THE CITIZEN.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1893.

Entered at Postoffice at Butler as 2d class matter

W. C. NEGLEY, - - Publisher

Harrisburg.

The House lately passed the following bills finally:

Empowering cities and boroughs to appropriate money for a fund for disabled firemen; to make women eligible to the office of notary public; fixing the maximum punishment for murder in the second degree at 20 years; to prevent the manufacture and sale of cigarettes. There were only 28 votes against the bill last named.

The Andrews-Higby contest was given another airing in the house Friday morning, being brought up by Mr. Hewitt, who offered a resolution reciting that at the election in Crawford county in November 1892, the return judges certified that Wilbur P. Higby had a majority of the votes cast; this result was certified to the secretary of the commonwealth and by him to the clerk of the house. These returns were journalized and a chair and a desk had been furnished the gentleman. This chair and desk having been removed, therefore.

Resolved, That the chief clerk be instructed to furnish Mr. Higby with a chair and desk forthwith.

The reading of this resolution proved somewhat of a surprise, but Mr. Bliss very soon raised the point of order that the elections committee already had a resolution before it of the same import. He withdrew the point, however, and moved to refer the resolution to the committee on elections.

Mr. Hewitt said he was prompted to offer the resolution out of respect to the people of Crawford county. When the return judges certified to the election of Mr. Higby that entitled him to a seat until regularly ousted by the house. By the courtesy of officers of the house a seat had been given him, but this was removed last Sunday evening. He wanted to know if the hospitality of the house was to be extended to one of these contestants and the other be turned out on the steps to eat his cheese and bread and butter there. Witz Andrews voting the legislation of the house was jeopardized, and he hoped such a course would not be continued.

Mr. Boyer arose at this point and desired to ask the clerk of the house a question. Being granted the privilege he asked, "Has every member of the house a seat?" Mr. Voorhees said yes. "Then," said Mr. Boyer, "I make the point of order that this resolution is out of order because it violates rule 43, which defines the persons priviledged to be on the floor as members, ex-members, representatives of the press, employees and persons introduced by a member."

Mr. Cessna asked if the gentlemen from Philadelphia did not know that he raised the point of order too late to affect the right man.

Mr Boyer retorted "the gentleman from Philadelphia knows no such thing."

Speaker Thompson sustained the point partially, but ruled that the resolution was an amendment to rule 42, and might be decided under rules 27 and 47 by a two-thirds vote.

Bliss wanted to enlarge the resolution to include all contestants, but Mr. Hewit objected on the ground that the cases were not similar: He said he held a legislative directory in his hand, complied by the clerk, and under Crawford county he found the names of McGill, Higby and McMastetts.

Stewart of Philadelphia here raised the point of order that the resolution being an amendment to the rules must go over for a day and was not debatable. The speaker said the point would be well taken when the motion to refer was disposed of.

Woodring, the Northumberland Democrat, who voted with the Andrews people when the Crawford county returns were ordered journalized and who was asked by the Democratic committee to resign, got in a word to square himself. He hoped the resolution would prevail and Mr. Hibby be given a seat.

Mr. Bliss withdrew his motion to refer and Mr. Stewart again raised his point of order and the resolution went over under the rules.

Mr. Hewit immediately offered the following resolution:

Whereas, The Hon. W. P. Higby and the Hon. W H. Andrews are respectively contestant and respondent from Crawford county and the house has not yet determined which one is entitled to the seat, therefore.

Resolved, That neither be allowed to vote until such decision is made in order that legislation passed by this house may not be jeopardised.

Mr. Lyle raised the point of order that this resolution covered a matter already decided, and that its subject matter would invalidate the legality of the house.

The point was sustained.

Mr. Hewit angrily declared that he wished to give notice that whenever Mr. Andrews attempted to vote he would challenge his vote and resort to dilatory tactics to prevent legislation of the house being jeopardized by that vote.

Speaker Thompson called the gentleman to order sharply, with the added remark that dilatory tactics were wholly unnecessary, as the house had been dilatory long enough.

Chairman Talbot is anxious to get at the Andrews-Higby case and asked Mr. Higby to-day to submit a list of his witnesses, as the sub-committee proposed going to Crawford county next week. Mr. Higby declined to do this, saying he would have his witnesses ready when the committee went to Crawford county.

