arbitrators. One of these, whose knowledge of the premises is above question, said Tuesday: "The situation is very grave and I anticipate some very startling developments within the next 48 hours. I believe the West Virginia miners will come out and that will make the tie-up practically complete, for the strikers will then concentrate all their efforts on the Dearthmit's men. A small amount of coal is now coming from the mines along the Pennsylvania main line and from the coke regions, but it is in comparatively insignificant quantities. I think it will be shut off entirely very soon. From what I could learn Monday at Pittsburgh I do not hesitate to say that in my belief the railroads will hesitate to haul West Virginia and Dearthmit's mines coal. The engineers and trainmen are regarding the situation with lowering brows. P. M. Arthur's statement to the contrary notwithstanding."

Mr. J. J. Phillips, a coal operator, received the following telegram from Flemington, W. Va., Tuesday afternoon: "Miners all went out on a strike this morning."

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 14.—There is a bare possibility that the joint arbitration conference may yet lead to the termination of the "miners' strike" on the basis of the "true uniformity" agreement proposed by President Dearthmit, of the New York and Cleveland Gas Co., last year, but which failed for the reason that the 97 per cent. of the operators in this district required by Dearthmit could not be secured. Two sessions of the arbitration board were held Tuesday, representatives from the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Illinois, being present. At the afternoon session President Dearthmit appeared before the board and told of the conditions which exist from his point of view. He recited the history of the miners' struggles for better conditions. He told of the great uniformity movement in 1895-96, which failed of its purpose. Mr. Dearthmit said: "If the operators of the Pittsburgh district will abolish their company stores, use a uniform screen, give honest weight—2,000 pounds of coal for a ton—pay cash every two weeks, I will leave it to any committee to settle the price of mining and pay it, no matter how high, providing all my competitors pay the same price. Unless these conditions can be brought about I will not agree to abolish the contract with my men, nor can I afford to do so."

The board will meet Dearthmit again Wednesday and will endeavor to get the operators together for the purpose of inducing them to make another attempt to secure true uniformity, as outlined by the former at Tuesday's conference.

Fell Down an Air Shaft. NEW YORK, July 14.—Mrs. Emily Griswold, 40 years of age, fell down an air shaft of the Hotel Castle Tuesday and it is feared sustained internal injuries of a serious nature. Mrs. Griswold comes from Cincinnati and with her sister, Mrs. Ardee, of Columbus, O., has been stopping at the hotel for the past five weeks.

Snow Fell at Brownstown. BROWNS TOWN, Ind., July 14.—Dr. E. M. Reid, of this place, is authority for the statement that snow fell for about a minute Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

RESERVOIRS BURST.

A Disaster That Resembles the Johnstown Flood—Several Persons Drowned. NEWBURGH, N. Y., July 15.—Melting snow in Fishkill mountains, near Mattewan, burst at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning owing to the heavy rains. The water ran into the creek and two miles below, near Duches Junction, washed away brick yard buildings, including a boarding house occupied by laborers. It is reported here that nine of them were drowned and others are missing.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 15.—News of the bursting of the Beacon Mountain reservoirs received here says that three buildings, two of which were boarding houses, were swept away by rushing water, and 20 people are missing.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., July 15.—The flood at Duches Junction washed away about 200 yards of the Hudson River railroad track. Trains are stalled on each side of the breach. There were two reservoirs in the mountain, the lower one half a mile distant from the other. The upper dam gave way, letting the volume of water into the lower reservoir. This also burst, and the water rushed down through a ravine. Van Buren & Timoney's brickyard on the Hudson just below Duches Junction are a mile distant from the site of the lower reservoir. Without warning the flood reached them through the ravine and made terrible havoc. Buildings were torn in pieces and their occupants carried away in the raging flood. The water works system was operated by a private company and supplied the villages of Mattewan and Fishkill-on-the-Hudson.

A temporary trestle has been built at the break in the Hudson River railroad track and the Montreal express south-bound has passed over. It will be late Wednesday afternoon before trains can be run on time.

