

YELLOW FEVER.

Several Cases Reported to the New Orleans Health Board.

A Day of Excitement and Anxiety in Jackson, Miss.—An Exodus From the City and Surrounding Country—Three New Cases Reported at Mobile, Ala.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15.—The official bulletin of the board of health is as follows:

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.—The board of health of the state of Louisiana officially announces the state of affairs regarding yellow fever in New Orleans to be as follows:

Concerning the original 12 cases it is stated by Dr. Woods, of the sanitary inspection department, on personal observation, that three reported as seriously ill were Tuesday decidedly better. The remaining nine have practically recovered. Of the three new cases declared yellow fever only one is considered seriously ill.

Positive cases of yellow fever have Tuesday been declared to exist at the following places in this city: Two at 1436 Dante street, Carrollton; one at 1432 Dante street, Carrollton; one at 1322 Magnolia street, first district, one at 3141 St. Claude street, third district. To sum up there have been 15 positive cases of yellow fever, representing six foci of infection. As stated in previous bulletins all cases reported as suspicious are at once put under guard and strict quarantine will be maintained until every possibility of danger from that case is at an end.

Mortality in New Orleans for two weeks ending September 13, this year, 202; mortality for two weeks ending September 13, last year, 204.

(Signed) S. R. OLLIPHANT, M. D., President Board of Health, Louisiana.

Outside of the above official declarations there are four suspicious cases which will probably be added to the list Wednesday.

A conference was held Tuesday afternoon at the St. Charles hotel. Members of the board of health, representatives of the Parish Medical society and city officials, including Mayor Flower, were present.

The situation was discussed in all its phases for two hours behind closed doors and a resolve was made to spare neither effort nor money in controlling the disease.

Under instructions from superintendent of the railway mail service the post office authorities Tuesday fumigated all outgoing mail in order that letters and packages be not sent back by the authorities of quarantining cities and towns.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 15.—Three new cases of yellow fever were officially announced Tuesday by the board of health. The announcement caused much more alarm than did the discovery of the first case, which was regarded as sporadic. The people who can be leaving for points of safety. Some \$700 dollars' worth of tickets to Atlanta were sold Tuesday by the Louisville & Nashville railroad, and trains are leaving crowded. The same is true of the trains on the Mobile & Ohio railroad.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 15.—Tuesday was another day of excitement and anxiety to the people of Jackson. Monday the general movement of the people to the surrounding country commenced and the same continued throughout the night and Tuesday. This movement is not restricted to any class of people but is participated in by rich and poor. The city is now surrounded on all sides by an armed guard and the quarantine rules are enforced with great strictness. The principal cause of alarm to the people of Jackson came from Edwards, only 25 miles distant, where there are now 35 cases of dengue, at least three of which were reported Monday night to be considered suspects by Dr. J. H. Purnell, the fever expert from Vicksburg, who has been stationed at Edwards by the state board of health.

Dr. Purnell, at Edwards, was telegraphed for additional information on the situation there Tuesday night and the following reply was received:

"Acting under instructions of Dr. Hunter (secretary state board) he requests that all reports from me pass through his office. I have just given him report of situation."

It is understood that Dr. Purnell here reported two cases of yellow fever at Edwards—those of Capt. Montgomery and Mrs. Suttler.

No Yellow Fever at Houston.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 15.—On account of various rumors, malicious and otherwise, the city health officer Tuesday night issued the following statement: Any and all reports to the effect that there is yellow fever in Houston are entirely without foundation. There is not a suspicious case in the city, and with the perfect quarantine in effect no apprehension is felt. Robert McElroy, M. D., city health physician.

Dead at the Age of 103.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 15.—Miss Sarah Randall died Tuesday on the eve of the 103rd anniversary of her birth, from the effects of a paralytic stroke. Miss Randall was born in Frederick county, Md., but spent most of her long life in Baltimore. She claimed to have been a relative of the late Samuel J. Randall, of Philadelphia, and professed to have had a clear recollection of having met Lafayette during her girlhood. She never married.

Enforcing Rigid Quarantine.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—At Savannah, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., Birmingham, Ala., Selma, Ala., Meridian, Miss., and points south thereof, are enforcing rigid quarantine regulations, intending travelers for that section will have to be governed by the same and provide themselves with health certificates as required by local regulations.

German Ironclad Launched.

WILHELSHAVERN, Sept. 15.—The new German ironclad Kaiser Wilhelm der Zweite was launched here Tuesday. She was christened by Princess Henry of Prussia.