Mr Andrews has filed his answer to Higby's petition, in which he avers the voters of the township of Sparta and Cambridge did not reside in the precincts where they offered their votes; that in thirty-two election districts one or more illegal votes were cast for Higby and counted. In the several election districts of the county unregistered votes were cast for Andrews, but the voters regularly made their affidavits, and these votes were not counted for Andrews as they should have been.

He further avers the ballot-boxes were not properly sealed, secured and deposited with the nearest justice of the peace as required by law, and consequently it is not only impracticable and impossible but illegal to open said boxes and recount the ballots so that any true or real result may be determined thereby.

It is declared the election in Meade twp. was irregularly and illegally held, over seventy persons having voted without having the letter V set opposite their names, and that in placing the letter after the polls were closed some were marked who had not voted, while others were not marked who had voted; that the names of all who had voted were not written down and that the numbers did not correspond to the numbers of the ballots, and it was impossible to tell for whom the legal or the illegal votes were cast.

The House, lately adopted an amendment to the Legislative appropriation bill providing that hereafter no public building shall be draped in mourning; that executive departments shall not be closed out of respect to deceased officials, and prohibiting the use of public funds for funeral expenses of government officials or employes. This will put an end to a great deal of nonsense, much as the holiday frolics of the Department forces on the occasion of funerals of officials and ex-officials, to say nothing of the scandal of funeral junkets and drunks at the public expense.

In the House Thursday, Mr. Cochran asked to have sent back to committee the act of prohibiting the sale or gift of liquor on Decoration Day.

Mr. Martin, of Lawrence, opposed the recommitting of the bill, insisting that every side had been given ample time to be heard fairly, and if there was no opposition it was not because the opposition was denied fair treatment.

Mr. Quinnan, Lackawanna, alleged that the opposition had not been heard, and said that a number of opponents would be here next week, and they wanted to be heard.

Mr. Seanor opposed a recommittal on the ground that the subject had been thoroughly canvassed.

Mr. Douthett vigorously fought recommittal, and was backed up by Messrs. Moore, of Chester, and Moore of Clearfield, who claimed that the enemies of the bill had been given a week's time in which to be heard and had neglected their opportunity.

Mr. Hosack, Indiana, objected to the alleged courtesy that ran counter to the majority of the committee, and Mr. Branson thought the House was well able to vote on the bill now, also intimating that the bill is to go back to committee for the purpose of killing it.

Mr. Cochran found the storm of opposition so fierce that he was compelled to withdraw the motion, and the old soldiers triumphed.

Tuesday night, the Hall of the House of Representatives was packed with delegates to the Sunday observance convention.

Gov. Pattison presided over the meeting and made an address indicating that any bill which might pass the legislature would be likely to meet a veto at the executive branch of the state government. In the course of his remarks he said the "law of 1794 was broad and liberal, not narrow and bigoted," and expressed the opinion that the law would be preserved intact.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. T. J. Leake of Allegheny, in the course of which he besought Providence to protect the legislators that they might not be compelled to legislate seven days a week instead of adjourning from 11 o'clock Friday morning to 8 o'clock Monday evening. Rev. W. H. McMillan of Allegheny read the Scripture lesson.

In the Senate that day, these bills passed finally: Providing for the erection of a new state building at an expense of $500,000, and repairs to the hall of the house amounting to $125,000; to prohibit members of school boards in cities of the second class from holding any office of emolument in them; authorizing companies chartered in other states to manufacture wall paper, lithographs and prints to own real estate in Pennsylvania; to repeal an act providing for the appointment of viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grade or location in boroughs; to abolish all fees and commissions of the treasurer of Philadelphia; to provide for the sale of the equitable title of the state in the property known as the Grove City armory in Mercer county.

In the House that day these bills passed finally: To protect miners in the anthracite coal regions in the weighing of coal; to validate affidavits, acknowledgements and other notarial acts hertofore or hereafter performed by notaries public outside of the place within which they have been commissioned to reside; to amend an act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities, boroughs and twps; to repeal section of pharmacy act which permits a physician of not less than three years' practice to be registered without examination and granted a certificate entitling him to carry on the retail drug business as proprietor or manager.

THE members of the House at Harrisburg are considerably worked up over a prayer made by their Chaplain a few days ago. The holy man waxed eloquent during his petition and prayed "that after the struggles of this life are over the members of this Legislature may all go to the land where there is no winter." The good man meant well enough, but some of the Legislators got to wondering whatinel he meant and instinctively thought of t'other place, of which the worldly sing,

"There's a land that is hotter than this,
There's a place where they don't shovel snow."—Franklin *News*

Anandale.

