

# CHINA SO INFORMED.

### The United States Will Help Suppress Lawlessness There.

#### "Boxers" Kill a Chinese Colonel and Seventy of His Troops Who Were Sent Against Them—A Crisis Is Approaching.

Washington, May 26.—The United States government has taken a hand in the suppression of the "Boxers" in China. Minister Conger has been instructed by the state department to inform the Chinese government that the government of the United States expects to stamp out promptly and thoroughly this society and to provide proper guarantees for the maintenance of peace and order and the protection of the life and property of Americans now in China, all now threatened by the operations of the "Boxers."

There is no indication in the instructions as to the course that will be pursued by the United States in case the Chinese government fails to observe the warning conveyed in this communication. Mr. Conger is acting on parallel lines with the representatives of every European power at the Chinese court, but has not joined in any concerted action.

It is realized here that the Chinese government, in dealing with the "Boxers" will encounter much difficulty, as the society claims to be purely patriotic in purpose. Its contention is that the teachings of the Christians are in their results absolutely destructive to the Chinese system of government. The "Boxers" now are not attacking foreign missionaries, but are killing the Chinese who allow themselves to be converted to Christianity. This phase of the matter is difficult to deal with, as it heretofore has been a well-recognized right of a nation to deal with its own subjects as it pleases. This rule does not contemplate excesses such as are ascribed to the "Boxers," and there is believed to be reasonable ground for foreign intervention, which would include the participation of United States warships, and even troops, if such should be necessary.

Mr. Conger's latest advice to the state department indicates that this troublesome society is waxing strong in the very heart of Peking, the Chinese capital, and it was evident from the tone of his dispatch that a crisis was approaching which would either cause drastic action by the Chinese government or a hostile demonstration by the powers in the near future.

Peking, May 26.—A force of Chinese cavalry that was attacked by "Boxers" lost a colonel and 70 men killed and wounded.

Li Hung Chang has been confirmed in the viceroyalty in Canton. Tan Chun Lin, the former viceroy, has been ordered to remain in Peking to await employment.

### DINNER NOT READY.

#### A Little Babe Thrown on a Hot Stove by His Angry Father and Badly Burned.

Baltimore, May 26.—Because his dinner was not ready when he returned to his home James Spencer, who lives at 506 Elbow lane, picked up his 9-months-old baby girl by the arms and whirling her above his head threw the little innocent thing upon the stove which had been made red-hot in the efforts of his wife to get the midday meal ready for him.

Continuing in his rage Spencer rushed at his wife Annie and made a veritable punching bag of her body. Becoming exhausted from his inhuman efforts the brutal husband and father left the house, leaving the woman and child unconscious. Later the baby was removed to the Maryland university hospital, where it was found to be severely burned about the back and legs. Later in the day Spencer was arrested and held for court.

### Army Bill in Doubt.

Washington, May 26.—The postponement of further consideration of Secretary Root's army organization bill until next week, it is believed, endangers the prospects of its adoption at this session. The delay is for the purpose of preparing certain amendments. It is also said that the senate plan of adding 6,000 men to the army for the service in the artillery will be abandoned, and in its stead the artillery branch will be strengthened from the cavalry and infantry. These changes may cause the failure of the bill.

### President Stillwell Honored.

Chihuahua, Mex., May 26.—The congress of Mexico has passed a bill, and it has been approved by President Diaz, changing the name of Topolobampo, on the Pacific coast of Mexico, to Port Stillwell. The change is made as a compliment to A. E. Stillwell, president of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Co., which proposes to build a railway from Kansas City to Port Stillwell.

### Charged With False Pretenses.

Nashville, Tenn., May 25.—A. J. Shelley has been indicted for false pretenses and larceny. It is charged that he sent in a lot of spurious applications for life insurance policies, on which he was paid commissions as fast as received.

### Blew Out the Gas.

Washington, May 25.—Charles Burdette and Louis Correll, farmers, from Alderson, W. Va., blew out the gas in their room at the Pittsburgh hotel, and were with difficulty revived. They will recover.

