THE CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROPRIETORS.

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1887.

Republican Tickets.

JUDICIARY.

Judge of Supreme Court,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

STATE.

State Treasurer,
WILLIAM B. HART.

COUNTY.

Sheriff,
OLIVER C. REDIC.

Prothonotary,
JOHN D. HARBISON.

Register and Recorder,
H. ALFRED AYRES.

Treasurer,
AMOS SEATON.

Clerk of Courts,
REUBEN McELVAIN.

Commissioners,
A. J. HUTCHISON.
B. M. DUNCAN.

Auditors,
ROBERT A. KINZER.
I. S. P. DEWOLFE.

Coroner,
ALEXANDER STOREY.

It is for the voters to say whether the people or the brewers shall control the State.

The duty of Republicans may be summed up in one sentence—vote the Republican ticket.

The best recommendation the Republican party can have is that it is opposed by the Liquor League conspiritors.

Will the people consent to have the most notorious law breakers control the law makers? Answer at the polls.

How any person in favor of law, order and temperance can vote the consolidated beer—whisky— Democratic ticket is a conundrum not easily solved.

If any of our Democratic friends wish to know what they have to do, they will please enquire at the Head Quarters of the Liquor League in Philadelphia.

When the Liquor League can spare $200,000 out of its profits for a corruption fund to control elections, it demonstrates the necessity for the people to vote.

The Liquor men, having swallowed the Democracy it now becomes a question whether their stomachs can stand it. The indications are that they will suffer from indigestion.

The Democrats are making this a whisky and beer campaign, and they acknowledge that their only hope of carrying the State is through a combination with the Liquor League.

The brewers became intoxicated with power because they own and control two-thirds of the beer saloons, and now they have purchased the Democracy, and want the Legislature. They will sober down after the election.

The defiant course of the Liquor League is calculated to lessen the vote of a third party. In many places in the State, Prohibition leaders are returning to the Republican party, fully satisfied that it should be supported under existing circumstances.

The Republican party in this campaign is standing for the Public Morality, Law and Good Order of Society. No good citizen should throw away his vote on such an issue, made up and forced upon us by all the selfish and bad elements now existing.

—Rev. D. L. Roth will preach in the English Lutheran Church this, Thursday evening, a sermon on the life, character and services of Henry Melchoir Muhlenberg, the patriarch founder of the Lutheran Church in America. The discourse will be eloquent and interesting and the public generally are invited to attend.

Individual likes and dislikes should have no place in this contest. It is a battle for principles, not men. There is no middle ground. You are asked to aid the Republicans who keep their pledges, or the Democrats who break them. All votes not cast for the Republican ticket favor Democratic success.

President Cleveland, after visiting the Western cities of Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha and Kansas City, is now making a tour of Southern ones. He has been to Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, and perhaps will go others. Going "around a circle," of this kind has generally used up a man as a Presidential candidate.

Three Tickets.

There are three tickets to be voted upon this year—that is, there are *three* different classes of officers to be elected each of which has to be voted separately: one called *Judiciary*, one called *State* and one called *County* If a voter desires to vote on all of them he must vote each separately—a ticket with each of the above heads folded out. The law requires this and it always saves election officers much trouble by the voter having his ticket in right shape when handed in. We have frequently known election officers to have to call men back to put their tickets in proper form.

The Republican ticket, "Judiciary." "State," and "County," as it stands in the Citizen this week, is in the correct form for voting.

No Republican should forget that much depends upon the magnitude of the victory in Pennsylvania— this year. Everywhere the present contest is regarded as the opening skirmish of a great Presidential battle, and if the result should reveal Republican apathy, the enemy will be emboldened and Republicans correspondingly disheartened in every State of the Republic.

On the contrary, a great and crushing defeat of the enemy will electrify Republicans everywhere, and will be hailed as a presage of glorious victory on the National battlefield of 1888. The progress and prosperity of the country for the last quarter of a century is the result of Republican wisdom and honesty. Where can you find anything like it under Democratic rule?

Address of the Republican State Committee.