A successful revival meeting is being held in the Annandale M. E. Church by Rev. Charles E. McKinley.

Mr. R. Black is in the timber business this winter, as usual.

Mr. Bird Black is teaching the New Hope School; Miss Erla Black is teaching Rye Bread and Miss Lillie Stoops the Flat Rock School. They are all meeting with good success.

Mr. Elmer Sankey is getting lumber sawed for a new store house at Moniteau, to be occupied by J. P. Graham & Bros., who at present are doing quite a merchantile business.

Mr. Thomas Graham has been in very poor health with cancer in the stomach for about six weeks. He has not taken any nourishment for twenty-one days.

Mr. Eli Black who was born and raised in this township and went west about thirty years ago has returned to the home of his brother Joseph.

We have experienced the coldest winter in this section that we have seen since General John Morgan frightened the inhabitants of Centreville and vicinity.

THE Senate of the United States has performed a righteous piece of legislative work in passing the railroad coupler bill. The bill requires railroads to equip their cars with couplers that couple automatically, and that may be uncoupled without the necessity of men going between the ends of the cars; also, to equip their trains with power brakes, operated from the locomotive by the engineer. The roads are allowed the limit of five years in which to make the necessary changes. This bill ought to have passed long ago. It will go far towards stopping the appalling slaughter of railway employes in this country. In this State alone, last year, 495 railway employees were killed, and 6,852 injured, many of the latter being maimed for life. Most of the casualties were sustained in coupling cars.

Whitestown School.

Report of school No. 7, Connoquenessing twp., Whitestown, Pa.

School No. 7, closed the 4th month of a successful term on January 31, 1893, with 39 pupils enrolled, and an average attendence for the term, of 35 pupils.

Two of whom, Mary Sheaver and Eva Bolton have missed no school during the term. Jennie Shanor, Mamie Fletcher, Lulu Bolton, Minnie Martin, Lizzie Fletcher, Lulu Beighley, John Bolton, Charlie Martin, Charlie Clark and Fred Beighley, have missed no school during the month of January. The pupils have made a very noticeable advancement during the present term, and are working every day in order to perfect themselves in the different branches. Three pupils, Benton Becker, Mary Sheaver and Eva Beighley intend being examined for public school diplomas in the spring, and several others are qualified, but have not decided to be examined Supt. McCullough visited us for a short time on January 9th, and expressed himself as satisfied with the condition of the school. Other visitors for the month were Messrs Martin, Welsh, Shannon and Stewart, Directors, and Misses Nan and Zilla Beighley, who favored us with a brief call. We extend a cordial invitation to the parents and friends of the school to visit us, and satisfy themselves in regard to the improvement of their children. It is a duty the parents owe to us, and to themselves and children. We will be glad to see you. To those interested this report is respectfully submitted.

JOE GIBSON, Teacher.

THERE seems a probability at last that the Butler-Lawrence judicial district will be severed and these two counties judicially divorced from each other. It is earnestly hoped by each that it will be so. There has not been harmony, much less a cordial feeling between the two counties under the present arrangement, that requires two law judges in the district and associate judges in each of the counties. But what a campaign there will be in Lawrence county next year for the judicial nomination, with W. D. Wallace, Esq., as the leading candidate. —Sharon *Herald*.

Knob School, Buffalo Township.

The fifth month of the school term at Knob School, Buffalo twp., closed on Thursday, Feb. 9.

During the past two months the following pupils were present every day: Mellie Shearer, Hannah Gephardt, Annie Mochel, Katie Mochel, Alice Kepple, Annie Kepple, Carrie Blackburn, Emma Ferney, Treedal Ferney, Ellen Gephardt, Emma Gephardt, Daisy Hesselgesser, Ada Pfeifer, Mary Pfeifer, Lyda Montgomery, Chas. Shearer, John Shearer, Albert Petzinger, Chas Martin, Bertie Harbison, and David Watson.

Buffalo and the surrounding townships, will hold a joint institute at the Sarversville school house on Saturday, March 4, to which everybody is invited.

W. P. SIPE.

IT is stated authoritively that Judge Gresham, of Indiana, will be President Cleveland's Premier, and Geo. C. Jenks, of this state, Attorney General.