At 9 o'clock seven bodies had been recovered. Two of them were those of Peter Mulligan and wife, who kept one of the two boarding houses for brickyard laborers that were swept away by the flood. The names of the others are not known. It is reported that 20 are still missing. Tons of earth and sand were washed down in the flood, and men are digging into this mass to recover other bodies.

Trains were stalled all the way from Fishkill to Poughkeepsie. One of these was a Cook excursion train, the passengers on which expected to start for Europe Wednesday.

The loss of life at Timoney's brickyard, Duches Junction, by the flood Wednesday morning, is now stated at nine. There were about 30 laborers in boarding houses that were swept away. All escaped but the nine. One man had an arm broken and others suffered minor injuries.

The identity of six bodies recovered has been established as follows: Peter Mulligan and wife. Mrs. John Conroy, wife of the engineer of the brickyard. Selina Conroy, aged 6 years. John Zinea, a Hungarian laborer. Willie Ferrey.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE. Leonard J. Crawford Elected President—Omaha for the Next Convention.

DETROIT, Mich., July 15.—Leonard J. Crawford, of Newport, Ky., was Wednesday afternoon elected president of the National Republican League. While the contest for the presidency had all the appearance of a close struggle, the result can scarcely be said to have been in doubt. Two ballots by states were taken, the second one being necessary to verify the first, in which the detailed result could not be determined owing to the confusion caused by numerous changes of votes and the persistent airing of local differences in some of the state delegations.

According to the indications M. J. Dowling, of Minnesota, will be re-elected as secretary, which will complete the leading slate of Crawford, Dowling and Omaha for the next convention. The committee on time and place of next convention Wednesday selected Omaha, but left the question of dates to the Nebraska league.

There was no contest over resolutions; the expressed wish of the colored delegates for the addition of an anti-lynching declaration was willingly granted. During preparation of the platform in committee some of the western members urged the policy of saying as little as possible about the "sound money" feature of the St. Louis platform, but the resolutions heartily endorsed that platform in all respects.

Ore Mines Starting Up. BESEMER, Mich., July 15.—The old Colby mine has started up with a force of 250 men. Nearly all the mines are beginning to use wood as fuel on account of the scarcity and advance in the price of coal. At Negaunee, Mich., Shaft No. 1, of the Queen mine, started Wednesday, giving employment to between 300 and 400 men. All the ore hoisted is being shipped, besides cars are being loaded from the large stock piles.

Trial Heats of the Henley Regatta. HENLEY-ON-THAMES, July 15.—In the trial heat for the diamond sculls of the Berks station, Wednesday, Dr. W. S. McDowell, of the Delaware Boat club, Chicago, beat Hon. E. A. Guinness, Thames Rowing club. In the trial heat for the Stewards' Challenge cup, at the Berks station, the Winnipeg Rowing club, of Canada, beat the Utrecht University Boat club, Triton.

Will Enforce the Alien Labor Law. OTTAWA, Ont., July 15.—The Dominion government has decided to put the alien labor law in force in Western Ontario as well as Manitoba, the northwest territories and British Columbia, and an agent will be appointed for this purpose in a few days.

First Bale of New Cotton. ATLANTA, Ga., July 15.—A special to the Journal from Williamsburg, Ga., says that J. N. Daniel shipped one bale of the new crop of cotton from there Wednesday. It weighed 565 pounds and was the first bale shipped from Georgia this season.

IN CONFERENCE.

Nearly the Whole Day Devoted to Sugar and Wool Schedules.

Comparatively But Little Information as to the Progress Made Finds Its Way to the Public—No Uneasiness Over Hawaiian Annexation Question.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The Evening Star Tuesday says:

There is no uneasiness among the friends of annexation in congress about the Hawaiian situation. Neither the attitude of Japan nor the persistent opposition of the sugar trust, it is believed, can weaken the position of the administration.

The foreign relations committee of the senate is to meet Wednesday and Senator Davis, the chairman of the committee, said Tuesday morning that he was going to try to secure a favorable report on the Hawaiian treaty at that meeting if a quorum could be obtained.

