THE CITIZEN

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893.

Entered at Postoffice at Butler as 2d class matter

WILLIAM C. ROBLEY, - Publisher

State Convention for January 3d.

The Delegates elected to the last Republican Convention are hereby requested to meet at the Opera House in the city of Harrisburg on Wednesday, Jan. 3d, at 12 o'clock, noon, of said day, for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress-man-at-large to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Wm. Lilly.

HORACE B. PACKER, Chairman.
Attest JERE B. REX, Sec'y.

THE vacancy in the Pennsylvania Congressional delegation; caused by the death of Gen. William Lilly will be filled at the regular February election. Chairman Gilkerson says the Republican State convention of this year will be recalled to meet in Harrisburg on the 3d of January to nominate a candidate for Congressman-at-Large, and already several gentlemen have been suggested for the honor. George A. Castor, of Philadelphia, who has tried several times, will once more enter the arena with practically the solid endorsement of the Philadelphia delegation. It is also said that he is acceptable to C. L. Magee and other party leaders. Representative Austin L. Taggart has been endorsed by the Montgomery county Republicans and other sections of the State are presenting their favorite sons. The Democrats will probably go through the motions of setting up a candidate to be knocked down.—Harrisburg *Telegraph.*

Protest of the Oil Producers.

An informal meeting, in which a number of prominent oil men participated, was held at the office of E. H. Jennings & Bros, in Pittsburg last Thursday. The object of the meeting was to discuss, from a producers' standpoint, the placing of crude and refined petrolium oil on the free list as proposed by the Wilson bill.

J. M. Guffey, P. M. Shannon, E. H. Jennings, Bernard Forst, John Galloway and other representative oil men addressed the meeting, and all denounced the measure in the most bitter terms.

The meeting unanimously adopted a protest which will be sent to Congress. The protest recites that the development of the Russian oil fields, which are owned by the Rothchilds, the Bakou Standard Company, and the Noble Bros. has recently attained such proportions that the quantity of oil produced there is now double that of American fields; that these Russian oils are produced at such low cost that they have already virtually driven the American oil from foreign markets, and if the provisions of the Wilson bill, as now proposed, are now adopted, they must immediately gain control of the American market also, the inevitable result of which will be the destruction of the American oil business; that the importation of foreign oils cannot result in any reciprocal exchange a commodities, for the reason that the vessels used to carry oil cannot, owing to their peculiar construction, be used for the transporation of any other commodity, and such a policy will result in the destruction of the home industry without compensating advantages of our country.

The protest further says: "We desire to call your attention to the importance of our industry by stating that conservative estimates place the sum invested in this Commonwealth alone, in the production of crude petroleum, at $60,000,000—the annual product at 29,000,000 barrels—the value to the producer, at present low prices, at more than $22,000,000 and the number of persons directly employed at 15,000.

"We would earnestly urge upon the importance of using every effort to defeat this measure as proposed, and insist upon the present duty, and if any change be made, the duty should be increased, rather than reduced."

It was agreed that P. M. Shannon, chairman of the committee, have 1,000 copies of the protest printed and placed in the hands of all those interested in defeating the proposed measure. After to-day these blank petitions for signatures can be had by applying to or addressing P. M. Shannon, 108 Fourth avenue. After being properly signed they will be returned to Mr. Shannon, and he in turn will forward them to Washington.

A SUMMARY of the work done in the State Department for the current year shows that 422 foreign corporations have been granted permission to do business in Pennsylvania since January 1st, 1893; during the same period 522 general corporations have been chartered under the act of 1874; 79 building and loan associations have been granted charters, 9 natural gas comanies, 2 co-operative association companies, 105 street railways, 9 insurance companies, 5 bank renewals have been granted, 2 banks have been chartered; 20 steam railways have been chartered, and 17 street railways. Many of the building and loan associations charters are only renewals, although they have the force of new charters inasmuch as the business of the old firms was wound up entirely and the companies started afresh. Under the "general corporation" group is included charters granted to electrical companies, water companies, manufacturing companies, etc. While the showing is good for the past year, it is still not as good as usual.—Harrisburg *Telegraph.*

Washington Notes.

On Thursday it was said that the Wilson bill would be presented to the House the following Wednesday. There was a striking spectacle presented in the corridors leading to the committee room where the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee were holding their star chamber deliberations over the tariff schedules of the Wilson bill. They were thronged with anxious representatives of nearly every industry of the United States all desiring to plead for some modification of the changes that threatened their prosperity, if not their very existence. But they were given no hearing, save when they could partly pour their petitions into the unwilling ears of some member on his way to or from the conference.