Petrolia.

W. S. Taylor and C. F. Milbarger have sold out their interest in the gas well near North Hope to Mr. Wilson of Butler, Pa.

The Institute held in the school house in the borough by Prof. Young was a success in every respect.

A. M. Rice, who has been home from Pittsburg on a visit to his family for a few days has gone back to his field of labor.

M. Daily was in Butler on Monday of this week on legal business. By the way, Michael is very busy these days looking after the tax delinquents.

Len Yough has started up a new News Depot in the Kilroy barber shop. Come boys and get your news cheap. X.

GRESHAM, Carlisle, Lamont and Bissel will be in Cleveland's cabinet.

The O'Donnell Trial.

Hugh O'Donnell, the chairman of the famous Advisory Committee at Homestead during the strikes was placed on trial before Judge Stowe, in Pittsburg, Monday, and plead not guilty, to the charge of murdering J. C. Conners.

Some trouble was experienced in selecting a jury, as many men were challenged by each side, and it was not until one o'clock that the twelfth jury man was selected and placed in the box. The jury as made up finally was as follows:

Ered Vogel, dairyman; William Richardson, policeman; Charles Buckler, clerk; John Sproul, bricklayer; M. J. Byrne, liveryman; Henry Brooker, farmer; A. C. Flood, laborer; Henry Eisenhaur, shoemaker; John McGann, paper hanger; John Geisler, molder; Peter Stragen, miner, and William Drample, waiter.

The attorneys for the prosecution are District Attorney Burleigh, John S. Robb, D. F. Patterson and Capt. E. Y. Breck, while the defense is handled by Maj. Montooth and Messrs. Erwin, Cox, Reardon, and Brennen.

Dr. Moore S. McKennan of the West Penn Hospital was the first witness called. He attended the ambulance which hauled Conners from the Union depot to the hospital on the evening of July 6. His testimony was the same as that given in the trial of Jack Clifford. He was followed by Supt. Cowan of the hospital, Rev. Father Lynch who administered the last rites of the church to Connors, and by several other unimportant witnesses.

Capt. Cooper, of the Pinkerton forces was then called to the stand. His testimony was the same as that given in the Critchlow and Clifford trials, and was the story of the embarkation at Bellevue and the trip up the river to Homestead, the subsequent fight and surrender at the mill landing. He was on the stand an hour and fifteen minutes when court adjourned at 4:30 until 9 o'clock next morning.

Tuesday, the Court room was crowded. Capt's Cooper and Burt, and Jos. Malloy of the Pinkerton force in the barge were examined, and their evidence was similar to that in the previous trials.

Deputy Sheriff Joseph Gray was next put on the stand, and gave in detail the work done on the barges at Homestead. He told how orders had been issued not to fire on the men on the bank, and how when the barges were nearing the shore and the bullets were flying thickly that some of the men had come to him and asked if they were to stand such a fusillade without returning it. He said he had told them there was as yet no necessity for firing by the men on the barges, as no one had yet been injured, but when some of the men on the boat had been hit he had given orders to fire. His description of the journey of the Little Bill from the doomed barges to Port Perry and the return and the futile attempt of the crew to pull in and catch the barges was interesting and was listened to with the closest attention.

In the course of his story Mr. Gray told how the pilot was driven from his house by the storm of bullets and how he had met him at the foot of the stairs and they together had lain down flat on the bottom of the boat until the craft drifted beyond range of the marksmen on the shore. His cross-examination was very brief.

F. B. McQuiston a newspaper reporter was the next witness called. He testified that he was in Homestead on the morning of July 6 and was among the men who gathered on the river bank to oppose the landing of the Pinkertons. He had come Mr. O'Donnell on the bank of the river just before the firing began from the barges. Later in the day, in the company with Mr. Martin, a reporter, he had taked into the millyard by O'Donnell, who offered to pilot them safely around. Witness visited the office with O'Donnell and saw a man pointing a gun toward the boats on the river bank. Mr. McQuiston said that O'Donnell had at this said: "Come away, boys; you don't want to be in a position to give testimony." Witness and O'Donnell then went into the cupola of the steel-works and had a view of the battle. When it was time to come down the witness said O'Donnell had said he would make everything safe and had stepped to the side of the building and waved his handkerchief to some one, at which the witness and O'Donnell passed down and out of the yard.

