THE BUTLER CITIZEN.

WILLIAM C. NEGLEY, - Publisher

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1906

$1.00 per year in Advance, Otherwise $1.50

POLITICAL.

The Hitchcock bill regarding primary elections designates the second Tuesday of January for holding primaries to nominate men for the local offices, and the second Tuesday of June for nominations for county and state offices. The primaries for both parties are to be held at the same time and place by the general election officers, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.; the ballots are to be furnished by the County Commissioners; the Sheriff is to give public notice, etc., etc.—just as for a general election, and with severe penalties for bribery, or the use of money to influence voters.

The prevailing sentiment at Harrisburg is said to favor one of these bills—the Cooper or Hitchcock—and one of them may become the law within the next few weeks. If this takes place the date for our next county primary may be changed and if the Hitchcock bill becomes the law the date fixed for the primary will be changed by the law and that fixed for the State convention—June 6th—will have to be changed to a later date, to allow the election of delegates, June 12th.

While the bills are pending in the Legislature everything political may be said to be "in the air."

There is a growing sentiment in this country against the use of money for obtaining nominations, and as either of these bills, enacted into law, will at least partially correct the abuse it is more than probable that one of them will become the law for primary elections.

The Senate of Ohio passed a 2-cent railroad passenger rate bill by a unanimous vote, last week. Railroad legislation—rate, rebate and government ownership—will probably become a fad now.

Gen. Grosvener is in danger in his Congressional district, as there is disposition to set him aside for another man. He is now in the seventy-third of his age, has spent the last twenty years of his life in the House, and is perhaps the most picturesque as well as one of its most useful members. He is one of the two Republican members of the Committee on Rules, who, together with the Speaker, govern the House as a schoolmaster would his pupils. He is fluent and witty in debate, and is a veritable cyclopedia of knowledge. He is an ornament to the House and a credit to his State. The people of his district ought to be proud of him, and they would certainly lower their standing in the eyes of the country as an intelligent an appreciative people if they were to cast him adrift in the midst of his usefulness after having served them and the country with so much distinction for twenty years. Speaker Cannon is particularly concerned about the talk of defeating General Grosvenor for renomination, and has caused a petition to be circulated among the Republican members of the house appealing to General Grosvenor's constituents to stand by him and see that he goes back to the sixtieth Congress.—Ex.

HARRISBURG NOTES.

The Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce bill to create a Greater Pittsburg was reported to the House from Committee, Monday, without amendment, but some Allegheny and Pittsburg city people are trying to amend it, so as to make it inoperative for three years.

Gov. Pennypacker refused to give the legislature anything more to do until they have disposed of what he has given them.

To get a line on what candidates are favored by representatives gathered from every county of the state a quiet canvass was made, last week, of many of the members of the legislature. There are 254 of them and more than 225 are Republicans. The question as to whom he favored for the next governor was put to 158 of them with this result: John Stewart, of Franklin, 98; John Weaver, of Philadelphia, 24; John P. Elkin, of Indiana, 13; Louis A. Watres, of Lackawanna, 9; Philander C. Knox, of Allegheny, 4; scattering, 10.

The McWhinney legislative apportionment bill passed second reading on the House, Tuesday.

Governor Pennypacker approved the joint resolutions passed Monday by the Legislature and calling for a thorough investigation of the administration of the office of Insurance Commissioner of Pennsylvania in the matter of the collection of fees, commissions, etc., by the officers and employes of the department since May 21, 1891, and the final disposition of the same. The committee to be appointed is also to investigate as to how the salaries of the several officers and employes of the department are at present provided for and to make recommendations for the method of abolishing or improving the present fee system.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Congressman Huff has asked for $75,000 for a postoffice building for Butler, but the Westmoreland county towns are to be first provided for.

The long expected fight against the railroads was begun in both houses of Congress, Monday.

Without debate or a dissenting vote the House adopted a resolution offered by Mr. Gillespie of Texas, calling on the President to send to it all the information in the possession of the Inter-State Commerce Commission showing or tending to show a violation of the anti-trust law, through the merger which the Pennsylvania railroad has accomplished with the Baltimore & Ohio, the Norfolk & Western, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Northern Central, and the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington railroads, the last being the name of the Pennsylvania branch between Washington and New York.

The bills for the relief of Rev. Long and James Graham of Butler passed the House, last week.

WHOLESALE arrests for political offenses continue in Russia; the prisons are full, and another revolution is predicted.

Former Lieutenant Governor Louis A. Watres of Scranton will be allowed to name the eleven delegates from Lackawanna county to the next Republican state convention on condition that he is a bona fide candidate for governor and stands a chance to be nominated. The delegates will not vote for a straw candidate.

