# Butler Citizen.

VOL. XVII. BUTLER, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1879. NO. 1.



**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**

Per year, in advance.....$1 50
Otherwise..... 2 00

No subscription will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. Postmasters neglecting to notify us when subscribers do not take out their papers will be held liable for the subscription.

Subscribers removing from one postoffice to another should give us the name of the former as well as the present office.

All communications intended for publication in this paper must be accompanied by the real name of the writer, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Marriage and death notices must be accompanied by a responsible name.

Address
THE BUTLER CITIZEN,
BUTLER, PA.



**ADVERTISING RATES.**

One square, one insertion, $1; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Yearly advertisements exceeding one-fourth of a column, $5 per inch. Figure work double these rates; additional charges where weekly or monthly changes are made. Local advertisements 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion. Marriages and deaths published free of charge. Obituary notices charged as advertisements, and payable when handed in Auditors' Notices, $4; Executors' and Adminis trators' Notices, $3 each; Estray, Caution and Dissolution Notices, not exceeding ten lines, $2 each.

From the fact that the CITIZEN is the oldest established and most extensively circulated Republican newspaper in Butler county, (a Republican county) it must be apparent to business men that it is the medium they should use in advertising their business.


## TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

BUTLER, KARNS CITY AND PARKER RAILROAD
(Butler Time.)

Trains leave Butler for St. Joe, Millerstown, Karns City, Petrolia, Parker, etc., at 7.25 a. m., and 2.05 and 7.20 p. m. [See below for connections with A. V. R. R.]

Trains arrive at Butler from the above named points at 7.15 a. m., and 1.55, and 6.55 p. m. The 1.55 train connects with train on the West Penn road through to Pittsburgh.

SHENANGO AND ALLEGHENY RAILROAD.

Trains leave Hilliard's Mill, Butter county, for Harrisville, Greenville, etc., at 7.40 a. m. and 12.20 and 2.20 p. m.

Stages leave Petrolia at 5.30 a. m. for 7.40 train, and at 10.00 a. m. for 12.20 train.

Return stages leave Hilliard on arrival of trains at 10.27 a. m. and 1.50 p. m.

Stage leaves Martinsburg at 9.30 for 12.30 train.

P. N. C., & L. E. R. R.

The morning train leaves Zelienople at 6.11, Harmony 6.16 and Evansburg at 6.32, arriving at Etna Station at 8.20, and Allegheny at 9.01. The afternoon train leaves Zelienople at 1.26, Harmony 1.31, Evansburg 1.53, arriving at Etna Station at 4.11 and Allegheny at 4.46. Trains connecting at Etna Station with this road leave Allegheny at 7.11 a. m. and 3.51 p. m. By getting off at Sharpsburg station and crossing the bridge to the A. V. R. R., passengers on the morning train can reach the Union depot at 9 o'clock.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave Butler (Butler or Pittsburgh Time.)

*Market* at 5.11 a. m., goes through to Allegheny, arriving at 9.01 a. m. This train connects at Freeport with Freeport Accommodation, which arrives at Allegheny at 8.20 a. m., railroad time.

*Express* at 7.21 a. m., connecting at Butler Junction, without change of cars, at 8.26 with Express west, arriving in Allegheny at 9.58 a. m., and Express east arriving at Blairsville at 11.00 a. m. railroad time.

*Mail* at 2.36 p. m., connecting at Butler Junction without change of cars, with Express west, arriving in Allegheny at 5.26 p. m., and Express east arriving at Blairsville Intersection at 6.10 p. m. railroad time, which connects with Philadelphia Express east, when on time.

*Sunday Express* at 3.25 p. m., goes through to Allegheny, arriving at 6.00 p. m.

The 7.21 a. m. train connects at Blairsville at 11.05 a. m. with the Mail east, and the 2.36 p. m. train at 6.59 with the Philadelphia Express east.

Trains arrive at Butler on West Penn R. R. at 9.51 a. m., 5.06 and 7.20 p. m., Butler time. The 9.51 and 5.06 trains connect with trains on the Butler & Parker R. R. Sunday train arrives at Butler at 11.11 a. m., connecting with train for Parker.

*Main Line.*

Through trains leave Pittsburgh for the East at 2.56 and 8.26 a. m. and 12.51, 4.21 and 8.06 p. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 3.40 and 7.20 p. m. and 3.00, 7.05 and 7.40 a. m.; at Baltimore about the same time, at New York three hours later, and at Washington about one and a half hours later.


## FINANCIAL.

**$10 to $1000** Invested in Wall St. stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address
BAXTER & CO., Bankers,
oct9 7 Wall street, N. Y.