On the first page of the Citizen this week will be found an Address by the Republican State Committee to the citizens of this State. This address should be read with care by all, as it is not of an ordinary character. If half of what is stated in it be true it should alarm and arouse all good citizens before they cast their votes at the approaching election. The liquor interests of the State have combined and combined to punish, at the coming election, the Republican party for its advocacy of the submission of the proposed prohibitory amendment to the votes of the people. These interests are said to be planning for a repeal of the high license law also. Thus is this new feature of this campaign brought face to face with the voters at this election. Can any good citizen, be he Democrat, Prohibitionist or Republican, fail to see his duty at the present time?

Another feature brought out in this address is the threatened attack on the Sabbath and the Sabbath laws of the State. The Personal Liberty Leagues it is announced have joined hands with the brewers and distillers, and all are to aid the Democratic party in an endeavor to overthrow the Republican party this year. These Personal Liberty Leagues mean hostility to Sunday and our laws for its present proper observance. Under such a combination the people should arouse and show their indignation by sustaining the Republican party. Its defeat this year will be a triumph of all the bad elements and principles that are seeking to overthrow good order and good society.

Whatever our prohibition friends may have thought heretofore, as to their duty in casting their votes, we have reason to believe that in this county they will not hesitate to so cast them as to do the most good at thec oming election.

The reforms aimed at by both Prohibitionists and Republicans are now threatened by secret combination of other parties, and to prevent the success of this attack it is natural that all good men of other parties should combine. All interests in the liquor traffic being now combined, all opposed to it should combine. In other counties this is being done and we believe it will be done in this county on Nov. 8. The defeat of these forces this year in this way will establish more friendly relations among the friends of temperance reform and make all to see their duty more clearly in the future.

Get Out The Vote.

While there is always a good Republican majority in Butler county, yet from the apathy existing there may not be as full a turnout to the election this year as there ought to be. Too much confidence may keep too many Republicans at home. The coming election is an important one. It is the *forerunner* of the greater one to come next year, 1888, when a President is to be elected. It should not therefore be regarded as an "off year," but rather a preliminary battle to the decisive one to come.

We would therefore urge every Republican to *go to work*. Committee men will do their duty. But they cannot reach all. Let every Republican, of every township and borough, constitute himself a committee, to see to it that every man is at the polls on Nov. 8. We make this appeal to them from the circumstances of the case. We are threatened by an unholy combination, of Liberty Leagues and Liquor Leagues. They are seeking to defeat the Republican party *this year* in order to defeat it *next year*. Their success will be a blow struck at Sunday and Sunday laws as well as at temperance reform. And it will put back all the reforms for which the people are hoping and praying. A triumph of the Republican party on other hand will be a triumph for law and order, for good principles over bad ones, and will put the seal of condemnation on those who seem determined to force their evil plans and principles upon society, without regard to reason, right or law.

Gleanings From The Thirteenth Annual Meeting of Pennsylvania W. C. T. U.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union was held at Lewisburgh, Union Co., Pa Oct. 12—14, 1887.

A famous author once said: "It is always the unexpected that happens." My experience from the time I found myself en route for Lewisburgh to the moment when I was requested to write a report of Convention for publication confirms the statement. There is however, so much that is interesting and remarkable in the history of Lewisburgh that I have ceased to wonder at the surprises we enjoyed and only wonder we were not prepared to expect the unexpected. A town whose public records display a deed for a part of the ground on which the town is located, dating back to the creation of the world. A town which has always been noted for its educational advantages, which in 1805 possessed an Academy and for more than forty years has had a University which has no superior in Pennsylvania, is certainly a town where we might expect to see great things and have our expectations realized, but I must say the generous welcome and bountiful hospitality of the citizens of Lewisburgh were beyond all expectation. The population of Lewisburgh is between four and five thousand and as about six hundred officers and delegates of W. C. T. U. were present I feared we might be burdensome, but the arrangements for our reception and entertainment were so perfect and our welcome so cordial as to leave no feeling save unbounded gratitude and a desire to imitate their example. We arrived in Lewisburg, Oct 11, at 1 p. m. and went at once to the Baptist Church where we were received by a Committee and conducted to our places of entertainment. Tuesday evening we held a delegates prayer-meeting which for numbers and interest was the most remarkable prayer meeting I ever attended. The Thirteenth Annual Convention of the W.C.T.U. of Pa., convened in the handsome audience room of the Baptist Church at 10 a.m. Oct. 12. At the close of devotional exercises the following verse was given to the delegates as a message of encouragement. "Thus saith the Lord, refrain thy voice from weeping and thine eyes from tears; for thy work shall be rewarded saith the Lord; and they shall come again from the land of the enemy."