The Local Primaries.

The curious feature of last Saturday's primaries in Butler was the fact that twice as many Republicans as Democrats turned out to them. Nearly fourteen hundred Republicans went to the polls, and but a skimp seven-hundred Democrats, though the town is supposed to be "on the fence" politically.

The Republicans nominated E. E. Bell for Burgess and A. W. Davidson for Tax Collector, while the Democrats nominated John Vogel and P. Crouse.

W. J. Adams was nominated for Justice of the Peace and T. J. Dodds for Auditor by the Republicans; while the Democrats nominated Esq. Keck and T. V. A. Malloy.

Some irregularities were alleged in the First Ward, Republican primary, and E. E. Lantz has withdrawn and W. L. Allen has been substituted as the nominee for Council.

The Republican nominees for School Director are

First ward—John Rauschenberger.
Second ward—A. O. Hepler.
Third ward—E. H. Negley.
Fourth ward—A. W. McCullough.
Fifth ward—P. W. Ruff.

And for Council:

First ward—E. E. Lantz
Second ward—Geo. Mellinger, 3 years; Thos. Hays, 1 year.
Third ward—H. E. Young, 3 years; Wm. Crail, 1 year.
Fourth ward—Ellsworth Miller.
Fifth ward—John Ekas.

The Democratic nominees for School Director are:

First ward—D. H. Sutton.
Second ward—W. A. Cowan.
Third ward—H. S. Klingler.
Fourth ward—R. S. Cornelius.
Fifth ward—S. D. Purvis.

And for Council:

First ward—Jos. Graham.
Second ward—Isaac L. McBride, 3 years; Geo. Ketterer, Jr. 1 year.
Third ward—John Dunn, 3 years; Geo. Schenck, 1 year.
Fourth ward—S. D. Vanderlin.
Fifth ward—A. M. Akins.

Republican Nominees.

Some of the Republican township and borough nominations are as follows:

West Liberty—Council, J. H. McDeavitt and Ralph Boyd; School Directors, Thomas Grossman and John Castor; Collector, W. J. Martin; Treasurer, C. S. Moore; Auditor, I. S. Badger; Justice, J. H. McDeavitt.

Franklin twp—Directors, L. M. Raisley, Wm. Scott and W. J. Barkley; Supervisors, E. Robb, Chas. Mackey, S. E. Wilson; Auditor, W. L. Albert; Clerk, Nelson Riddle; Collector, M. T. McCandless.

Centre twp—Justice, Samuel Allen; collector, Geo. D. Smith; road com'rs, J. D. Smith; directors, Daniel Rieger, Alva McDowell.

Concord—Directors, R. H. Campbell, I. P. Murtland; supervisors, A. W. Starr, L. F. Sutton, J. H. Morrow; auditor, P. R. Wick; collector, P. R. Sutton; clerk, R. A. Kinzer.

Franklin Independent—Directors, W. B. Currie, Chas. Mackey; collector, J. H. Davis.

Fairview—Supervisors, R. J. McCollough, I. H. Banks, John Stoops; directors, H. C. Thorn, M. G. Black, W. H. Kepple; clerk, J. R. Jackson; auditors, W. P. Day, S. H. Kamerer; collector, D. M Thompson.

Prospect—Directors, P. L. Hunter, C. E. Weigle; collector, Peter Kamerer; high constable, C. P. Johnson; burgess, Dr. T. D. McConnell; council, G. A. Warren, John Neely.

Cherry twp—Directors, G. A. Rider, Robt. Hockenberry; collector, John Critchlow; supervisors, John McCoy, A. H. Book, Jas. Black; auditors, J. Wolford, B. M. Hockenberry.

Callery—Burgess, R. J. Miller; council, W. B. Staples, John Shannon, John Clark; S. E. Miller, W. H. Lobaugh, B. H. Guthrie, A. C. Kaufman; directors, G. Kaufman, John Waite, Geo. Wagner, John Kennedy, I. H. Alexander, A. McCollough; high constable, A. C. Marburger; constable, I. H. Alexander; Collector, John Kennedy.

Buffalo—Collector, J. T. Atkinson; directors, W. H. Carson, J. F. Shearer; supervisors, T. H Greer, G. E. Ohl, C. Ferne; clerk, Jas. Bartley.

Jackson twp—Justices, Jacob Sitler, Ezra Liken; collector, Michael Ziegler; directors, Rev. H. Vogel, I. Wise; supervisors, E. E. Goehring, H. H. Knox, A. Buehler.

Summit—Collector, Andrew Yost; directors, H. Kehm, R. M. Johnson; commissioners, J. A. Gilliland, H. Keck, P. Spahn.