## EDUCATIONAL.

### North Washington Academy,

Winter session opens Dec. 1, 1879.

In this Academy are taught all the common, as well as all the higher English branches, higher Mathematics and the classics, including Latin, Greek and French. The whole expense of any pupil per term at this Academy need not exceed from $15 to $25.

TUITION:

| | |
|---|---|
| Primary | $4 00 |
| Intermediate | 6 00 |
| Classical | 8 00 |
| Instrumental Music | 7 00 |

For the benefit of those wishing to attend school who do not wish to buy new text books, we will furnish all text books needed by each pupil at the low rent of $1 per session.

Boarding from $2 to $3 per week. Rooms for self boarding from 50c. to 75c. per month per pupil.

INSTRUCTORS:

B. D. CRAWFORD, Principal and Instructor in Theory of Teaching and Greek.

MRS. H. L. DICKSON, Instructor in Higher English and French.

MISS ALWILDA HARPER, Instructor in Instrumental Music.

For further information address the Principal at North Hope, Butler county, Pa. nov7-3t

### WEST SUNBURY
### Normal Academy.

The Winter Term will open Dec. 2, 1879, and continue thirteen weeks.

Dr. Eaton, of Franklin, Pa., will lecture before the students on the evening of Dec. 2nd.

The design of this Academy is to prepare teachers for doing good work in the schoolroom, to fit students for entering college, and to afford to all a good business education.

Students can commence the study of the Languages each term.

TUITION PER TERM:

| | |
|---|---|
| Primary, including all the studies authorized by law to be taught in the common schools | $5 00 |
| Intermediate | 6 50 |
| Higher English Classics | 8 00 |

Rooms for self-boarders from 50 cents to $1 per month. Board from $1.75 to $3 per week.

No pains will be spared in making the school pleasant and profitable to all.

For additional information address
J. B. GILFILLAN, Principal,
o29tf Coultersville P. O., Butler Co., Pa.

### Iron City College

Exclusively devoted to the practical education of young and middle-aged men, for active business life. School always in session. Students can enter at any time. Send for circular.
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal,
sept24-3m Pittsburgh, Pa.

## DENTISTS.

### DENTISTRY.

**O. K.** WALDRON, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, is prepared to do anything in the line of his profession in a satisfactory manner.

Office on Main street, Butler, Union Block, up stairs. ap11

## BANKS.

### THE BUTLER
### SAVINGS BANK
BUTLER, PA.

NEARLY OPPOSITE LOWRY HOUSE.

CAPITAL STOCK 60,000.

WM. CAMPBELL, President. JAS. D. ANDERSON, Vice President.
WM. CAMPBELL, Jr., Cashier.

DIRECTORS

William Campbell, J. W. Irwin, Jas. D. Anderson, George Weber, Joseph L. Purvis.

Does a General Banking & Exchange business. Interest paid on time deposits. Collections made and prompt returns at low rates of Exchange. Gold Exchange and Government Bonds bought and sold. Commercial paper, bonds, judgment and other securities bought at fair rates. ja20:1y


### Pensions!

Procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. service by reasons of wounds and other causes.

All pensions date back to day of discharge.

Pensions increased. Address with stamp,
STODDARDT & CO.,
No. 913 E St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
oct22-1m

**$500** made in 87 days. 70 page catalogue free. BUCKEYE NOVELTY CO., [n5-3m] CINCINNATI, OHIO.



NEW

# BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

UNION BLOCK,

**Main Street, - - - - Butler, Pa.**

## AL. RUFF

Has received his entire stock of

FALL AND WINTER

## BOOTS & SHOES.

As I have an unusually large and attractive stock of BOOTS & SHOES just opening, embracing all the newest styles, I invite the attention and close scrutiny of buyers.

Men's Kip and Calf Boots very cheap. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Button, Polish and Side Lace Boots in endless variety, and at bottom prices.

Reynolds Brothers' celebrated fine Shoes always in stock.

Parties wanting BOOTS & SHOES made to order can do no better than by me, as I keep none but the best of workmen in my employ.

I also keep a large stock of LEATHER and FINDINGS.

All goods warranted as represented. **AL. RUFF.**



**DON'T YOU BUY YOUR**

# BOOTS & SHOES

Until You Have First Examined the Styles, Stock and Prices

—AT—

# B. C. HUSELTON'S.

His entire Fall and Winter stock is just opening at very low figures. This stock is unusually large in Men's, Boys' and Youth's Kip and Calf Boots, Grain Napoleon Boots, Rubber Boots, Brogans and Plow Shoes, Women's' Misses' and Children's Calf and Kip (unlined) Shoes.

