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Thomas Bros.

IN THE JUNGLES OF MALAY

Hunter of White Rhinoceros Has Dangerous Foe to Contend With—Animals Attack Man.

Singapore.—Of the three great islands of the Malay peninsula, as a big game resort, Sumatra is said to be the best, Borneo the worst. In Sumatra all the great mammalian varieties are to be found, the tiger, the elephant, rhinoceros, tapir, orang-outang and siamang. In Java, the elephant, tapir and orang-outang are missing, but the rhinoceros and tiger are represented.

In Borneo all these large animals are unknown now, though doubtless they existed there in former days. Sumatra offers less inducements to the general order of visitors than the other two mentioned above for several reasons.

The Shikari will find the traveling very bad in such regions as have no roads. For hours, sometimes, he



Malayan Belle.

will have to wade waist deep in slimy slush, not infrequently finding himself, like the Irishman in the story, "up to the ankles in mud," but, as he forgot to mention, "head downwards." Added to this, he must be prepared to view everything through a perfect haze of mosquitoes. Such is the home of the white rhinoceros, and thither the hunter must venture who wishes to get a shot at him. This, it may be remarked, is by no means synonymous with bagging his pachydermatous majesty. Indeed, he oftener than not turns the tables on his pursuer.

This monster is said to be the only animal that will attack man unprovoked, and considering that, unwieldy though he looks, he can go as fast as a horse, the encounter is no joke. The retreating hunter's best course is to seek safety up a tree; though, unless it is a pretty stout one, this will not better his position much. Even if it is, he may be "treed" there for a considerable time. Unless a European is quite fever-proof and provided with special firearms, this branch of sport is better left untried.

Monkeys abound in endless variety in all these islands, but especially in Borneo. The peacocks, pigeons of various kinds, and a very handsome pheasant, also several water birds, waders and lovely kingfishers. There are said to be no less than 240 species of land birds known to inhabit this island of Java, while at least 40 are peculiar to it. On the other hand, no less than 16 genera found in the adjacent island are absent from this one. Rhinoceroses, leopards, wild dogs and other small game are to be met, and deer are abundant, but there are no antelope or goats.

NEW CURE FOR LOCKJAW

Baltimore Physician's Treatment Successful in Nine Cases He Has Tried.

Baltimore, Md.—The survival of Bernard Myerly, nine years old, a victim of lockjaw resulting from a stone-bruise, has increased interest in the method of treatment used in the case of Dr. Pearce Kintzing. This is the ninth of a series of lockjaw cases in which Dr. Kintzing and his assistants at the Franklin Square hospital have used a new plan of treatment with success.

The Myerly boy, as well as the other victims of the disease, had serious attacks, marked by stiffness of the neck, locking of the jaws and convulsions. The remedy is a solution of phenol of ten per cent. strength, diluted to suit the cases and administered by hypodermic injections deep into the muscles.

The injections are made at intervals of about three hours at the start, with longer intervals as the patients rallied. The full adult dose used is equivalent to about one grain of pure crystalline phenol, ten drops of the ten per cent. solution. To avoid soreness, in some cases one-half of the solution diluted is injected and then the other half injected in another place.

Lives 33 Days on Water Diet.

East St. Louis, Ill. — In an effort to reduce weight, Miss Lizzie Verlin of this city has lived on a diet of cool water 33 days. June 21, when she began her fast, she weighed 211 pounds. Now she balances the scales at 192.

If T. R. Could Only See This.

New York.—Charles Knoback of Brooklyn says he has a hen that lays eggs with a watch dial designed on them and then she cackles like a clock.

THE BOURBON NEWS

PARIS, KENTUCKY

SWIFT CHAMP, - - Publisher

[Entered at Postoffice at Paris, Ky., as mail matter of the second class]

Established 1881—30 Years of Continuous Publication

Published Every Tuesday and Friday

One Year...\$2.00—Six Months...\$1.00 Payable in Advance

ADVERTISING RATES

Display advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line, each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, obituaries and resolutions, and similar matter, 10 cents per line. Special rates for large advertisements and yearly contracts.