Petrolia—Justices, R. J. Bottner, F. M. Fritz; burgess, Mike Roach; collector, Carl Butzer; directors, P. L. Titus, R. B. Elrick; council, J. H. Foster, Jos. Roach.

Jefferson twp—Commissioners, L. Y. Welsh, Jos. Blakely, Oliver Neubert; directors, D. F. Negley, Frank Beyers; collector, N. G. Maurhoff; auditor, Isaac Burtner; Justices, O. G. Mechling, W. G. Patterson; clerk, Cal Logan; treasurer, I. N. Burtner.

Cranberry—Directors, I. W. Wright, A. Goehring; collector, A. Kirchler.

Harmony—Burgess, Jacob Schott; collector, S. D. Kirker; council, Wm. Dindinger, Jos. W. Adams; directors, J. R. Barnhart, E. W. Kidd.

Parker—Directors, E. R. Turner, R. G. Morgan; collector, W. S Allen; supervisors, P. Geortz, J. W. Everett, G. W. Christy.

Oakland—Supervisors, J. W. Bartley, C. Robb, W. M. Wick; directors, L. B. Steele, T. I. Whitmire; col., C. Robb, auditor and clerk, S. B. Badger.

Winfield—Collector, S. W. Galbreath; directors, A. G. Freehling, G. W. McElwen, supervisors, H. Grimm, David Hesselgesser, Scott Cruikshanks.

Bell and Davidson.

Elmer E. Bell, the Republican nominee for Burgess, and Archie W. Davidson, the Republican nominee for Tax Collector, are both well known and respectable citizens of this town, and both are amply qualified for the offices for which they have been nominated. Mr. Bell is a native of Mercer county and has been a citizen of Butler for fifteen years, while Mr. Davidson is a native of Slippery Rock twp., and has been a citizen of Butler for eighteen years.

THE editor of a respectable N. Y. weekly was acquitted, last week, of a charge of libel preferred by a local judge, for asserting that he was one of the editors of another weekly—an alleged society journal given to scandal and blackmailing. The editor proved the truth of his charge and gave good reasons for publishing it. The "list of immunes" that was developed in Court—men who had paid the scandal sheet thousands of dollars for not writing them up, was an astonisher. On Saturday last a criminal charge was made against one of the editors of the scandal sheet, and he was held for Court.

THAT Shipwreck on the west Coast of Vancouver's island, last week, was a terrible affair. The vessel was driven, by a gale upon the high rocky coast and nearly everybody on her perished. One hundred and twenty people mostly passengers from San Francisco met their deaths in the stormy waters.

THE "beef barons" of Chicago are accused of attempting to bribe the newspapers of Chicago.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the petition for amendment of the charter of the United Presbyterian Church, of Butler, Pa. } M. S. D. No — March T., 1906.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an application to the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county by the Trustees of the United Presbyterian church of Butler, Pennsylvania, for leave to have the charter amended. The Court fixed March 5th, 1906, at 2 p. m. for hearing said application where all persons interested can be heard.

CALVIN G. CHRISTIE, Attorney.

ACCIDENTS.

Charles Schenck was struck on the forehead by a maul, at the Car Works, Friday, and was severely injured, but is about again.

Mrs. Sarah Kelly, aged 78 years and almost blind, was found dead on the floor of her house in Worth twp., burned to death, last Friday morning. She was alone at the time of the accident, her granddaughter who lived with her being away on a visit. Mrs. Kelly was a widow and one of the most respected women of the township. She leaves three sons—Thomas, Laurie, who conducts the farm on which the mother resided, and William, of Slipperyrock.

Andrew Knittle, aged 56 years, was struck and killed by an express on the Valley railroad, last Friday, near Braeburn. "He had started to work in the morning as usual, walking along the railroad tracks. The fog prevented his seeing the approaching train until it was too late. He was picked up and taken to Braeburn station and afterwards removed to Flick's undertaking rooms. He leaves a wife and grown family in Butler."

Grant Albert of the Fifth Ward, Butler, was struck by a B. & O. train at Wildwood, yesterday morning, and so badly injured that he died at the Butler Hospital, that afternoon. He leaves a wife and several children.

Claire Watson, aged three years, a son of A. R. Watson of Renfrew slipped into the creek, last Saturday, and was drowned.

P. J. Shoaf, aged 35 years, fell dead on the streets of Slipperyrock, Monday morning.

Mrs. Al Puff of Penn twp. had four ribs broken by being thrown from her buggy by a runaway horse, Monday evening. The accident happened near Cyrus Stepp's house, along the Plank Road, and Mrs. Puff was carried in there and she seemed to be seriously injured. The child with her was not hurt.

