

THE BUTLER CITIZEN. WILLIAM C. NEBLEY, Publisher. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1905. \$2.00 per year in Advance, Otherwise \$1.50

Meeting of Congress

The preliminaries of the meeting of what promises to be an interesting session of Congress were remarkably quiet. The Republicans met in caucus, last Saturday, and continued Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois as speaker, and the Democrats met and continued John Sharp Williams of Mississippi as their "floor-leader"; and Speaker Cannon made but few changes in the Committee, selecting Mr. Tawney of Minnesota to succeed Mr. Hemenway as chairman of the Committee on Appropriations. A part of Mr. Cannon's address to the caucus was as follows: "It would be a bold man or party that would do anything by legislation or threat thereof that would tend to destroy or check the progress of our people and their universal and successful achievements in all branches of the industry in the country."

The changes in the methods of production and commerce, so salutary and beneficial, involving as they do the extraordinary use of combined capital, emphasize the necessity for preventing agreements in restraint of trade, and the regulation of commerce among the States and with foreign nations.

The consensus of opinion of the people is that Congress has the power by amendment to the law to provide better remedies for real abuses existing, so that the producers and consumers can find a more speedy and less expensive remedy than we now have. In this opinion I for one concur. The burden is upon Congress, and especially upon its primary responsibility. Both Senate and House will run along for the next two years under the same leadership as in the last Congress. The large number of new men will take the places that are assigned them and will probably adapt themselves to the legislative harness without much kicking or talking. In the House the number of Republican representatives has been increased from 356 in the last Congress to 386 in this. The Republican majority in the House has been increased from 84 in the last Congress to 114 in this.

Gen. J. Warren Kiefer of Ohio has returned as a member of this Congress after an absence of twenty-two years. He was Speaker of the 47th Congress; and at the meeting Monday was allowed to select his own seat. The Senate in the coming session will run along with three empty seats. Mitchell of Oregon, and Burton of Kansas, will remain away from the session, because of the little difficulties they have become involved in with the legal branch of the Government. Neither of them will venture to show himself in the Senate because they are aware if they do so, their right to be there will be challenged.

The third vacant seat will be due to the failure of the House Legislature to elect a successor to Senator Ball. It is the expectation that Senator Burton will soon relieve the Senate of its embarrassment concerning him, by resigning.

On Monday, at noon, Clerk McDowell called the house to order, Messrs Cannon and Williams were nominated for Speakers. Cannon receiving 249 and Williams 128 votes. All the old clerks and officers were re-elected and sworn in; and the old rules adopted, after a humorous discussion, but those hide bound rules are said to be no joke.

Vice President Fairbanks opened the Senate, the newly elected members were sworn in and a committee appointed to wait on the President, with the House Committee.

On Tuesday the President's Message was read in both houses. It is a long and able document, a synopsis of which appears on our first page.

Yesterday Mr. Townsend of Michigan introduced an amendment to the Ethel Townsend rate bill, which passed the last House, in the House. The bill embodies the President's views on the subject, empowers the Interstate Commerce Commission to examine the books and accounts of the railroads, and establish maximum and minimum rates, with appeal to the Supreme Court.

Russian Affairs.

The people of Russia seem to be slowly but surely drifting into political chaos. There are at least three factions there—the Reds or Radicals or Socialists who want to pull down or upset everything; the Moderates, led by Witte and the Czar, who wish to establish a Limited or Constitutional monarchy but who seem to move too slowly to head off the radicals; and the Old Guard or Anticommunist faction, who wish things as they were and find fault with the Czar for not using the force yet at his command.

The mutiny in the army and navy at Sebastopol, last week, was quelled by force, and is said to have cost the lives of 2000 men, but disaffection is rampant in the army and at all points including the Royal guards at the Czar's country palace, and besides this the Government has run short of money, the railroads, telegraph operators and postal employees are on a strike, and things look "blue" in Russia.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Paris "Matin" writes of the political aspect of the Russian capital. He says that patrols are everywhere, that the doors and windows of houses are closed, that stores are barricaded and that Cossacks are camping in the streets.