A TORNADO

Passes Over the Little City of Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, Tex.—Loss of Life and Destruction of Property.

PORT ARTHUR, Tex., Sept. 14.—A tornado, terrible in its velocity, struck this little city at an early hour Sunday evening. Seven people are known to have been killed while many others were injured.

Many buildings were blown down, including the railroad roundhouse, where May Ainsworth was killed; the Natorium, the Bank building, Townsite Co.'s barns, Hotel Hayden, Strong and Leagues building, shifted off foundations; Brennan building, Colorado hotel, Spence and Lyons buildings, C. J. Millers grocery store, several barns, Kanady's saloon, the Herald office, Alfred Wolf's saloon, the Hays building and M. M. Zollinski's grocery.

Several residences suffered severely, that of Dr. A. W. Barraclough, being carried across the street. Many out-buildings were completely blown away. From early morning the sky was threatening and a stiff gale blew. No rain of consequence fell until four p. m., and then it was accompanied by a heavy wind that increased in intensity until it reached the enormous velocity of 80 miles an hour. Every building in the town is of frame construction, except one brick, the Port Arthur Bank building, the far end and roof of which was blown away.

The bodies of the victims have been sent to Beaumont for interment, no cemetery having as yet been started here.

There were many acts of bravery and the suspense during the severity of the storm was terrible.

Advices from Winnie, Tex., says that nearly all of the houses there have been blown down and torn away.

At Webb all of the barns and one house were demolished and scattered over the country.

Ed Kirschner, a prominent citizen, was on a Gulf and Interstate railroad train on his way to Beaumont when the storm struck this section. "Every one on the train thought we would be blown from the track," he said Monday night. "It was pitch dark and raining and the wind was blowing like it never blew before."

It is known that much destruction was wrought at Sabine Pass, with probable loss of life. Everything possible is being done to establish communication with that place.

Later—The following telegram has just been received from Mr. Kirschner at Beaumont.

"The relief train has just returned from Sabine Pass. It could not get nearer than eight miles from Sabine Pass. It is reported that the new town is completely gone. Nothing heard from the old town. From reports things look bad there."

Of the disaster at Sabine Pass, which is the "opposition" town to Port Arthur, the Pittsburg and Gulf State report, says:

"At Sabine Pass the loss is one schooner, four tugs, many buildings, ten or more people drowned, including Moore and Bettis, contractors, and there is six feet of water in Sabine City.

President A. E. Stillwell, of the Pittsburg & Gulf, Monday night wired his representatives at Port Arthur that the company would subscribe \$10,000 to repair the damage to homes in Port Arthur, and would arrange Tuesday for the expenditure of the money. The damage to the pier will be repaired at once.

GALVESTON, Tex., Sept. 14.—At an early hour Monday morning the wind at Galveston gained a velocity of 37 miles an hour. Ships had been forewarned of the expected storm and things along the dock were in good shape. A few small skiffs were sunk and two barges were driven ashore on the flats west of the wharves. They were pulled off by a tug. The only building to suffer was the Olympia, the big pavilion at the Gulf side. Two sections of the circular roof were carried away.

AT BILOXI, MISS.,

As Regards Yellow Fever, Condition of Affairs is Not Materially Changed.

BILOXI, Miss., Sept. 14.—The condition of affairs as regards the fever is not materially changed from the former report. Most of those sick are improving rapidly. The conditions of all are favorable. Late Sunday evening there were reported two new cases in the Desporte family, living on Oak street, out near the Point. This makes four cases in that family. One new case was reported Sunday by Dr. Haralson. Dr. Tackett reported Sunday three new cases. Dr. Tackett kindly showed your correspondent his list of patients, and has on same 14 cases of fever, nine of which he diagnoses as yellow fever, and this is concurred in by Dr. Gant, who had just made the rounds with him. Dr. Gant further says the evidences of yellow fever are as clear and distinct in the Bosarge family as he has ever seen in any case. The state board of health has been in session here to arrange for the quarantine and to provide a county health officer, Dr. Bolton, the present officer, being sick and unable to act. Dr. J. J. Harry, of Mississippi City, was elected to the position.

One Case of Yellow Jack in Mobile.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 14.—The board of health met Monday and on adjournment Dr. George A. Ketchum, its president, authorized the statement that one case of yellow fever had developed Monday morning at the city hospital. The patient is a Norwegian sailor. No history of the infection yet.

