FORT WORTH WEEKLY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE
DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Publishers and Proprietors.

THE big Alliance convention to meet in Fort Worth next month will attract many people to the city. Fort Worth should prepare for the guests.

PEOPLE with money in their stockings will soon begin to look around for investments. Silver coinage will put an end to the hoarding of money.

THE people can't afford to wait on the leaders, for the leaders are holding down a fat job, and waiting to hear from the people who gave them the job.

TO YOUNG Democrats:—Now is the time for you to study public questions and give the people the benefit of your study. Go in for the campaign of education in your county.

FOR an off year the people of Texas are taking great interest in politics. The campaign of education proceeds vigorously. Even President Harrison has taken a valuable lesson inbimetalism.

THERE is nothing like a Republican party for getting rid of an able-bodied surplus. And there is nothing like an American people for getting rid of a Republican billion-dollar congress.

WHAT shall it profit the Democracy if it gain Mr. Cleveland as a presidential candidate and lose the states of Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Maryland, Georgia, Virginia, Mississippi and New York?

HONEST money and plenty of it, has always been a feature of every Democratic platform. Put enough metal in the silver dollar to make it worth 100 cents, and give us all of them that the country's silver mines can produce.

THAT Fort Worth Alliance convention of July 10 and 11 is attracting the attention of people in other states. It promises to become of national importance to the Alliance, and some of the best men in the order will be present.

WHEN the Tyler and Waco crowds have eaten up their respective railroads, and then eat each other up, maybe the rest of the state will have a chance at chicken pie. The Lord have mercy on the stockholders and the fellow that pays the freight.

IN 1892 the Democratic platform must voice the Democratic demand. That demand is for unlimited silver coinage and a limited tariff—not one of these, but both of these. If any man is nominated who cannot stand fairly and squarely on such platform, he will be defeated.

"CAN any governor of Texas appoint better railway commissioners than the people can elect?" is a question put by the Waco Day.

Can the people elect a better commission than the governor has appointed? is another question worth thinking over.

AN orator at the courthouse in this city Friday night referred to THE GAZETTE as an enemy of the Alliance. THE GAZETTE opposes all schemes of the Alliance or other organizations that are undemocratic and impracticable, and favors all demands of the Alliance or other organizations that are just.

THE Iowa Democratic doctrine is good as far as it goes: "the free coinage of silver upon a just ratio." Coin the precious metals without limit, and issue a greenback dollar, or two if needed, for every coin dollar, and honor the government's dollar and the government's promise to pay a dollar by making both full legal tender.

SOME Democrats are fond of alluding to other Democrats as pandering or truckling to the Alliance. Why not say, rather, that thousands of people who are neither farmers nor Alliance members sympathize in the main with the demands of the Alliance? Not all of the Alliance favors the sub-treasury, and the sub-treasury is not all the Alliance demands.

THE Iowa Democrats have the right view of the silver dollar. They want it to have enough silver to be worth 100 cents, and then they want it to be put on a parity with gold in the matter of coinage. This country is mining $60,000,000 worth of silver every year. If that many dollars are put in circulation it will swell the volume of currency pretty comfortably, if the work is kept up for ten or twelve years.

THERE is war at Tyler between the Pie Getters and the Pie Hunters, and it is liable to bust the little town. The Pie Getters of Waco have gone with the Pie Hunters of Tyler, on the grounds of reciprocity. They claim that their liberality in the Cotton Belt receivership entitled them to a bite or a smell in the International. The man who pays the freight also pays for the little side-show by the sea.

AS THE investigation goes on, the people begin to sympathize with Judge McCord. Everybody was his friend and claimed a slice of the pie. Those men whom the judge could not fill up on pie got mad. They went in with the pie eaters of Waco to have an investigation at the expense of the people. The Federal judge had only two or three to fill up with Cotton Belt soup, and he was a lifetime officer.

FORT WORTH is in it. The big packery and cotton mill will in a few weeks be supplemented by the iron rolling mill, and the brewery is to be supplemented by a big distillery. The one incomprehensible thing is, that a town which has so many railroads to bring people into it and so much to attract people to it will not provide hotel accommodations suitable and sufficient to supply the demand. Fort Worth is the best hotel town in the Southwest.