Neither Senator Fry, Senator Lodge nor Senator Gray, members of the committee, were at the capitol Tuesday. It is not the present expectation that the treaty of annexation will be taken up at this session, but a situation exists which may hasten the matter. It is believed that if the attitude of Japan toward Hawaii becomes more threatening it will force annexation at once, though the friends of annexation will not be in haste unless developments render speedy action necessary.

The house took a recess Tuesday until Wednesday at noon without transacting any business. Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the appropriation committee of the last congress, announced that it was evident that the deficiency bill would not be ready to act upon until Wednesday, and he, therefore, moved a recess until Wednesday at noon, and the motion carried. The house was in session but three minutes.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The representatives of the two houses of congress in the conference on the tariff bill spent a busy day, devoted for the most part to work in the conference room. There were occasional consultations with other senators or members of the house upon points at issue, but these were brief, so that comparatively little information as to the progress made found its way to outsiders. It is known that almost the entire day was devoted to the sugar and wool schedules, and the best information obtainable is that a final agreement was not reached upon either.

Senator Platt, of New York, who has been absent most of the time since the bill went into conference, returned and was in close conference much of the day with Senator Quay.

At one time during the afternoon the senate and house conferees separated, the house men repairing to the ways and means committee room. It was generally believed that this action on the part of the house men was for the purpose of deciding upon a line of policy on sugar, but they declined to give out any information.

Contrary to published reports it is positively asserted that the sugar schedule has not been agreed upon and in fact that all the big questions before the conference which have seemingly been settled are only tentatively agreed to, one side or the other insisting that they shall be held open.

Nothing will be finally closed so far as the matters of importance are concerned until all have been decided upon and the conferees are ready to come to a complete agreement.

It is believed that the wool schedule, which occupied the attention of the conferees more or less Monday and Tuesday, can now be settled whenever other matters have reached a stage for final adjustment. The senate conferees are ready to compromise the differences on first and second class wools by making them both dutiable at 11 cents, and a compromise on third class wools has been suggested by house members of the conference, concerning which they express the hope that it will be satisfactory to both the wool growers and the carpet manufacturers, but this is not assured. This compromise proposition looks to fixing a rate of 3 cents a pound on all wool of a value less than 10 cents a pound; of 5 cents on wool valued at more than 10 and less than 13 cents a pound, and of 8 cents on that above 13 cents a pound in value. This proposition was submitted to the representatives in the senate of both the wool growers and the carpet manufacturers, and both sides took the matter under advisement. Senator Penrose, representing the carpet men, telegraphed for some of them to come to Washington for conference. The attempt of some of the house conferees to secure an increased rate on skirted wools has failed. The question of jute, jute bagging, burlaps, cotton bagging and cotton ties which the senate placed on the free list, is causing much trouble. The house conferees insist that these items shall go back on the dutiable list, and the senate conferees feel that if they are put back delay must be the result in the senate.

If the conferees can reach a complete agreement by Friday, one of them said Tuesday, he would be more than satisfied.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The senate has agreed to a resolution authorizing the committee on Indian affairs to continue its investigations heretofore begun by visiting Indian reservations, Indian schools, etc., during the recess of congress.

Goldensuss's Head Reported Found. NEW YORK, July 14.—The head of William Goldensuss is said to have been found by some boys in Branchport, N. J. Acting Inspector O'Brien is said to have received this information Monday night. The head was encased in oil cloth and plaster of paris.

Jilted Lover Suicides. PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 14.—Because his sweetheart jilted him on the eve of his wedding day James Morrison, of 130 Elm street, shot himself. He died Tuesday night. The wedding was to have taken place Wednesday. The girl disappeared Monday night.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS

For the Settlement of the Great Miners' Strike—Both Sides Count on a Resumption in a Few Days.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 15.—The prospect for a settlement of the great miners strike was brighter Wednesday night than at any time since the struggle began, and both sides are almost ready to count on a resumption of work in the near future.