### THEY MAKE PROTESTS.

#### Japanese and Chinese Governments Object to the Serum Inoculation in San Francisco—It May Be Abated.

Washington, May 26.—Through its charge here, Mr. Keiziro Nabeshima, the Japanese government has joined the Chinese government in a strong protest against the compulsory inoculation of Japanese and Chinese in San Francisco with anti-plague serum. The Japanese protest is much more energetic and forceful in terms than that lodged by the Chinese government, and conveys a very plain intimation that, while there could be no objection to a general inoculation, if such was regarded as necessary to prevent the extension of the plague, it cannot be contemplated that any discrimination should be practiced against the Japanese and Chinese; the rule must be general and include Caucasian as well as yellow men. Unlike the Chinese, the Japanese have a measure of protection afforded by their most recent treaty with the United States which on its face might seem to warrant their protest against any discriminatory treatment.

The communications have been referred to the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, with directions to report the facts at once. It is understood that he has telegraphed to the officer of his service in charge of the work of stamping out the plague in San Francisco, and it is presumed that the net result will be an abatement of the rigors of the quarantine measures now being enforced there.



OFFICIAL EMBLEM OF AUTHORITY.

### TAYLOR AND FINLEY SAFE.

#### Gov. Mount Says They Can Stay in Indiana as Long as They Choose to Remain.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 26.—Gov. Mount refused to issue a requisition on the governor of Kentucky which was asked by Lawrence county officials for the return of a man who is charged with petit larceny and has fled to Kentucky. The governor's advisers claimed it was a ruse to show Gov. Beckham's magnanimity in honoring a requisition from Gov. Mount, and thus draw an invidious comparison. The governor said the papers were incorrectly drawn.

Gov. Mount said he had not changed his mind as to Taylor and Finley, and that they were safe so long as they choose to remain in this state. Taylor and Finley spent a quiet day with friends here. They leave Sunday for Martinsville to stay several weeks.

### THOROUGH INVESTIGATION.

#### Gen. Wood Has Ordered That Every Department in Cuba Be Overhauled.

Havana, May 26.—Mr. Bristow, acting director general of posts, abolished the solicitor's bureau, appointing in its place a law clerk, with one stenographer, and thus saving \$2,700 annually.

Gen. Wood has ordered that every department of the island be thoroughly overhauled. The auditors are now dealing with the treasury and with the North American Trust Co. Later they will deal with the custom house. There is no suggestion that frauds are suspected in connection with any of these departments or institutions, but Gen. Wood feels that the public desires the most complete investigation of all Cuban accounts.

### Judge Found Dead in Bed.

Nashville, Tenn., May 26.—Judge W. L. Grigsby was found dead in bed at his home in Dickson. He was well and in good spirits the night before. Judge Grigsby was 46 years old. He was judge of the Nineteenth judicial circuit from the time of its creation in 1891 until it was abolished last year, and sat as special judge of the supreme court during the winter session here.

### Crazy on Chicago Dirt.

Chicago, May 26.—Thomas McGovern, who sent his soiled shirt to President McKinley by mail "just to show the president what a dirty city Chicago is," was examined as to his sanity in Judge Carter's court, and was sent to the State Asylum for the Insane at Kankakee.

### Will Resume in a Few Days.

Anniston, Ala., May 26.—The rolling mill department of the Southern Car and Foundry Co., which has been almost entirely shut down for the past two or three weeks, will resume full operations, and 300 men who have been idle will return to work.

### Oppose the International Dam.

Washington, May 26.—Ex-Delegate Ferguson and others from New Mexico were before the house committee on foreign affairs in opposition to the proposed international dam across the Rio Grande at El Paso, Tex.

# PROTECTED BY POLICE

### Street Cars Run in St. Louis Without Being Molested.

#### Three Weeks of Rioting and Turmoil, and the End or Settlement of the Trouble Seems as Far Away as Ever.

St. Louis, May 25.—This is the 21st day of the street railway strike, and the end seems as far away as ever, both the Transit Co. and its employees standing firm in their respective positions. Not a car on the Transit Co.'s system has been run since the strike began without police protection. In consequence of there not being enough police to guard the 800 or more cars usually operated, less than a quarter of that number have been run by the company over only a part of its 22 divisions and lines.