George Campbell, editor of the West Elizabeth *Star*, was next called and said he got to the mill early in the morning of the fight and remained all day. He was in the cupola with O'Donnell and others. While they were pumping the oil on the barges the witness was standing on the river bank and heard someone behind him say: "That is no way. Build a raft, load it with oil, set fire to it and let it float down against them." He turned around and saw it was O'Donnell. On cross-examination witness said he did not know for sure that O'Donnell said that, but he heard the words and on looking around saw O'Donnell standing there.

Kirk Richardson of Mt. Union college, who was on July 6 a reporter for the Homestead Local News, who testified in the Clifford trial, was then sworn. He also had been up in the cupola and heard O'Donnell say, "What's the matter with boarding them?" This remark he made more to himself, as though thinking alond, than to anyone else. On cross-examination he said most of the men in the cupola were newspaper correspondents.

Mr. Brennen at this point asked if Mr. O'Donnell was not himself a correspondent for a newspaper, but Mr. Robb objected The objection was overruled by Judge Stowe, however, who said:

"It is proper and fair that the defese should try to make out that the prisoner was in the works in his capacity as a newspaper correspondent."

No further attempt, however was made to prove that O'Donnell was working in the interests of any paper, and Harry Goshorn, a Pittsburg reporter, was called to the stand. He had been up in the cupola and corroborated the former witness in what he saw. In a conversation with O'Donnell about the matter he said speaking to several men, "Gentlemen, this is no longer a riot. It is a revolution.

Robert G. Herbert, another reporter, was then called and said he was at Homestead on the morning of the riot. He did not see O'Donnell when the barges landed nor until much later in the day. Some humorous turns were introduced when the witness was asked to give some idea of the noise on the streets before the barges arrived that morning. Herbert described the actions of the people on that morning and said: "They made loud strange noises." Attorney Breck at this point said:

"Can't you give us some definite idea of the noise made by the people?"

Mr. Herbert looked surprised but the judge with a smile came to his rescue by saying:

"Not here Mr. Herbert. I must object to your giving any warwhoops in court even at your attorneys demand."

The tipstaves could scarcely command order after this sally of his honor, but in a few minutes the witness was allowed to proceed. He said the scenes of the riot were beyond anything he had ever before seen, and it was the first fuss of the kind "behad ever had the pleasure of enjoying."

"Did you enjoy that fight?" asked attorney Breck.

"Indeed I did," said Mr. Herbert, at which Hugh O'Donnell, his honor, and the audience joined in laughter. Court then adjourned to 9 o'clock next morning.

On Wednesday several witnesses testified to hearing O'Donnell giving orders, and the prosecution closed.

THE Republican members of the Kansas House of Representatives took possession of the Hall by force, Wednesday, and barricaded it. The military was ordered out, and the State Capitol is surrounded.

Washington Notes.

Silver won by nine votes in the House, Thursday, and the bill to repeal the Sherman law died.

The Senate on Saturday passed a car-coupler bill by a vote of 39 to 10. The bill requires all interstate railroads to provide safe couplers within a certain time.

FERDINAND LESSEPS, the old French engineer, who built the Suez canal, and tried to build the one at Panama, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years in Paris, last Thursday; his son got three years, and three others of the embezzlers two years each.

A CONFERENCE of the women in this State who desire the right of suffrage will be held in Harrisburg on the twenty-third day of this month to formulate a plan whereby they can secure the desired end. The call for the meeting is made by the Woman's Suffrage association of this State.

LONDON was excited Monday, over Gladstone's speech, presenting his plans for Ireland. Gladstone patterned a form of Government for that country somewhat after that of the United States, with all internal affairs regulated by the Home Government.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

The rabbits of the counties to the West of us, and in Eastern Ohio, ruined thousands of apple trees, while the snow was deep.

The supply of gas for the Ford City Plate Glass Works has failed and the Works now require 18 cars of 400 bushels each, or 7200 bushels of coal a day.

The Stevensons of Mercer county are all tall. The *Dispatch* says that John Stevenson, of Salem township, is the tallest man in the county. He stands 6 feet, 7¼ inches; his weight is 250 pounds. He has five sons whose average height is 6 feet, 3 inches.

The number of applicants for license in Pittsburg this year was 663, against 689 of last year.