John Wagner of West street, employed at Shull & Badger's brickworks, was caught in a cave-in yesterday morning and had his right arm broken and was badly bruised and squeezed, Mrs. Wagner was at Marwood visiting her husband's brother at that place when the accident occurred and the injured man was taken to the hospital, died at nine o'clock this morning in the hospital. Death was caused by internal injuries, which were worse than at first appeared. Mr. Wagner was 47 years of age and was born and raised in Penn township. He is survived by his wife, nee Martsolf.

A freight train on the Bessie, at McBride station, Monday evening, was stopped within three-feet of a drunken man, otherwise there would have been one more "accident" to report, this week.

Oil and Gas Notes.

The Market—Remains at $1.58.

Clearfield—The Southern's well on the Denny, south of Coylesville, reached the pay last Thursday and is rated at 25 bbls.

Connoquenessing—Four new locations have lately been made on the McKinney, Fehl, Nicholas and Rose farms.

Butler, Ohio, is becoming famous as an oil town. They have a 70 bbl. well there that produces white or refined oil. The Butler Oil and Gas Company is drilling another well on the same farm, located 800 feet southwest of the producer. Northeast of the producer 650 feet, on an adjoining farm, the Ohio Oil Company is drilling a test at 800 feet. This farm contains 30 acres and it is said the company paid a bonus of $10,000 for the lease. The field is about 12 miles southeast of Mansfield.

CHURCH NOTES.

The United Presbyterian will hold their regular quarterly reception to new members in the church, Friday evening. All invited.

Rev. J. Campbell White, Secretary of the Ways and Means Committee of the United Presbyterian church, spoke to the congregations at Butler, Mt. Chestnut and White Oak Springs, Sunday in the interests of Men's League which it is proposed to organize at Pittsburg, Feb. 13-15.

The Chicken Show.

The second annual poultry show of the Butler County Poultry and Pet Stock Association closed Saturday after a very successful four days exhibition, and Butler county's chicken breeders may indeed be proud of the display of birds which they placed before the public. Among the local exhibitors who took prizes were J. C. Murphy, West Diamond St., Duckwing games and bantams; A. J. Emery, Reed & Ralston, White Wyandottes; Cronenwett and Moser, Kummer Bros, J. A. McNally, C. C. Hartung of Evans City, Brown Leghorns; E. Black and C. Hauck, C. R. Elliott and Joe Minot, Minorcas; J. S. Campbell, F. E. Puff, Wm. Pringle, W. H. Grabe, W. G. Noel, W. B. Ferguson, J. W. Lavery and George H. Bicker, Barred Plymouth Rocks; James Lyon and W. H. Grabe, White Plymouth Rocks; W. J. Fox, Carbon Black, Gold and Silver Wyandottes; W. H. Young, Buff and Black Orpingtons, Pekin and Runner ducks; J. L. Walker, Belgian hares; J. B. Shontz, Prospect, and J. A. Ash, Evans City, Buff Orpingtons; B. L. Roxberry, Prospect, Silver Wyandotts and Indian Games; W. H. Hutchison, Charles and Fred Oesterling, Rhode Island Reds; Mary A. Ashe, Evans City, White Crested and Black Polish; R. O. Waldron, Evans City, and Herbert Williams, Renfrew, Mottled Anconas; R. A. Pool, Golden Wyandottes, and M. G. Marburger, Buff Leghorns; W. H. Grabe had some immense turkeys on exhibition.

Poultry breeders have succeeded in making the plumage of their birds as varied in color as the flowers in the garden.

Drying preparations simply dry up dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants, fumes, smokes and snuffs and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. A trial size will be mailed for 10 cents. All druggists sell the 50c. size, Ely Brothers 56 Warren St., N.Y.

The Balm cures without pain, does not irritate or cause sneezing. It spreads itself over an irritated and angry surface, relieving immediately the painful inflammation.

With Ely's Cream Balm you are armed against Nasal Catarrh and Hay Fever.

Charter Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Butler, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court on Monday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Penn'a., entitled "an Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29th, 1874, and the several supplements thereto by Amos Hall, B. S. Rimer, H. H. Wadsworth, et al., for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the Branchton Methodist Episcopal church of Slippery Rock township, Butler county, Pa., the character and object of which is the support of the worship of Almighty God, according to the faith, doctrine, discipline, rules, regulations and usages of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States of America and these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, privileges and benefits conferred by said Act and its several supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office of Butler Co., Pa.

WILLIAMS & MITCHELL, Solicitors.

Butler, Pa., Jan. 12, 1906.

M. A. BERKIMER,

Funeral Director,

245 S. MAIN ST., BUTLER, PA

DEATHS.