The cheering announcement was made Wednesday night that W. P. Dearthmit, president of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Co., whose 1,200 men have been constantly at work and without whose assistance the success of the movement would have been jeopardized, has agreed to join with the other operators in a plan for the settlement of the strike on a true uniformity basis. This result has been brought about through the efforts of the members of the joint arbitration commission who have been working assiduously to this end since meeting President Dearthmit Tuesday. Wednesday afternoon the commission called upon Mr. Dearthmit and submitted their plan to which he agreed. Then the commission met the miners' officials and the proposition also received their approval.

Under the terms of the agreement Mr. Dearthmit consents to sign a contract which will bring about a condition of true uniformity in the Pittsburgh district according to the plan formulated, but which failed 18 months ago. The contracts provides that there shall be no company stores, honest weight, fair screens and the removal of other evils long complained of by the miners. He will sign such a contract provided 95 per cent. of the operators in the Pittsburgh district become parties to it. In agreeing to the terms, the miners' officials promised to use their influence to obtain the signatures of the operators to the contract, and they will begin Thursday morning on this work. They stipulated, however, that the proposed contract should have no immediate effect in calling off the present general suspension.

Gen. Little, of the Ohio board of arbitration, said Wednesday night that if the plan is carried out it will not only affect Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, but will be a barrier against recurring troubles in the Pittsburgh district.

The miners' officials admitted that even though they had won the present strike without arbitration, the victory would have been only temporary, as the absence of a contract such as has been agreed upon would have left the door open for new grievances that were bound to manifest themselves under the present mining laws and the new ones awaiting the signature of the governor. The prospect of a settlement of the mining troubles was received Wednesday night with a sense of great relief on all sides and the result of the efforts of the joint commission to secure the names of the necessary 95 per cent. of the operators to the agreement will be awaited with general interest.

The miners' officials claimed Wednesday night that the Canonsburg mines in the Pan Handle district, which has been in operation since the strike began, were shut down Wednesday, on account of the men joining the ranks of the strikers. This makes the suspension in the Pan Handle district absolute.

Coal sold Wednesday at \$1.50 per ton for mixed and \$1.30 for run of mine. No disturbances of any kind occurred during the day, and quiet reigns in all parts of the district.

IMMENSE SHIPMENTS. Of Coal Ore Being Made From West Virginia—Organizers at Work in the State.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 15.—West Virginia continues to be the crisis in the coal strike. The mines are working at full blast, and organizers are coming into the state to attempt to get the men to quit. Many are on the way.

The Chesapeake & Ohio railroad and Norfolk & Western road are rushing an immense amount of coal out of the state. Figures Wednesday became known for the first time, and they show that the closing of the mines is of the utmost importance to the miners, if they intend to make their strike a success.

Their hope is to cause a coal famine, which would bring the aid of every business in the country to stop the strike.

In the last 24 hours the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad has shipped 1,470 cars, and the Norfolk & Western railroad has shipped out 1,100 cars in the same time. Seven more trains will be put on the Norfolk & Western Thursday.

COLUMBUS, O., July 14.—President Ratchford, of the United Mineworkers, is preparing an address to the miners of the country more fully explaining the object of the strike and giving a resume of the contest up to this time. Its tone is encouraging and it will have an inspiring effect upon the miners.

Human Head Found on an Ash Dump. NEW YORK, July 15.—A Negro working on an ash dump in Newton creek Wednesday morning found the severed head of a man among the refuse. He was so frightened at the discovery that he threw it from him into the creek. He described it as having a black moustache and the police believe it to be the missing head of Guldensuss, the Turkish bath masseur, who is believed to have been murdered by Martin Thorne.

The Report Without Foundation. LONDON, July 15.—The Times correspondent at Athens says that he learns that the report of fighting at Candea between British troops and bashi bazouks is without foundation. No British troops, the correspondent adds, have been killed at Candea.

Labor Day at the Exposition. NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 15.—The Tennessee Centennial exposition management has designated September 6 as labor day and October 6 as German-American day. The attendance on these days will be very large, many states will be represented.