DEMOCRATIC farmers are justified in sitting down on all those conceited politicians who think they can bulldoze, scare or hoodwink the farmer, instead of arguing things fairly with him. He ought to read those high priests out of the Democratic party who try to read him out without any authority in the national platform. It wouldn't hurt anything for the Democratic farmer to rid the party of the politician who is too big for his Democratic breeches.

THE only people outside of Tyler who feel much interest in the war between the Pie Getters and the Pie Hunters are the Pie Getters of Waco. It is all the same to these political and financial factions, the man who pays the freight would like an early adjournment of the committee and a speedy discharge of all receivers, state and national. The Man with the Hoe doesn't like to scrape cotton in July to pay for such fun.

THE allwise politicians and editors who are quarreling over who will be the next nominee and whether the people are for Cleveland or for Hill will learn something soon. The people who carry the Democratic banner to victory or honorable defeat are thinking more about what will go in the platform than about who will be nominated. When they stop to think about men, they look to the Northwest. Personal organ business, like the St. Louis Republic, has lost favor with the Democratic party.

THERE are two classes of Democrats in Texas. One is Democratic for the spoils and doesn't care for the platform or the principles so there is a prospect of spoils. The others are Democrats from principle and because they believe the Democratic party is the party of the people. This better class believes in a campaign of education and a positive platform. The better class believe there are men in every neighborhood capable of representing and enlightening them, the other class believing the dispenser of postoffices better authority than a platform of the party.

SENATOR GEORGE of Mississippi does not, as stated in some papers, come out in favor of the Ocala platform, but he favors that platform excepting as to the sub-treasury and land loan features and government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines. The exceptions are the most important features of the platform. Senator George seems about in line with the new movement of Alliance men in Texas, a meeting of whom is called at Fort Worth. It won't be many months before it will be hard to find a man in Texas who ever did favor the sub treasury and land loan follies.—[Houston Post.

And it will not be many months before it will be hard to find a man in Texas who opposes the just demands of the Alliance.

THE Gold-Bugs are as blind to the impending financial revolution as were the French aristocrats to the revolution that sent fair necks to the block. And the Fiat Money advocates are as blind as were the French canaille, who were vain enough to believe anarchy was law. Between these extremes is the happy mean. Neither financial aristocrats nor financial anarchists will ever control permanently the finances of this republic of intelligence and patriotism. Gold and silver will be the solution, with treasury notes issued direct in such volume as the needs of the country demand.

IN none of the published reports of the resolution passed at New Orleans January 19, 1889, by the International association does the name of the chairman appear. In a copy of the resolution now in THE GAZETTE'S possession, declaring "that the Galveston and Dallas News be paid at the rate of $12,000 a year," etc., the signature of J. Waldo, chairman, appears. That is why THE GAZETTE suggested that Mr. Waldo be called before the committee. Mr. Waldo can probably explain why the traffic association regarded the $12,000 as "a fund" to meet the payment of which the roads were to be "assessed" by him as chairman.

THE superiority of South Texas as a breeding ground has long been recognized among stockmen, though the quality of the calves produced is so poor that they bring in the market only about half as much as North Texas cattle. The scholastic census shows that South Texas is as good for babies as for calves. San Antonio, with a population of 39,000, has 10,694 school children, or more than one to four of the total population. Fort Worth, with 23,000 population, has 3208 school children, or one to seven. But when the quality is taken into consideration, the Fort Worth kid is about as good as the North Texas calf. Fewer and better is the Fort Worth motto.

THIS is the year when the candidates for governor in "pivotal" states acquire national prominence as presidential possibilities. Campbell and McKinley in Ohio know that he who is elected stands a fair chance of getting the presidential nomination of his party. Boies, the Democratic nominee in Iowa, is a possibility if he is eleeted, though Iowa has not heretofore been looked upon as a pivotal state. There is to be an election for governor in New York, but Cleveland and Hill so overshadow the others that Jones, who will probably get the Democratic nomination, is not considered. But it is a great thing to be elected governor of a doubtful state the year before the presidential election.

THE American Grange Bulletin says: "Hide-bound politicians have very much gratuitous advice to give farmers, concerning their political duties. This over-abundance of advice is uncalled for and is not wanted. The farmer, and by that term we mean the man who actually tills the soil, has become a student. He knows, without asking, that the times are all unjointed and that, for some reason or reasons, he is the undermost portion of the national structure. Knowing this he intends to discover the causes and apply the remedy. Naturally conservative, his ways will be the ways of peace, but none the less effective." They applied the remedy very effectually in Kansas and South Carolina, and sectionalism must give way before any real reform can be accomplished. Ingalls in Kansas and Hampton in South Carolina stood for the past rather than the present, and they disappeared. Men who suffer today, demand legislation for people now on the earth.

