THE CITIZEN

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1892

Entered at Postoffice at Butler as 2d class matter

W. C. NEGLEY, - - - Publisher

THE Republican party has been defeated, but no reproach of any kind rests upon its candidate for the nation's highest gift. President Harrison has borne himself through the canvass with the same modesty, courage and unostentatious manliness that has characterized him in all his private and public life.

No friend of his regrets a single action or utterance of the President. He has won and he retains the sincere respect of the American people. As a man and a magistrate he has constantly strengthened himself in the esteem of intelligent and patriotic Americans. His honest devotion to what he considers his country's best interests has never been seriously questioned, even by his most virulent opponents.

The record of Benjamin Harrison, in the army of the nation's defenders, in the Senate and in the White House, is one of which the Republican party is proud. He is an American, who represents all that is noblest and most partriotic in American history.

The Teachings of Homestead.

Now that the Almagamated Association has made a complete surrender by declaring the strike off, even as regards the members of the union in whose behalf it was waged, it would be in order for the Advisory board or some one representing or sustaining their side of the contention to point out what has been gained to organized labor as a set-off against the fearful loss and damage entailed upon the organization most directly concerned. Perhaps those demagogic newspapers which espoused the cause of the strikers can point them to some good accomplished. They may be told that in so far as the bloody drama at Homestead contributed to the overthrow of the party of protection and paved the way for the repeal of a tariff which "makes the rich richer and the poor poorer," it is worth all the deprivation and suffering and all the money which it cost. Whether the deceived, humiliated and impoverished strikers will accept this view is another matter. They will have to wait and see what benefit is to come to labor in the aggregate before they conclude that they have paid the price for its redemption.

Let us suppose that the 300 highpriced men whom the Carnegie Company proposed to reduce, and in support of whose demands some 3,000 employes ceased work for twenty weeks, had accepted the reduction, to what extent would they have injured themselves or damaged their labor union? It was claimed by the mill owners and, no doubt, correctly so, that these reductions were nominal rather than real, and that as they were to be paid on a tonnage basis they would have as large, if not larger, yearly incomes than they had been earning, without having to work any harder or longer. The difference would have been made up to them by the improved facilities for getting out the work. Suppose they had agreed to try the experiment for six months or a year, how much better off would they find themselves today and what incalculable damage would they have spared to their fellow-workmen and to the bustling and thrifty town of Homestead? Then there is a broader view involved in the bloody riot of July 6, the immense outlay involved in the preservation of peace by the military and the fearful amount of litigation resulting from assaults and murderous riots, and the irreparable damage sustained by organized labor by reason of the fact that it sought to accomplish its ends through violence and bloodshed. In the one case the Amalgamated association would have been as compact, as strong and as useful as ever. By the course chosen it deliberately risked almost inevitable defeat, and is glad to relieve itself of further responsibility for the support of its sympathetic allies by declaring the strike off.

Trades unionism should perceive by this time the utter fallacy of attempting to win its conflicts with capital by a resort to either threats or violence. If it cannot enforce its demands except through a denial of the rights of property and person to all who stand in its way it cannot succeed at all. Men who are so sensitive as to the "tyranny of capital" should be careful not to place themselves absolutely under the domination of demagogues. What greater despotism could have been conceived than that which took the civil law by the throat at Homestead and set up in its place the reign of the Advisory Board? It was none the less anarchy because consumated in the name of organized labor. It is amazing that intelligent men should, for the third of a year, follow the advice of leaders who, while their dupes were suffering, were themselves living on the fat of the land. The tyranny of capital may be grevious, but it can scarcely exceed in intensity the domination of an advisory board.

What a relief it would be to the strikers were the association able to "declare off" the load of misery, disappointment and adversity which has been heaped upon them and their families by four months of idleness? They can each count the wages which would have been theirs during that time and write over the sum "dead loss." Not only so, but hundreds will never get work in the mills at all, while others who are acceptable will have to take such positions as they can get or seek work elsewhere. Each man can figure for himself what he has lost, but how is he to estimate his gains? To sum the whole matter up, organized labor must trust more to its own good sense and judgment and less to the advice of walking delegates, advisory boards, grand master workmen and demagogic editors and stump orators. And it must, above all things else, conduct its conflicts within the pale of the law.—*Commercial Gazette.*

THERE will be four ex-Speakers of the House on the floor next session: John Cessna, who was speaker in 1851 and 1863; Benjamin L. Hewit, who served in 1881; Henry K. Boyer, in 1887-9, and C. C. Thompson, in 1891, George N. Lawrence was speaker of the Senate in 1863. Another ex-Senator in the House will be Henry Butterfield, of Erie.

Cleveland and Tammany.