It was a scene that the whole people of the United States should have witnessed, and well deserved ex-Speaker Reed's caustic comment: "The Democratic members of the committee are holding a back-stairs conference, where they are disposing of the country's industries at retail."

THE meeting of the Lincoln League last Friday evening was well attended. S. F. Bowser, Esq., made the speech of the evening, and short speeches were also made by Capt. Fleeger, Hon. D. B. Douthett and others. A subject was agreed upon for the meeting of next Friday evening, upon which each member present will be expected to express an opinion. The Revised Constitution will also be voted upon at next meeting. An effort will be made to change the time of meeting from Friday to Monday evenings.

HON. JAMES BIERY of Lehigh County, is mentioned in the Eastern part of the State as a proper man to nominate for Congressman at Large in General Lilley's place. Mr. Biery was born in Venango county, went to Lehigh county and in 1872 was elected to Congress from that district. He is represented as being a very good and able man and consistent Republican.

Stubborn Facts.

All along the line the oil producers are taking vigorous action against the proposal to put petroleum on the free list. From Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Wyoming and California protests are pouring into Washington. Operators are becoming thoroughly aroused to the danger that confronts them, and they do not mean to let judgment go by default. The meetings in Oil City and Pittsburg voiced the general feeling, setting the ball rolling in good style. Yet the movement has only started. If success is to crown it, no effort must be spared. The need is pressing, the time is short and not a moment should pass unimproved. Deluge Congress with petitions and remonstrances to show that the oil interests do not intend to be placed in jeopardy without a manly struggle for self-preservation. That enlightened public sentiment will be heartily with them when the facts are understood properly cannot be doubted.

Never in its history has a graver exigency menaced the oil industry. While more oil was exported last year than ever before, how was this accomplished? Look at these figures, which give the exports for three years:

Year	No. of Gallons.	Value.
1890	692,042,822	$52,270,952
1891	667,297,935	45,351,975
1892	740,905,237	42,283,163

These figures are wonderfully significant. Although the number of gallons increased, see how their value diminished. Compare 1890 and 1892. For forty-eight millions of gallons more oil, sent abroad in 1893, ten millions of dollars less were received. At this rate of shrinkage, how long will it required to drive American oil from foreign markets? Is Russian oil not a formidable competitor? To-day is supplies Austria with 100 per cent of the kerosene used in that country; Italy with 38 per cent, Turkey with 99 per cent, India with 62 per cent, France with 23 per cent, and even England with 31 per cent. In the face of all this, the Wilson bill coolly proposes to wipe out the tariff and let Russia flood the United States with oil free of duty! Could anything more stupid and unpatriotic be conceived? The one fault with the existing arrangement is that the tariff is too small and ought to be made virtually prohibitory.

It is idle to under-rate the quality of Russian oil, to talk of it as unmerchantable and to argue that America has nothing to fear from the Baku fields. True, the crude is inferior, as it comes from the wells, to the Pennsylvania article. Its average yield is about 31 per cent, one-half the average here. But its volatile propensities can be evaporated easily, leaving a distillate which yields ninety per cent of water-white oil, fit to burn in any lamp on earth. Besides this, an excellent lubricant is obtained, equal to the best in this Commonwealth. This distillate can be loaded on Russian vessels and landed in New York at about the price of pipeage from Bradford to the Atlantic coast! The Baku wells are sunk by poor wretches whose wages average nineteen cents a day. Such is the labor with which the petroleum clause of the Wilson bill would have American workmen compete! Isn't it time to call a halt and either let petroleum alone or increase the tariff upon it ten-fold?

Within the past month the three wealthy companies owning and operating the Russian dis ricts have been practically merged into one. Their object is to present a united front and secure complete control of the European and Asiatic markets. Government assistance is to be given, in providing adequate facilities for transportation, to carry out this project and monopolize the trade. Shall the American congress help this scheme of spoilation by removing the sole barrier in the way of putting the oil producers of five States at the mercy of the Rothschilds?

There might be some consolation for destroying the producers of this country, were American consumers to derive a corresponding benefit. What advantage, if any, would the latter gain from the importation of Russian oil? So low is the price of refined, owing largely to the utilization of refuse formerly wasted, that it could be furnished very little cheaper, although crude sold for nothing. American oil is rich in certain products which Russian oil does not possess, hence it can be refined more cheaply, because other valuable articles derived from it help to pay the cost of manufacture. For this reason, among others, the difference in price to the consumers would be really inappreciable. Surely the most ardent advocate of "tariff reform" would not desire to bring into effect a condition of affairs utterly disastrous to the oilmen, without compensating profit to the masses of American consumers of American petroleum.