This was followed by roll call of officers and other routine work of convention, The most interesting part of the proceedings of the morning sessions was the address of the President, Mrs. F. L. Swift of Allegheny. She said the amendment prospects were bright, but we need education and agitation. The Brooks law is not satisfactory, we will only be satisfied with Prohibition in the Constitution. Prohibition sentiment is rapidly increasing, but our strength lies not in aggregate numbers but in personal responsibility and individual effort.

Our Cor. sec, Mrs. Ellen M. Watson, gave some very interesting statistics in her admirable report. There are 1051 Unions in the State. Mr. Palmer of Wilkesbarre reported Legal work, and presented Warren Co., as a model. Eight counties in the State have no license and ten more are rapidly advancing to the no license point. She urges all Unions to prosecute remonstrance work vigorously during the coming year. The evening meeting was held in the M. E. Church, Mrs. Dr. Loomis delivered the address of welcome in a very cordial, pleasant manner and Mrs. J. R. Jones of Philadelphia responded. After which we were addressed by Mrs. Wittenmeyer of Philadelphia and Miss White of Mercer. Thursday morning after devotional exercises and the regular routine work of Convention, we were addressed by Mrs. Mary H. Hunt of of Boston. She urges the ladies to examine carefully the text books in use in public schools and said the books should be three-fourths temperance and one fourth physiology, temperance not physiology should be the work of temperance unions. Mrs. Lovell of Huntingdon read a very able paper on the Blair Educational bill. Mrs. Miller, Sup't of Press work, reported great advance in the temperance literature of the papers of the year. The convention extended a vote of thanks to the editors of the Press in our state who have published temperance matter. We were glad to hear some of our Butler Co. papers receive honorable mention in this report. Mrs. Harper, supt of work among colored people made an eloquent appeal for the race, and said they were crowded out, and final victory would not be gained till white and black clasp hands in christian affiliation. Miss Frances E Willard now arrived and recieved a very enthusiastic reception. After a brief address by Miss Willard full of cheer and encouragement the business of Convention was resumed The evening meeting was held in the Commencement Hall of Bucknell University. The spacious room was crowded to overflowing. Fully two thousand persons were present The subject of Miss Willard's address was "Social Purity." She reminded the audience of the vice and immorality that exist around us and emphasized the duty of christian people to the tempted and fallen as well as the duty of shielding the innocent. Friday morning we met once more in the Baptist Church. After the opening exercises Mrs. Roney Supt. of Work among Mothers reported She said "There are 14,000,000 children under fourteen years of age in the United States and to reach and help these children we must reach and impress the mothers with a sense of their duty and responsibilty and a teacher says it seems she must leave the school room and go to the homes and teach the Mothers. Resolutions of condolence were sent to the wife of John B. Finch. The Committee on Resolutions now reported. Eighteen resolutions were submitted, and after discussion and amendment were adopted. The reports of different committees were now heard. On report of Committee on grouping Counties. Armstrong and Butler were grouped together and are thus entitled to one delegate to the National convention, Mrs. W. S. Mechling of Dayton was elected as our delegate Mrs. S. M. McKee of Butler alternate. The election of officers was next in order, which resulted as follows. Pres. Mrs. F. S Swift, Vice Pres, Mrs. J. R Jones, cor. sec., Mrs. Ellen M. Watson, rec. sec. Mrs. Jos. D Weeks, treasurer Mrs. W. H. Woods. It was real pleasure to find the convention so nearly of one mind that the old officers were re-elected on the first ballot. Owing to the amount of unfinished business we held a meeting of the convention on Friday evening which prevented many of the of delegates from attending the 'Y.' meeting but judging from the program and reports they had a delightful evening. There were a large number of 'Y.'s' in attendance during convention and if they fulfill the promise of their youth we shall have a grand array of white ribbon women in the future. Our next convention will convene in Pittsburgh when we hope to meet not only our state officers and delegates but also a large number of visitors from Butler Co.