The Brooklyn *Eagle*, in an editorial, strongly denied the published statement that at a dinner at the Victoria Hotel, in New York, Mr. Cleveland met the Tammany leaders and made promises and stipulations to them in return for their support at his election. Last night, at a dinner given by the Manhattan Single Tax Club, Thomas G. Sherman, of Brooklyn, said that at the now historical dinner there were present Messrs. Cleveland, Whitney, Dickinson, Sheehan, Edward Murphy, Jr., and Richard Croker. "Mr Cleveland has not told me anything about the pledge he made," said Mr. Sherman, "but there happens to be a telephone in the room where the dinner was held which has conveyed to me what happened.

Mr. Sherman pictured Lieutenant Governor Sheehan as standing up and addressing Mr. Cleveland on the subject of pledges Cleveland replied to Mr. Sheehan:

"Mr. Sheehan, I have listened with the utmost attention to what you have said. I have followed you very carefully, and I think I understand you perfectly, and what I have to say in reply, Mr. Sheehan, is that I'll be —— before I'll pledge myself to any man on any subject, and I'll be doubly —— before I give to you those particular pledges for which you have asked at this particular time.

Sylvester Critchlow's Trial.

The trial of Sylvester Critchlow, one of the Homestead strikers, for the murder of T. J. Connors, one of the Pinkerton men, on the barge on July 6th last, began before Judges Kennedy and McClung, of the Allegheny County Criminal Court, last Friday.

District Attorneys Burleigh and Goehring, were assisted by Attorneys Robb, Patterson and Breck; and the counsel for the defense included Marshall, Reardon, Montooth, Brennen and Cox of the Allegheny County Bar; G. W. Argo of Sioux City, Iowa, and W. W. Erwin of St. Paul Minn.

Some trouble was experienced in selecting a jury, and then Dist. Atty. Burleigh opened for the prosecution, quoted the law as to murder by mobs, and regarding riots, said this was a public prosecution, and recited the incidents of the riot and killing.

Dr. McKennan, Supt Cowan of the West Penn Hospital, Rev. Lynch, and Cooper of the Pinkerton force were the witnesses heard that day.

On Saturday the trial was resumed, day and night sessions of Court being held During the day session, but little of the evidence was damaging to the defendant, but at the night session some witnesses said they saw Critchlow with a gun, Deone he was pointed out as a "regular dare devil," and another saw him behind the baricade firing at the men on the barge.

Court adjourned at 10 P. M. Saturday, when all the evidence for the prosecution was in, but the jury was locked up in the Court House all day Sunday.

Monday morning the defense was opened by the two Western Lawyers. W. M. Erwin of St. Paul made a tremendous speech in which he spread the case over the whole United States and pulled down the sky. Mr. Argo of Sioux City also made a good speech, in which he outlined the defense—an alibi.

Charles Mansfield, a real estate agent, said he was the one who pointed out the man named Critchlow to Charles Reese, a newspaper artist, who swore that Sylvester Critchlow was the man. Mansfield said the one he pointed out to Reese was Harrison Critchlow, a cousin of the prisoner, who went to work in the Homestead mill some time ago and lost a leg in the converting mill last week. The Critchlow he pointed out wore dark clothes, as had been stated by witnesses for the prosecution. Mansfield did not see Sylvester Critchlow on the day of the riot.

Samuel Rothrauff, of Demmler, saw Sylvester Critchlow in a Braddock street car before 10 A. M. on July 6, and he was wearing light clothes. He came over to Homestead with him and about 2 o'clock parted with Critchlow who started home. Rothrauff went down to the mill during that time. A long cross-examination failed to shake this testimony. J. Miller Colgan and J. J. Baird gave evidence as to seeing Critchlow where Rothrauff said he was. Mrs. Bridget Coyle saw Critchlow at 3 P. M. a mile away from the mill, going home. She had "put the bread in the oven" just then, and she knew the time.

Attorney Patterson asked her many questions, and she finally broke out indignantly:

"It was just three o'clock I tell you, and don't ask me anything more. There's no lie about it, but you're trying to make me tell a lie, and I wouldn't do it for all the money Carnegie has." Arthur and Josiah Brashaw and Albert Moore all gave evidence as to seeing Critchlow going home between 3 and 4 o'clock, and George Riddley saw him at 8:30 P. M. at Sixth and Amity streets, and stayed with him until near 9:30, when he went toward Munhall, as the defense claims he did, instead of before 8, as the prosecution wanted to show.

A recess was ordered at 5:30 P. M. until 7 o'clock. Upon reconvening Jacob Trantman, a saloonkeeper, and John Bicheler, a boarder at Trantman's, said Critchlow was in the saloon from 8:30 until 8:55 A. M., when the borough officials ordered the saloon closed. Henry Ramsey saw Critchlow going home between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon. William Taylor didn't see Critchlow that day, but was down on the railroad bridge near the Homestead landing. He said the first shot was fired from the barges. Peter Smidt and Anton Soulier corroborated other witnesses as to Critchlow's whereabouts in the morning.