This is the situation in a nutshell. Don't waste time and breath denouncing the movement as a "Standard job." Producing oil is merely a secondary branch of the Standard's business, which is mainly refining. If Russian oil be brought to New York at a price lower than American, the Standard can buy it, refine it there and pipe the product to the interior. Producers must not be misled by the raising of any false issue. It is upon them the blow will fall, should petroleum be put on the free list and Russian oil be shipped to the Atlantic coast. The crisis should be met bravely, manfully and unitedly. Let wisdom and quiet determination rule. Do quickly whatever is to be done to help the common cause. Modifying the Wilson bill, as announced in the Washington reports is all right as far as it goes, but it stops short too soon. Russia would offset it at once by abolishing its tariff on petroleum, which is really of no account, because not a gallon of American oil can ever go into a land which produces crude at three cents a barrel. Mark this well, and don't rest satisfied with the modification of the bill. Producers, gird on your armor and get on the right side immediately.—*Derrick.*

Got the Bomb-Thrower.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—August Vaillant, alias Marchal, a resident of the suburb Choisy le Roi, an Anarchist, shrew a bomb in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. He made a confession this morning.

The bomb was thrown while the Chamber was engaged in routine proceedings. The floor was filled with Ministers and Deputies, and the galleries were crowded with spectators. The bomb, which, in addition to the explosive, contained a lot of horse shoe nails and scrap iron, was dropped from an upper gallery and was exploded by a time fuse before it reached the floor of the Chamber, hurling its deadly contents in all directions. A shriek of horror arose in unison from the members and spectators, and amid the blinding smoke and cries and groans of the injured, the thousand people in the Chamber made a wild rush to reach the outer rooms.

Nobody was killed, but about 100 people were more or less injured. Many will bear the marks of their wounds for life, while several have been incurably crippled. President Deputy was cut in the cheek and Senator Biller received severe flesh wounds. Although injured, M. Dupuy retained his presence of mind, and after the first wave of excitement was over, he rang his bell, restored order and said:

"Such outrages cannot disturb the Chamber. We shall continue our labors, and, after we exhaust the order of the day, the Chamber's officials will do their duty in regard to the outrage."

His speech was loudly cheered, and following his courageous example, M. Montford ascended the tribune and in a perfectly steady voice took up the discussion of the question before the House as if nothing had happened. When the discussion closed, M. Casimir-Perier, the Prime Minister said that he felt compelled to assure the House that the Government would do its duty. He said:

"Society has laws with which to defend itself against such crimes as the one just committed, and we shall not hesitate to use them to protect our institutions."

Meanwhile the wounded were removed to the ante-chambers and their wounds dressed.

THE Anarchist Vaillant who threw the bomb into the French Chamber of Deputies lived for a year at Williamsport, Pa., where he was employed as a decorator and finisher by the Backus Mfg. Co.

The Queen of Hawaii.

New Yorld World, Dem.

The idea of the United States setting up anybody in the monarch business is grotesque. It is likewise shocking to all the sentiments bred in us by a lifelong study of the Declaration of Independence and other documentary expressions of fundamental American ideas on the subject of government.

But the opera bouffe suggestion is magnified in its grotesqueness when the proposal is that our Government shall engage in this sort of work on behalf of such a queen as Liliuokalani. It is worth while to ask, Who is this women, anyhow? What are her claims and qualifications?

She enjoys, for one thing, the distinction of being the grandaughter of the first man ever hanged in Hawaii for wife murder. She is the daughter of a drunken Kanaka, a Honolulu bummer who was elevated to the throne without the least shadow of claim even under the successions laws. This man, Lunalilo, was "elected" under certain forms and was specially urged to quit his dissolute habits by way of maintaining his kingly dignity. But there was no Keeley cure in Hawaii then, and he proceeded with truly royal disregard of the proprieties to drink himself to death in a year.

At the suggestion of Mark Twain, "King Bill," Kalakana, Lunalilo's son, succeeded to the throne and the sideboard, and when he drank himself to death in due course he named his sister, Liliuokalani, as his successor.