The right of publisher is reserved to decline any advertisement or other matter offered for publication. Space is a newspaper's stock in trade, its source of revenue.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
HON. WOODROW WILSON,
 of New Jersey.

For Vice-President,
HON. THOS. R. MARSHALL,
 of Indiana.

For Congress,
HON. J. CAMPBELL CANTRILL,
 of Scott county.

Oppression.

Further evidence of how the multi-millionaire woolen trust magnates "protect" their employees in return for sufficient protection to allow them to overcharge 90,000,000 American consumers on every article of clothing they buy, is revealed in the arrest in Lawrence, Mass., of William M. Wood, head of the woolen trust.

Mr. Wood is charged with placing dynamite in the homes of his \$5, \$6 and \$7 a week foreign millworkers in an attempt to discredit their cause while they were on a strike last winter as a protest against a reduction of their wages.

Mr. Wood's arrest is worthy of the attention of every man, woman and child in the country who wears woolsens. Because of the fact that Mr. Wood and his fellow woolen trust magnates contribute heavily to Republican campaign funds, Congress has been in the habit of placing the tariff on woolsens high enough to keep out all competition so that the woolen trust could be free to charge any price they desired, up to the limit of the ability of the people to pay. The result is that Americans are paying from thirty to one hundred per cent. more for woolen clothing and blankets than the residents of Great Britain pay.

The story of the career of Mr. Wood provides a curious paradox. He is the oppressor of 150,000 miserably New England textile workers. A few years ago he was one of them. In his youth he felt the sting of hunger himself, but now he is so pitiless in his thoughts of his employees. He has grown enormously rich, but declares that from \$4 to \$9 a week is enough for those who labor in his mills.

It is said of many captains of industry that they are ignorant of the conditions of the workers who earn their fortunes for them; that if they knew the distress of their employees they would seek to remedy it. Not so with Wood. He knows. Their distress he sees. Their cries he hears.

Wood's father was a Portuguese-Jew emigrant. He abored in a cotton mill and died of tuberculosis, a disease common to cotton and wool spinners. The father's name is believed to have been Alphonse LeHair, or LeVair.

When the woolen mills employees, which are composed of 42 different nationalities, most of whom cannot speak in English, went on strike the fathers and mothers decided to send their babes and little children away to friends that they might not suffer from hunger during the strike. Mr. Wood's agents beat the women, and tore their little ones from their mothers' arms when the children were about to be placed on trains. Thus did Mr. Wood "protect" his employees.

Are the American people willing to continue to contribute to Mr. Wood by paying more for shoddy than good woolen clothing sells for in England? Or do they want the tariff on woolsens reduced? There is only one day every two years when the consumers have an opportunity to express themselves on this subject. That day comes on November 5.

To Mothers and Others.

You can use Bucklen's Arnica Salve to cure children of eczema, rashes, tetter, chafings, scaly and crusted humors, as well as their accidental injuries—cuts, burns, bruises, etc., with perfect safety. Nothing else heals so quickly. For boils, ulcers, old running or fever sores or piles it has no equal. 25 cents at Oberdorfer's.

Roosevelt Overlooks Himself

Mr. Roosevelt declares that Barnes, Penrose and Guggenheim work hand in hand with the big interests. This is all true. How about Mr. Roosevelt himself?

It was not at the solicitation of Barnes and Penrose and Guggenheim that Edward H. Harriman raised a political corruption fund of \$260,000. It was at the solicitation of Theodore Roosevelt.

It was not Barnes and Penrose and Guggenheim who, according to Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, bucked the Pure Food Law. That was done by Theodore Roosevelt.

It was not Barnes and Penrose and Guggenheim who failed to bring the machinery of the law into play to send George W. Perkins to the penitentiary for violating the Sherman Law in organizing the illegal harvester trust, and who then accepted Perkins' millions to run for a third term for President. That was Theodore Roosevelt.

Speaking of Remark.

After all, the real significance of the vote in Vermont recently was not the size of the Bull Moose vote or the heavy inroads it made into the regular Republican vote, but the splendid showing made by the Democrats, who, in round figures, increased their strength from 16,000 in 1908 to 20,350 in 1912. This means that the party not only stood solid as a rock, abso-lutely united, but it drew to itself a large Republican vote.

Wilson and Tariff.

Governor Wilson has indicated in the speeches he has made thus far in the campaign that he attaches a great deal of importance to the question of the tariff as it affects farmers. The Democratic candidate put this whole question into a nut shell when he said:

"The farmer does not derive any benefits from the tariff when he goes to market to sell his product, but on everything the farmer buys there is an artificially high price, due to the tariff tax."

High protection in Congress have for many years deceived the farmers into believing that, because the tariff is kept on wheat and corn the corn is necessarily benefited thereby. That this is false logic is apparent to any student of American import and export statistics. This country produces more wheat and corn than the American people consume, which obviously makes it impossible for any foreign country to sell wheat or corn here. Europe, which is the great market for surplus American grain, uses all the grain produced there for home consumption, and in addition, the European countries have to send over here for more. If there were no tariff at all on grain, therefore, the American farmer would not be mentioned by the possibility of foreign competition, for the reason that foreigners have no grain to sell.

But the question is vastly different with the farmer when he comes to buy the tools, machinery, clothing and other necessities of life. He finds every article that he uses in producing his crops taxed higher and higher, until, as Governor Wilson says, "it is getting next to impossible for the American farmer to make a legitimate profit." The farmers' implements, their smaller tools, household articles, lumber, and harvesting machinery has steadily risen in price.

That this rise has been due to artificial causes is proven by the fact that the identical articles used by the American farmer are sold abroad for from 25 to 40 per cent less. B. D. Townsend, in his report to President Roosevelt on the Harvester Trust, said that the same harvesting machines that were made by the trust in Chicago, and sold to the American farmer for \$125, are sold in Russia for \$80 and \$90. Nothing but the tariff enables the trust to thus rob the American farmer, because, if it were not for the tariff the danger of competition from Canada would force the American trusts to sell its machines for one price to all.

Governor Wilson has shown a deep grasp of the tariff question as it affects the farmer, and it is certain that before the campaign is much older he will have some illuminating things to say to the farmer on this vital subject.

If you knew of the real value of Chamberlain's Liniment for lame back soreness of the muscles, sprains and rheumatic pains, you would never wish to be without it. For sale by all dealers.

Annie Langhorn

Manicuring 35 Cents,
 Shampooing 25 Cents.

Work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

aug16th East Tenn. Phoe 669

WOMEN TAKE NOTICE!

A man cannot understand the torture and suffering many women endure uncomplainingly. If the majority of men suffered as much pain and endured with patience the weakening sicknesses that most women do, they would ask for immediate sympathy and look for a quick cure.

Many women have been saved from a life of misery and suffering by turning to the right remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—a remedy which is safe to take because containing no narcotics, alcohol or injurious ingredients. It is an alterative extract of roots, made with pure glycerin, and first given to the public by that famous specialist in the diseases of women—Dr. R. V. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y.



Mrs. Lizzie M. Hessemer, of Lincoln, Neb., 523 "C" St., says: "I send a testimonial with much pleasure so that some suffering woman may know the true worth of your remedies. I was a great sufferer from female troubles but after taking one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which a friend advised me to take, I found myself very much improved. After taking three more bottles, and using two boxes of Dr. Pierce's Lotion Tablets, I found myself on the road to recovery. I was in poor health for five years but now I am cured."

"I hope all women suffering from female weakness will give Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a fair trial."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules.

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES

THE DURABLE ROOF

Last as long as the building, and never need repairs—never need any attention, except an occasional coat of paint. Just the thing for all kinds of country buildings. Fire-proof—Handsome—Inexpensive. Can be laid right over wood shingles without dirt or bother. (4)

For Sale by Miller & Best, Millersburg, Ky.

TO-MORROW

You may forget it. Send in your order to-day for a ton of our

FOX RIDGE COAL

They're all after good Coal. What may that be? Why, Coal that will fill its primary purpose—BURN. You don't want to manufacture smoke, cinders, soot or ashes, but you do want to get the most heat of the least fuel for the least money.

Dodson & Denton

PARIS, KY.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company

INCORPORATED

For reliable telephone service, both local and LONG DISTANCE, use the Cumberland Bourbon County Exchanges at

Paris, Millersburg, North Middletown, Little Rock and Ruddles Mills.

When you have Cumberland service you HAVE telephone service."

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company

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Special attention given to parties desiring to hire automobiles. Call on us for prices

TRANSFER....

Best equipped transfer line in the city. Special attention given to all kinds of hauling. Moving is our specialty.

MARTIN BROS.

Livery, Feed and Sales Stable.

EIGHTH STREET—BOTH PHONES.

Some Good Advice To the People.

Don't sell your old feathers until you find out the prices. You can call us and we will look at your feather, or if you live in the country send us a sample. I will let you know what they are worth. Some old feathers if they have been well cared for are good as new. We pay market price for new feathers.

MAX MUNICK,
 8th Street, PARIS, KY.
 Call East Tenn. Phone 374

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Modern Equipment,
 4 Barbers,
 Hot and Cold Baths,
 Polite Service.

Everything Sanitary.
 Children's Work a Specialty.

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 } Home 136.
 Residence { E. T. 324,
 } Home 334.

DR. A. B. KELEK,
 PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,
 Offices, Rooms 4 and 5, Elks' Bldg.
 Paris, Kentucky

Public Sale!

I will, as administrator of Isaac F. Chanslor, deceased, offer for sale on the premises, one half mile south of Millersburg, Bourbon county, Ky., on

Saturday, Sept. 28th, 1912,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property:

- 1 bay work horse,
- 1 bay buggy horse,
- 1 black buggy mare,
- 1 black draft work and brood mare, with colt by her side that is sold for \$125,
- 2 milch cows and calves,
- 3 yearling steers,
- About 90 head of red Jersey Duroc hogs,
- 1 aged Jersey Duroc boar,
- 4 young Jersey Duroc boars,
- 2 buggies,
- 1 surrey,
- 1 runabout,
- 2 sets of buggy harness,
- 6 sets of work harness,
- 1 two-horse wagon and wagon frame,
- 1 two-horse cultivator,
- 1 two-horse corn planter,
- 1 two horse Randall harrow,
- 2 mowing machines,
- 1 dump cart,
- 1 hay rake,
- 1 binder,
- 1 frame for housing green tobacco,
- 1 bellows, anvil and set of blacksmith tools,

Break and double shovel plows and all other implements and tools found on a farm,

- 4 Carpets,
- Household and kitchen furniture,
- 1 kitchen range,
- 1 incubator and brooder,
- 1 philo,
- Lot of hay in rick,
- Lot of old corn in crib,
- About 25 acres of new corn,
- 600 in stack and barn.

TERMS.—Made known on day of sale.

J. C. JEFFERSON, Administrator

Also at the same time and place,

Saturday, Sept. 28th, 1912,

at 10 o'clock a. m., as agent for heirs of Rachael J. Chanslor and Isaac F. Chanslor, I will sell the

Farm, Consisting of About 137 Acres.

Said farm lies on the south of Millersburg, about one half mile from town on the east side of the Lexington and Mayville turnpike; the L. & N. railroad running along west side. This is one of the most desirable farms in the county. It has on it a two-story brick house, with new roof and is in good condition; a tobacco barn and warehouse, with plank floor and good tobacco screw; stable, corn crib, buggy house, chicken house, smoke house and splendid ice house, three cellars; also tenement house, two cabins, and the best spring in the county, and two other fields with never failing water.

This farm is well fenced and is in a good neighborhood as anyone could wish, and can all be plowed. There is about 35 acres in corn and the rest in grass. Anyone wishing a home will make a great mistake if they don't attend this sale, as there is no better situation on the Lexington and Mayville turnpike, and is in one half mile of two of the best schools in the State, both male and female colleges and only 7 miles from Paris. It will be sold as a whole, or divided to suit purchasers.

TERMS.—Made known on day of sale.

J. C. JEFFERSON, Agent for Heirs.

Running up and down stairs, sweeping and bending over making beds will not make a woman healthy or beautiful. She must get out of doors, walk a mile or two every day and take Chamberlain's Tablets to improve her digestion and regulate her bowels. For sale by all dealers.