On Tuesday Sylvester Critchlow, was examined by Attorney Brennen. He swore that he did not fire a gun or firearms of any kind between 7:30 and 8 o'clock on the morning of July 6; that he was not on the Carnegie grounds that morning, nor between the hours of 1:30 or 4:30 that afternoon and that he had not fired a gun between 10:30 and 12:30 or 1:30 and 4 o'clock that day. He identified as having worn on the day named a faded brown coat and a pair of striped trousers exhibited.

The witness was not cross-examined.

Mrs. Critchlow, wife of the prisoner, testified that her husband was at home sleeping at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of July 6. She had been absent from home that day and had returned anout 4 o'clock.

The witness was not cross-examined, and the defense rested.

The commonwealth then introduced evidence in rebuttal. Henry Monath, a hardware man of Homestead, swore that he was in his store on July 6 from 9 o'clock until 8 o'clock and from 10 o'clock until 12. He said Critchlow did not leave a gun in his store that day. He did not know Critchlow.

C. C. Fawcett was called, but did not appear. The commonwealth then rested.

Thomas Marshall submitted a number of points to the court.

John S. Robb addressed the jury for the prosecution, and W. M. Erwin for the defense. Erwin's speech was pronounced by by the attorneys present to have been one of the greatest efforts made in Court. He has made a tremendous reputation for himself in Pittsburg.

THE Homestead strike was simply a monument of folly when all the surrounding circumstances are considered. It was organized and precipitated by little more than 300 of the more than 3,000 men employed in the Homestead works, as only about 10 per cent of all the employees were in any degree affected by the reduction of wages ordered by the Carnegie Company. It will be remembered also that these 300 or so who inaugurated the strike and inspired its violence, received the highest wages of all the thousands of men employed in the works, and some of them received the highest wages paid in any mechanical industry of the world.—*Ex.*

Mile Run School.

NO.3, FRANKLIN TWP.

Ed. Citizen: Please give a short column for a few words concerning the above named school. This school is one and one half miles north of Prospect, on the famous old Franklin road, over which the raftsmen and stage coaches traveled years ago. The house is healthfully located on the east side of a large wood, and is thus protected from the Borean blasts that often come this way. The one drawback to the school at present, is the remoteness from good water. The term began Oct. 18, and the first month ended Nov. 16, there still being six months of the term, being a month more than usual, owing to the large amount of State appropriation.

The following pupils missed no days:

Howard Shannon, Curtis West, Howard West, George West, Howard Albin, Maudie Weigle, Lillie Albin, Effie Shanor, Maggie Shanor, Belle Hays, Edna Hays.

The following missed one or more days:

Walter Weigle, Britian McClintock, Newton Neely, David Lepley, Henry Lepley, George Neely, Ford English, George Dunn, Keefer Dunn, Howard English, Daniel Dunn, Pearl Weigle, Mollie McClintock, Zella McKinnis, Mollie English, Lizzie English, Anna Lepley, Anna Shannon, and Myrtle Weigle.

Visitors: L. B. Shannon, Hugh Weigle, C. P. Krantz, and Mordella Weigle.

We hope to be able to report a longer list of visitors by the next report. We like to see callers whether they be patrons or not. The progress of the first month was very fair and we hope it will continue.

G. P. W., Teacher.

Why He Left the Alliance.

Brunswick News.]

A Kansas man who has been affiliating with the Alliance party of that State for the past few years, having served his allegiance thereto, thus briefly gives his reasons for so doing:

1. Because it is run by lawyers without clients.
2. By doctors without patients.
3. By preachers without pulpits.
4. By women without husbands.
5. By farmers without farms.
6. By financiers without finance.
7. By educators without education, and
8. By statesmen out of a job.

THE girl poisoner named Neill, who was known in Canada and Chicago as Dr. Cream, was hanged in London, Tuesday.

The Kelly Murder.

On Thursday, J. M. Killian, the driller, who Kelley began fighting with was arrested at Willow Grove and taken to Pittsburg.

From Mr. H. C. Little of the Oil Well Supply Company the full details of the fight were learned. Kelly, Harrington, Killian and others were at Mrs. Forsbea's house on the night in question and all had been drinking to excess. A fight started between Kelly and Killian, during which the former knocked the latter down and kicked him into insensibility. Killian was carried out of the room by a domestic and shortly afterwards Harrington caught Kelly by the arm and tried to pursuade him to leave the room. By the way of response Kelly knocked Harrington down and kick him in the face. Friends interfered and Kelly was taken into the yard.