**His Stock In Finer Lines is always large, embracing all the Latest Novelties in Boots and Shoes. Old Ladies' Warm Shoes a Specialty.**

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

## LEATHER and FINDINGS.

These goods are all made by the very best manufacturers, and I will guarantee them to give the best of satisfaction. Call and examine my stock and prices.

**B. C. HUSELTON.**



Can, Bulk, **OYSTERS.** and Shell.

E. REINEMAN & SON, Oyster Packers and Game Dealers,

Sole Agents for the following celebrated and reliable brands of Raw Oysters:

CANS—JAMES E. STANSBURY'S SEA SIDE PIONEER BRAND; W. L. ELLIS & CO.'S STAR BRAND; MOORE & BRADY'S DEEP SEA BRAND SHELL—J. & J. W. ELLSWORTH'S NEW YORK SOUNDS; SCHLECHT & JAMIESON'S CAPE MAY SALTS; CAPT. GEORGE A. RAYNOR'S HUNGAR'S CREEKS AND CHERRY STONES.

The season for Oysters is now open, and from present indications the quality and supply will be good. We will at all times be prepared to ship them in Cans, Tubs, or in the Shell, to any point where there are facilities for delivery. The greatest care will be taken in preparing Oysters for shipment, to insure, as far as practicable, their delivery in good condition. Our facilities for handling FRESH OYSTERS are the best in our city, having large cooling room and refrigerator, built after the latest and most approved pattern, thereby fully completing our already ample arrangements for filling orders, large or small. Parties ordering from us can depend on getting strictly fresh stock at all times, as we receive by Express daily. PLEASE SEND FOR PRICE LIST of our well-known above brands, which we will at all times supply to the trade at BALTIMORE PRICES freights added. We are determined that our brands shall not be excelled, either in quality or fill of cans, by any other, during the season. Elaborate and attractive posters furnished gratis on application.

We take the liberty of soliciting your patronage, promising that no exertion shall be spared to maintain the reputation won in past years. Yours respectfully,

E. REINEMAN & SON,
oct8-1meow 179 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.



# DAVIES & EVANS,

# MERCHANT TAILORS,

MAIN STREET, BUTLER,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE SELECTION OF

## Domestic & Imported Goods.

All our Goods are new and of the latest designs. We are both PRACTICAL TAILORS, keep thoroughly posted in all that pertains to the art, and are thus enabled to guarantee to our patrons perfect satisfaction in neatness of fit, elegance of style and excellence of workmanship.



## SCHOENECK & GLOSE,

Cor. 10th St. & Penn Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

# FURNITURE!

**Are offering this Fall Extraordinary Inducements to Purchasers.**

As they manufacture every article in their line, they are enabled to sell at much lower prices than any other house west of New York. Do not fail to call in before purchasing elsewhere, and examine their large and well displayed assortment of

Parlor, Chamber, Office and Dining Furniture.

Kitchen Furniture of every description always on hand. Also, Mattresses of all kinds. Furniture made to order and satisfaction guaranteed in every particular. sep10-3m



**WM. MARDORF,**
DEALER IN
**Hides, Leather, Findings, Tallow, Sheep Pelts, Plaster Hair, &c., &c.**

Highest prices paid in cash for Hides, Kips, Calfskins, Sheep pelts, Tallow, &c.

All kinds of Leather, and also Plaster Hair, always on hand, and sold at the lowest cash prices. Also, manufacturer of and dealer in **Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Whips,** &c., which will be sold at bottom prices. Repairing promptly attended to. Shop on Cunningham street, near creek, BUTLER, PA.



**FOR SALE.**

$5 will buy a one-half interest in a good business in Pittsburgh. One who knows something about farming preferred. An honest man with the above amount will do well to address by letter, SMITH JOHNS, care S. M. James, 93 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [au27-1y



**NICK CRILEY.**
## PHOTOGRAPHER,
(In old Sam Sykes Gallery,)
dec11-1y BUTLER, PA.



DECORATIAL UPHOLSTERY A SPECIALTY AT

## HENRY HOLTZMAN'S,

74 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERER.**

Special Designs made to harmonize with surroundings of every apartment of your home for Window Decorations, the richest selections and latest designs in Raw Silks, Satins, Jutes, Crepets, esc. Lace Curtains, from the cheapest to the very finest of all grades at very low prices; Lace Lambrequins made to order to fit any sized window, in the very latest designs; Cornices and Cornice Poles, Dado Bottom Shades in various designs, Beddings, Comforts, Pillows, Mosquito Bars, etc. oc22-3m



**A LIVE PAPER.**

Send 10 cts. to H. L. HASTINGS, 47 CORNHILL, Boston, for 3 months' subscription for the best paper in the country—16 large pages; four distinct papers: unsectarian, anti-infidel, anti-rum, and anti-devil; 2 full-page pictures; no puffs or advertisements. Mr. Spurgeon said: "The best paper that comes to me." D. L. Moody said: "About the best paper in the country." $1 per year. AGENTS WANTED. Good pay for ministers, workers, canvassers and agents. o29-1m



PHYSICIANS.