MARY M. MATTHEWS

Judge H. T. Ellett, of Memphis, Tenn., and who had been chosen by the citizens of that city to welcome President Cleveland there, last Saturday, died immediately after performing that task. While the President was responding to the eloquent welcome extended to him by Judge Ellett the Judge was noticed to sink down in his seat, and in a short time expired. The event was as sad a one as it was seemingly untimely and cast a gloom over all present.

A Sad Interruption.

Memphis, October 15,—A most unfortunate occurrence interrupted the formalities of the reception just as the President closed his remarks. Though the day was not uncomfortably warm, it caused the sudden death of Judge Ellet, who had stood for some time with his hat off. While the President was speaking the Judge sat down and was soon overcome by the heat.

Judge Ellet died five minutes after the President left the stand.

Opening Saloons on Sunday.

The President of the Personal Liberty League in this city, says the Philadelphia *Press*, has got so far along in his public speeches as to demand that the saloons shall be opened on Sunday so that people can go in the front door on that day to quench their thirst. The opening of the liquor saloons on Sunday is a part of the demand of the Personal Liberty League, which also wants the High License law repealed and the submission of the prohibitory constitutional amendment to a vote of the people prevented.

The Personal Liberty League is an organization promoted by the brewers and liquor dealers, most of whose employes are members of it. It is this organization, together with the brewers and liquor dealers, which is working to elect the Democratic candidate for sheriff in Philadelphia and the Democratic ticket in the State, as entering wedge to the repeal of the Sunday laws, so that people can go into the front doors of the saloons on Sunday to quench their thirst. Because Republican officials have enforced the laws to prevent liquor selling on Sunday the Republican party is to be beaten, if possible, by this Democratic and liquors dealers' combination.

It is for this purpose that the Democratic party is being run in the interest of the brewers, Personal Liberty League and the liquor dealers, and that these several organizations are being run in the interest of the Democratic party. It is from them that the Democrats are accepting the most generous pecuniary aid. Their money has paid for tax receipts for Democratic voters and the naturalization of people to vote the Democratic ticket in the interest of the liquor people. Their money is also being used to pay for documents to be circulated by the Democratic committees, and the Democratic organization has been placed practically at the service of the liquor dealers and those who want the saloons open on Sunday.

Should this combination succeed in electing the Democratic candidate for sheriff, or any other candidate on the Democratic ticket, there would be an immediate agitation for the repeal of the Sunday liquor laws They could not be repealed until the next Legislature meets, but the combination this year is expected to give it such prestige and strength that it will be able next year to elect a Democratic Legislature which at the dictation of the Personal Liberty League could be depended upon to repeal the Sunday liquor laws, the High License act and prevent the submission of the Prohibition amendment.

It is a situation startling enough, but is a situation the people of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania are called upon to deal with. It cannot be ignored without future danger. The time to settle the question is now, and there is only one way it can be settled for good of society, the city and the State.

His Advice to The Knights.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14.—T. V. Powderly's paper, the *The Journal of United Labor*, in to-morrow's issue, speaking of the "Government and Sumptuary Law," will say:

"Among the most common objections to legislative regulation of the liquor traffic is that of a revival of the sumptuary laws. This means that the Government has no right to say what we shall eat or drink. What, then, is to be done with our laws regulating poisonous articles? Men may sell swill milk and infect your household with typhoid fever. Butchers may sell diseazed meat and inoculate you with trichinosis. Butter dealers may palm off upon you old tallow manipulated with chemicals for gilt-edged butter at fifty cents per pound. There is a right of self protection left with every State and community as well as the individual, and how much better that this right should be exercised in the prevention of the evil rather than its redress"

—In a report to the agricultural department at Washington on the relation of railroads to forest supplies and forestry, it is computed that the maintenance of the existing railroad and telegraph lines requires the extinction of about 250,000 acres of timber land annually. Nearly 50,000 acres of timber must be cut annually to provide for the additional construction of 5,000 miles of track and telegraph lines.