"WAR," SAYS OATES.

Congressman Oates wants to fight the Alliance. When the Alliance, as an Alliance, declares itself to be a political party those men will fight it who oppose its political principles, and those men will support it who favor its demands. Every Alliance man is not in favor of the sub-treasury scheme, and Mr. Oates may find that the sub-treasury scheme was the alternative of men driven to desperation by class legislation. The best way to fight the Alliance is to give the people something better than the sub-treasury and to undo the iniquitous legislation of the past quarter of a century. The discontent of the farmers, which has resulted in the Alliance, is the discontent of many who are not farmers. Mr. Oates may find that fighting the Alliance for the sake of fighting is a bigger job than he thinks it is.

The demand of the Alliance is a popular demand. The question of relief is a matter of method. If better methods than those of the Alliance are not adopted the methods of the Alliance will grow in popular favor. The people must have relief from Republican financial and tariff legislation. If the Alliance had no cause of complaint it might be easily beaten, but Mr. Oates, as a Democrat, must know that the Alliance merely voices a popular discontent that has been growing and gathering strength for twenty-five years. The inability of Democracy to relieve the people of national evils has become almost as offensive to the people as is the unwillingness of the Republican party to afford them any relief from the burdens of Republican class legislation.

Whatever is unwise in the demands of the Alliance or any portion of the Alliance should be resisted, and whatever is just should be conceded. The Alliance is the natural ally of the Democracy, if Democracy is what it professes to be, and it would be political folly to repel those who can give success to Democracy if they are fairly treated.

THE ALIEN LAND LAW.

Chap. 62.—An act to amend title 3, article 9 and 10 and to add articles 10a, 10b, 10c, 10d, 10e, 10f, 10g and 10h, and to repeal all laws in conflict therewith.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Texas: That title III and articles 9 and 10 be amended and by the addition or articles 10a, 10b, 10c, 10d, 10e, 10f, 10g and 10h, so as to hereafter read as follows:

Article 9. An alien shall have and enjoy in the state of Texas such rights pertaining to personal property as are or shall be accorded to citizens of the United States by the laws of the nation to which such alien shall belong, or by the treaties of such nation with the United States.

Art. 10. No alien or a person who is not a citizen of the United States of America shall acquire title to or own any interest in the lands within the state of Texas, and any deed or other conveyance purporting to convey such title or interest to any alien or unnaturalized foreigner or to any firm, company or corporation composed of such in whole or in part, shall be void.

Art. 10a. This chapter shall not apply to any alien who shall, at the time of acquiring title to lands in Texas, have declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States of America, and who shall in obedience to such laws become a citizen within six years from the time such intention was declared.

Art. 10b. All aliens who shall hereafter take lands by devise or descent may hold the same for the space of six years and no longer. Provided that any alien minor or person of unsound mind inheriting lands in Texas may have six years after such minor reaches twenty-one years of age, or person of unsound mind shall have had a legal guardian.

Art. 10c. Any alien may, for a valuable consideration, take, hold, assign, foreclose, sell or buy under any mortgage or deed of trust, any lands within the state of Texas in which he has an interest by virtue of having heretofore made a loan of money, subject to the provisions of this chapter in reference to alienating said lands within six years, as herein required.

Art. 10d. If any alien shall undertake to hold lands for a longer time, or in any way contrary to the provisions of this chapter, such lands shall escheat to and vest in the state of Texas in like manner as is provided for the escheat of estates of persons dying without any devise thereof and having no heirs.

Art. 10e. It shall be the duty of the attorney-general and district or county attorney, when they shall be informed or have reason to believe that any lands in this state are being held contrary to the provisions of this chapter, to institute suit in behalf of the state of Texas in the district court of the county where such lands are situated, praying for a writ of possession for the same in behalf of the state.

Art. 10f. The escheat proceedings provided for in the next preceding article shall, in the matter scire facias, appearance and default, judgment, execution and sale be governed by the provisions of title 36 of the Revised Statutes of Texas, in so far as the same is applicable, except that the only question on the trial shall be whether or not the provisions of this act have been violated.