BRACKEN—At her home in Butler, January 28, 1906, Mrs. Anna Gold, widow of Reed Bracken, aged 74 years.

HODGES—At his home in Pittsburg, January 27, 1906, William Hodges, in his 35th year.

MARTIN—At his home in McKeesport, January 24, 1906, P. Graham Martin, formerly of Jefferson twp., in his 68th year.

McBRIDE—At Dixmont, January 26, 1906, Mary McBride, formerly of Clearfield twp.

HENLEN—At Oil City, January 25, 1906, J. D. W. Henlen, formerly of N. Washington.

COCHRAN—At her home in Butler twp., January 27, 1906, Mrs. Margaret, wife of Wm. B. Cochran, in her 45th year.

LOGAN—At his home in Bellevue, Jan. 24, 1906, William M. Logan, in his 45th year.

Mr. Logan was found dead in bed. He was a native of Butler Co.

McKEAN—At her home in Freeport, January 24, 1906, Miss Eugenia McKean, aged 30 years.

RANSELL—At her home in Oakland township, January 18, 1906, Mrs. Jas. Ransell, aged 68 years.

WEST—At his home in Butler, Jan 26, 1906, Joseph J. West, in his 65th year.

Mr. West's death was caused by paralysis. He is survived by one son, Palmer West of the police force, Mrs. Samuel C. Snow of Butler township, and Mrs. Nettie Shell of Erie. His funeral occurred Saturday morning, and was in charge of the G. A. R. as he was an old soldier, and he was buried at the M. E. church at Brownsdale.

RIDDLE—At her home in Slippery Rock, January 25, 1906, Mrs. Phoebe Cartwright Riddle, widow of James Riddle, aged 33 years.

She was the mother of Mrs. W. H. McGaffic, Butler; Mrs. S. M. Turk, Mrs. W. E. Cooper, Parkers Landing; Mrs. John W. Byers, Fairchance; Mrs. T. L. McKel, Aberdeen, S. D.; Mrs. Frank Clinton, Miss Grace and W. C. Riddle, Slippery Rock.

SIGEL—At her home in Allegheny, January 29, 1906, Mrs. Mary Ann Sigel, aged 65 years.

GALBREATH—At her home in Winfield township, January 20, 1906, Miss Isabelle Galbreath, aged 45 years.

THAYER—At her home in Butler, January 30, 1906, Mrs Lena Thayer, nee Shebel, aged 24 years.

GRAYSON—At his home in Clarion, Pa., January 30, 1906, Harry L. Grayson, formerly of Butler, aged 62 years.

HAGAN—January 31, 1907, infant daughter of John R. Hagan of Butler.

Obituary.

Gen'l. Joe Wheeler of Civil and Spanish war fame, died at the home of his sister in Brooklyn, N. Y., last Thursday. He was buried at Arlington.

Paul Dresser, the song writer whose "Banks of the Wabash" and "The Blue and the Gray" brought his name into almost world-wide notice, died Tuesday at the home of his sister in New York. Mr. Dresser was born 47 years ago in Terre Haute, Ind.

Christian the Ninth, the aged king of Denmark, dean of the crowned heads of Europe, father of King George of Greece, of Queen Alexandra of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna of Russia, granfather of King Haakon the Seventh of Norway, and related by blood or by marriage to most of the European rulers, died suddenly in the Amalienborg palace, Copenhagen, Monday afternoon.

D. G. KENNEDY, Sr.

(From the Weekly World of Lawrence, Kansas.)

One by one we are called upon to halt in our daily routine of duties and business cares and follow the pioneer to his last resting place.

D. G. Kennedy, Sr., was born in Butler county, Pa., May 4, 1821 and died at Vinland, Kan., January 18, 1906. When 20 years of age he began a career as a school teacher, continuing this profession for seven years. At the age of 27 he was married to Elizabeth Rosebaugh, who is left with her six children 5 sons and a daughter. In 1848 he accepted a position as bookkeeper in the firm of Chess Bros., tack factory of Pittsburg, Pa., where he remained for ten years. In 1861 he came west with his family and settled near Black Jack, Kan., famous in history as John Brown's first battlefield. Here he lived until 1892, when he parted with the old homestead and moved to Vinland, where his youngest son, D. G Kennedy, Jr., is engaged in the mercantile business.

When the war broke out he enlisted and although he was never called out of the state, he remained on constant service as a home guard during the memorable troubles of early Kansas. Mr. Kennedy was peculiarly staunch in his party beliefs and even in his declining years his loyalty to and enthusiasm for the Republican party was constant. He knew the biographies of Grant, Sherman, Lincoln and many others almost by heart. He loved his books and spent the last years of his life surrounded by them. He lived to see both grand and great grandchildren and their presence and prattle was his greatest joy. On Saturday, January 13, "Uncle David" made a business trip to Baldwin, and although 85 years of age, was able to go unattended and see to his business.