She was the reputed wife at one time of John Domina, a mongrel of American and Kanaka decent, who seems to have been a descent fellow deserving a better fate. Death kindly released him long ago.

Since that time his Kanaka royal spouse has led a dissolute life so openly in defiance of decency that decency has ceased to complain of it. Her present paramour is one Wilson, a mongrel of Kanaka and Tahitan extraction, whom she made marshal of the palace and practical ruler of the realm.

Liliuokalani is about 55 years old—old enough to know better. But her dissoluteness of life remains untempered by the discretion of advancing years. She is a Kanaka only a few generations removed from cannibalism. She is slow of intellect, but furtively shrewd in intrigue. Her tastes are Kanakan and uncivilized. Her ambitions are reactionary.

This woman undertook so set aside the somewhat enlightened Constitution framed under American influence for the restraint of her ignorance and barbarism. Out of this attempt at reaction grew the revolution which created a Provisional Government. That Government is composed of the best men in Hawaii, mostly Americans.

Prospect and Vicinity.

Be it observed that:

J. P. Miller and Charlie Blair have returned to Beaver Falls where they work in the nail mill.

The Boehm sisters recently spelled the High School scholars down in a contest.

Jim Grove has been working for J. C. Kelly of late.

No doubt Charlie Massey thinks it quite thin to have the trouble of shooting a couple of rabbits, and then have to give them up to the owner of the farm, who would be 20 cents ahead thereby.

The churches are getting ready for Christmas services.

Miss Scheffer, of Clarion Co., is visiting her uncle and aunt, Rev. Scheffer and wife.

Mrs. G. P. Weigle was the guest of Miss Aggie Kennedy, southwest of town not long since.

In a spelling bee at the Mile Run school recently, Belle Hays and Maudie Weigle were the last to go down.

Miss Mollie English has recovered from an attack of tiedouloureux.

Mrs. S. J. McKinnis and daughter, Zella are sick at present with pneumonia.

Sam Kennedy, John Weigle, May and Matthew Blair, Phil Sechler and Maude Beighley have been sufferers of grippe.

Landlord Boehm has put some very stylish furniture in the hotel office.

Bird Dick and May Teets were married last week. The happy couple are receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

Miss Ida Weigle has been enjoying herself the past week with the mumps.

Jake Albert, John Barkley, Jake Weitzel Mrs. Elvira Weigle and Deimer Albert, of Hickory Corners, were in town last week.

Howard Shannon, Brittain McClintick, Howard McCandless, Tommy McClintick and Oscar McCandless, of Mile Run, were all in town, last Saturday, on business.

Alvy Riddle has opened a barber shop, and is now ready to make you look nice again.

Our P. M. says the mail matter has been coming to this office for a couple of weeks in very poor shape.

Samuel Weigle and son, W. G., were in Harmony, last Saturday, on business.

Rev. Scheffer and wife were the guests of Lot Wilson and family, of Muddycreek twp., one day last week.

J. S. White and Co., of Isle, have painted Plummer Badger's house.

J. C Miller was in Butler, last week, attending the funeral of his aged father.

Marion Henshaw is a public spirited, as well as a generous, man. He presented each of his hands a Thanksgiving turkey.

JO COSITY.

Butler's Man for Marshal.

Special to the Pittsburg Times.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Levingstone McQuistion, W. A. Forquer, C. M Heineman and Col. W. T. Mechling, of Butler, were here to-day in the interest of the latter for the United States Marshalship of the Western District. It is understood that Col Mechling is being pressed as a compromise candidate, but the supporters of the other candidates don't see it that way. Mr. Sibley claims that, as the United States District Attorney came from Mr. Kribbs's district, and the Collector of Internal Revenue from Mr. Sipes's, the Marshalship should go to his. As the matter stands now, it looks as though Maj. Walker, of Erie, had the best show for the appointment.

The Butler visitors seem to be the only persons heard from who are indifferent as to placing petroleum on the free list. Mr. Forquer said that the excitement in the oil regions over the matter was all humbug. "Only a few cranks are raising all the fuss," was his statement. As these gentlemen were here on an office-hunting expedition, they were probably wise in standing in with the powers that be.

Fairview Items.

Mrs F. M. Michaels is some worse, her life is now despaired of, and we learn that her husband is also sick and unable to be about.

Rev. McClure preached a very pleasing sermon on last Sunday night, to his congregation first, and then he addressed the Young American Mechanics to first seek their interest in the Kingdom of Heaven, and to be often found in the Sanctuary of worship. Those who don't believe in Secret Societies were also much pleased with his addres and we hope alike benefited.