Since May 8, when the strike began, there have been numerous collisions between the police and the strikers and the latter's sympathizers. Hardly a day during that time has passed without somebody being wounded by bullets or injured by flying missiles and police clubs. The list of casualties presents four persons shot and killed, 22 wounded by bullets and 50 or more injured in other ways.

Two of the killed were innocent bystanders, a striking motorman and an emergency policeman completing the number. Several of the wounded are in a critical condition and may die. It is estimated by the strikers that less than fifty of their number (3,325) who struck have returned to work. These, with the street car men imported from other cities, are operating the Transit Co.'s cars. It is asserted that at least 50 of the imported men have joined the strikers.

All the points of issue between the company and its striking employees have been agreed to except that of reinstating all the men who went out in their old positions. The company refuses to displace the men they have hired since the strike began, while the strikers decline to sign any agreement that does not give all the old men their places again. Several attempts have been made to bring the employers and employees together, but without success, and thus the matter stands.

A meeting of citizens has been called in the directors' room of the Merchants' exchange for the purpose of discussing plans for the amicable settlement of the street car employees' strike.

Sunday was uneventful. The first cars to run over the Transit Co.'s lines since 10 a. m. Saturday were sent out in the morning over the Delmar avenue, Page avenue, Spaulding avenue, Compton Heights, Park avenue, Laclede avenue and Olive street lines. The day being fair, the cars were crowded from early morning until 7 p. m., when they ceased running, by persons going to and coming from the parks and western suburbs. The lines mentioned run east and west, and in consequence the main dependence of those living in the north and south portions of the city was on wagons and busses or the cars of the Suburban system, which operates only in a limited area compared with that covered by the Transit Co.

As the result of an encounter last night between striking and non-striking employes of the Transit system, three men were shot, one being fatally and the others seriously wounded. As Philip Sullivan, James Sullivan and Patrick O'Connell, strikers, were passing through Lafayette park they were approached from the rear and fired upon by three men, said to be in the company's employ. One of the bullets passed through Philip Sullivan's right lung, giving him a fatal wound. James Sullivan received a ball in the left cheek, and O'Connell was shot through the right leg. Accounts of the affair differ, some bystanders claiming that it was a deliberate attempt at assassination on the part of the company's new employes, while others aver that it was a pitched battle between the two factions. A riot call was at once sounded, but the three unknown men had made their escape by the time the police arrived on the scene.

**River and Harbor Bill Reported.**  
Washington, May 27.—The senate committee on commerce, through Senator McMillin, reported the emergency river and harbor bill. The general appropriation made by the bill was increased from \$200,000 to \$250,000, and the continuing and completing of the survey of the Ohio river for the purpose of locating locks and dams was provided for.

**Death From Prize Fighting.**  
Bridgeport, Ct., May 28.—Eddie Teabout, the colored pugilist, who was taken to the Bridgeport hospital in an insensible condition last Friday night as the result of a blow received during a boxing match with William Forsythe, died Sunday without regaining consciousness. Forsythe is in jail.

**Mrs. Grant Will Attend.**  
Chicago, May 27.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant and daughter, Nellie Grant Sartoris, have signified to the members of the Grand Army national encampment committee their intention to accept invitations to be present at the encampment in August.

**Number of Filipinos Killed.**  
Washington, May 27.—Senator Pettigrew has introduced a resolution calling upon the secretary of war for information as to the number of Filipinos who have been killed in the Philippines since February 5, 1898.

### DEFIED THE LAW.

#### Capt. Streeter, With an Armed Force, Squatted on Valuable Land in Chicago—Ousted by the Police.

Chicago, May 27.—With an armed body of 20 men, two rapid fire guns and some barbed wire for making entanglements, Capt. George Streeter Saturday took possession of 185 acres of land here. After hoisting the United States flag, his men threw up two intrenchments and planted in each one of the rapid fire guns.

Shortly before noon blood was spilled before Capt. Streeter's stronghold. Pickets thrown out by the occupants of the trenches discovered a party approaching from Lincoln park, consisting of Park Superintendent Redieski and Secretary Erby, reinforced by a policeman. Calls of "Halt" failed to stop the park officials, who were bent upon finding out who was "encroaching upon their ground."

A volley from the pickets' rifles quickly put to flight the investigating party, however, and one of the bullets struck a 14-year-old boy, Reuben Manley, in the right knee, inflicting a severe wound.