Art. 10g. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this title are hereby repealed.

This is one of the laws passed by the Twenty-second Texas legislature, which appears to have gone through that body while the members were asleep. That is the charitable view to take of it, for it is impossible that the legislators could have made the law with full knowledge of the train of evils to follow it.

Texas needs cheap money. We have just begun to get it. Within the last few years we have seen the rate of interest go down from 10 and 12 per cent to 7 and 8 per cent. This was brought about by foreign money coming to the state. The effect of the law is to expel this money, because no man will loan money on land that he cannot take if the loan is not paid. Neither will domestic loan companies take the place of the foreign companies, because it is impossible for them to know that all of their stockholders are citizens of the United States, and article 10 prohibits any firm, company or corporation from acquiring title to real estate if a single member of it is an alien. No corporation can be certain that its stockholders are all citizens of the United States. If a single one among a hundred is a foreigner, even though living in this country but unnaturalized, that company cannot acquire valid title to land. It cannot be known how much money is now loaned on Texas real estate. The sum probably is not less than $50,000,000. This money will be called in as fast as the loans are due, for the mortgage companies will protect themselves. Where will the debtors find money to pay these debts? If they can't get the money they will lose their land.

And this, while bad enough for the debtor classes, is not the worst. The law is more far-reaching. It strikes at and unsettles all real estate titles. Any deed or other conveyance purporting to convey title to any alien or unnaturalized foreigner, or to any firm, company or corporation composed of such in whole or in part, shall be void. Such is the law. A defect in a deed affects all who holds under that deed. Twenty years hence, if it can be proved that a deed was made at any time after the taking effect of this law, by a person who was not a citizen of the United States, or by a company any one member of which was an alien, the land escheats to the state, and the owner loses it. A purchaser looks to his abstract for purity of title. An abstract cannot show that all persons through whose hands the deed has passed were citizens. With that uncertainty to face, and with the certainity that if any one of the members was not a citizen, the holder of the land is likely to lose it, together with all the improvements that may have been put on it, transfers of real estate in Texas will be rare occurrences. There will be no buyers. Without buyers there will be no value to land, except for what can be raised on it.

A special session of the legislature might afford relief against this vicious law by repealing or modifying it. Unless something of the kind is done, and at once, the people of Texas will be the main sufferers, and they will suffer grievously.

THE TARIFF ON HAT TRIMMINGS.

The verdict rendered recently at Philadelphia in the case of Meyer & Dickinson against the United States for excess of duties on silk for trimming hats, shows how the tariff often proves a double blessing to the protected barons; how they frequently manage to catch the coon, both gwine and comin'. If this verdict by a jury be affirmed by the higher court, the decision will make the government liable to the importers of hat trimming material, who have been paying for years a fifty-cent duty thereon, for the difference between that rate and the twenty-cent rate, which the Philadelphia jury says should have been charged them, or a total of twenty or thirty millions. Of course every maker and trimmer of hats that imported a yard of trimming of the material in question, will demand repayment by the government of the excess of duty paid by him thereon. Not that he is out that sum or any other, for he is not. If anybody is, it is the people who bought and wear his hats. He paid the excess of duty to the government, but added it to the price of his in their way. No foreign preacher could preach, no alien could toot his horn in competition with our home-born theologians and horn-blowers. American for Americans. American theology for American sinners; American music for American ears, was the demand.

Another step forward is about to be taken in vindication of the rights of Americans and against the pauper labor of Europe. A protest has gone up to the proper authorities against the admission of Slavin, because it was a violation of the contract labor law, as it is alleged that he came to this country under contract to labor with a certain Mr. Kilrain. This should turn out to be an easy case. The proof is all at hand. It only needs to be established that a contract was made before he came. The subsequent proceedings are simple. It is easy to prove that he carried out his agreement; that he did labor with Mr. Kilrain, and that in this case, as in many others, American labor could not stand up against the pauper labor of Europe, but was speedily knocked out. The offense is plain. Send the offender back to his home before he gets a chance to knock out another American laborer by the power of his pauper muscles. American sluggers must be protected.

State Horticultural Meeting.

McKINNEY, TEX., June 26, 1891.

For the Gazette.