How It is Done.

"Up again it again!" gloomily remarked the man who pronounces "athletic" in four syllables.

"How's that?" asked the woman who wears white gloves with black stitching. "Thought I had a sure thing the other day, and was thrown as usual. Was in a bicycle store when a young fellow came in to buy a cyclometer. Said he had given out after he had ridden 500 miles. Was trying for a season's record, and hated to begin over again. Salesman said he could fix it. Took new cyclometer, fixed it on wheel, upended the thing in the store and began to turn. Reeled off 500 miles in no time. Thought I saw my graft. Went to guy I know and bet him I could ride more miles in a week than he could. It was to be decided by our cyclometers. Bought new cyclometer, went up in the attic and began to turn. Truck a hot box at the two hundred and eighty-seventh mile and stuck fast. Never happened to a cyclometer before. Just my luck."—Buffalo Express.

It Cured Her. A well-known Louisville woman was ill, and her physician pronounced her in a critical condition. Among the sympathetic neighbors was a pretty widow who was lavish in her expressions of sympathy for the husband and children. And it came to pass that she began to sympathize with them to such an extent that she spent most of her time at the house. When the wife was thought to be sinking and the family were beginning to fear the worst, the widow walked up to the husband and said: "Ah, how I pity you, Mr. and these dear children. It will be awful if they are to be reared up without a mother to care for them." At this juncture the wife, with a mighty effort, raised up in her bed with the words: "Oh, you needn't be worried; I am not going to die. No, I will not die, and I can get along very well without your assistance in the future." From that time the woman rallied, and is now hale and hearty.—Louisville Dispatch.

Summer Tours Via Big Four Route. To the Mountains, Lakes and Seashore. Special Low Rates will be in effect to Put-in-Bay, Islands of Lake Erie, Lake Chautauque, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence River, Adirondacks, Lake George, New England Resorts, New York and Boston. To the Great Lakes, Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Benton Harbor, Mt. Clemens, Mackinac and Michigan Resorts. To the Northwest and West via St. Louis and Chicago. For rates, routes, time of trains and full particulars apply to any agent "Big Four," or address E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager "Big Four," Cincinnati, O.

Very Natural. He—They tell me your husband is a great artist. She—That he is. He painted a picture of some onions for the last exhibition, and they were so natural that the committee put them on the top line, so that the people wouldn't smell them.—Yonkers Statesman.

Shake Into Your Shoes. Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous, hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Write to Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Dodging. Tolliver—Can you let me ten dollars for a week, old man? Duero—What weak old man?—Harlem Life.

"Star Tobacco." As you chew tobacco for pleasure, use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore the cheapest.

We can tell a school teacher as far off as we can see her, and if she marries, she has to be married at least 20 years before the trademarks are effaced.—Aitchison Globe.

"Queen Victoria always looks so solemn." "You'd look solemn if you had had the prince of Wales for a son all these years."—Chicago Record.

Every evening we make resolutions about getting up earlier, and break them the next morning.—Washington Democrat.

You can always tell false teeth because they are so much nearer perfect than natural ones.—Washington Democrat.

If we ever invent anything it will be a salt cellar, which always has salt in it.—Washington Democrat.

Some people would rather be deceived by their children than be told that they dis obey them.—Washington Democrat.

Fond Mamma—"Bobby, Bobby, whatever makes you so restless?" Bobby—"Having to keep still so much, I suppose."

Some men seem to be glad that they are so poor that no debts can be collected from them.—Washington Democrat.

Boys carry their grips conspicuously, so people will ask them where they are going.—Washington Democrat.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. Williams, Antioch, Ill., April 12, 1894.

Any wife can make her husband tremble by saying she "has heard something" about him.—Aitchison Globe.

It's usually found to be pretty hard to get people interested in what you used to be.—N. Y. Weekly.