The New Gunboats.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—On Wednesday the gunboats Wheeling and Marietta will come down from Mare Island and anchor in the stream. After the taking in of the balance of their supplies the Wheeling will start for Alaskan waters and the Marietta will go to the Chinese station. The latter vessel will be used principally on the rivers of China, while the Wheeling will do patrol duty in Behring sea. The United States steamer Marion sailed from Honolulu on August 25 and has not been heard from since. It is believed she is coming under sail.

THE STRIKE

In the Hazelton Mining District Spreading With Great Rapidity.

Conservative Figures Place the Number of Strikers at 10,000—Soon Every Colliery of Importance Will Be Idle—Miners Hold a Meeting at Latimer.

HAZELTON, Pa., Sept. 15.—Despite a variety of alarming rumors and a morning movement by a body of miners which looked formidable, Tuesday passed off without serious disturbance in the strike region.

Matters still wear such an uncertain aspect however that Gen. Gobin declares that the removal of the troops or of any portion of them has not been contemplated. The strike itself is spreading with great rapidity. Exact estimates of the number of men who have quit work are hard to obtain, but conservative figures place it at close to 10,000, with indications that in a short time every colliery of importance in the region will be idle. Although some disposition has been shown by small bodies of strikers in the outlying districts to make demonstrations, they have been of a rather feeble character and the great majority of the men are docile. These mines are now idle: Coxe Brothers & Co.; Eckley, Beaver Meadow and Oneida, about 2,000 men; Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Co., Honey Brook and Audenreid mines, about 2,500; Frank Pardee's Cranberry and Crystal Ridge, 1,100; Lehigh Valley Coal Co., Hazel mine, Yorktown, Jeansville and Audenreid, 3,000; Calvin Pardee & Co.'s Latimer and Harwood, 2,000.

The men at Coxe's Stockton mine have expressed their intention of joining the strike. Tuesday was their payday. Concerning the Drifton mine of the same company, which was working Tuesday, one of the firm said they understood the men were going out. The collieries still working are the Derringer, Tom Hicken and Shipton, of the Coxe Co.; Weston, Dodson & Co., Beaverbrook mine and J. S. Wentz's Silverbrook mine.

The first city troop of Philadelphia, which was dispatched at an early hour Tuesday morning to the scene of the reported outbreak at Eckley found nothing for it to do when it reached that place about one o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Several hundred miners from Buck mountain marched on the Eckley mines Monday night and brought out the men there. A few of the men who showed a disposition to continue were roughly handled, and the mine superintendent, fearing trouble, wired to Gen. Gobin for troops. He also sent word to Drifton and 70 deputies from that place and Roan Junction, near by, were sent over. They kept themselves under cover at Eckley, however, awaiting developments. Nothing further happened. The men at Eckley joined the ranks of the strikers. Meanwhile the cavalry troops were sent by Gen. Gobin and had a wearisome march over the mountains only to find everything at Eckley peaceful.

At Latimer Tuesday afternoon a largely attended and decisive meeting of strikers was held to receive the answer of the company to their demands. With a large body of strikers gathered in the open space before the company's store, Superintendent Blake appeared at the door to give them their answer. It was short and to the point and was met with action equally as decisive. The demands had been formulated as follows:

"We desire and wish the privilege of buying our provisions where we think proper, instead of being forced to do at the company's stores; we want a 20 per cent advance on all classes of labor; we demand the dismissal of all parties who took part on last Friday, September 10, in the shooting affray; we demand that all classes of labor be paid the same for rock-work as for coal on idle days; we demand that no man shall be discharged for acting on this committee."

The company's answer to this was, first, that the men are not and never have been obliged to buy exclusively at the company store; second, that the advance would not be granted because the company was paying the average rate of the region; third, the company absolutely refused, without assigning any reason, to discharge anybody who participated in the shooting; fourth, that men suspended on idle days here have the privilege of taking some other person's place, thus making good the difference in rate between rock and coal work; and fifth, that no man shall be discharged for acting on the grievance committee.

Superintendent Blake made a short speech to the men, urging them to return to work and arguing that they could gain nothing by remaining idle. "What do you say?" he concluded. "Will you come back?" There was a moment's buzz and then a chorus of "No" went up. The superintendent attempted no further persuasion and the men dispersed.

Valuable Gold Ore.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 15.—Col. H. S. Ervay has just brought from Cripple Creek a piece of ore weighing over 100 pounds which is full of free gold, and which will carry values aggregating fully \$100,000 to the ton. The ore was taken from a new find made Saturday, and is in many respects the most sensational ever made in Cripple Creek. The rich rock was uncovered at a depth of only six feet.