The park officials fled to a patrol box and turned in a riot call. A force of 20 or 30 policemen, armed with revolvers and clubs hurried to the scene from the Chicago station. When the officers in command saw the display of force, Gatling guns being pointed his way over the intrenchments, he ordered a retreat.

Capt. Streeter claims to own the land, which, with the title, would be worth between thirty and fifty millions of dollars. In 1885 Capt. Streeter and his wife were stranded on a little sandbar a few yards from the shore at the foot of Superior street. The spot was not down on the maps, and the doughty navigator laid claim to the land, and declared his right, being the whole population, to elect himself to all the offices which he, in framing a constitution, deemed the territory in need of.

As the years passed by the dumping of all sorts of refuse and by the earth washed up by the lake, formed a large tract, and Capt. Streeter became a man of importance. With his importance and the increased value of the lands his troubles began. The tract became connected with the shore and owners of adjoining property resented the presence of Capt. Streeter and the retainers he had gathered about him. They carried the matter into court. The supreme court of the United States decided that the land was within the jurisdiction of the state of Illinois.

At 2:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon 300 police officers of the city of Chicago, headed by Chief Kiple, and every man bearing a repeating rifle, marched from the East Chicago avenue station, on the North Side, to the foot of Superior street, where Capt. Geo. Streeter has fortified himself.

A fire boat, with a Gatling gun aboard, was dispatched up Lake Michigan to make a demonstration from that side, and to cut off the escape of Streeter's men by means of their yacht.

At 3:15 o'clock "Brig. Gen." Niles and five of his men, perceiving the overwhelming force of police approach, climbed over the emplacements of their improvised forts and offered to surrender to the park police, providing they were protected. The surrender was accepted, and the park policemen started on foot toward the police station, followed by an immense crowd.

The remainder of Capt. Streeter's force, seeing the fate of their leader, deserted their guns and escaped in the throng. The police at once took charge of the fort with its entire store of arms and ammunition.

Capt. Streeter was not found in the forts.

Chicago, May 28.—Wm. H. Niles, "military governor of the District of Lake Michigan," and the five members of his "army of invasion," captured on the north shore, have been formally charged with violations of the laws of the state of Illinois.

### Ratchford's Successor.

Washington, May 27.—It is understood that the president has decided to appoint as a member of the industrial commission, to succeed M. D. Ratchford, resigned, Mr. Charles Litchman, of Massachusetts, formerly general secretary-treasurer of the Knights of Labor.

**Knoxville's Invitation Accepted.**  
Knoxville, Tenn., May 27.—The invitation extended by the Knoxville city council to the Boer commissioners to visit this city, has been accepted. Arrangements for their itinerary has not been completed and the date of the visit can not be set at present.

**Boer Envoys Coming West.**  
Washington, May 28.—The Boer envoys expect to leave here Thursday for Boston to attend a reception there on that day. From Boston they proceed west for Chicago, where they are to be on June 5 or 6, stopping en route at Cleveland and Buffalo.

**Preparing to Receive Gen. Otis.**  
San Francisco, May 28.—Preparations are rapidly being made at the Presidio for the reception of Maj. Gen. Elwell S. Otis, late commander-in-chief in the Philippines, who is scheduled to arrive in this city from Manila Tuesday.

**Will Meet in a Tent.**  
Kansas City, Mo., May 28.—The Missouri democratic state convention, scheduled to meet here on June 5 to nominate a state ticket, will be held in a tent on Shelley square, in front of the court house.

# CROSSED VAAL RIVER.

### Roberts' Army Encamped on the North Bank of That Stream.

#### The Railway Between Mafeking and Bulawayo Has Been Repaired and Supplies Are Being Brought Into Mafeking.

London, May 28.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts:

"Vereeniging, Sunday, May 27, 1:15 p. m.—We crossed the Vaal this morning and are now encamped on the north bank. The advance troops, which crossed yesterday, were only just in time to save the coal mines on both this and the other side of the river from being destroyed. Our casualties were four.

"Baden-Powell reports that the railway between Mafeking and Bulawayo has been restored and that supplies are being brought into Mafeking. He says the Canadian artillery joined Col. Plumer from Beira with incredible rapidity.