JOHN E. BYERS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
my21-1y BUTLER, PA.



INSURANCE.

## BUTLER COUNTY
**Mutual Fire Insurance Co.**

Office Cor. Main and Cunningham Sts.

G. C. ROESSING, PRESIDENT.
WM. CAMPBELL, TREASURER
H. C. HEINEMAN, SECRETARY.

DIRECTORS:

| | |
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| J. L. Purvis, | E. A. Helmboldt, |
| William Campbell, | J. W. Burkhart, |
| A. Troutman, | Jacob Schoene, |
| G. C. Roessing, | John Caldwell, |
| Dr. W. Irvin, | Samuel Marshall, |
| J. W. Christy | H. C. Heineman. |

JAS. T. M'JUNKIN, Gen. Ag't.
BUTLER PA.



LAND FOR SALE.

## For Sale.

The well-improved farm of Rev. W. R. Hutchison, in the northeast corner of Middlesex township, Butler county, Pa., is now offered for sale low. Inquire of W. K. FRISBEE, on the premises. ap16tf

## 2,500,000 ACRES LAND

Situated in and near the
UPPER ARKANSAS VALLEY, IN SOUTHWESTERN KANSAS,
—ON THE—
**Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R.**

11 Years' Credit. 7 per cent. Interest.

The first payment at date of purchase is one-tenth of the principal and seven per cent. interest on the remainder. At the end of the first and second year, only the interest at seven per cent. is paid; and the third year, and each year thereafter, one-tenth of the principal, with seven per cent. interest on the balance, is paid annually until the whole is paid.

Six years' credit, 20 per cent. discount.

Two years' credit, 30 per cent. discount.

Cash purchase, 33 1-3 per cent. discount.

The valley of the Upper Arkansas is justly celebrated for its adaptability to WHEAT RAISING and the superior quality of its grain. As a STOCK-RAISING and WOOL-GROWING country, it offers advantages that cannot be excelled. Good soil, abundance of pure water, a mild and remarkably healthy climate, with low prices and easy terms, make up a total of inducements greater than is offered anywhere else on the continent of America.

For full particulars, inquire of or address
C. A. SEYMOUR,
General Eastern Passenger Agent,
my21-1y] 419 Broadway, N. Y.
199 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.



LIVERY.

## LIVERY STABLE!

Having leased the Livery Stable formerly occupied by George Walter, in the rear of the Vogeley House, Butler, Pa., and removed

**ALL MY STOCK**

to it, including Horses, Carriages, Buggies, &c., the public are solicited to give me a call.

All my stock is in first-class order, and persons wishing to hire will be accommodated on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice. [oc22-3m] GEORGE BAUER.



THE OLD STAND

## LIVERY STABLE.

The public are respectfully informed that I have now taken the entire possession of the Old Stand

**LIVERY STABLE,**

formerly known as Bickel & Co., on West Cunningham street, Butler, Pa.

**Horses and Vehicles**

are all first-class and in good order. Punctual attendance given to customers and others at all hours.

The books of the firm of Bickel & Bauer are with me for settlement.
oct22-2m HENRY BICKEL.



## Livery, Feed and Sale STABLE,

Cunningham St., near Heineman's Bookstore, BUTLER, PA.

A large number of first-class rigs and safe horses always on hand. Horses fed at reasonable rates. Horses bought and sold.

DAVID CUPPS, - - - - - PROPRIETOR.

Persons desiring conveyance by the Buss can leave their orders at this stable.
july30tf



L. M. COCHRAN,

## Livery, Sale, Feed and Exchange STABLE,

Rear of Lowry House, - - BUTLER, PA.
june4-1y



**A NEW ERA**
—IN THE—
## Milling Business!

**JACOB BOOS**

Is now running what was formerly the Walter & Boos water and steam Grist Mill,

**THE OLDEST MILL**

in this borough, with latest improvements. He is prepared to furnish to all customers the best of flour, as all who patronize him will find out. The Mill has been renovated and is prepared to do the best of country and custom work. It is the oldest mill in the borough, and the present proprietor will do the best he can to accommodate customers. All customers will be accommodated whether water is high or low, as the mill is ran by both powers.