If a man has a little money and doesn't work, he is called a capitalist.—Washington Democrat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure. Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

LAZY LIVER! YOU KNOW WELL ENOUGH HOW YOU FEEL WHEN YOUR LIVER DON'T ACT. Bile collects in the blood, bowels become constipated, and your whole system is poisoned. A lazy liver is an invitation for a thousand pains and aches to come and dwell with you. Your life becomes one long measure of irritability, despondency and bad feeling. ACT DIRECTLY, and in a PECULIARLY HAPPY MANNER ON THE LIVER AND BOWELS, cleansing, purifying, revitalizing every portion of the liver, driving all the bile from the blood, as is soon shown by INCREASED APPETITE for food, power to digest it, and strength to throw off the waste. ALL DRUGGISTS. 10c, 25c, 50c. MAKE YOUR LIVER LIVELY!

"THRIFT IS A GOOD REVENUE." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM CLEANLINESS AND S-POLIO

The New Navy Rifle.

The strongest shooting gun in the world is the new Lee rifle made by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., for the U. S. Army. When fired there is a pressure on the breech of 60,000 pounds to the square inch. To build a gun that would withstand such tremendous strain was a great undertaking, but the Winchester, with their vast and varied experience and wonderful plant, succeeded in turning out a gun entirely satisfactory in every way to the Navy. Like all the Winchester rifles they shoot to perfection, work smoothly and easily and are strong serviceable arms. The Winchester send a large illustrated catalogue free upon request.

Her Regret. He was worth a good deal in money, but not in anything else. "I am sorry to have to leave you so much," he said, as he put on his overcoat and started for the club. "I am sorry you can't leave me more and do it sooner," she returned. "And somehow that bothered him all the evening. In fact, he was somewhat tempted to change his will.—Chicago Post.

Enterprises of Great Pith and Moment. Have, ere now, had their currents "turned awry," as Hamlet says, by an attack of dyspepsia. Napoleon failed to improve his advantage at Austerlitz in consequence, it is said, of indigestion brought on by some indiscretion in eating. In order to avoid dyspepsia, abstain from over indulgence, and precede the meal by a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, more effective than any dietetic in improving the tone of the stomach. Liver complaint, chills and fever, and rheumatism are annihilated by the Bitters.

She Knew What She Wanted. Medium—The spirit of your wife wishes to speak with you, Mr. Jones. Jones—Tell her I lock the door and put the cat out every night.—N. Y. Journal.

New Jersey Grocers Sued. Trenton, N. J., June 24 (Special). Suit has been filed here by The National Cash Register Company of Dayton, Ohio, against Edwards & Vreeland, grocers of Paterson, N. J., who use a Globe cash register, which the National Company claims infringes its patents. An injunction and damages are asked for.

Mrs. Newed—"Was I nervous, dear, during the ceremony?" Miss Spitzer—"Well, a trifle at first, darling, but not after William had said 'yes.'—Truth.

How to Keep Well. The Practical Experience of a St. Louis Family. "I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla in my family for several years and by its use ward off sickness. I have four children and they are all healthy and none of them have ever had any serious sickness. We keep ourselves well by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. F. H. SOLLER, 2550 St. Louis Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. The One True Blood Purifier. \$1; six for \$5. Hood's Pills cure sick headache, etc.

Laugh at the Sun Drink HIRES Rootbeer. Keep Cool-Drink HIRES Rootbeer.

Keep Well-Drink HIRES Rootbeer. Quenches your thirst HIRES Rootbeer.

NEBRASKA A dry healthy climate, free from malaria, an abundance of pure water, a soil which is unsurpassed for richness, and is easily cultivated, yielding all varieties of crops. That is what Nebraska offers to the home seeker. Lands are cheap now. Send for a pamphlet describing Nebraska, mailed free on application to P. S. EURIST, General Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., Chicago.

FARM LANDS. EDUCATIONAL. Chicago Musical College. CENTRAL MUSIC HALL. CHICAGO, ILL. DR. F. ZIEGFELD, PRESIDENT. MUSIC ORATORY and DRAMATIC ART. 32nd SEASON BEGINS SEPT. 6, 1897. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.