A man from the country was in a neighboring town with a rat story, the other day. He said they were threshing grain and had come to the bottom of a stack. A large number of rats were in the bottom and they had to escape through a path that had been trodden in the snow. The man's dog stood in the path and as the rats came along swallowed them as they came till he had lunched on 17.

According to reports Cambridgeboro has a young lad that should be severely dealt with. He is aged about eighteen years and makes his home with T. A. Agnew, of that place. Mr. Agnew recently had occasion to leave home for a couple of weeks and requested the boy to attend the horses during his absence. It seems that the boy was not on very good terms with Mr Agnew, so upon his return he asked how the were getting along, and was astonished to hear that the boy had not been near the horses during his absence. Upon going to the barn he foune two of the horses dead and the third died soon afterward. They had starved to death.

The Mercer paper report that there seemed to be a general drunk in that town last Saturday night. A man who was on the street at a late hour reported that at least fifty men and boys were in an intoxicated condition, and some of them were beastly drunk.

The enormous quantity of heavy ice in the lakes this season will make navigation late in opening this season.

A floating hotel on Lake Chautauqua is talked of.

The McKeesport (Pa.) *Herald* declares, and gives a table of figures to support the declaration, that the tax-payers of that city have been saved nearly $2,500 in the past year by the introduction of the free text-book system into the public schools.

Jesse Jones, aged over 102 years died last Saturday at the Armstrong County Poor Farm. He originally came from Indiana county, but for many years had been a charge on the county. He is said to have served in the war of 1812. The cause of his death was old age.

OUR National Government has established a protectorate over the Sandwich Islands.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

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Everything that is new in S Hats. Our $1.50 and $2.00 are wonders for the money.

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All the new blocks in Silk Hats.

Greatest line of Furnishing Goods we ever had.

An inspection will be an advantage to any one.

COLBERT & DALE,

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Large Display of Handsome Fabrics for FALL AND WINTER.

Hotel Butler,

J. H. FAUBEL, Prop'r.

This house has been thoroughly renovated, remodeled, and refitted with new furniture and carpets; has electric bells and all other modern conveniences for guests, and is as convenient, and desirable a home for strangers as can be found in Butler, Pa.

Elegant sample room for use of commercial men.

W. H. O'BRIEN & SON.

[Successors of Schutte & O'Brien.]

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One square west of Main St., on Mifflin St. All good, safe horses; new buggies and carriages. Landaus for weddings and funerals. Open day and night. Telephone No. 24.

WILLIAM KENNEDY.

The well-known liveryman, Wm. Kennedy, will be pleased to have his friends call at his new place of business. The Best Horses, Buggies and Carriages in Butler at the most reasonable rates. The place is easily remembered. The first stable west of the Lowry House

WANTED.

Agents to sell our choice and Hardy Nursery Stock. We have many special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

ADVERTISERS this paper, or gather estimates as accordingly spent, when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 & 49 Randolph St. Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

DEATHS.

MUDER—At her home in Saxonburg, Wednesday, Feb. 8, 1893, Mrs. Muder, wife of John E. Muder Esq., aged about 68 years.

Mrs. Muder was sick but a short time, and her death was sudden and unexpected. She was buried at Saxonburg cemetery Sunday.

SMITH—At her home in Laneville, Feb. 6, 1893, of consumption, Mrs. Jacob Smith, aged — years.

RIDDLE—At his residence in Martinsburg, Jan. 26, 1893, James D. Riddle, a former resident of Slippery Rock, aged 73 years.

HENRY—At her home in Butler twp., Feb. 8, 1893, widow of John Henry.

SALLINGER—At his home in Renfrew, Feb. 9, 1893, John Sallinger, aged about 59 years.

BROWN—At her home in Centre twp., Feb. 9, 1893, wife of Thomas Brown.

ROENIGK—Feb 9, 1893, infant child of Jacob Reinigk of Centre twp.

WURHUS—At his home in Allegheny, Feb. 11, 1893, M. W. Warhus, aged 41 years.

GRAHAM—At his home in Cherry twp., near Monitean, Feb. 13, 1893, Thomas Graham, aged about 60 years.

WICK—At her home in Butler, Feb. 13, 1893, Nannie J. Wick, wife of Walter Wick, aged 24 years. She was a daughter of George Miller, and was buried at Sunbury, Thursday.

BROWN—At her home in Springdale, Saturday, Feb 11, 1893, Sadie E. Brown, wife of Adolphus Brown, aged 32 years. She was a daughter of Frederick Stock, dec'd.