**A FLOUR DEPOT**

has been established by the proprietor at G. Etzel's former store, opposite the Vogely House, where

WHEAT, RYE AND BUCKWHEAT

## FLOUR,

**Corn Meal, Feed of All Kinds,**

and also "GRAHAM FLOUR" will always be found on hand at the lowest cash prices, and Tony Etzel will always be on hand to wait on customers.

Also a new feature is here introduced:

ALL GOODS SOLD DELIVERED TO PURCHASERS IN ALL PARTS OF TOWN.

All those desiring good flour, honest prices, &c., either call on Tony Etzel at the regular Flour Depot, on Main street, or on the proprietor at the mill.

All orders for Flour, Feed, or anything in our line, can be left with Tony Etzel, and will be attended to promptly, either by him or
oct8-6m] JACOB BOOS.


## THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT appeals to cultivated men and women. It discusses current questions of religion, philosophy, and politics. It is wide-awake. It is not afraid. It sets people to thinking. It welcomes fresh truth. It has numerous departments. It publishes more religious discussion than the religious reviews, more poetry and stories than the popular monthlies, and gives more information than an annual cyclopedia. It has a larger corps of the most famous writers than any other journal of any sort in the country. It makes strong friends of those who read it. TRY IT FOR NEXT YEAR.

We have purchased the newspaper copyright of the Boston Monday Lectures for 1879—1880, to be delivered, as heretofore, by the Rev. JOSEPH COOK, beginning Nov. 3rd, and the same will be given *verbatim* to the readers of THE INDEPENDENT weekly, together with the Preludes, after revision by the author.

**Sermons by Eminent Clergymen** in all parts of the country will continue to be printed.

**PREMIUMS.**

We have decided to withdraw on the 31st day of December, 1879, all the premiums now offered by us to subscribers, a full list of which appears below; so that those who would avail themselves of our liberal offers must do so before December 31st, 1879.

WORCESTER'S UNABRIDGED

**Pictorial Quarto Dictionary.**

*Bound in Sheep. 1,851 pages. Over 1,000 Illustrations. Issue of 1879.*

Our contract with the publishers of the Dictionary expires Dec. 31st, 1879, and Messrs J. B. Lippincott & Co. absolutely refuse to continue the contract beyond that date on the same favorable terms. We are, therefore, compelled to withdraw the Dictionary premium at the expiration of the present year; but we purposely give ample notice, so that our subscribers and the public in general may avail themselves of the surprisingly low terms to get the Dictionary, in connection with THE INDEPENDENT. We will send this *Dictionary* to any person who will send us the names of *Three Newspaper Subscribers and Nine Dollars*; or who will, on renewing his own subscription, in advance, send us *Two New Names* additional and $9; or who will renew his own subscription for three years, in advance, and send us $9; or, for a new subscriber for three years and $9.

**The REV. JOSEPH COOK'S BOOKS,**

entitled, "BIOLOGY, "TRANSCENDENTALISM," "ORTHODOXY," "CONSCIENCE," "HEREDITY," and "MARRIAGE," embodying the author's previous remarkable Monday Lectures. They are published in handsome book form by James R. Osgood & Co., of Boston. We will mail a copy of either volume, postpaid to any subscriber to THE INDEPENENT who remits us $3 for a year in advance; or any subscriber may remit $5.50 and we will send him THE INDEPENDENT for two years in advance, and two volumes, postpaid; or any three volumes, postpaid, to any one subscriber who remits $8 for three years in advance.

*Subscription Price $3 per annum in advence, including any one of the following Premiums:*

Any one volume of the HOUSEHOLD EDITION OF CHARLES DICKENS' WORKS, bound in cloth, with 16 illustrations each, by Sol. Eytinge.

MOODY AND SANKEY'S GOSPEL HYMNS AND SACRED SONGS, No. 2.

LINCOLN AND HIS CABINET; or, First Reading of the Emancipation Proclamation. Fine large Steel Engraving. By Ritchie. Size 26x36.

AUTHORS OF THE UNITED STATES. Fine large Steel Engraving. 44 Portraits. By Ritchie. Size, 24x38½.

CHARLES SUMNER. Fine Steel Engraving. By Ritchie.

GRANT or WILSON. Fine Steel Engravings. By Ritchie.

EDWIN M. STANTON. Fine Steel Engraving. By Ritchie.

THE INNER LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By Frank B. Carpenter. Bound in cloth. 360 pages.

*We offer one premium only for one year's subscription.*

Subscription Price $3 per Annum, in Advance.