—Rev. B. B. Killikelly, a well known minister in the Episcopal Church, died at his residence in Kittanning on Sunday last.

—It is said about 80 per cent. of the oil producers have signed an agreement to stop the drill for one year. The scheme however may not be a success. Some who signed, it is alleged, are already leasing their territory to other parties and in that way hope to get the benefit of any rise there may come in the price of oil. The market remains about the same as at this time last week, but shows signs of improving.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Prospect Scraps.

Eds. Citizen:—Rev. Jas. Miller, of Webster City, Iowa, is visiting his friends in this vicinity. Mr. M. went to the far west 37 years ago, and this is his first visit back here.

Jonathan Albert and Samuel Fair have moved their families to Beaver Falls.

S. B. Martincourt, R. S. Weigle, and A. W. Shannon are highly elated over their recent visit to Philadelphia, New York, Brooklyn, Brighton Beach, etc. Castle Garden and Sing Sing afforded them much curiosity.

If you wish to see an acre of the finest of onions, raised from the seed, call upon Mr. J. O. Dodds, who is engaged in that business.

Miss Nannie McGrew has returned home from Beaver Falls to go to school this winter.

The Angel of Death has again entered our village, and silently stole away a lovely flower in full bloom. The early death of Miss Minnie McLure was a sad dispensation of Providence to lover, friends and acquaintances.

Miss Dora Alexander, of Kansas, is visiting her relatives and old friends here.

Miss Clem. Edmundson, of McKeesport, Pa., is stopping with her aunt, Mrs. Bowers.

Mr. Douth Frazier, who was one of the youngest soldiers in the late war, has received a pension of $4 per month and $550 back pay. Douth, we will know on whom to call when hard up for some "shiners." I. B.

Allegheny Twp. News.

Eds. Citizen:—Many times we are surprised to see the sudden changes in nature. In the spring of the year we are surprised to see the leaves put forth from the apparently dry branches of the trees. As days pass, we are surprised to see the leaves fade and fall from the trees. On the 12th day of October, 1887, Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers were surprised by about 85 relatives and neighbors assembling at their residence. The day was rather cold but the good women soon prepared a good dinner. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers and children were invited to take their place at table and after a blessing all present partook freely. Friends, Col. O. C. Redic and Mr. J. C Kiskaddon were present; they are both noble hearted men and willing to assist in every good work. On this occasion they did assist us very much in helping to demolish a fine plate of honey and a great amount of chicken and sweet cake. After dinner the meeting was called to order by choosing Mr. D. C. Mc Candless president and John Thomas, Esq. sec'ty, a prayer was offered by Mr. Jesse Joseph. Col. Redic was called on and did justice to the speaking. There were many valuable gifts presented Mr. and Mrs Chambers and children for which Col. Redic returned thanks in behalf of recipients to the donors. Mr. John Chambers is now 52 years of age; in 1855 he married Miss R. J. McCamey; in 1858 he met with a sad accident, by getting his left leg fractured by a shot from a musket, which caused him to have his leg amputated; this sad accident caused him to be a cripple for life. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers have raised a family of 12 children of which number 8 are living and 4 dead. With all the trials and hardships in life they managed to get through the world and have the well wishes of all their acquaintances.

They highly appreciated the friendships and kindness of their relatives and neighbors on this occasion. It was a proper surprise party and Mr and Mrs. Chambers and family were worthy. J. T.

A Pastor Remembered.

Eds. Citizen:—The afternoon of Oct. 15, 1887, was an event in the lives of the pastor and members of the congregation of Deer Creek, near Bakerstown, Pa. A large number met at the home of Rev. S. M Hood on that day. A general good time ensued. Some of the incidents were: A fine sapper; a generous purse to the pastor Rev. Hood, besides enough provisions to make the pastor's family glad for some time to come. Apart from the pastor the L. M. S of the congregation sent the handsome sum of $25 to help replace the Carnahan Creek church of Kansas. That pastor and people may enjoy many such days of social cheer is the wish of

Many Friends.

—Hon. L. W. Fiske, a prominent Prohibitionist of New York, announces his return to the Republican party on the ground that he does not wish to countenance even in an indirect way Mr. Cleveland's treatment of the veterans.