"Lieut. Webber was taken prisoner at Heilbron a few days ago. He went there on telegraph duty. It was not known that our troops had been temporarily withdrawn."

London, May 28.—The following dispatch, dated at Grootvlei, 23 miles south of Vereeniging, Sunday, May 27, has been received:

"Lord Roberts' northern advance force steadily continues, and to-day the Transvaal hills were sighted. Gen. French has secured an excellent flanking position on the northwest. There is something irresistible about this advance. The troops have been splendidly handled, and the Boers, completely outmaneuvered, have been forced to abandon their positions at the first appearance of the British flanking force, which has made a determined resistance at the Vaal impervious. Many Transvaal burghers are now trekking homeward, and it is safe to say that the most irreconcilable Transvaaler at last recognizes the hopelessness of the struggle.

"Most of the farms in the northern part of the Free State, where the ties of blood with the Transvaal are the strongest, have been deserted. This section has been flooded with false tales of British cruelty, reports of the burning of farm houses and the eviction of women and children, in the hope of inducing the burghers to remain with the commandoes, but the evidence all points now to the existence of a permanent feeling of enmity between the Transvaalers and the Free Staters, each accusing the other of treachery and cowardice.

"It is regarded as unlikely that the Transvaal government will go to Lydenburg, where food is scarce. A body of Boers, mostly on foot, are trekking hard toward Vereeniging from the direction of Heilbron.

"The condition of the British troops continues excellent, although the cold nights are very trying. They are able to march three miles an hour.

"The Boers have destroyed every bridge and culvert. They are said to regard Klipriverberg, north of the Vaal, as a position of great strength, and talk of making themselves impregnable there.

"It is reported that the population of Johannesburg is in a high state of excitement. The Boers who are passing through northward threaten to blow up the mines, and, in view of their wanton destruction of everything else, it would not be surprising if they carried out the threat.

"The British are more interested, however, in grazing and in the water supply than in the mines."

Mafeking, May 28.—The Boers who were routed here rallied a few miles east at Polfontein, well within the British border. There is no sign of the enemy to the north. Col. Plumer's linesmen have received a wire saying that a train will arrive tomorrow. A system of daily runners to the south has been organized.

Newcastle, May 26.—The Boers in this part of the theater of war are very active, having been reinforced from various directions. Their front now extends from Laing's Nek to New Republic, where they are fortifying.

London, May 28.—President Kruger, according to a special dispatch from Newcastle, has issued a proclamation asking the Transvaal burghers to notify him whether they desire to continue the fight or to sue for peace.

Barkley West, May 26.—It is reported that the Boers have reoccupied Kurman and that large hangers are located at Rietfontein and Daniel's Kuil.

**Visited the Same Girl.**  
Huntsville, Ala., May 27.—Albert Portz and Boyd Graham, of Huntsville, called on a best girl at the same time. Portz, it is stated, struck Graham on the head with a monkey wrench. He is seriously injured. Mr. Portz then visited the lady while Graham lay in the front yard in a helpless condition. A warrant has been sworn out for his arrest.

**Amount of Bonds Exchanged.**  
Washington, May 27.—The amount of bonds so far exchanged at the treasury for the new two per cent. consols of 1930 is \$281,433,700, of which \$61,308,500 were received from individuals and institutions other than national banks.

**A Duel to Death.**  
Fort Worth, Tex., May 27.—A duel to the death was fought by Emmet Coy and Bonifacio Perez, cowmen, in Hidalgo county, at a hundred yards. Winchester were used. Both men fell dead in their tracks.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE  
L. & N. R. R.  
ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:  
From Cincinnati—10:55 a. m.; 6:00 p. m.; 10:10 p. m.  
From Lexington—5:11 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 8:25 p. m.; 9:27 p. m.  
From Richmond—5:50 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 8:18 p. m.  
From Maysville—7:45 a. m.; 8:15 p. m.  
DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:  
To Cincinnati—5:15 a. m.; 7:51 a. m.; 8:30 p. m.  
To Lexington—7:50 a. m.; 11:25 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:14 p. m.  
To Richmond—11:10 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:16 p. m.  
To Maysville—7:50 a. m.; 6:35 p. m.  
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