Monday afternoon he was taken ill with pneumonia and in spite of the best medical attention the disease claimed him as its victim. He died on Thursday at 7 o'clock a. m.

The funeral services were conducted by Dr. Gragg, pastor of the Vinland Presbyterian church, of which church Mr. Kennedy had been a constant and active member for six-five years. Burial was in Oak Hill cemetery. Besides his wife and six children, two sisters and two brothers survive him.—E. P. M.

ABOUT ONE IN EVERY TEN

People you pass has a cold, the other nine have probably taken our Laxative Cold Tablets or our Improved Syrup of White Pine Compound with Eucalyptol Menthol and Honey and been cured. Now we are after the tenth person and want to cure theirs.

ARE YOU THE ONE?

Don't delay, pneumonia may develop.

Redick & Grohman

PRESCSIPTION DRUGGISTS

109 North Main St., Butler, Pa.

Spring Chickens

Wanted at the

FULTON

Fish Market,

We will pay 12 cents a pound for Springers, and 10 cents for old chickens—live weight.

Oscar A. Niggel, Propr.

200 N. Main St., Butler, Pa.

TAMMANY SOCIETY.

The Origin of the Organization in the Time of Jefferson.

Tammany was the heir of the spirit of the Sons of Liberty of the Revolutionary war. It was kin in some of its purposes at least to those who were then beginning the revolution in France. It was enthusiastic in its support and approval of that revolution. Indeed a misty legend has been handed down from generation to generation in the hall that the suggestion came from Jefferson himself, who, called from France to Washington's cabinet, was pained to see that aristocracy, English in its impulse and fostered by the Society of the Cincinnati, was rooting itself so early in our national life. To crush that impulse, at least to fetter it, Jefferson gave the hint, and Tammany, with its tomahawk, stood facing the Cincinnati and its sword.

William Mooney, an upholsterer, but, like many of the mechanics of that day, keenly interested in politics, suggested that there be brought together in an association those who dreaded the aristocracy and who suspected that the purpose of Hamilton was to force the government into something like a limited monarchy. Mooney found a good many mechanics and merchants who thought as he did, and so a common purpose, the grouping impulse rather than any cunning planning of one man for personal advancement, brought some of the ablest political and personal foes of Hamilton and Jay together, and with some mystery of oaths and ritual, the pipe of peace, the feathered headdress, even the painted face and leathern costume, with wampum for its ornament, these men were bound in one association as the Tammany society, or Columbian order.

BURIED LIVING PERSONS.

Horrible Custom of Japanese Prior to Year 646 A. D.

Prior to the year 646 A. D. the Japanese had one of the most horrible burial customs that can be imagined—that of burying all the immediate friends and retainers of a prince or other person of note in a standing position around the potentate's grave and leaving them in the earth up to their necks to perish of thirst and hunger.

The custom cannot be said to have been general as late as the date given, for the Japanese records prove that in the time of the Emperor Suinin (97-30 B. C.) the burial rites of royal personages were so modified as to partially abolish former cruelties. Speaking of a young brother of Suinin, who died and had his retinue buried standing around his grave, the old record says: "For many days they died not, but wept and cried aloud. At last they died. Dogs and crows assembled and ate off their heads. The emperor's compassion was aroused, and he desired to change the manner of burial. When the empress died, soon after, the mikado inquired of his officers if something in the way of a change could not be suggested, and one proposed to make clay figures of men and bury them as substitutes."

That this did not entirely do away with the former custom is proved by an edict issued in the year 646 A. D., the date given first above, which forbid the burial of living persons and provided a penalty for further adherence to the awful rite.—St. Louis Republic.

A SATISFYING STORY.

It Worked Both Ways In Behalf of the Congressman.

Some years ago there came to Washington a representative in congress from Iowa who was an ardent champion of the cause of prohibition.

One day a friend from home dropped in to see the congressman. During the course of his stay he had occasion to use his pocketknife, which the representative much admired. This knife had in it a hook, "designed," so the friend said, "to remove stones that might become fastened in a horse's hoof on a rocky road." Finally, seeing the intense admiration of the congressman for the knife, the friend gave it to him. When the statesman had reached home and had shown the gift to his wife she laughed.

"John," said she, "any man who has served three terms in the state senate, been lieutenant governor and had two terms in congress must be a pretty good man if he doesn't know a champagne opener from a hoof cleaner."

Somehow the story got out and was copied by nearly every newspaper in Iowa. One day the congressman met the newspaper man whom he understood to be the author of the first squib in the matter.