—Rev. David R Kerr, a distinguished minister in the U. P. Church and for some years past the editor of Pittsburgh *United Presbyterian*, died at his residence in Allegheny city on Oct. 14, 1887, in the 71st year of his age.

MARRIED.

McCLYMONDS — DOUTHETT — On the evening of Oct. 11th, 1887, by the Rev. R P. McClester, at the home of the bride's parents near Brownsdale, Pa., Dr. H. S. McClymonds and Miss Ida May Douthett, only daughter of Mr. D. B. Douthett, Esq

LOGAN—BOWSER—Oct. 14, 1887, at the residence of the bride's parents, Allegheny twp., this county, by John Thomas, J. P., Mr. Daniel B. Logan, of Jefferson twp., and Miss Maggie Bowser, of Allegheny twp., this county.

HUSELTON—MAXWELL—In Butler, Pa., on Oct 12th, 1887, by Rev. E. Cronenwett, Mr. Wm. Huselton of Butte City, Montana Territory and Miss Maggie Maxwell of Butler, Pa.

FAIR—BARTLEY—In Tarentum, Pa., Oct. 6, 1887, by Rev. Henry K. Shinor, Mr. W. H. Fair and Miss Emma R. Bartley.

FORSYTHE—DETWILER—Oct. 19, 1887, at Butler, by Rev. W. E. Oiler, Mr. Lewis N. Forsythe and Miss Jennie Detwiler both of Butler Co.

DEATHS.

MILLER—On Thursday, Oct. 13, 1887, at her home in Clarion county, Mrs. Alice Miller, wife of Mr. Isaac Miller, aged 34 years, 8 months and 28 days.

WHITESIDE—On Friday, Oct. 14, 1887, of congestion of the liver, —— son of Wm. J. Whiteside, of Middlesex twp.

JACK—On Friday, Oct, 14 1887, at his home in Butler, James Jack, aged 19 years and 8 months. He was a son of Benj. Jack, dec'd, and has been an invalid for the past ten years.

MERKEL—At his home in Saxonburg, this county, on Monday, Oct. 17, 1887, Hanse Theodore Merkel, Esq., aged about 71 years. Esquire Merkel came with the earliest of those Germans who settled at and founded Saxonburg. He was an educated man of good manners and habits and of more than usual intelligence. He was besides a useful man in his community, as was evident from the fact of his serving as a Justice of the Peace in Saxonburg for about 30 years past. 'Squire Merkel will be missed in that part of the county. He leaves a widow two daughters and three sons, the sons living and doing business in Cincinnati.

MURPHY—On Friday morning, Oct. 14, 1887, at the family residence, 54 Clay St., Mary Grace, daughter of J. B. and M. E. Murphy,

Attractions in Butler,

And the one we wish to call your attention to is

Bickel's Mammoth

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,

NO. 22, SOUTH MAIN STREET.

BOOTS SHOES and RUBBERS,

Is not the only attraction, but the remarkably low price at which I am selling them at is attracting the attention of the people all over the county and they are coming from far and near. Good wearing Boots, Shoes and Rubbers is bringing them. Low prices and fair dealing has opened the way and I expect a regular Boom this Fall for I am going to offer

Some Real Live Bargains

And they will be Bargains that cannot be resisted. I want your trade but I solicit it on strictly business principles, namely: Fair dealing, good goods and the lowest prices. There are many reasons why you should trade at my store. I protect all purchasers by warranting every pair of boots or shoes sold in my house to be exactly as represented. I have the largest trade because my prices are the lowest. I can and do sell lower than any other house in Butler Co., because I am the largest buyer and deal direct with manufacturers.

The Ladies' Department

is brim full of all the newest styles of foot-wear. I handle all the different widths, and can fit any any one. Full stock of Ladies' Calf and Oil Goat Shoes for every day wear, all warranted to turn water and very serviceable. In Misses' Shoes my stock could not be more complete. I have these in Kid, Goat, Calf and Oil Goat both in button and lace

Childrens' School Shoes

I took special care in selecting this line of goods and they are open for your inspection and I feel sure they are just what you want to keep your children's feet warm and dry. Prices on Childrens' School Shoes varies from 50 cts. to $1.25 and my selection is much larger than ever before, and the demand greater. Call and see them before you buy, they are all extra high cut, tipped or plain toe, in all kinds of leather known to the trade.