A week off by the delicious waters of Lampasas viewing the grand horticultural display, meeting throngs of people from all parts of the state, hearing learned discussions of most interesting topics, breathing pure mountain air and feasting on the rare viands prepared for the occasion, will restore your wonted strength and tide you over the summer.

Don't forget the date, July 1, 2 and 3.

You will see a world of beauty, the finest things of all the earth, all from the soil of Texas.

We are advised that special rates will be given by hotels and by railroads except the Texas and Pacific and the Houston and Texas Central.

Come and thrice welcome to the State horticultural meeting at Lampasas.

E. W. KIRKPATRICK.

Watchful of Public Interests.

Belton Friendly Visitor.

The Fort Worth GAZETTE is one of the most conservative, prudent and watchful of the people's interest of any publication in our land, and we might safely rely on its diagnosis of all cases that affect the body politic.

What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a powerful and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

DEMOCRATIC PREMIUMS.

Prizes Ordered to Stimulate Democratic Organization and the Campaign of Education.

To Democratic Clubs:

To stimulate Democratic organization and the campaign of education I make the following offer:

1. I will give $100 for the best essay and specific proposition on the following question: By what method shall additional legal tender be gotten from the treasury of United States into the channels of trade?

2. One hundred dollars for the best essay and specific proposition on the following question: What disposition or investment shall be made of the permanent school fund of Texas?

The contestant shall be a member of a local Democratic club, or shall at least submit the essay to such a club for discussion. The essay to be delivered by October 15, 1891, and type-written, and there shall be at least five entries in each instance. The award to be made during the Dallas fair by a committee of five members of the legislature, to be selected by the chairman of the Democratic state executive committee if he will act. Essay limited in length to ten pages of legal cap.

Respectfully, BARNETT GIBBS,
Vice-president of national association of Democratic clubs.

In addition to the above a year's subscription to the Daily GAZETTE will be given to each of the winners under the two propositions made by Governor Gibbs. THE GAZETTE will publish the successful essays, and probably all of them contesting for the above prizes.

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

A CAR FAMINE ALREADY FELT AT SOME POINTS.

The Wheat Offered for Shipment Will Increase Ten-Fold in Ten Days—A Huge Panhandle Farm.

Special to the Gazette.

VERNON, WILBARGER COUNTY, TEX., June 26.—A traveling correspondent of THE GAZETTE met Capt. T. M. Cole yesterday, a member of the firm of Geo. M. Dilley & Co. of this place, and asked how matters were going on their big ranch. This firm has 2000 acres in wheat just south of Harrold. Capt. Cole said they were running two binders and two headers. They carry the wheat right from the header to the thresher, and they are cutting and threshing and delivering 1000 bushes per day on board the cars at Harrold. This company has a little farm of 16,640 acres on Beaver creek in Wilbarger county, 5120 of it in a body. Capt. Cole says their crop will average eighteen bushels per acre. The captain places the average full low. It is generally believed it will reach twenty bushels. As was anticipated, lack of transportation is already causing uneasiness among the buyers and shippers. THE GAZETTE sounded the alarm early in the season, and had it not been for the destruction of track by the late waterspouts the Fort Worth and Denver would have been equal to the occasion. But what the results will now be is impossible to say and the company should use every means to prevent a car famine, for such would prove more disastrous to the Panhandle than wouldanother flood.

Possibly the management of the freight department is not fully aware of the demand that will be made on it inside of ten days. It is claimed by those in position to know that in ten days 1000 bushels of wheat will be moving where 100 is now moving. This stands to reason. At Quanah alone fifteen steam and horse power thershers are preparing to go into the fields. For ten days every elevator in the Panhandle will be taxed to its utmost capacity. At Harrold, Vernon, Chillicothe and Quanah the car famine is already being felt. Many of the cars being tendered shippers have been loaded with leaky barrels of syrup or with lime, rendering them totally unfit to ship wheat in. Many of the cars have no grain doors, and this necessitates delay. It is going to require some of the best business sagacity obtainable to handle this enormous wheat crop successfully. Here is an opportunity for the great Fort Worth and Denver to make a record, as well as a handsome cash balance, and save the Panhandle from disaster.

The local agents along the line cannot handle this business. It must be done from headquarters and will require the undivided attention of the best talent in the freight department. These are not hastily written views, without careful investigation, but are facts gathered from responsible and deeply interested parties along the line from Wichita Falls to Childress.