"You did me a great service," smilingly said the representative to the correspondent. "All the prohibitionists are taking my wife's view of my ignorance, and all the 'antis' are insisting that I'm a devil of a good fellow for imposing so successfully on my wife. It works in my behalf whichever way you take it."—Saturday Evening Post.

A DYED BEARD.

It Probably Changed the History of the Whole Human Race.

The most striking case in history of the importance of trifles is furnished by the story of Musa, the leader of the Moslem host which won from Christendom in three and a half years dominions which it took the soldiers of the cross twenty generations to win back. He had a red beard. This was a trifle.

Musa, though a very great general, was a very vain man, and he dyed his beard black. This was another trifle. One of his captains chaffed him on the subject, and Musa forthwith had him stripped and scourged. For this, at the very height of his conquering career, Musa was recalled by the caliph and disgraced. This made it impossible for him to command the Moslem army at the battle of Tours, on the issue of which, as all historians agree, the destinies of Europe and perhaps of the whole human race depended.

It is almost certain that if the genius of Musa had replaced the incompetence of the half dozen tribal leaders whose dissensions made victory impossible the forces of Islam would have joined hands from the west to the east and inclosed Europe in their grasp.—London Standard.

The First Knitting Machine.

Historic mention of hand knitting is first found in the books of the time of Queen Elizabeth, though it is known that it was one of the arts of the Pompeiians. The first machine for knitting was the invention of one William Lee, who made application for a patent in England in 1589. On being refused a patent by the English authorities he forthwith departed for France and soon afterward set up a large factory at Rouen. The Lee machine, which remained the same as it was 200 years before, was introduced in the colonies during the Revolutionary war. A sharp Yankee improved on it and set up the first United States stocking factory at Cohoes, N. Y., in 1832.

The American Chameleon.

The American chameleon, a small lizard (Anolis carolinensis), inhabits various parts of the southern United States. The little animal has the remarkable habit of quickly and completely changing its colors, varying from brown to yellow or pale green. Its food consists of insects. The little animal is perfectly harmless to higher forms of life, is often kept as a pet and has been worn attached to a chain as an ornament.

The toes are provided with adhesive pads, which enable the lizard to run upon smooth vertical surfaces.—St. Nicholas.

FRANCE AND FRANKLIN.

The Honors Paid to an Alien Citizen by Her People.

To the sight of the world Franklin came as the agent of certain revolted colonies of England to seek material aid to sustain the hard pushed rebellion, but to the enlightened eye of history he is an envoy from the new world to the old, addressing to its half awakened heart and conscience the soul stirring invitation to be free. No fitter choice was ever made by any nation in any age. There was too heavy a sea running to have any incompetence on the quarter deck.

An interest which we can scarcely comprehend was taken in that day in natural science. Franklin was by universal consent the greatest natural philosopher of his time. He was hailed as the confidant of nature, the playmate of lightning, a Prometheus unpunished. The brightest constructive and critical energies of the best minds were devoted to the solution of political problems, and here, they said, was a man who had founded many states upon the principles of abstract justice and had consolidated them at last into a superb model republic, for this hasty generalization had seized the foreign mind, always too apt to regard leaders instead of masses, and it was long before the millions of Americans got their due abroad.

Thus it came that the great heart of liberal France went out at once in a quick rush of welcome to Franklin. He was the point that attracted the overcharged electricity of that vast and stormy mass of active thought. He became the talk of the town. They made songs about him. They published more than 150 engravings of him, so that his fur cap and spectacles became as familiar as the face of the king on the louis d'or. The pit rose when he entered a theater. These are not trivial details. Those spontaneous honors paid to an alien citizen by a people so long the victims of degrading tutelage showed the progress they had made toward liberty. In honoring him they honored themselves. They vaguely felt he was fighting their battle. They read in his serene and noble countenance the promise of better times.—John Hay's "Franklin in France" in Century.

Kingsley's "Westward Ho."

Kingsley wrote "Westward Ho" to the booming of guns in the Crimea. The country was ablaze with excitement at the news which came—the storming of the heights of Alma and the charge of the Light brigade. Kingsley longed to be at the war. "This war," he said, "would have made me half mad if I had let it. It seemed so dreadful to hear of those Alma heights being taken and not be there, but God knows best, and I suppose I am not fit for such brave work.

"But I can fight with my pen still (I don't mean in controversy; I am sick of that), but in writing books which make others fight. This one is to be called 'Westward Ho!'"