PFEIFFER—At his home in Forward township, February 12, 1893, Adam Pfeiffer.

RAPE—At Allegheny, Pa., Tuesday evening, February 7, 1893, Emma C., daughter of Wm. Rape, of Forward township, aged 20 years, 4 months and 23 days.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Major G. W. Reed, of Butler, died suddenly at 11 o'clock, today, Thursday, aged about 90 years. Obituary notice next week.

Mrs. Emma J. Gold, of Butler, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Kline, living near Reidsburg, on Tuesday, Jan. 31, 1893, aged 27 years, 4 months and 12 days, her remains being interred at Churchville.—Clarion *Gazette*.

DO YOU EXPECT TO PAPER YOUR ROOM THIS YEAR?

Will you endure an old, dirty paper on your room, when you can get enough new and cheerful *wall paper* to paper it at a cost of less than you can buy so much wrapping paper?

We sell our papers now at a price to suit you and without regard to cost. Our aim is, to reduce stock.

WE MUST SELL and you cannot help but buy if you call at

J. H. Douglass'.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Ven. Ex., Fi. Fa., Lev. Fa., &c., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler Co., Pa., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Butler, on

Monday, the 6th day of March,

A. D. 1893, at 1 o'clock p. m, the following described property, to-wit:—

E D No 53, march Term, 1893. Thompson & Son., Attorneys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Mary Borland, dec'd, which she had at and immediately before her death, and of James Borland, executor of the last will of Mary Borland, deceased, and also of James Borland, devisee, etc., in and to a certain lot of land situated in 5th wd., Butler Boro, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by Clay street, east by Robert Fowser, south by an alley, and west by Wright; fronting 100 feet, more or less, on Clay street and extending same width south to an alley.

ALSO—Of, in and to a certain lot of land, situated in Butler Boro, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by Adam May, east by P Pfaff, south by Mifflin street, and west by George Keck; fronting 60 feet on Mifflin street and extending back same width to lot of Adam May; containing one and one-half story brick house and outbuildings thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Salbach at the suit of W J Adams for use, etc.

E. D. No. 131, March T, 1893. W. D. Brandon Attorney.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Norman Graham, dec'd, J D Graham and Geo M Graham, Adm'rs of the estate of Norman Graham, dec'd, and Elizabeth I. Graham, of, in and to 32 4-10 acres of land, more or less, situate in Connoquenessing twp, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of D Duncan, east by land of R S Henry, south by part of same tract, known as purpart No—, west by part of same tract known as purpart No—, said land being known as purpart No. 4 and being 82 perches long and 63 57-100 perches wide. Mostly timber land. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Norman Graham, dec'd, J D Graham, Geo M Graham, Adm'rs of the estate of Norman Graham, dec'd and Elizabeth I. Graham at the suit of Birmingham Fire Insurance Company, for use of W. D. Brandon.

E. D. No's 142 and 139, March T, 1893. Williams & Mitchell, and Clarence Walker, Attys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of William H. Ritter, of in and to certain lot of land, situate in Butler borough, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of B C Huselton, east by Main or High street, south by Jefferson street, and west by lot now or formerly owned by Geo. Kearns, dec'd; said lot being a frontage of 22 feet on the said Main street and extending back along Jefferson St, and said lot of B C Huselton 99 feet, and having a large two-story brick store building erected thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of William H Ritter at the suit of Thomas W Phillips, et al.

E. D. No. 116, March Term, 1893. Jas. B. Mates, Attorney.

All the right, title interest and claim of S L Markwell, of, in and to all that certain lot of land, situated in Butler Boro, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lot No. 46 in Mrs. Mackey's plan of lots in said borough, east by Fairview avenue, south by lot No. 48 in said plan of lots, and on the west by Cherryway; and being 40 feet front and running back parallel lines the same width 425 feet to Cherryway, and being lot No. 47 in Mrs Sarah Mackey's plan of lots as aforesaid, and having a two story frame house and outbuildings thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of S L Markwell at the suit of Anna E Rowland.

E. D. No. 119, March Term, 1893. Coulter and Baker, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of W S Dobson, of, in and to certain lot of land, situated in village of Branchton, Slippery Rock twp., Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lot of B and Geo Bovard, east by lands C B and Geo Bovard, south by lands C B and Geo Bovard, and on west by lands of public road; with a one story frame dwelling house, coal house and outbuildings erected thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of W S Dobson at the suit of T W Ferguson.