There is going to be a new style of a social at the house of J. A. Wilson, in Fairview, known as the "Poverty Social" whose aim and purpose we suppose is to promote the best qualities of moral enjoyment as it was given out from the pulpit in the church. The time appointed is next Thursday evening.

DENT.

P. S.—Since I commenced writing I learn that Mrs. F. M. Michaels is dead. She died about 3 o'clock this morning.

AT Chicago, last Monday, the ninth juror for the Prendergast murder trial was secured.

AT a meeting of citizens of Pittsburg, Tuesday, a Relief Committe was organized, and twelve thousand dollars were subscribed at once.

The Evans City Monument.

The undersigned has been appointed by the G. A. R. Post of Evans City to inform the public through the medium of the press, what we have been doing in reference to the erection of a monument to the unknown dead, who volunteered in the defense of their country and perished in the rebellion, from 1861 to 1865.

A number of solicitors were appointed more than a year ago, to solicit subscriptions. They have labored energetically and faithfully, and procured enough to warrant the appointment of a committee, consisting of John Rohner, Esq., Dr. Wm. Irvine, Edward Dambach, Enos Barkey, Capt. J. P. Boggs, George Marburger, H. C. Boggs and your humble servant. Said committee to let a contract and superintend the erection of said monument. Committee organized by selecting your scribe as Chairman; Capt. J. P. Boggs Sec., and John Rohner, Treasurer.

On the 6th of Dec. Committee met, and after receiving bids from several parties, let the contract to our very worthy and efficient workman, Mr. J. B. Evans of Evans City, who was the lowest and best bidder. Said monument to cost about $1,500.

We have not the full amount subscribed, and our object in writing this short communication is to appeal to patriotic friends for help. The committee have assumed the responsibility of erecting a $1500 monument on a subscription of less than a $1000, and we appeal to a generous people to come over and help us, remembering that this is your monument as well as ours. It is to the memory of the soldiers' who lie in unknown and unmarked graves, who fell when the battle raged fiercest and where shot and shell flew thickest. And there is not a man, woman or child in this broad land but can claim it as their's and say, they died for me. Will you not help us to honor their memory? You need not send us large amounts, our list is made up of small sums, (of course, we will not refuse a liberal offering from any one) and we hope in the near future, that the entire amount may be paid in, and the monument erected, thereby gratefully remembering the valor and heroism of our nations defenders. Subscriptions can be sent to any member of our Committee.

D. B. DOUTHETT.

THE big steel-making project of the Rockafeller-Merritt syndicate has been declared off for the present on account of the pending Wilson bill and the existing depression of business. A test was made of the Adams process for producing steel, some time ago, and the big aitalists were satisfied with the results so far obtained. So well satisfied, in fact, that they have decided to adopt the process in a mill in Cleveland, where the band iron is made with which the Standard Oil Company hoops its barrels. The Cleveland plant does not merely supply hoop bands for the barrel-works in Cleveland, but its product is used in others of the many great barrel-works operated by the Standard Oil Company at other points. The process will also likely be used in the works of the American Steel Barge Company at Superior, Wis.

Pennsylvania's Finances.

The receipts at the State Treasury for the last fiscal year ending November 30, 1893 were $13,252,727.89. Among the revenues was an item about $1,300,000 collected by the Attorney General from corporations who had unsuccessfully appealed from the settlements of the Auditor General. The disbursements were $13,423,064.77, which included nearly the entire $5,000,000 school appropriation. The Treasury receipts for this year ended November 30,1892, were $10,248,759.08.

The increase of $2,503,958.81 in revenues was the result of the operations of the Boyer law, which increases the tax on corporation stock from 3 mills to 5 mills, and that on personal property from 3 to 4 mills. The increase of the corporation tax amounted to $1,314,064.67, and that of the personal property tax $1,266 637 93. The increase of the bank stock tax from 6 mills to 8 mills in one class, and from 3 mills to 4 mills in another class, did not augment the revenues from that source, as had been expected. For the year ended November 30, 1892, this tax was $535,694.76, while in the past year it reached only $530,222.79.

The foreign insurance companies operating in this State, increased their business largely, according to their payments into the State Treasury of tax on gross premiums, the amount having increased from $421,772 69 in 1892, to $463,252.59 in 1893. The wholesale liquor licenses from $418,688.86 to $565,728.21.