"Westward Ho" was written in 1854, when Kingsley was thirty-five. He had broken down and gone to Devonshire for his health. He had gazed on the waters which witnessed "the terrible and glorious pageant" of "the bright days of July, 1588, when the Spanish armada ventured slowly past Berry head, with Elizabeth's gallant pack of Devon captains following fast in its wake, dashing into the midst of the vast line, undismayed by size and numbers." Then he went to Bideford, and there produced "Westward Ho."

Flies and Music.

"Piano playing will drive flies from your apartments," declared a man who expounds odd theories. "That sounds like a joke, and, of course, there are some kinds of playing that will chase human beings from a room, but seriously I mean that music is objectionable to insects—in fact, all sounds annoy them.

"Whoever saw flies in a boiler shop? No one that I know of, because the vibrations caused by the continuous pounding are as deranging to the insects as are the atmospheric disturbances resulting from electric fans. Every one should be familiar with the intensity of the vibrations produced by the strings of a piano. For instance, many persons, no doubt, have noticed that a loose glass in a picture frame will buzz when a certain note is struck. Well, when the strength of the sound wave which causes the ill fitting glass to hum, though it may be a dozen feet away, is multiplied a score of times in a second, as is the case when a spirited piano performance is in progress, the effect of the vibrations on the extremely sensitive insects may be imagined. They simply can't stand a prolonged sound."—Philadelphia Record.

Little Things.

It is no great task to play the piano. Still in playing some intricate passages the hands must move far more rapidly than the performer realizes. In Weber's "Moto Perpetuo," for instance, 4,541 notes are sounded in less than four minutes, or at the rate of twenty each second. In one of Chopin's "Studies" there is a greater demand made, as for two and one-half minutes twenty-six notes are struck each second.

In following the printed lines in a book or paper the eye in the course of a lifetime covers some 5,000 miles, and the ordinary correspondent pushes a pen over twenty to twenty-five miles of paper in the course of threescore and ten years.

The waiter in a restaurant covers from eight to fifteen miles a day without leaving his place of service, and in eating a full meal one's jaws exert a force of several tons in the mastication of food. A man winks 6,870 times in a year, and the energy he wastes in shaking hands in that time would lift eight tons one foot from the ground.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

When a man is loaded you always know it, but it's different with a gun.

Keep telling a boy he never will amount to anything, and he generally won't.

A six weeks' engagement will put a lot of conceit into a man, but six minutes of married life are sufficient to take it out.

It is wonderful how many have watches considering how few there are in the world to whom time really seems to be of any value.

Perhaps a man's eyesight grows poorer with the years as a merciful way of preventing him from seeing his wrinkles and gray hairs.

We suppose a man is called "woman's protector" for the reason that he protects her from others imposing upon her, preferring to do it all himself.—Atchison Globe.

Praising the Lazy Man.

It must be admitted that some of the best work that has lived has been done by indolent men. This is especially true as regards literature. The finest description of a sunrise was written by the poet Thomson in bed. Coleridge was one of the most indolent of men, yet his work is, of its kind, unapproached. One of the most important improvements in the steam engine was due to the indolence of James Watt. Many other examples might be quoted; but, as a general rule, it is fairly correct to say that work which is the outcome of meditation or prolonged observation is best performed by people whose natural indolence makes them careless of the strife and bustle in which an active temperament would tend to immerse them.—Pearson's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah C. Timblin, deceased, late of Euclid, Butler county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make prompt payment and those having claims against the estate will present the same duly authenticated for settlement to

CATHERINE A. TIMBLIN, Euclid, Pa.

J. M. & H. I. PAINTER, Attorneys, Butler, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Scott, dec'd, late of Middlesex tp, Butler Co., Pa., having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

SAMUEL A. LESLIE, Ex'r., R. F. D. 23, Valencia, Pa.

JAMES B. MCJUNKIN, Att'y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Smiley R. Williams, dec'd, late of Venango twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

JOSEPH W. MEALS, Adm'r., R. F. D. 65, Emlenton, Pa.

MURRIN & MURRIN, Att'y. 11-2-05

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Nancy Bartley, late of Penn twp., Butler Co., Pa., dec'd.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the above estate, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. A. HAYS, Ex'r., R. F. D. 21, Saxonburg, Pa.

JAMES B. MCJUNKIN, Att'y. 10-5-05

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of McCallister Kuhn, dec'd., late of Concord twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and any having just claims against said estate will present the same duly autenticated for settlement to

FRANK M. KUHN, Ex'r., R. F. D. 74, Karns City.

J. W. HUTCHISON, Att'y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Albert I. Ralston, dec'd., late of Franklin township, Butler county, Penn'a., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

EVA RALSTON, Adm'x, R. F. D. 44, Prospect. Pa.

E. L. Ralston, Att'y.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Miss Elizabeth Patterson, d