Texas Tobacco Statistics.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The census office to-day made public the tobacco statistics of Texas, compiled by Professor Thomas A. Conrad under the direction of Mr. John Hyder, special agent in charge of the division of agriculture. The total number of planters in the state during the census year was 1861; the total area devoted to tobacco, 423 acres; total product, 17,576 pounds; and value of crop to producers, estimated on costs of actual sales, $15,131.

Wanted in Tarrant County.

Special to the Gazette.

DECATUR, WISE COUNTY, TEX., June 27.—George Hartgraves, alias Knuckles, was arrested near Audubon yesterday evening and lodged in jail at this place last night. Hartgraves is charged with an assault to murder in Tarrant county, Tex. Deputy Sheriff Joyce of Fort Worth came on the morning train and returned with the prisoner this evening.

Subscribe for the WEEKLY GAZETTE; only $1.00 per year.

THE LADIES' FRIEND.

—READ WHAT THEY SAY OF THE—

Gazette's Cook Book

WEEKLY GAZETTE ONE YEAR AND COOK BOOK ONLY $1.50.

READ THE TESTIMONIALS.

BEST COOK BOOK OUT.
DEXTER, TEX., Feb. 20, 1891.
Fort Worth Gazette:
Your premium cook book received. We are well pleased with it. All the recipes tried have given perfect satisfaction. I regard it as the best cook book on the market, as we have five different cook books, and I can cheerfully say that your book is the best and cheapest one of them. Yours with respect, C. P. ELLIOTT.

THE BEST SHE HAS SEEN.
HURST, TEX., Feb. 17, 1891.
The Democrat Publishing Company:
SIRS—I think the cook book worth three times the cost and the best that I have seen. Would not part with it for twice the price.
MRS. P. R. HILL.

ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY.
SIPE SPRINGS, TEX.
DEAR SIR—The book is entirely satisfactory, and everyone who sees it admires it. I think it is worth twice the money I gave for it. Many thanks to you for the book, as well as for your worthy paper. C. H. TURNER.

WORTH MORE THAN IS ASKED.
LANHAM, HAMILTON COUNTY, TEX., Feb. 10, 1891.
Fort Worth Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
The cook book is more than you claim for it, and worth much more than the price paid for, without counting a year's reading of the best Democratic paper in the state. I don't see how you can sell such a valuable book for so little money. I would not be without THE GAZETTE one year for twice what the book and paper cost. Pleased beyond expectation.
G. W. BULMAN.

COULD NOT DO WITHOUT IT.
CUBA P. O., TEX., Feb. 15, 1891.
Fort Worth Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
DEAR SIRS—Your cook book came safe to hand several days ago, and am well pleased with it, as it is a great help to any person keeping house. We could not well afford to do without it now. Yours as ever.
W. K. BOATWRIGHT.

FOR RICH AND POOR.
SMITHFIELD, TEX., Feb. 20, 1891.
Editor Gazette.
We have two or three cook books, but not being a stockholder in any national bank, nor interested in the Louisiana state lottery, I have not been able, financially, to utilize them to any great extent. But I find in the Household, or GAZETTE cook book, scores of recipes well adapted to the household of limited means, plenty of cheap, simple and healthful recipes; while, if one wishes to indulge in something more expensive and stylish, there are plenty rich and delicious enough to give a tobacco sign the dyspepsia. My wife is well pleased with it not only for the cooking recipes, but for many good things in the other departments. If you will renew your request in about two years, I will tell you better what I think of it, for it will take fully that long to try the hundreds of recipes contained in this very valuable book.
W. B. NICHOLS.

ALL LADIES SHOULD HAVE IT.
ROUND TIMBERS, Feb. 22, 1891.
The Democrat Publishing Co.:
SIRS—I have received your valuable cook book, and I think it is a book all ladies should have that have cooking to do. Those that do not could learn how, and I think the price is very low. My wife is very much pleased with ours, and would not take twice the price of her's. I am yours respectfully, T. K. HAMBY.

HIS WIFE WELL PLEASED.
BELTON, TEX., Feb. 26, 1891.
Publishing Company:
GENTS—The cook book came through in due time; have had high living ever since. Book cannot be excelled in the money invested. My wife is well pleased. Yours with respect.
A. WELLER.