Rateford Expected It.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 15.—President Rateford was asked Tuesday what he had to say of the general disregard of the ten-day further suspension of work by miners. He replied that he never supposed they could be kept out of mines after resumption had been determined upon.

Will Hold Out for the Sixty-nine Cents.

SHARON, Pa., Sept. 15.—The miners of this county have signified their intention of staying out on strike. They claim that they will now hold out for the 69-cent rate and 43 cents for the run of the mine.

SEVEN CASES

Of Yellow Fever at Edwards, Miss., and Many Suspects—The Plague Spreading.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 16.—All the fears of the citizens of Jackson in regard to the sickness prevalent at Edwards have been realized. Dr. Guiteras, the government expert, has confirmed seven cases of yellow fever and says there are many suspects.

First, the cases were reported as malarial fever, then after a time they became dengue fever. Another wait and they were pronounced suspicious and finally declared to be the genuine yellow fever. During all this time the disease has been spreading rapidly at the rate of five or six new cases daily until there are now 40 cases in existence at Edwards. The evolution of the disease from malarial to yellow fever was such that the people now regard dengue as simply a more convenient term than yellow fever. Dr. Guiteras arrived at Edwards on a special train at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning and proceeded at once to work. A telegram addressed to Dr. Guiteras asking for information on the situation at Edwards elicited the reply that he had no statement for publication. Shortly afterward Dr. Purnell, who has been at Edwards for several days, wired the state board of health as follows:

Dr. Guiteras arrived Wednesday morning. We have visited a number of cases, and the following are pronounced yellow fever: W. A. Montgomery, Pat Montgomery, Mrs. Anna Henry, T. H. W. Barrett, E. F. Suttle, Miss Mammie Austin (three miles out in the country), Mrs. Champion (at Champion Hill).

At 10 a. m. the following report was made by Dr. Guiteras:

EDWARDS, Miss., Sept. 15, 1897.

To Wyman, Washington—The diagnosis of yellow fever made in six cases by Dr. Purnell is confirmed. He has two cases that I have not yet seen. There are many children sick with what is probably a mild type of the disease. The cases are not confined to one locality but are all traceable to the Anderson case which came from Ocean Springs. The medium of distribution appears to have been the Champion case. Mr. Champion, who died, was a prominent man and many people congregated in the house during the illness. Dr. Purnell is immune and I recommend him as competent to take charge of the situation if necessary. I shall leave this afternoon for Mobile unless otherwise directed.

(Signed) GUITERAS.

The state board has instructed Dr. Purnell to place a cordon of guards around Edwards. Report says that the disease has also appeared at Clinton and Smiths, towns near Edwards. The state board has ordered the discontinuance of trains on the Woodville, Miss., branch of the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley road.

BOATS COLLIDE

Due to a Misunderstanding of Signals—Several Persons Thought to Have Been Drowned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The big Hudson river steamboat Catskill and the larger excursion boat St. Johns, collided Wednesday evening on the North river off this city. The St. Johns had 1,000 excursionists and the other boat had started on its regular night trip with 30 passengers. The collision was due to a misunderstanding of the signals which passed between the two vessels. The St. Johns struck the Catskill, which was heavily loaded with freight, on the starboard side, 35 feet from the bow of the boat, cutting a hole in the hull below the water line. The crash extinguished the lights on the Catskill and caused a panic among the passengers, some of whom dropped overboard. Great excitement also prevailed among the excursionists on the St. Johns. When the steamboats parted, the Catskill was turned toward the Jersey shore while the crew of the St. Johns lowered small boats and rescued the people struggling in the water. Just as the Catskill neared the shore, she filled and went down on a mud bank. Several tug boats responded to the calls for help and aided in the rescues.

Leonard P. Miller, of Hoboken, who was taken from the water, had his right leg fractured. He said that before being rescued a small boy who was in the water near him had been drowned. The latter is supposed to be Bertie Timmerman, five years old, of Leeds, N. Y. Mrs. Maria McDonald, residence unknown, and Susan Morris, of Guttenburg, N. J., are missing, and are thought to have been drowned.

King Christian's Serious Fall.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Copenhagen says that King Christian, while ascending a spiral staircase leading to the beacon at Middlegrunde Fortress in Oro Sound, stumbled and fell, seriously injuring his chin and mouth. The pain was intense and the king was obliged to return to Bernstorff, Isle of Seeland, where his physician is attending him. The king is in his 80th year.

More Troops for Cuba.