MENS' & BOYS' BOOTS

My stock of Men's and Boys' Boots is unusually large and I take great pride in offering them to the trade. My long experience in the manufacture of boots gave me a correct insight as to what a boot should be and while making my selections for this Fall I kept in view the fact that all my trade wanted Boots that would resist water and no other kind would do. So come in now, bring your boys and fit them out with a pair of Good Kip, Waterproof Boots together with a guarantee that they can wear them from Fall to Spring and have dry feet. Mens' boots $1.40 to $3.00, boys' boots $1.00 to $2.00, youths' boots 86c. to $1.50, childrens' boots 60c. to $1.00

Mens' and Boys' Fine Shoes.

My stock is full and complete. Mens' Fine Seamless Shoes in button, lat., or Congress $1.50 a pair Boys' fine shoes $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. Full stock of Mens' Kangaroo, Porpoise, Cordaran and Dongola Shoes gotten up light, neat and stylish.

Make a Note of This

You can find any thing in my house that is kept in any first-class shoe store. Old ladies' warm shoes and slippers extra high cut, shoes in ladies', Misses' and childrens'. Ladies high button over-shoes, ladies' shoes in extra large sizes 9 EE. Mens' low instep boots in Calf and Kip, mens' felt boots, mens' duck boots, mens' grain boots Napoleon leg. Hob nailed boots and shoes, &c., &c.

BOOTS and SHOES MADE to ORDER

I have a large stock of my own make of Boots on hand cut from Chas. Sims French Kip. Prices are very low. If you not coming to Butler send in your order and it will receive prompt attention ☞ Repairing Done Same Day Received. ☜ Leather and Findings, Blacksmiths' Aprons, &c.

Headquarters For Boston Rubbers

My intention was to handle nothing but Boston Rubber but in order to accommodate a few of my customers I have put in a line of Candee Boots, but nevertheless, I still believe the Boston Boot the best Boot in the market. I will sell until Jan. 1st

THE MENS' BOSTON RUBBER BOOTS AT $2.35,

Including a pair of good heavy slippers. Don't buy any 2d quality Rubber, look for the name on best Boston Rubber Shoe Co. take no other. Ladies', Misses', Boys' Youths' and Childrens Boots and Shoes in great variety. When you want Rubber ask for Bostons.

Yours, &c,

JOHN BICKEL,

22 South Main Street.

—Over on the old Henry Hoover farm, now owned by Thompson McGinnis, is a rather peculiar apple tree. It is about 80 years old and never blossoms, and bears apples without a core running through like other apples. The seeds are all gathered around what is termed the blossom end. We were shown one last week and must say it is a curiosity. —*Emlenton News.*

Rheumatism

We doubt if there is, or can be, a specific remedy for rheumatism; but thousands who have suffered its pains have been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you have failed to find relief, try this great remedy.

"I was afflicted with rheumatism twenty years. Previous to 1881 I found no relief, but grew worse, and at one time was almost helpless. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me more good than all the other medicine I ever had." H. T. Balcom, Shirley Village, Mass.

"I had rheumatism three years, and got no relief till I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has done great things for me. I recommend it to others." Lewis Burbank, Biddeford, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion;* 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. Thompson, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. Barrington, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SICK HEADACHE
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT,
Billiousness, Indigestion, Dizziness, ALL
Positively Cured by
LITTLE HOP PILLS
The People's Favorite Liver Pills.
They act slowly but surely, do not gripe and their effect is lasting, the fact is they have no equal. (Doctor's formula.) Small, sugar coated and easy to take. Send for testimonials. 25 cts. at all druggists, or mailed for price.
Prepared by an old Apothecary. Five bottles $1.00
The HOP PILL CO., New London, Ct
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20 years experience in all SPECIAL diseases. Permanently restores those weakened by early indiscretions, &c. Call or write. Advice free and strictly confidential. Hours: 11 a. m. till 2, and 7 to 10 evenings.