It is worthy of note that none of the great states have carrying a surplus fund in their treasury anything like that of Pennsylvania. Illinois ranks in the Treasurer's hands at one time range from \$2,000,000 to \$20,000,000. New York's general fund is something over \$4,000,000 and the canal fund a little over \$3,000,000, but may be increased to \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000; this, however, is for a specific purpose. Ohio's funds for deposit averaged \$1,800,000 last year. Missouri has a little over \$2,000,000. Most of the other States range from \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000. If Pennsylvania's fund was kept within reasonable measure of the State's needs the danger of a great surplus being available for political or personal manipulation would be most effectively removed.

This demands of the Powers regarding the finances of Macedonia, a province of Turkey, were decided by the Sultan, yesterday, and the foreign legats will withdraw from Turkish waters.

Another butchery of Hebrews was reported from Odessa, Russia, yesterday. The killing was done by a mob called "Hooligans," and nobody dared move the corpses which were left lying in the streets.

The Vaccination Decision.

The opinion rendered by Attorney General Carson to the State Superintendent of Instruction concerning the mooted conflict between the compulsory education law and the school vaccination law disposes of the controversy, but leaves a hiatus in the legislation.

Mr. Carson very plainly explains that there is no disagreement between the State, because one imposes a duty upon the parents, the other a duty upon the teachers, both of which can be obeyed without conflicting with each other. The compulsory education law requires that parents shall send their children to school. When a parent has received of him under that act the duty upon the parents, the other a duty upon the teachers, both of which can be obeyed without conflicting with each other. The compulsory education law requires that parents shall send their children to school. When a parent has received of him under that act the duty upon the parents, the other a duty upon the teachers, both of which can be obeyed without conflicting with each other.

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DEATHS.

BARTLEY—At her home in Pittsburg, November 30, 1905, Mrs. Robert Bartley, nee King of Middlesex township. Her death was caused by typhoid.

SPROUT—At his home in Cherry township, November 29, 1905, Ross J. Sprout, of High Spruce, aged 22 years.

JORDAN—At his home in Zelienople, November 25, 1905, Daniel Jordan, aged 29 years.

MCKEE—At Cherry, Pa., November 19, 1905, Mrs. Jane, widow of W. P. McKee, nee McQuiston, aged 75 years.

THOMPSON—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Thompson, in Zelienople, November 21, 1905, P. D. Lefever, formerly of Zelienople, aged 39 years.

JORDAN—At his home in Zelienople, November 25, 1905, Daniel Jordan, aged 29 years.

MCKEE—At Cherry, Pa., November 19, 1905, Mrs. Jane, widow of W. P. McKee, nee McQuiston, aged 75 years.

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ACCIDENTS.

By the wreck of a "flyer" near Penn Yan Junction, Carbon county, Thanksgiving, several people were injured.

The Great C. O. stove store on Liberty street, Pittsburg, was destroyed by fire, Thanksgiving.

Wm. Thompson, of near Bakerstown, was found dead in his home on Thanksgiving Day.

Geo. Schaffner of W. Jefferson street fell on the pavement at Kirk's Car Works, last Saturday. She was cleaning a dress with gasoline, at the time, and was burned beyond help when discovered.

Miss Lizzie Patterson of Slipperyrock was burned to death at Washington, Pa., last Saturday. She was cleaning a dress with gasoline, at the time, and was burned beyond help when discovered.

Mrs. Morgan Turner fell at her home on New Castle street, Tuesday, and broke her leg. Her bones right leg and dislocated her right ankle.

Miss Lizzie Patterson of Slipperyrock was burned to death at Washington, Pa., last Saturday. She was cleaning a dress with gasoline, at the time, and was burned beyond help when discovered.

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R-R-TIME-TABLES.

Time table in effect Nov. 19, 1905. Passenger trains leave and arrive at Butler as follows:

LEAVE FOR NORTH. 7:30 a. m., mixed for Punksatow, Du Bois and intermediate stations.

ARRIVE FROM NORTH. 6:10 a. m., daily, night express from Du Bois, connects at Ashford, week days, for Rochester.

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SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of writs of Ven. Ec. Pl. Pa. Lec. Pa. No. 10, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Pa., and to be directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Butler, Pa., on

Friday, December 8th, 1905, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to-wit:

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