In the meantime the victim of the assault had regained his feet, and, drawing a knife from his inside pocket, remarked to Mr Little that he had a notion to stab the other, and would do so without any hesitation if his as ailant were not so drunk. Kelly was standing in the yard at the time and in a moment Harrington rushed forward and made a slash with the knife at the other man's breast. Kelly threw up his arm and the blade ripped open that member severing the brachial artery. The victim did not realize at the time that he had been wounded so severely and again struck Harrington and felled him to the ground and kicked him repeatedly in the face. He was dragged away and Harrington was sent to a physicians office so have his wounds dressed.

A few moments later it was discovered that Kelley was bleeding profusely from the wound on his arm, and an examination disclosed a knife wound fully ten inches in length. He was sent to the West Penn hospital and died on Monday night. The same afternoon Harrington, who had been watchman over an oil well in the custody of the sheriff, left Willow Grove and stated to friends that he was going to Pittsburg to surrender himself to the authorities, as he knew his victim was going to die. He has not been seen or heard of since, although officers detailed by the coroner have been searching for the fugitive.

The arrest of Killian created a big sensation at Willow Grove, and his employer offered to go on his bond for any required amount. Mr. Miller had not the power to accept bail. Before leaving Willow Grove Killian was visited at the railway station by his sweetheart, and quite an affecting scene took place. It is claimed by all the witnesses of the affair that Killian, who is under 20 years of age and quite boyish in appearance, was in no way directly responsible for the killing of Kelly.

End of the Strikes.

At Homestead last Thursday twenty mechanics and 300 Hun and Slav laborers broke away from the strikers and applied for work in the mill, and 150 of them were given work at once. At Beaver Falls some 100 of the old employees applied for work and at Lawrenceville next day.

On Friday there was another scramble; a thousand men were in line at the gates at Homestead before daybreak.

At a meeting of the Advisory Committee in the Rink at Homestead, Sunday, the strike was declared "off" by a vote of 101 to 91.

The strike at Beaver Falls was declared "off"

The strike began on June 25th; the Advisory Committee took charge of the works and allowed no one in them except clerks, watchmen and foremen; the attempts of the Company, on July 6th to regain possession of its works brought about a battle lasting 12 hours in which ten men were killed and fifty wounded, and others made insane by the barbarous abuse following their surrender; the militia was called out at a cost to the state of half a million; Congressional Committees investigated the affair; the Courts took hold and 150 men are under indictment; Frick was shot; lams was drummed out; there were sympathetic strikes at Lawrenceburg and Beaver Falls; houses were dynamited; and there was more or less violence at all the points until the end came.

CALIFORNIA has adopted by an overwhelming vote a proposition to elect United States Senators hereafter by popular vote. Such a law ought to be in force in Pennsylvania.

Soliloquy of a Turkey.

I know that Thanksgiving Day's most here,
And it makes me long to fly.
For I've reached my prime, and its mighty fine
Each
That it's time for me to die.

I saw the head of the house come out
And he smiled as he gazed at me;
And he cried aloud that there was no doubt
What a comfortable meal I'd be.

Oh, I've got to go. And it gives me a fit.
Though it isn't so much for my life
That I care about, but he can't care a bit,
And I've got to be hacked by his wife.

End of the Garvin Case.

At Pittsburg, last Thursday, the jury in the care of Frank Garvin, indicted for murder, for killing his wife, agreed upon a verdict of involuntary manslaughter. Judge McClung refused to accept this, as it could not be rendered under the indictment, and the jury changed their verdict to voluntary manslaughter, and recommended the prisoner to the extreme mercy of the Court.

The Postoffices.

It is said that three hundred aspirants for the postoffices of this county have already made their desires known—with several precincts to hear from.

A correspondent of a Pittsburg paper names some of them as follows:

Harrisville—William Cochran, Joseph Pew, W. F. Magee and Mrs. Samuel Kerr. Mrs. Emma Forker is the present incumbent, and the office has been held by different members of the family for 30 years.

Slippery Rock—Thomas Jackson, Baird Frank Bingham and John Watson.

Coaltown—Austin Bollinger.

Evans City—J. A. Ripper, J. M. White and F. C. Buhl.

Mars—T. M. Marshall.

Brain—J. H. Orr, G. J. Brandon.

Chicora—J. C. Gaisford and H. L. Rattigan, a son of Peter.

The recognized leaders of the Democratic party in this county favored Mr. Guffy of Pittsburg for State Chairman in opposition to Mr. Harrity, who came out ahead and has since gained greater prestige as National Chairman; and therefore should Mr. Harrity be made Postmaster General by President Cleveland, there is no telling at present who will cont rol the Federal offices of this county.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Worth Mutual Fire Insurance Co., for the purpose of selecting officers for the ensuing year will be held in the School House at West Liberty on the second Tuesday of January, 1893, being the 10th day.

W. E. TAYLOR, Sec'y., West Liberty, P. O.
JAMES HUMPHREY, Pres., Jacksville.

BUTLER COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Office Cor. Main & Cunningham Sts.