Specimen copies sent free.

Address THE INDEPENDENT,
P. O. Box 2,787, New York City.

Cut out this Advertisement.

## THE SUN FOR 1880.

THE SUN will deal with the events of the year 1880 in its own fashion, now pretty well understood by everybody. From January 1 until December 31 it will be conducted as a newspaper written in the English language and printed for the whole people.

As a newspaper, THE SUN believes in getting all the news of the world promptly, and presenting it in the most intelligible shape—the shape that will enable its readers to keep well abreast of the age with the least unproductive expenditure of time. The greatest interest to the greatest number—that is the law controling its daily make-up. It now has a circulation very much larger than that of any other American newspaper, and enjoys an income which it is at all times prepared to spend liberally for the benefit of its readers. People of all conditions of life and all ways of thinking buy and read THE SUN; and they all derive satisfaction of some sort from its columns, for they keep on buying and reading it.

In its comments on men and affairs, THE SUN believes that the only guide of policy should be common sense, inspired by genuine American principles and backed by honesty of purpose. For this reason it is, and will continue to be, absolutely independent of party, class, clique, organization, or interest. It is for all, but of none. It will continue to praise what is good and reprobate what is evil, taking care that its language is to the point and plain, beyond the possibility of being misunderstood. It is uninfluenced by motives that do not appear on the surface; it has no opinions to sell, save those which may be had by any purchaser with two cents. It hates injustice and rascality even more than it hates unnecessary words. It abhors frauds, pities fools, and deplores nincompoops of every species. It will continue throughout the year 1880 to chastise the first class, instruct the second, and discountenance the third. All honest men, with honest convictions, whether sound or mistaken, are its friends. And THE SUN makes no bones of telling the truth to its friends and about its friends whenever occasion arises for plain speaking.

These are the principles upon which THE SUN will be conducted during the year to come.

The year 1880 will be one in which no patriotic American can afford to close his eyes to public affairs. It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of the political events which it has in store, or the necessity of resolute vigilance on the part of every citizen who desires to preserve the Government that the founders gave us. The debates and acts of Congress, the utterances of the press, the exciting contests of the Republican and Democratic parties, now nearly equal in strength throughout the country, the varying drift of public sentiment, will all bear directly and effectively upon the twenty-fourth Presidential election, to be held in November. Four years ago next November, the will of the Nation, as expressed at the polls, was thwarted by an abominable conspiracy, the promoters and beneficiaries of which still hold the offices they stole. Will the crime of 1876 be repeated in 1880? The past decade of years opened with a corrupt, extravagant, and insolent Administration intrenched at Washington. THE SUN did something toward dislodging the gang and breaking its power. The same men are now intriguing to restore their leader and themselves to places from which they were driven by the indignation of the people. Will they succeed? The coming year will bring the answers to these momentous questions. THE SUN will be on hand to chronicle the facts as they are developed, and to exhibit them clearly and fearlessly in their relations to expediency and right.

Thus, with a habit of philosophical good humor in looking at the minor affairs of life, and in great things a steadfast purpose to maintain the rights of the people and the principles of the Constitution against all aggressors, THE SUN is prepared to write a truthful, instructive, and entertaining history of 1880.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the DAILY SUN, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post paid, is 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month or $7.70 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight-pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free. Address

I. W. ENGLAND,
Publishers of THE SUN, New York City.
nov19-6t

## JOHN CHINAMAN.

### WHY CALIFORNIA REPUDIATES HIM.

[Correspondence of Philadelphia Times.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.

At the late election in California a vote was taken on the subject of Chinese immigration, resulting in a practically unanimous expression against it. Whilst this unanimity arose very largely from indifference, from the manner in which the question was presented, and from the knowledge that the vote was inoperative, save as an expression of opinion, there is little doubt that the decided sentiment of the people of this State is against any further Chinese immigration, and this sentiment is shared by the large number who would look upon the immediate expulsion of the Chinamen already here as disastrous. In other words, the anomaly is presented of a sparsely-settled community eager for increased population, and yet deliberately rejecting a class of immigrants possessed of many desirable qualities, and whose sudden withdrawal would confessedly be a severe blow to every industry of the State.

In themselves, independent of their race and religion, the Chinese are useful members of the community, particularly in a new country like California. They pervade the whole State, are merchants, miners, mechanics, gardeners, farm hands, laborers and domestics, as well as practically monopolizing the laundry business of the country. The whole social fabric would go to pieces if they were suddenly removed. In character they are docile, teachable, quick to learn, with retentive memories, apparently very forgiving of ill-treatment, perfectly reliable in their contracts and free in a remarkable degree from the vice of eye-service. Crimes of violence, except among themselves, are practically unknown among them, though their treatment is frequently such as to justify them. As laborers and farm-hands they are not equal to good Americans, but superior to the majority of white farm-hands and laborers in this State. They are, in most respects, capital domestic servants, their worst fault, that of frequent change, disappearing when they are kindly and considerately treated.