WORTH THREE TIMES ITS COST.
LADONIA, FANNIN CO., TEX., Nov. 15, 1890.
Fort Worth Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
DEAR SIR—The cook book is worth three times the cost. I would advise all young married couples to buy it and the encyclopaedia.
W P. FERY.

MUCH PLEASED.
ACTON, TEX., Feb. 15, 1891.
Editor Gazette:
DEAR SIR—I received the household cook book as a premium to THE GAZETTE. My wife is well pleased with it. Much success to THE GAZETTE in her undertaking. Very respectfully, C. G. GARDNER.

HIGHLY PLEASED.
VALLEY MILLS, TEX., Feb. 16, 1891.
Democrat Publishing Co., Fort Worth, Tex.:
The household cook book, sent my father as a premium with the Weekly GAZETTE, was received in good order. I have tried it and am highly pleased. Think it or the paper either worth the money paid for both. Respectfully,
JUNO SCRUTCHFIELD.

AGREEABLY SURPRISED.
To the Gazette.
Must say that I was agreeably surprised when I received your cook book. It is much better than expected. Besides so many excellent recipes for cooking I find other valuable information as well. Best wishes to THE GAZETTE.
THOS. J. CHAPMAN.

GETS THE PAPER FREE.
LAWNDALE, TEX., Feb. 12, 1891.
To the Editor of the Gazette.
We are in receipt of your Household cook book sent as a premium with the Weekly GAZETTE at the low price of $1.50. We are well pleased with the book. My wife is never at a loss to cook a meal when the book is in the kitchen. The book is worth the money, so we get THE GAZETTE free. Hoping the paper much success, I remain, yours as ever,
V. W. COWART.

WORTH MORE THAN IT COST.
BRAZOS, PALO PINTO CO., Feb. 13, 1891.
To the Gazette.
DEAR SIR—I have examined your Household cook book and will say I am pleased beyond expectations; would not be without it for ten times the cost. Success to the GAZETTE.
MRS. S. C. DABNEY.

MANY VALUABLE RECIPES.
ARLINGTON, TEX., Feb. 10, 1891.
Fort Worth Gazette.
The cook book I received as a premium for one year's subscription to THE GAZETTE I consider worth fully the amount of the cost of the paper and book, $1.50. Outside of instructions for cooking there are many valuable recipes. I found one recipe I paid $1 for. Success to THE GAZETTE. An old subscriber.
M. J. BRINSON.

WORTH DOUBLE THE PRICE.
GORDON, PALO PINTO COUNTY, TEX., Feb. 11, 1891.
DEAR SIR—When I received your cook cook I was surprised to think how you could bring out such a valuable book for 50 cents. It is worth $1 with so many valuable cooking recipes, and medical recipes, and canning recipes, and many other valuable recipes. This book ought to be in every home. I wish every housewife had this book in her house. It is valuable to any one, and I would not be without it for $1.
J. H. GIBBS.

BEST FOR THE PRICE.
PANHANDLE OF TEXAS, LAKEVIEW, HALL COUNTY, TEX., Feb. 13, 1891.
I have received the Household Cook Book; have used the same and will say it is the best book for the price ever offered. I would recommend it to every family wishing a good cook book. Wishing you success with same, I remain yours truly, W. Z. HARAWAY.

WELL PLEASED WITH IT.
QUITMAN, TEX., Feb. 14, 1891.
DEAR SIR—My wife is well pleased with the cook book so far as she has tried it, and says she would not be without it for twice the money if she could not get another. Yours respectfully, R. B. CAVE.

BETTER THAN RECOMMENDED.
WESTON, TEX., Feb. 12, 1891.
Mr. Editor.
DEAR SIR—The cook book given as a premium with THE GAZETTE is far superior to what I expected. It is more than it is recommended to be, not only a cook book, but full of good recipes for diseases which children are subject to. I believe it would cost at least $1, or perhaps $1.50, at a bookstore. B. F. DOUGLAS.

JUST THE BOOK.
BRECKINRIDGE, TEX., Feb. 14, 1891.
Weekly Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
GENTLEMEN—Your cook book, given as a premium, came safely to hand and was well received. Mrs. Trammell expressed herself well pleased with its contents, being just such a book as she has long needed. It is nicely bound and is a handsome present.
D. B. TRAMMELL.