MADRID, Sept. 16.—The war department is concentrating 6,000 troops with the intention of immediately dispatching them as reinforcements to the Spanish army in Cuba.

Boston's New Pitcher.

BOSTON, Sept. 16.—Wolf Willis, the pitcher of the Syracuse club, will wear a Boston uniform next season. Manager Seale gave \$1,000 and Cather Fred Lake for him.

Yellow Fever Refugees at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 16.—Yellow fever refugees poured into the city Wednesday. During the day three special cars of refugees came in from New Orleans and other infected points. One car was filled with the troops from Jackson barracks in New Orleans. This stopped here but a few minutes and then passed on through to Chicauga National park, where they will camp.

Augusta, Ga., Quarantines.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 16.—Augusta has quarantined against all yellow fever points and also against Atlanta.

FIVE BURGLARS

Were Taken From the Versailles Jail and Hanged From the Limb of a Tree.

Robberies and Burglaries Had Become Unendurable—The Gang Was Betrayed by One of Its Own Members—Four Hundred Masked Men Did the Job.

VERSAILLES, Ind., Sept. 16.—Incensed by the numerous depredations, and repeated burglaries and daylight robberies, the people of Ripley county, Ind., have taken the law into their own hands, and meted out to the perpetrators a punishment greater than provided by the law. Five men, who have long been a terror to the citizens of this county, met their death at the hands of an enraged populace and when the citizens of Versailles, the county seat, arose Wednesday, it was to find the bodies of five men dangling from as many limbs of an elm tree in the center of the public square.

Stout ropes, not over six feet in length, had served to send each to his eternity. Versailles is a town of some eight hundred people. It is one of the oldest in the state, and although it is five miles from a railroad station and has no telegraphic communication with the outside world, as have more pretentious towns of the county, it is still the county seat. For four or five years, and even longer, the farmers of the county have been the victims of a lawless gang, who, apparently lacking in fear, have plied their vocation to the terror of the people, for they seemingly have had no visible means of earning a living. Farmers would come into town with a bunch of cattle or a load of farming products and next morning they would be found along the roadside suffering from a wound and minus the proceeds of their sale. Old farmers have been visited and both men and women have been subjected to all the tortures that a hardened mind could stand. Aged German women have been forced to stand upon a red-hot stove in an effort to compel them to disclose the hiding place of some treasure in the house. These depredations have continued unceasingly. Arrests have been made but the guilty parties had covered up their lawlessness and it was seldom that conviction followed.

During the past week robberies had increased alarmingly. On last Saturday word was received by the sheriff that the store of Wooley Bros. at Corbett, Ind., ten miles from here, was to be entered. The information was given by one of the gang's confederates who had been under suspicion. Sheriff Henry Bushing arranged that his informant should accompany them, and securing five deputies they went to the place. Sheriff Bushing concealed himself in the cellar, stationing his deputies at a convenient distance outside.

Shortly after midnight the gang reached Wooley Brothers' store. Clifford Gordon and the sheriff's informant were designated to break into the building. Gordon himself effected an entrance, and just as he stepped inside the sheriff grabbed him. Both pulled pistols at the same time and began firing. Bert Andrews was with the robbers and he too joined in the fusillade while the deputies came to the assistance of the sheriff. Some 30 shots were fired, the sheriff was shot through the hand and Gordon was shot several times. Three pistol balls entered his body and he was also shot in the leg. Gordon and Andrews succeeded in escaping and came to Osgood, where they were arrested. The robbers had driven out to the place in a buggy belonging to Lyle Levi, and from information subsequently gathered it was learned that the robbery had been planned at the home of Wm. Jenkins. The two latter were arrested at Versailles. Henry Schuler, aged 24 years, was put in the jail for robbing the barbershop at Osgood last week. Levi was 37 years of age, Gordon 23, Andrews 30 and Jenkins 27.

None of the citizens seem to deplore the action of the mob, but on the contrary, the hanging of three or four more members of the gang Wednesday night is talked of, and it may be done. No troops have been asked for and the citizens say they are not wanted.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 16.—Gov. Mount has sent the following to the sheriff of Ripley county:

"Wire me at once the particulars of lynching that has occurred in your county. I further direct that you proceed immediately with all the power you can command to bring to justice all parties guilty of participating in the murder of the five men alleged to have been lynched. Such lawlessness is intolerable and all the power of the state, if necessary, will be vigorously employed for the arrest and punishment of all parties implicated.

(Signed) JAMES A. MOUNT, Governor."