An exchange makes this mean slap at the dominant party: "A tax of ten cents a pack on playing cards and an increase in the whiskey tax shows that the Democrats are not disposed to ignore their share of the burden."

West Sunbury Items.

The Fall Term of our Academy closed Friday evening with the popular entertainment "The Deestrickt Skule." It was an entire success. The large audience that was present went away well satisfied with the production throughout.

This will give the teachers and students a well earned vacation of three weeks.

Prof. Knoch and Miss McNall left Saturday for their homes, where they expect to spend most of their vacation. Rev. D. Decker left Monday for the East. His intentions are to combine business with pleasure, to visit his friends and spend some time studying the methods of our Eastern schools, with a view to making some changes in his work and purchasing apparatus for his class-room.

The Winter Term although opening Jan 2d in reality has its beginning with the Music Convention by Prof. C. C. Case. This will begin Dec 27th and close with a grand con ert Jan. 1st. Prof. C. C. Case has the name of being one of the most jovial and good natured conductors of this country. This is his first visit to our county and lovers of music will have a rare opportunity of enjoying a musical treat.

Our brass band made its first appearance on our streets on Friday evening and to say that the music was fine is putting it very mild. Prof. Vincent has wrought a wonderful change.

We are glad to note that Mr. H. C. Hindman, our genial druggist, is improving and will soon be able to be among us again.

X.

Surprise Party in Connoquenessing Twp.

ED. CITIZEN:—Will you kindly allow space in your paper, to briefly give the particulars of a surprise party at the residence of Mr. Reuben Dutter, wife and family of Mt. Chestnut, Butler county, Pa.

On the morning of Dec 7, 1893, friends and neighbors began to assemble at the home of Mr. Reuben Dutter for the purpose of surprising Mrs. Dutter on that, her fiftieth birthday.

The ladies did their part excellently by the loadening of the tables with the best the neighborhood could afford.

While the men discussed many items of interest, the principal one being the Farmers' Institute. At 12 o'clock, dinner was announced and by 1 p.m. all of fifty couples had partaken of a hearty meal.

The meeting was then organized by electing Rev. Hassler, President and Mr. Dunn Campbell, Secretary. Rev. Hassler spoke ably and forcibly on the subject of such an occasion. Mr. Campbell then spoke of people eating too much on such gala days, the *sus* for instance. Mr. Ebenezer Dodds was then called upon and responded by saying that he has known the host and hostess for nearly half a century.

If space would permit I would give a list of the persons present.

The hour of departure having arrived, they departed to their different homes (leaving their best wishes with the family) feeling that a day so spent was not lost.

AN OBSERVER.

A Dairy Herd Affected

Dr. James A. Waugh, of Allegheny, and Dr. C. S. McKenna, of Washington, Pa., examined the dairy herd of Hiram Warne, of Canton township, Washington county, Wednesday for tuberculosis. The first named is acting under orders from the State Board of Agriculture, and will report at once to Thomas J. Edge, the secretary. The disease was found well developed in 5 out of 16 cow. It is thought the State will order the cattle killed and recompense Mr. Warne.

THE late General Wm. Lilly, Congressman at large, left an estate valued at $2,000,000. His will divides it among 13 relatives, nieces and nephews. He was a widower and left no children.

Grow for Congress.

Scranton *Republican.*

"Among the large number of names suggested for the succession to the seat in Congress made vacant by the death of General William Lilly are those of many Republicans of ability and some of them of former valuable service to this country, but there is one who in all respects looms high above all others. That one is the Hon. Galusha A. Grow, of Susquehanna County, long ago retired from active political life, but robust as ever in his Republicanism as well as in his physical and mental vigor. We can think of no Republican in Pennsylvania upon whom this waiting honor could be conferred by the party more deservedly nor with more grace. As Speaker of the National House of Representatives in the stirring war days of 1862, as father of that great national blessing to the poor man—the homestead law, as the fearless champion of free speech, free soil and free men before whom Southern fire eaters and slave drivers cowered, Galusha A. Grow achieved a national fame which has not become dimmed by intervening years.

"To confer upon this still vigorous survivor of the army of grand and fearless Republicans of the early days of the party the honor of a seat in the National House of Representatives from the State at large would reflect far more distinction upon the party and the Commonwealth than upon Mr. Grow. The State and the cause of Republicanism would be the gainers, for in Mr. Grow the delegation would be immensely strengthened for the battles that will be fought by the Republican minority of the present Congress on the tariff and other questions in the near future. Galusha A. Grow is still a giant in debate. It would be a most commendable and graceful act for all other aspirants to voluntarily stand aside and unite in making the nomination of Mr. Grow by acclamation. It would be only a just recognition of his splendid services to his country and to his party in the past."