WHY THEY ARE NOT WANTED.

It would seem somewhat surprising that such a class of immigrants should not be encouraged, particularly in a State like this, whose one great need is patient industry, and which gladly welcomes the advent of the Italian peasants, who alone of foreign immigrants seem capable of coping with the Chinese in those outdoor avocations in which the Chinaman is particularly successful. And when pressed for reasons for this apparent caprice nine Californians out of ten can give none, or only such as are silly and false on their face—mere denunciations. The Chinese do not work cheaply in this State, neither are they displacing any class here; to those acquainted with the conditions of wages and labor in any new country such statements carry their refutation with their utterance. Yet there are reasons for this distrust and dislike of Chinese immigration, and the feeling that leads to their rejection is probably based consciously or instinctively upon them by all save the brutal mob of the sand lots and their congeners through the State. One reason is that, with all their good qualities they have the defect of not being immigrants in the American sense of the word; that is to say, they are adventurers, not colonists. They do not come as white or European settlers do, seeking a home. They come unaccompanied by their families, rarely, if ever, acquiring land, and not desiring, perhaps not capable of citizenship. Their ideas of civilization are as different from the American and European standard, as that of the African, and the prospect for assimilation with it is more hopeless than in the case of the negro, from the double fact of their possessing a civilization which, while better in itself, is more unyielding than the barbarism of the African, and that there is no desire or opportunity for them to become attached to the soil by the rearing of families. Another and stronger reason is, that if they could be thus permanently located race prejudices would prevent their assimilation or absorption by the whites to even greater extent than in the case of the negro, and the consequence would be the establishment of another caste of laborers, attended with the most disastrous results to our true prosperity.

But to the great mass of Americans, California is so remote and disconnected from the rest of the country that its peculiar institutions are but a matter of more or less philosophical interest, and this one in particular would continue so but in the improbable event of the Chinese immigration reaching such proportions as to threaten the establishment of an Asiatic colony on our Pacific coast, and in the possibility of that immigration overflowing the Sierras and seeking a lodgment in the East in competition with one or more of our laboring classes. Is such an event as the latter more than a mere possibility, and would it be desirable? These are practical questions and possibly worthy of brief consideration.

WILL THE CHINESE STRETCH EASTWARD?

The only reasons that will deter Chinese immigration from setting in steadily east of the Mississippi are the expense of the journey, lack of places, insufficiency of pay and a decided adverse public opinion. The first of these would and could be easily overcome by the mutual profit of the immigrants and the public-spirited managers of the Pacific railroads. The operation of the other three would, I believe, result in their restriction (if they come) to but two classes of employment, those of domestic servants and laundrymen and of laborers in the South. The effect of a large immigration for either purpose would be undesirable, not only for the reasons above given, as applying to California, but from the displacing of the two classes already employed in those avocations, though the gain to individual employers might be, for the present at least, great. Their temporary presence in limited numbers, particularly as domestic servants, might serve an useful purpose as a hint to Bridget that now that long suffering individual, her employer, might turn and revenge herself. Their advent as laborers and mechanics would be impracticable and undesirable, not only by the hostility it would provoke in both cases, but in their unfitness to compete with the whites in either pursuit, the relations between farmers and hands being essentially different from those prevailing in California, and the ability of the American mechanic to enable his employer to compete successfully with the cheaper and more docile mechanics of Europe lying in his ability to work with his head as well as his hands, in which the Chinese are generally signally deficient.

If there is any truth or force in the forgoing reflections, it might be as well for Congressmen, when this subject of Chinese immigration is again forced upon their attention, to consider it in a broader light than mere party interests would dictate, and if, on statesmanlike grounds, further Asiatic immigration should be thought undesirable, to arrange with the Chinese Government to put an absolute stop to it, without discourtesy to a foreign power or the ridiculous and easily-evaded provisions which marked their late action on the subject.