General Election Proclamation.

Whereas, By an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act Relating to the elections of the Commonwealth," passed the second day of July, A. D. 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the election, and in such to enumerate.

1st—The officers to be elected.

2d—Designate the places at which the election is to be held.

3d—He shall give notice that every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of the State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and he that any member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

I, Peter Kramer, High Sheriff of the county of Butler, do make known and give this public notice to the voters of Butler county, that a General Election will be held in the said county, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887

it being the first Tuesday after the first Monday of said month, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 7 P.M., at the several Election Districts of the county, at which time and place they will vote by ballot for the several officers hereinafter named, viz:

OFFICERS TO BE VOTED FOR.

JUDICIARY.

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

STATE.

One person for the office of Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

COUNTY.

One person for the office of Sheriff of the county of Butler.

One person for the office of Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Butler.

One person for the office of Register and Recorder of the county of Butler.

One person for the office of Treasurer of the county of Butler.

Two persons for the office of Commissioner of the county of Butler.

One person for the office of Clerk of Courts of the county of Butler.

Two persons for the office of Auditor of the county of Butler.

One person for the office of Coroner of the county of Butler.

PLACES OF HOLDING THE ELECTIONS.

The said elections will be held throughout county as follows:

The electors of Adams township at the house of Robert Davidson in said township.

The electors of Allegheny township at the dwelling of Ephriam C. Parks in said township.

The electors of Butler township at the office of Jos. B. Brecht, Esq., in the borough of Butler.

The electors of Brady township at the School house at West Liberty.

The electors of Clearfield township at the house of John Green.

The electors of Clinton township at the house of John C. Biddle, near John Anderson.

The electors of Concord township at the School House No. 4 in Middletown.

The electors of Clay township at the Centre School house in said township.

The electors of Centre township at the Centre School House in said township.

The electors of Cherry township, North precinct, at the house of Wm. Lindsey.

The electors of Cherry township, South precinct, at the Gomersol School House in said township.

The electors of Connequenessing township, Northern precinct at School house No. 7, in Whitestown; Southern precinct at the house of Peter Staff, in Petersville.

The electors of Cranberry township at the house of Frederick Meeder.

The electors of Donegal township at the house of Adam Schreiber, in Millerstown.

The electors of Fairview township at the house of Mrs. Duprey, in Karns City, both precincts.

The electors of Forward township at the house of Robert H. Brown.

The electors of Franklin township at the tailor shop of C. P. Johnston, in Prospect boro.

The electors of Jackson township, Western precinct, at the house of Jacob Heil in Harmony Eastern precinct, at the house of John N. Miller in Evansburg

The electors of Jefferson township, at the house of Morris Reighter.

The electors of Lancaster township at the Public School house No. 5.

The electors of Middlesex township at the house of George Cooper.

The electors of Marion township at James Bailey's.

The electors of Muddycreek township at Union Hall in Portersville.

The electors of Mercer township at the School house in the borough of Harrisville.

The electors of Oakland township at the house of William J. Hutchison in said township.

The electors of Parker township at the house of John Kelly in Martinsburg.

The electors of Penn township at the house of D. H. Sutton.

The electors of Summit township at the house of Adam Frederick.

The electors of Slipperyrock township at the house of W. T. Ramsey in Centreville borough.

The electors of Venango township at the house of James Murrin.

The electors of Winfield township at School house No. 5 in said township.

The electors of Washington township at the Town Hall in North Washington.

The electors of North Washington township at the house of John Holland, at Hillards Station, now used by William Holland as a Justices' office

The electors of Worth township at the Town Hall in Mechanicsburg in said township.

The electors of the borough of Butler, 1st ward at the Reed House on Centre Ave. in said ward, the electors of the boro of Butler and 2nd Ward at the house of Alexander Lowry on E. Jefferson St. in said ward, the electors of the borough of Butler 3d ward at the house of Jacob Zeigler, on Main St. in office now used by J. W. Brown, Esq. in said ward.

The electors of the borough of Centreville at shop of Chas. Prosser in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Prospect at the new school house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Saxonburg at the school house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of West Sun