H. C. HEINEMAN, SECRETARY

DIRECTORS:

Alfred Wick,	Henderson Oliver,
Dr. W. Irvin,	James Stephenson,
W. W. Blackmore,	N. Weitzel,
F. Bowman,	D. T. Norris,
Geo Ketterer,	Chas. Rebhun,
John Grohman,	John Koenig.

LOYAL S. M'JUNKIN, Agent,
BUTLER, PA.

WILLIAM KENNEDY.

The well-known liveryman, Wm Kennedy, will be pleased to have his friends call at his new place of business. The

Best Horses, Buggies and Carriages

in Butler at the most reasonable rates. The place is easily remembered. The first stable west of the Lowry House.

Advertise anything anywhere and everywhere successfully. Before contracting for Newspaper Advertising send to LORD & THOMAS, ADVERTISING AGENTS, CHICAGO.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

New Castle had five fires, all supposed to be of incendiary origin, last Thursday night, and the people of the central portion of the town stayed up all night.

The water in a well on the Fennis farm in the Beaver County, turned bad lately, an investigation followed, and the body of Isaac Kennedy was found in the well.

Edward Flinn, a sixteen year old son of James Flinn, of New Castle, got in a wagon with a loaded gun Tuesday to join a hunting party to the country. In drawing the gun toward him it was discharged, the whole charge striking him in the breast and literally blowing his heart out.

A white deer was shot in Clinton county one day last week. This is said to be the third one ever killed in the state. It is said that bad luck, so far as deer shooting is concerned follows the person who shoots a white deer.

Anthony Newhouse, a steel-worker at Homestead, drank some whisky; went up to his room in his hotel and sat down before a gas stove; was made unconscious by the escaping gas, and was then cooked to death by the heat.

Twenty five kegs of powder in a West Virginia Coal Mine, were exploded by a fizzing fuze, Monday, and a dozen miners were blown to pieces.

At Farrington, Pa., last Saturday, a 3-year old child was strangled by a pill lodging in its windpipe.

The house of H. W. Danahour, near Sharpsburg, Allegheny Co., took fire, last Monday night, while all were sleeping, and Mr. Danahour, his wife and child, were burned to death.

Widows' Appraisments.

The following widows' appraisments of perspnal property and real estate set apart for the benefit of the widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Clerk of Courts of Butler county, viz:

Widow of George W Zeigler	$299 70
" " William Hervey	300 00
" " James Dunlap	300 00
" " John A Tannehill (Realty)	300 00
" " Harvey Hogg	300 00
" " Daniel Wise	300 00
" " Martin Carothers	46 00
" " John Richardson	300 00
" " Joseph Coulter	300 00
" " John A. Dunlap	300 00

All persons interested in the above appraisements will take notice that they will be presented for confirmation to the Orpans' Court of Butler county, Pa., on the 7th day of December 1892, and if no exception be filed they will be confirmed absolutely.

JOSEPH CRISWELL, Clerk O. C.

Lists for December Term.

List of Grand Jurors drawn this 31st day of October, 1892, to serve as Grand Jurors at a regular term of Court, commencing on the first Monday of December, A. D., 1892, the same being the 5th day of said month.

Ash Anderson, Forward twp, farmer.
Hamer G W Buffalo twp, farmer.
Cashdollar W S, Adams twp, farmer.
Dickey Robert, Brady twp, farmer.
Freshcorn William, Cranberry twp, farmer.
Gilleland Lewis D, Adams twp farmer.
Glenn W C, Sunbury Bor, grover.
Greer Jacob, Clinton Bor, merchant.
King M J, Karns City Bor, Justice.
Krug George, Butler 2nd ward, butcher.
Lindsey Joseph, Summit twp, farmer.
Meeder Phillip, Connoquenessing twp, farmer.
Morrow Thomas, Clearfield twp, farmer.
Millison Elmer, Muddycreek twp, farmer.
Mangel Charles, Winfield twp, farmer.
Maxwell J J, Fairview Bor, liveryman.
Patterson W G, Butler 2nd ward, farmer.
Rosenburg J L, Allegheny twp, laborer.
Weigle R S, Prospect Bor, laborer.
Weigle Charles Sr, Franklin twp, farmer.
Wick Turner, Concord twp, farmer.
Swartzlander W L, Butler 6th ward, blacksmith.

Traverse Jurors.

Petit Jurors drawn this 31st day of October A. D., 1892, to serve as Petit Jurors at a regular term of Court, commencing on the first Monday of December, A. D., 1892, the same being the 12th day of said month.