Osgood, Ind., Sept. 16.—It is now an assured fact that the mob which wreaked such terrible vengeance on the Versailles prisoners, was organized under military instruction, and was directed by veterans of the late war. It moved like a procession of regulars down upon Versailles after the two rockets were shot on the brow of the town hill, and was commanded in military style.

From a reliable source information came Wednesday night that the gigantic and terrible organization holds itself intact, and will never be thoroughly disbanded until about 30 or more of the gang of desperadoes have been disposed of. The plan outlined at present is to have as many as possible of the persons under the public ban remanded to jail on paltry charges.

When this is done the signal for the mob to advance will be given and the same dread punishment will be meted out to the rest that was given Wednesday morning to the ill-fated five whose bodies now await burial. Not less than 20 are spotted, and especially those who Wednesday publicly made threats of vengeance against the mob, are to be dealt with. The watchword is to rid Osgood and Ripley county of desperadoes at any cost.

New Through Passenger Route for Colorado, Utah and California.

The Chicago Times-Herald of August 27 says that on September 12 the new traffic alliance between the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway goes into effect, and on that date the former will send its first Denver sleeper out of Chicago. This will be attached to its regular night train for Omaha, and will be delivered there to the Rock Island. On October 2 the tourist car route over these two lines, the Colorado Midland and Southern Pacific, will be inaugurated. Tourist cars will be run once a week between Chicago and San Francisco. For further details regarding this new route call on or address Geo. H. Beauford, General Passenger Ticket Agent, C. M. & St. P. Ry., 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Webster's Last Words.

Webster's last words were: "I still live." A teacher in one of the East side schools had been reading anecdotes of the great lexicographer to her pupils, and the next day, catechising them on what she had read, she asked: "What were Webster's last words?" There was deep silence, and she repeated the question. Finally a little fellow with a squint in his left eye held up his hand, and, catechising her, said the teacher, kindly, "do you know?" "Yes," said Mulvaney, confidently. "He said 'I ain't dead yet.'"—N. Y. World.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet, instantly takes the smart out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous, hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Write to Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

An Expert.

Dunmore—I'm surprised that you call Flabler an expert accountant. What ground is there for paying him such a compliment?

Didmore—He's just got away with \$100,000 of his employer's money.—Roxbury Gazette.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES WEST

Via Burlington Route.

One fare plus \$3.00 for the round trip to Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota, Black Hills, certain portions of Iowa, Colorado and Utah. September 27, 28, 29, October 5th and 19th. Ask your ticket agent for additional information. L. W. WAKELAY, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

Husband (groaning)—"The rheumatism in my legs is coming again." Wife (with sympathy)—"Oh, my sorry, John! I wanted to do some shopping to-day, and that is a sure sign of rain."—Tit-Bits.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

Mistress—"What in the world are you putting ashes on the floor for, Bridget?" "Shure, ma'am, an' didn't yez say to doost the parlor?"—Brooklyn Life.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A woman should never accept a lover without the consent of her heart, nor a husband without the consent of her judgment. —Ninon de l'Enclos.

THE CHIEF THING

In Maintaining Good Health is Pure, Rich, Nourishing Blood.

The blood carries nourishment and furnishes support for the organs, nerves and muscles. It must be made rich and pure if you would have strong nerves, good digestion, sound sleep, or if you would be rid of that tired feeling, those disagreeable pimples, eczema, or scrofula. No medicine is equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood. It is a medicine of genuine merit and will do you wonderful good. Try it now.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ARKANSAS LADIES DO NOT LIE.

Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine 10 years and find it a great deal better than "Zellin's Bile Beans" and "Black Draught." It has been of great benefit to my Daughter and Niece during their monthly troubles. Constructed Menstruation. There should be no home without it.

The Turn of Life.

"The cessation of the menses usually occurs between the ages of forty and fifty. Great irregularity takes place in the periodic discharges for some time before the final cessation, the woman usually experiencing sudden flashes of heat, fullness in the head, headache and other evidences of constitutional disturbance. The nervous system sympathetically responds, and there is great irritability and melancholy, the patient is discouraged and has a sense of illness or disfavor. At no time in her life does a woman need more constant care and watchful tenderness, nor has more need for a remedy to invigorate and strengthen her. The bowels should be kept regular with Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine, and if Dr. Simmons' Squaw Vine Wine is used during the whole of this critical period, it will invigorate and enrich her blood, soothe and strengthen her nerves and thus relieve the suffering and enable her to pass safely through the dangers, prolong her life and afford her strength and joy in her declining years.

Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine.

Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine.