

THE BOURBON NEWS

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PARIS, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 4 1914.

PARISIANS NEAR THE WAR ZONE.

Bourbon County People Traveling in Europe Heard From.

ARE NOT IN MUCH DANGER.

Will Have to Cut Out French and German Tour Because of War.

Much interest and some anxiety is being manifested here among the relatives and friends of the Paris people who sailed from New York on July 9, on the steamship Carpathia, for a European tour. It is probable that they are now in the war-troubled zone. Mrs. Sidney G. Clay and daughter, Miss Alice Rogers Clay, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Thompson and son, sailed on the Carpathia, the same steamer which carried on its passenger list the Lexington Herald's contest winners. The party has been heard from indirectly, being in Naples, Italy. On the voyage out of New York they ran through three days of fog, the captain remaining on the bridge continuously. The only one of the party affected by sea sickness was Mr. James Thompson, Sr. Mr. Thompson, Jr., took part in all games aboard the ship, and won several of the sporting events. Mrs. Clay was ill for a short time, but soon recovered. They wrote that their trip to Germany would be sidetracked owing to the state of war prevailing there. Miss Fannie Johnson, of Paris, and Miss Anna Louise Best, of Millersburg, who are studying music in Berlin, had gone to London for a summer trip, and intended to return to Berlin for a year's stay, but owing to the state of war, and the difficulty in obtaining funds now their stay in London would be a matter of expediency. Mr. Chris. Grosche, formerly of Paris, and who has been conducting a bakery and confectionery business in Montgomery, Ala., for several years, left New York several days ago, in company with his wife, on the steamer Imperator, for a trip to Westphalia, Germany, to spend a month in revisiting the scenes of his youth in and around that historic Teuton country, and it is probable he will have some difficulty in returning. His sons, Henry, Will, Frank and Joseph, who reside here, have heard nothing from him, but are confident he will return safely.

The future route of the Paris party is a matter of doubt, and as war now actually exists between Germany and France, the party may not be allowed to travel in those countries.

BERLIN, GERMANY, Aug. 2.—An official statement issued to-day says: "In consequence of a Russian attack on German territory, Germany is in a state of war with Russia. The French reply to the German representation is of an unsatisfactory character.

"Moreover, France has mobilized and an outbreak of war with France must, therefore, be reckoned with any day or any moment."

Another statement declares that Russia has invaded Germany during a time of peace, "in flagrant contradiction of Russia's peaceful assurances."

RUSSIANS INVADE GERMANY.

BERLIN, GERMANY, Aug. 2.—A Russian column, with artillery, has crossed the German frontier at Schwinden, southeast of Bialla.

Two squadrons of Russian cossacks are riding in the direction of Johannesburg, in East Prussia, fifteen miles from the frontier.

A Russian patrol last night crossed the German frontier near Eichenreid, in Posen, and attacked the German guard at the railroad bridge over the Warthe. Two Germans were wounded. The attack was repulsed. The staff also announced the crossing of the frontier by a Russian column near Schwinden.

The above information, the statement adds, shows that Russia has invaded German territory and that war has actually begun.

SITUATION IN ITALY GRAVE.
ROME ITALY, Aug. 2.—The war situation, is far as Italy is concerned more grave to-day. The censorship has succeeded in suppressing all news except a short, colorless official statement that "Italy is calm and will not mobilize, but will conform her conduct to treaty obligations."

ENGLAND IS PREPARING.

LONDON, ENGLAND, Aug. 2.—Germany, having invaded France, it is felt in London that the time for action on the part of England has arrived.

There is reason to believe that at the Cabinet meeting to-day preparations were completed for such instant action as the circumstances may demand.

The naval reservists were called

BOURBON CROPS BADLY IN NEED OF RAIN.

There is little of interest to engage the attention in the agricultural districts these mid-summer days. All lines of business are dull, and every one seems to be taking a rest which will insure renewed activity with the approach of autumn.

More rain is badly needed, though hard rains fell in some sections of the county last Sunday. Not a drop has fallen since, however, and some parts of the county had a very little rain then.

There is still a scarcity of fresh vegetables, gardens having literally dried up, and consumers must depend upon imported food stuffs to supply their tables.

The corn shows some improvement. Peaches are coming in plentifully, though they are small. Prices are going higher on vegetables, fruits, chickens and milk.

The coming of August marks the opening of the hunting season, but doves are scarce, at least in this locality. Two years' protection of this delicious table bird would insure a larger number for the sportsman's enjoyment. It is said that squirrels and rabbits are abundant. The presence of so many squirrels is rather surprising, for these little animals, like other game in this part of the State, have been diminishing. If the season were closed to them as to doves for a year or two, the woodlands and fields would be much more attractive to sportsmen.

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If you want blackberries order in the next three days, as the crop will be exhausted in that time. We have nice ones.

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BLUE GRASS NEEDS.

At a meeting of Lexington bankers Thursday morning it was decided that at least \$1,000,000 will be immediately necessary for crop-moving uses in Lexington, and Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo was so advised by wire.

out at 3 o'clock this afternoon. This action confirms the belief that the British government is ready to take its part in the struggle.

INVASION OF FRANCE.

PARIS, FRANCE, Aug. 2.—German troops have crossed the French frontier at a point near the village of Cirey, between Nance and Strassburg, and the German soldiers who last night invaded the grand duchy of Luxembourg, neutral territory between Belgium and Germany, are reported as marching on the French fortified town of Longwy.