E. D. No. 134, March Term, 1893. McQuistion and Vanderlin, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of W S Williams, of, in and to a certain lot of land, situated in Karns City Boro, Fairview twp, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of A Fleeger, east by lands of A Fleeger, south by lands of Coulter heirs, west by lands of Davis heirs and Heck; being mostly cleared land. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Jacob H Albert at the suit of Hardt & Futill.

TERMS OF SALE—The following must be strictly complied with when property is stricken down.

1. When the plaintiff or other lien creditor becomes the purchaser the cost on the writ must be paid and a list of the liens including mortgage searches on the property sold together with such lien creditor's receipt for the amount of the proceeds of the sale or such portion thereof as he may claim must be furnished the Sheriff.

2. All bids must be paid in full.

3. All sales not settled immediately will be continued until 1 o'clock p. m. of next day, at which time all property not settled for will be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom first sold.

*See Purdon's Digest, 9th edition, page 446, and Smith's Forms, page 334.

WILLIAM M. BROWN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Butler, Pa., Feb. 15th, 1893.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that David Osborne assignee of Wm. A. Osborne, has filed his account in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Pa., at M's D. No. 28 March T, 1891; and that the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday the 8th day of March, 1893.

JOHN W. BROWN, Pro.

Prothonotary's Office, Feb. 6, 1893.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Black, committee of Benjamin McCallen, a lunatic, has filed his account in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Pa., at C. P. No. 4, Sept T, 1861; and that the same will be presented to said court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893.

JOHN W. BROWN, Pro.

Prothonotary's Office, Feb. 6, 1893.

Election Notice.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Mechanics B. & L. Association will be held at their office on Feb. 13, 1893, at 7 p. m. for the purpose of electing a board of Directors for the ensuing year, and such other business that may come before the meeting.

D. E. DALE, Pres. C. A. ABRAMS, Sec'y.

Financial Statement of Butler County for the Year Ending Jan. 2, 1893.

Levy and Assessment for 1892.

TOWNSHIPS.	Valuation.	County Tax.	State Tax.
Adams	$ 427 038	$2135 19	$ 467 07
Allegheny	254 744	1273 72	56 [illegible]
Buffalo	380 272	1901 36	109 26
Brady	911 540	1667 70	102 29
Butler	328 720	1643 60	169 76
Clinton	350 460	1754 08	71 66
Clay	318 996	1594 98	65 63
Cherry	375 454	1877 27	68 44
Cranberry	343 062	1715 31	136 24
Connoquenessing	296 804	1429 02	73 62
Concord	204 104	1020 52	327 41
Clearfield	235 360	1176 84	105 14
Concord	288 204	1441 37	76 60
Donegal	554 616	1323 08	279 9[illegible]
Forward	362 502	1812 51	831 36
Fairview	320 572	1602 86	229 62
Franklin	289 908	1449 53	44 52
Jefferson	346 880	1734 40	295 88
Jackson	319 486	1597 43	175 60
Lancaster	285 774	1428 87	125 [illegible]
Marion	253 706	1268 53	78 74
Mercer	154 188	770 94	57 32
Middlesex	375 324	1876 62	292 67
Muddycreek	263 544	1317 72	28 80
Oakland	274 938	1374 69	164 97
Penn	241 200	1206 00	482 20
Perry	279 980	1399 90	256 20
Summit	290 676	1453 38	202 82
Slipperyrock	362 618	1818 09	153 26
Venango	235 978	1179 89	225 [illegible]
Washington	304 398	1521 99	145 59
Winfield	260 478	1347 39	262 65
Worth	218 [illegible]	1090 [illegible]	115 00
Butler Borough	2 175 334	10876 77	2100 55
Centreville "	86 656	423 28	169 88
Evans City "	98 680	493 40	482 88
Fairview "	36 924	180 12	106 28
Harmony "	110 166	550 84	93 95
Harrisville "	61 194	305 97	35 24
Karns City "	28 226	141 13	13 88
Millerstown "	163 818	519 09	240 02
Prospect "	58 094	290 47	100 42
Petrolia "	43 986	219 93	96 65
Portersville "	41 822	209 16	37 80
Saxonburg "	94 670	473 35	369 09
Sunbury "	41 686	208 43	23 27
Zelienople "	139 396	651 98