Brenner Jacob, Lancaster twp, farmer.
Blair Andrew, Worth twp, farmer.
Baker Frank, Worth twp, farmer.
Benson W F, Oakland twp, farmer.
Barr Simon, Washington twp, farmer.
Dunn Allen, Prospect Bor, laborer.
Deisheimer Eli, Butler twp, farmer.
Dec James S, Penn twp, farmer.
Darling John L, Jefferson twp, pumper
Deemer William, Cranberry twp, farmer.
English E B, Franklin twp, farmer.
Reiser C, Butler Bor, 4th ward, carpenter.
Emery Plummer, Washington twp, farmer.
Farmer John, Mercer Bor, teamster.
Black John, Butler Bor 1st ward, laborer.
Glenn Mark, Muddycreek twp, farmer.
Graham Joseph, Jefferson twp, farmer.
Hamilton Joseph, Cherry twp, Farmer.
Hazlett Charles L, Butler Bor 5th wd, carpenter.
Henshaw J L, Prospect Bor, manufacturer.
Hogue William, Worth twp, farmer.
Hines James Slipperyrock twp, farmer.
Heck Jacob, Butler Bor 4th wd. blacksmith.
Kuhn M C, Venango twp, farmer.
Kautenbaugh J W, Baldridge twp, farmer.
Kaltenbaugh John V, Connoquenessing twp, farmer.
McConnel Joun, Butler Bor 5th wd, laborer.
McDermott Edward, Marion twp, farmer.
McKnight R J, Fairview twp, farmer.
Mockelbaugh Hugh, Evans City Bor, laborer.
Miller John, Winfield twp, farmer.
Moore R Mullison, Donegal twp, farmer.
Millman Phillip, Prospect Bor, teamster.
Miller John, Forward twp, farmer.
Orris Joseph, Fairview Bor, molder.
Ray Simon, Penn twp, farmer.
Reigger Jacob, Butler Bor 3rd wd brickmaker.
Rohrer John, Evans City Bor, laborer.
Reiser J S, Middlesex twp, farmer.
Reiser John, Cranberry twp, farmer.
Sweeny Timothy, Donegal twp, farmer.
Swartout Edward, Parker twp, farmer.
Smith W A, Fairview twp, farmer.
Shaffer E A, Harrisville Bor, molder.
Wahnsley H, Fairview Bor, pumper.
Wilson S A, Franklin twp, farmer.
Winteal Frederick, Harrisville Bor, laborer.
Welsh George, Jackson twp, farmer.

DEATHS.

DOUBLE—At his home in Franklin twp., Nov. 8th, 1892. Conrad Double, aged about 60 years.

Mr. Double was a highly esteemed citzen and lived a consistent Christion life. Four sons and two daughters survive him.

GOEHRING—At her home in Forward twp., Nov. 19, 1892, Mrs Elias Goehring.

TAGGERT—At her home in Butler, Nov. 19, 1892. Mrs. Mary Taggert.

COOPER—At his home in Jefferson twp., Wednesday night, Nov. 16, 1892, John Cooper, in his 76th year.

Mr. Cooper was an estimable citizen, and his death is regretted by all his neighbors.

WEBBER—At his home in Butler township, Nov. 19, 1892, Peter Webber, aged about 70 years.

GRAHAM—At her home in Fairview, Nov 9th, 1892, wife of Hon. Geo. H. Graham, aged about 58 years.

Mrs. Grahath's maiden name was Wilson. She was an earnest and consistent Christian lady, and a useful member of socity, whose death is regretted by all who knew her.

TROUTMAN—In Pittsburg, Nov 19, 1892, Mary, daughter of Mrs. Paul Troutman of Butler.

DAUBENSPECK—Near Petersville, this County, Nov. 22, 1892, Elias Daubenspeck, formerly of Washington twp., this county, aged about 58 years.

VORHEES—At the home of Jeremiah Trouteer in Butler, Nov. 21, 1892, Herman Vorhees of Courtland, O., aged 18 years.

PRINGLE—At his home in Butler, Monday, Nov. 21, 1892, James Pringle, aged 75 years.

Mr. Pringle was stricken with apoplexy at dinner last Sunday, which with another stroke, Monday, caused his death.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

The Register hereby gives notice that the following accounts of executors administrators and guardians have been filed in his office according to law, and will be presented to Court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, the 7th day of December, 1892, at 3 o'clock P. M. of said day:

1. Final acct. of John L. Albert adm'r of Henry Albert, dec'd, late of Centre twp.
2. Final acct. of Jacob P. Kirkpatrick adm'r of Elizabeth B. Kirkpatrick, dec'd, late of Clinton twp.
3. Final acct. of G D. Swain guardian of Frederick Forman, minor child of Mrs. John Forman, dec'd, late of Harmony Boro.
4. Partial acct. of John Duffy adm'r of Wm. G. Smith, dec'd late of Cherry twp.
5. First and final acct. of Robt. L. Kirkpatrick adm'r of Laura K. Kirkpatrick, dec'd, late of Penn twp.
6. First and Partial acct. of A. H. Kennedy and Evander McCandless Adm'rs of Joshua McCandless, dec'd, late of Muddycreek twp.
7. Final acct. of Jos. W. Patterson ex'r of James Wright, dec'd, late of Jefferson twp.
8. Final acct. of G. W. Bartley adm'r of Margt. Thompson, dec'd, late of Clearfield twp.
9. Final acct. of Geo. J. Rasely and Alfred Sarver ex'rs of Matthias Rasely, dec'd, late of Connoquenessing.
10. First and Final acct. of Abner Campbell adm'r C. T. A. of Sam'l B. Campbell, dec'd, late of Concord twp.
11. Final acct. of John Grubb ex'r of Chas Grubb, dec'd, late of Cherry twp.
12. Final acct. of John H. Gormly ex'r of Sarah A. Higgins, dec'd, late of Venango twp.
13. Final and distribution acct. of Solomon Stamm and Jos Peffer ex'rs of Jacob Stamm, dec'd, late of Forward twp.
14. First and partial acct. of Geo. Marburger and A. R. Werner ex'rs of Henry Bolhorst, dec'd, late of Adams twp.
15. Final acct. of John A. Black adm'r of Wm. P. Ekss, dec'd, late of Buffalo twp.
16. Final acct of Saml C. Bovard guardian of Etta L. Bovard, minor child of Chas. Bovard, dec'd late of Cherry twp.
17. First and final acct. of Annie A. Bell adm'x of Frank D. Bell, dec'd, late of Butler Boro.
18. Final acct. of Amanda A. McCormish ext'x of Catharine Alshouse, dec'd, late of Butler twp.
19. First and final acct. of John Crawford ex'r of Robt. G. Crawford, dec'd, late of Adams twp.
20. Final acct. of J. D. McJunkin guar. of Geo. P. Neyman, minor child of Emeline Neyman, dec'd, late of Butler Boro.
21. Partial final acct. of John C. Moore adm'r of Andrew Albert, dec'd, late of Centre twp.
22. Final acct. of W. J. Morrison ex'r of Ann Moore, dec'd, late of Slipperyrock twp.
23. First acct. of Jas. A. Croft adm'r of Mary A. Croft, dec'd, late of Middlesex twp.
24. Final acct. of W. D. Brandon guardian of Benj. Thomas, minor child of Lot and Mary Thomas and grandson of David Simms, dec'd, late of Evans City.
25. Final acct. of Jno B. Cunningham and John H. Peters ex'rs of Mary Riddle, dec'd late of Clinton twp.
26. Final acct. of John Riley adm'r of Geo. H. Kelly, dec'd, late of Adams twp.
27. First acct. of Herman J. Reiser guardian of Juna Minster, dec'd, minor child of Joseph Minster, dec'd, late of Oakland twp.
28. First and partial acct. of Chess Stoner ex'r of Andrew Stoner, dec'd, late of Clay twp.

DAVID E. DALE,
Register.

Road Report.

Notice is hereby given that the following roads and bridges haveboen confirmed nisi by the Court and will be presented on the first Wednesday of December, being the 7th day of said month, and if no exceptions are filed, they will be confirmed absolutely.

R. D. No. 3, Sept. Session, 1892—In re-petition of inhabitants of Winfield township, Butler Co., Pa., for change in part of a public road beginning at Leasureville and leading to Saxon Station in said twp. Petition of J. Shaw and others asked to be changed as that part leading through the lands of Casper Freeling, from the point where it turns southward through the orchard to the point where it leaves said lands.

June 8th, 1892, viewers appointed by the Court and Aug. 25th, 1892, Report of viewers filed stating that the change prayed for is necessary and have therefore surveyed a road between the points named, and find the probable cost of making said road, thirty dollars, to be borne by the township and Casper Freeling, and the damages assessed, forty dollars, to be paid to Casper Freeling. Nov. Sept. 7th, 1892, approved, and fix the width of road at thirty-three feet. Notice to be given according to rules of Court, and to be laid before the next Grand Jury.

BY THE COURT.

R. D. No. 1, Sept. Session, 1892 In re petition of inhabitants of Wigton, W. C. Badger, J. B. Smith et al inhabitants of the township of Clay, Butler Co., Pa., for bridge over Slippery Rock creek where said creek crosses the public road leading from West Liberty to Freeport, near the residence of Mary A. McIlravitie in the township of Brady.

June 6th, 1892, Viewers appointed by the Court and June 30th, 1892, report of viewers filed stating that the proposed bridge is necessary and that the erection of the same will require more expense than is reasonable the township of Brady should bear and do locate the site thereof on the said road. Nov. Sept. 7th, 1892, approved. Notice to be given according to rules of Court, and to be laid before the Grand Jury.