Apparently the German army is duplicating the first movement of the Franco-Prussian war.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 2.—The first conflict in the air in history was waged last night over the little village of Toul. At sunset the villagers were sent into a panic by the sight of a monster Zeppelin dirigible hovering above them.

It was momentarily expected that the war airship would drop bombs into the village, and excitement ran high when a French military aviator got his machine and rose to a great height above the Zeppelin and began riddling it with bullets.

The huge air craft fell to the ground and in descending the French aviator lost control of his monoplane, fell and was instantly killed.

MESSAGES CENSORED.

LONDON, ENG., Aug. 3.—The Commercial Cable Company sent out a statement to the effect that the British Secretary of State announced that messages sent from the United States to England would be subject to censorship.

AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 3.—The State Department officials admitted that the most serious problem confronting them was the plight of Americans abroad. They estimated that at least 100,000 and perhaps as many as 300,000 were scattered throughout Europe. The disorganization of European exchange has made it practically impossible to cash checks or letters of credit. American consulates, legations and embassies are devoid of funds for the emergency which has suddenly confronted them. They are being besieged on all sides with requests for financial assistance.

The only American warship in European waters are the little gunboat Scorpion, station ship at Constantinople, and the battleship Maine at Villafranche.

LONDON, ENG.—The position to be taken by the British Empire remained still to be defined this morning, but it was feared that Germany's seizure of Belgian territory would be a decided factor which would lead the Britons to take the sword in hand, as under the treaty of London in 1839 Great Britain stands pledged to maintain Belgium's neutrality. It is very probable that England will declare war on Germany.

ADD WAR....
BRUSSELS, Aug. 3.—A German banker crossing the frontier in an automobile containing \$1,400,000 in gold was held up by French troops and the gold was taken from him. The banker was given a check on the Bank of France in exchange.

BECKHAM, CAMDEN, CANTRILL.

This Trio of Kentuckians To Grace the Halls of Congress.

ELECTION PASSED VERY QUIETLY.

Hon. Claude M. Thomas Defeated After Putting Up a Game Fight.

With nine counties still unheard from and reports from a number of others incomplete, returns received up to last midnight indicated the nomination of former Governor J. C. W. Beckham over Congressman A. O. Stanley by a plurality of 2,587 in Saturday's Democratic long-term Senatorial primary. The missing counties were for the most part of the mountain districts—principally the Tenth and Eleventh—the returns from which are generally the last to arrive.

Returns received from 111 out of 120 counties of the State gave the following totals: Beckham, 60,215; Stanley, 57,628; McCreary, 17,467. Thus counties reporting since Saturday midnight served to swell Mr. Beckham's plurality by 965.

Though Stanley clings desperately to the bare hope that the final count may give him a scant margin, belated returns which continue to come in to-day only strengthen Beckham's claims to have carried the State by 12,000 majority.

Beckham has carried 93 of the 120 counties. Eight of the eleven districts have given him a majority. His concession of three districts to Stanley, made by his campaign managers several days before the primary, has been borne out.

Governor McCreary's surprisingly poor race with scarcely a creditable representation anywhere, was a matter of much political comment to-day. The Governor's meager vote is conceded to have weighed heavily against Stanley's chances.

Beckham's battle cry, "right the wrong," referring to his former Senatorial ambitions and their denial at the hands of a Democratic Legislature, is believed to have been a big factor in his victory.

Johnson N. Camden's tremendous majority throughout the State for the short term nomination is an outstanding feature of the primary. Camden swept the entire State by a vote that is remarkable. Only the official returns can tell the story.

Among the Republican races for the big stakes that between Wilson and Ernst is still very close, though the former Governor is said to have a safe margin. Later returns tend to cut down his apparent lead of 2,000, and a few hundred votes may win the race when the count is all in.

Bullitt made a runaway of the short term nomination.

The Progressive vote in the State was so light that few reports of it were made. Burton Vance, of Louisville, had a comfortable lead over his opponent, Judge George W. Jolly, of Owensboro.

In the Democratic races the following winners and their majorities in round figures are given:

First District—Barkley, Dem., 2,700.
Second District—Kincheloe, Dem., 6,400.

Third District—Thomas, Dem., 2,000.

Fourth District—Johnson, Dem., 8,000.

Fifth District—Sherley, Dem., 9,200.

Sixth District—No contest.

Seventh District—Cantrill, Dem., 6,700.

Eighth District—No contest.

Ninth District—Foids, Dem., 6,000.

Tenth District—No contest.

Eleventh District—Powers, Rep., 8,000.

Aside from the Powers race in the Eleventh, there were only three other Republican Congressional races in the State. Bristow won by default in the Seventh; Ball won in the Fourth and Ireland in the Ninth. Gardner, Progressive, won in the Fifth by 1,000 majority.

BOURBON COUNTY.

The election in Paris and Bourbon County passed off quietly, it being the most orderly primary in the history of the county.

Complete returns in most of the races show the following results: Senator for long term: Beckham 1,280; McCreary, 224; Stanley, 528. Beckham over Stanley 752, over McCreary 1,036, over both 508.

For Congress: Thomas, 1,278; Cantrill, 833. Thomas' majority, 445.

For short term with four precincts out of twenty missing gives Camden, 1,259; Smith, 50; Young, 69. Full returns will show Camden's margin.

(Continued on Page 8)

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