THE great threshing machine firm of C. Altman & Co., went into the hands of a receiver last Monday. The firm is said to be solvent but short of ready cash.

THE Provisional Government of Hawaii is reported to be organiling for war, and will not submit peacefully to the restoration of Queen Lil.

Petersville Items.

Last Monday Mrs. Haley of Whitestown came over to Petersville on business and fell on the ice and broke her wrist and had to be taken home.

Donald Watson is no better—growing weaker day after day.

The protracted meetings are still going on in the M. E. Church, very good attendance is kept up Rev. Rader of Rochester, Pa., delivered two very fine sermons Sunday.

John Black has returned from Sistersville and expects to pump his well at Glade Run, if Russian, oil does bring the price down.

John Brandon's sale was well attended but bidding was slow and prices were low.

I Vote for Hood's

For I am satisfied it is an excellent remedy. I have been a minister of the M. E. church 40 years, and have suffered of late years with **rheumatism** and **dyspepsia.** Since taking four bottles of Hood's the rheumatism is entirely cured, my appetite is good, food digests well, and I have gained several pounds." REV. W. R. PUFFER, Richford, Vt. **Hood's Cures**

Hood's Pills cure biliousness. 25c. a box.

25 PER CENT.

Discount on trimmed and untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Birds, Wings and Fancy Feathers, ought to be a great inducement to bargain seekers besides being ½ less than our usual low prices. We have a large stock for you to select from.

Ask to see our ladies all wool vests at 68c.

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Announcements.

George W. Cable will begin in the January number a romance entitled "John March, Southerner."

Two other important serials have been engaged: J. M. Barrie, author of the famous "Little Minister," has written a new novel, the first since that famous story. George Meredith, the great English novelist, has in preparation a novel entitled "The Amazing Marriage."

Short Stories will be abundant.

W. D. Howells, Miss Eliot, W. H. Bishop, Ludovic Halevy, Paul Bourget, Joel Chandler Harris and many new writers will contribute.

Studies of American Life will be an important feature, including Newport, Bar Harbor, Lenox, etc, and the West.

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743, Broadway, New York.

NOTICE.

Wertz, THE WELL-known Artist and Photographer, formerly the head of the Wertz-Hardman Art Co., will open a Studio and Photo Parlors opposite the Hotel Lowry, Cor. Main and Jefferson Sts., Butler, Pa. This will be the best lighted and equipped Studio and galleries in the the county. The work will be strictly first class and made under new formulas by the artist himself, who has had 15 years practical experience in large cities. Portraits in Oil, Crayon, Sepia, Pastel, &c. In this line we have no competition, Our portraits are made by hand in our own Studio, from sittings or from photos. Our work has reached the highest standard of excellence and is not to be compared with the cheap machine made pictures furnished by others. Wait for us; get your pictures from us and be happy.

DEATHS

SMITH—Dec. 12, 1893, at his home in Pittsburg, Thomas, son of Richard Smith, aged 21 years.

MILLER—At his home in this place, Dec. 7, 1892, Andrew Miller, aged 80 years, 10 months and 21 days.

Mr. Miller was born in Bavaria, Germany, and came to Butler when a young man, about 60 years ago. He was therefore one of our oldest citizens and his death is the third one of those who have passed away within the last three weeks who had reached the age of more than four score years.

He was a brewer by trade and shortly after coming here carried on that business in what was then known as the Faller brewery, standing near the residence of the late Samuel eClymonds in the South side of town. After leaving there he purchased his present property on Main St and lived there until his death. He was a member of the Lutheran Church and was respected by all who knew him as a quiet, peaceable and industrious citizen. He leaves four sons and a daughter, 25 grandchildren and 11 great-grand children to mourn his departure.

The funeral services took place at his late residence on Saturday last conducted by Rev. Smith of the English Lutheran Church, assisted by Rev. Miller of Grace Lutheran Church. The funeral was largely attended and the remains laid in the South Cemetery.

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Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leaving strength.—*Late United States Government Food Report*

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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Administrators and Executors of estates can secure their receipt books at the CITIZEN office.

Auditor's Notice.

In re-assignment of J. F Shaffer to Chas F. Goehring for benefit of creditors. | In the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Ms. D. No. 3 Dec Term, 1892.