QUITE A HELP.
ALEXANDER, TEX., Feb. 75, 1891.
Editor Gazette:
Received your cook book, and think it quite a help to young housekeepers. Besides the recipes for cooking there is other valuable information. MRS. J. M. MILLER.

THE BEST SHE HAS CONSULTED.
ALBANY, TEX., Feb. 14, 1891.
The Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Tex.:
My wife claims she never had much need for a cook book, her mother having taught her that a necessary qualification to insure a comfortable, pleasant home was to know how either to properly prepare a meal herself or have it done, and I take pleasure in testifying that her mother was right. However, this cook book received from you is the best one she has consulted, and we think you deserve thanks for putting so useful a present. Respectfully, etc., P. A. GRAHAM.

JUST AS REPRESENTED.
DAVIS' POOR FARM, THROCKMORTON COUNTY, TEX., Feb. 14, 1891.
To the Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
SIR—Your cook book came to hand all right and it gives entire satisfaction; just what you represented it to be. Could not do without it. Yours truly, E. P. DAVIS.

WORTH MANY TIMES ITS COST.
PAINT ROCK, TEX., Feb. 15, 1891.
Editor Fort Worth Gazette:
I received the "Household Cook Book" that my husband got as a premium with THE GAZETTE. I am delighted with the book. I have tried a number of the recipes in it and find them to be good, and can safely say it is far superior to any book of the kind I ever saw, and is worth many times what it cost.
MRS. JENNIE M. REAVES.

EVERY FAMILY OUGHT TO HAVE IT.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY., Feb. 17, 1891.
To the Gazette:
DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your cook book forwarded me as premium to the Weekly GAZETTE. I am well pleased with the book and think that every family ought to have it. It is a better book than I expected for the money. No one need be without it for it is cheap at the price. Yours respectfully,
GEORGE H. BOYD.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.
WAXAHACHIE, TEX., Feb. 14, 1891.
Democrat Publishing Company:
I received the cook book and am well pleased with it and think it would be a good investment for every household. Yours,
MRS. G. H. CUNNINGHAM.

ALONE WORTH THE PRICE OF BOTH.
CASTROVILLE, TEX., Feb. 12, 1891.
Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Tex.:
GENTLEMEN—I must say that I think the cook book alone worth the $1.50. However, your paper is the best weekly paper published in Texas in my estimation, and I think it ought to be one of the home comforts in every house in Texas. My wife has tried a good many recipes out of the cook book and was more than pleased with them. Yours to command.
ROBERT DE MARTEL.

WELL WORTH THE MONEY.
CARLTON, Feb. 11.
DEAR SIR—Your cook book come to hand. It is a book that I think well worth the money. My wife is well pleased with it. Yours truly,
G. W. ARMONTROUT.

WORTH DOUBLE THE COST.
TRICKHAM, COLEMAN COUNTY, TEX., Feb. 11, 1891.
Editor Gazette, Fort Worth:
GENTS—I am well pleased with your cook book, and I think it worth double what it cost. My wife says she would not do without it since she has tried it. Yours, W. D. MATHEWS.

HIGHLY PLEASED WITH IT.
PARSONS, TEX., Feb. 12, 1891.
Editor Gazette:
Your cook book is all you claim it to be and is worth the money paid for it and I am highly pleased with it. Yours truly,
MRS. P. M. SISK.

BEYOND HIS EXPECTATIONS.
WHITESBORO, TEX., Feb. 10, 1891.
Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Tex.:
The cook book received as premium with THE GAZETTE is beyond my expectations, and my wife is delighted with it. Think it is worth several times its cost. Please accept my thanks for same. Yours truly, F. W. REAST.

WORTH PRICE OF PAPER AND BOOK.
CRANFILLS GAP, BOSQUE COUNTY, Feb. 12, 1891.
Democrat Publishing Company.
DEAR SIR—The Household Cook Book sent to me as a premium with THE GAZETTE was promptly received. As to its merit and value I cannot say too much. I think it well worth the subscription price of the paper, exclusive of your valuable paper. S. H. SPROULS.

WORTH MORE THAN THEY COST.
COLEMAN, TEX., Feb. 13.
The Fort Worth Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex.:
DEAR SIRS—As to the merits and value of the cook book and the weekly paper I think it's worth more than the money that I paid for them. Yours truly. J. G. CAPPS.

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