## TRAINING SHEPHERD DOGS.

The following extract gives Mr. Darwin's description on the method of training shepherd dogs:

"When riding it is a common thing to meet a large flock of sheep guarded by one or two dogs, at the distance of some miles from any house or man. I often wondered how so firm a friendship had been established. The method of education consists in separating the puppy while very young from its mother, and in accustoming it to its future companions. A ewe is held three or four times a day for the little thing to suck, and a nest of wool is made for it in the sheep-pen. At no time is it allowed to associate with other dogs, or with the children of the family. From this education it has no wish to leave the flock; and just as another dog will defend its master, man, so will these dogs defend the sheep. It is amusing to observe, when approaching a flock, how the dogs immediately advance barking, and the sheep all close in the rear, as if around the oldest ram. These dogs are easily taught how to bring home the flock at a certain hour in the evening. Their most troublesome fault when young is their desire to play with the sheep, for in their sport they sometimes gallop the poor things almost unmercifully.

"The shepherd dog comes to the house every day for some meat, and as soon as it is given him he skulks away, as if ashamed of himself. On these occasions the house dogs are very tyrannical, and the least of them will attack and pursue the stranger. The minute, however, the latter reaches the flock, he turns round and begins to bark, and then all the house dogs take quickly to their heels. In a similar manner, a whole pack of hungry wild dogs will scarcely ever venture to attack a flock guarded by even one of these faithful shepherds. In this case the shepherd dog seems to regard the she sheep as its fellow brethren, and thus gains confidence; and the wild dogs, though knowing that the sheep are not dogs, but are good to eat, yet when seeing them in a flock with a shepherd dog at their head, partly consent to regard them as he does."

## WHY HE STOLE.

He was a book-keeper,
And had a wife.
His salary was $2,500 per annum.
But she complained.
She wanted a better house.
Better clothes.
Nothing fit to go out in.
No country cottage.
Nor carriage.
Nor front pews.
Nor society.
She coveted a place on the ragged edge of the select 500.
She kept it up
Night and day,
And moaned and
Groaned and
Growled and
Wept.
He lacked style, also,
As well as new clothes every six weeks, and various other things.
He knew how his employer made several hundreds daily on the street.
A thousand or so would not be missed for a few hours.
So he took it, went up on the street, and won.
She got her sealskin.
He took more and lost.
More to get that back and lost.
More yet.
Defalcation discovered.
He wears the Penitentiary check.
Others are going too.
Beware.
But if you win regularly, society won't be hard on you.
But if you lose, society will sit down on you.
Beware.
Better is a modest room up two pair of back stairs than a cell in the Tombs,
And a plain woolen jacket rather than a pair of prison uniform pants on poor Charlie's legs.

—Reading flashy dime novels induced a New York boy to steal $75 from his father and run away from home to exterminate the Indians. Such books should be suppressed. Reading a religious book induced a Philadelphia boy to go into a cellar and hang himself. Such books should—that is, such boys should not read such books.

—The Cincinnati *Times*, published in the Porkopolis of America, says: "Congress could build a wall around Utah and then declare it a penitentiary. How would that do?" Congress could build a wall around Cincinnati and declare it a hog pen. How would that do?—Brigham Young's *Deseret News*.

## DEATH OF LADY GOOCH.

[From the New York Herald, Nov. 1.]

Lady Gooch, wife of Sir Francis Gooch, well known in connection with her attempt to palm off a spurious child on her husband, is dead. Thus ends the strange history which startled London a year ago. Lady Gooch has not died unpitied. Ever since the December morning when the recorder of London said that the law did not care to deal with her offence and the grand jury refused to find a true bill against her, public opinion has been veering in her favor, and, while it could not justify has yet declined to condemn. English society has come to believe that she was more sinned against than sinning. To the foreigner the case was mainly interesting for the light it threw on the decadence of a very old English family. The Gooches were not ennobled, but for centuries they had been Lords of Suffolk domain. Thy had given Judges to the bench, Generals to the army and Bishops to the church. Their founder had in 1727 been created Lieutenant Governor of Virginia, and it is said of him that neither inhabitants nor merchants ever complained of his administration. Sir Francis, the eighth baronet, succeeded to the title and estates when he was barely of age. His brother had suddenly died, leaving a young widow, and from the position of a penniless younger son he become at a bound owner of Benacre Hall and a magnificent rent roll. His first step was to marry Miss Annie Sutherland. She was a country squire's daughter, pretty and lovable. For a while all was happiness. Sir Francis bought his younger brother a commission, took his sister and mother to live at the hall, and in the summer of 1873 Lady Gooch gave birth to a son. On the same day Lady Eleanor, the dowager, married again.

Then the heir died, and the new found happiness gradually melted away. The young baronet, believing that no other heir could be born to him, estranged himself from his wife. "Somehow or other," said her advocate at the trial, "her husband's love was gone—gone with the little child that was then laid in the grave. She become possessed of one idea. Night and day she cherished one dream. If