Dec 6, 1893 on motion of W H Lusk. Esq, for appointment of Auditor to distribute funds in hands of Assignee, R P Scott appointed Auditor.

BY THE COURT.

And now, Dec 7th, 1893, I, R P Scott, appointed Auditor as above stated hereby give notice that I will attend to the duties of said appointment at my office, No 10 S W Diamond, Butler, Pa, Wednesday, 27th of December, 1893 at 10 o'clock A M, at which time and place all parties interested are requested to appear.

R P SCOTT, Auditor.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the stockholders of the "Butler County Mutual Fire Insurance Co." will meet at the office of the company in Butler, on the second Tuesday of January 1894, (Jan. 8, 1894) between the hours of 1 and 2 P. M. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and attending to such other business as may come before them.

H. C. HEINEMAN, Sec'y.

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary on the estate of James Denny, dec'd late of Clearfield twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undesigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

CHARLES READ, Ex'r.
Cowansville,
Armstrong Co., Pa.

Executors' Notice.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Frederick Dambach Sr., dec'd., late of Jackson twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

FRED. S DAMBACH,
Connoquessing P. O.
HENRY DAMBACH,
Whitestown P. O.
} Executors.
W. D. Brandon,
Att'y.

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of Charles O'Donnell, dec'd, late of Clearfield twp., Butler Co., Pa having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for for settlement to

H. J. O'DONNELL, Adm'r.
S. F. Bowser, Carbon Centre,
Att'y. Butler Co., Pa.

Notice.

The general meeting of the Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Hannastown and vicinity will be held on the second Saturday of January, 1894, (Jan 13, 1894) at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Creamery building in Delano. All members are invited.

HENRY HECK, SEC'y.
A. KRAUSE, President. Denny P. O.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the "Worth Mutual Fire Insurance Co" to select officers for the ensuing year will be held in school house at West Liberty, the second Saturday of January at 10 o'clock a. m., being the 13th day, 1894.

JAMES HUMPHREY, Pres.
W. E. Taylor, Sec'y.

Notice.

Owing to the recent death of Wm. Campbell, the senior member of the firm of J. G. & W. Campbell, it becomes necessary for the new firm, which will continue under the name of J. G & W. Campbell to open a set of new books and close out the accounts of the old firm. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said firm or having claims due will please call for settlement at the old stand at once.

J. G. & W. CAMPBELL.

Dec. 1, 1893.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Frederick Burry, late of the twp. of Franklin, county of Butler and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Elizabeth Burry, resident of said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

MRS. ELIZABETH BURRY, Adm'rx.
Mt. Chestnut P O.
Butler Co., Pa.

S. F. Bowser, Atty.

Executors' Notice.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned under the last will and testament of Daniel McDeavitt, dec'd, late of Brady twp., Butler county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of said decedent will please call and settle and any having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MARY A. MCDEAVITT,
JOHN H. MCDEAVITT, Executors.
A. M. Cornelius, Att'y. West Liberty, Pa.

BUTLER COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Office Cor. Main & Cunningham Sts.

H. C. HEINEMAN, SECRETARY

DIRECTORS:

Alfred Wick,	Henderson Oliver,
Dr. W. Irvin,	James Stephenson,
W. W. Blackmore,	N. Weitzel,
F. Bowman,	D. T. Norris,
Geo Ketterer,	Chas. Rebhun,
John Grohman,	John Koening.

LOYAL S. M'JUNKIN. Agent

E. N. LEAKE, M. D. Specialties: Gynæcology and Surgery.
J. E. MANN, M. D Specialties: Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

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Butler, Pa.

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15 Cents Each.

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Fifty Dozen All-Silk Mufflers

Cream brocades, black brocades, black and white plaids, black and cardinal plaids, navy and white plaids—dollar mufflers for 50 cents.

Everything in Ladies and Men's Silk Mufflers 50cts to $5.00 Each.

100 dozens Men's Hemstitched Initial SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.

Extra fine ones, 50 cts, $5.50 a dozen; for holiday gifts

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Sale of 5,000 ladies' pocket books, genuine seal calf, grain and morocco leather, with sterling silver mountings—dollar books—at this holiday sale, 50 cents each. And there'll be a lively sale for these pocket books.

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About 20 of the newest and most artistic designs in Sterling Silver.

Tea Spoons at 65cts Each.

$3.50 a half dozen. And have you ever heard of sterling silver teaspoons at $3.50 per half dozen before?

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