BY THE COURT.

BUTLER COUNTY, ss:

Certified from the record this 5th day of November, A. D. 1892.

JOSEPH CRISWELL, Clerk Q. S.

Hotels and Depots,

W. S. Gregg is now running a line of carriages between the hotels and depots of the town.

Charges reasonable. Telephone No. 17, or leave orders at Hotel Vogeley.

Good Livery in Connection

A Trip to the World's Fair FREE!

To any worthy man or woman, boy or girl. If you wish to visit the

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION

At Chicago for one week or more, free of all expenses, on easy conditions, write at once, Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope.

World's Fair Entertainment Dept,
1602 Monadnock Building.
Cor. Dearborn and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill.

RUPTURE! We the undersigned were entirely cured of rupture by Dr. J. B. Mayer, Office Broadway, New York. J. Jones Philips, Kennet Square, Pa. T. A. Kreitz, Slatington, Pa.; E. M. Small, Mount Alto, Pa.; Rev. S. H. Shermer, Sunbury, Pa.; D. J. Deilett, 214 S. Twelfth St., Reading Pa.; Wm. Dix, 1826 Montrose St., Philadelphia; H. L. Rowe, 209 Elm St., Reading, Pa.; George and Cror Burkart, 439 Locust St., Reading, Pa. Send for Circular.

Our Cutting Cylinder. THE TORNADO Feed and Ensilage CUTTER.

If your dealer don't handle these cutters Write us for catalogue and introductory prices.

Oats and Billis Cornstalks alone operate this Super Feed. Cattle eat all up clean.

No danger of corn cause it gives big ENSILAGE.

W. P. HARRISON & CO. DAYTON, OHIO.

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Ready for All.

WE HAVE THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN THIS COUNTY.

Everything that is new in Stiff Hats. Our $1.50 and $2.00 are wonders for the money.

We have many Soft Hats, ranging in price from 25 cts. to $5.00.

All the new blocks in Silk Hats.

Greatest line of Furnishing Goods we ever had.

An inspection will be an advantage to any one.

COLBERT & DALE,
Hatters and Furnishers,
242 S. Main street,
Butler, Pa.

—Justices and Constables Fee Bills, printed on card board, suitable for posting—for sale at this office.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest U. S. Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Ven. Ex., Fi. Fa., Lev. Fa., &c., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Butler, on

Monday, the 5th day of Dec.,

A. D. 1892, at 1 o'clock p. m, the following described property, to-wit:

E D No 109, Dec T, 1892. S F Bowser, atty'.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Harper S Whitmire, of, in and to 2 acres more or less, situate in Centre township, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of B Berringer, east by lands of B Berringer, Thomas Richards and T B Hoon; south by public road leading from Graded road to the Mercer turnpike; west by lands of John Meals, deceased, mostly cleared and under fence, with small lot of timber land and having erected thereon a two-story frame dwelling, large frame barn and outbuildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Harper S Whitmire at the suit of John Schaupp and George Shoup.

E D No 110, Dec T, 1892. S F Bowser, atty'.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Louisa Whitmire, dec'd, and George W Campbell, administrator of Louisa Whitmire, dec'd, of, in and to 2 acres of land, more or less, situate in Centre township, Butler county, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Thos Richards; east by the Graded road; south by the Graded road; west by lands of Louisa Whitmire.

ALSO—All the right, title, interest and claim of Louisa Whitmire, dec'd, and George W Campbell, adm'r of Louisa Whitmire, dec'd, of in and to 100 acres of land, more or less, situate in Centre township, Butler county, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of B Berringer; east by lands of B Berringer, Thos Richards and T B Hoon; south by public road leading from the Graded road to the Mercer turnpike; west by lands of John Meals, deceased, mostly cleared and under fence, with small lot of timber land and having erected thereon a two-story frame dwelling house, large frame barn and outbuildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Louisa Whitmire, dec'd, at the suit of John Schaupp and George Shoup.

E D No 71 Dec T, 1892. S F Bowser, atty'.

All the right, title, interest and claim of William Kemery, of, in and to a lot of ground more or less, situated in Butler borough, Butler county, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Drollinger's heirs; east by lands of Drollinger's heirs; south by alley; west by the Butler and Freeport road.

ALSO—All the right, title, interest and claim of Jno N Pugh, of, in and to 15 acres of land, more or less, situate in Jefferson township, Butler county, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by heirs of Wm Deemer, deceased; east by a public road; south by Hiram Kuglers and Peter Deemer's heirs; west by Deemer's dwelling house, frame stable and outbuildings an orchard of bearing fruit trees, all cleared, mostly cleared and under good state of cultivation. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John N Pugh at the suit of John M Thompson, for use, &c.

E D No 61, Dec T, 1892. Kohler, atty'.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Arth