DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose etc. — Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

A GRAND CLIMAX.

The Rain Experimenters Make a Final Test---A Success.

SEVEN BALLOONS SENT UP.

Sky as Clear as Could be With Every Indication of Continued Fair Weather.

Four Hours After the Experimenters Cease Their Racket, a Heavy Rain. Hail—The Next Trial Will Be Made at El Paso.

Special to the Gazette.

MIDLAND, MIDLAND COUNTY, TEX., Aug. 26.—To-day was the grand final of the operations at this point of Uncle Jerry Rusk's sky-scorners, and a fitting victory was achieved by the scientists in their efforts to make water from the burning winds of the Llano Estacado, one of the dry grounds of this America.

General Dyrenforth and his party have met with a number of obstacles in their work in this region which appeared well nigh insurmountable, but with patient and untiring energy they have overcome every difficulty. The most powerful and relentless enemy which the party has had to encounter has been the fierce wind which constantly sweeps over the plains of Western Texas. The force of the gale on the balloons is very great, and in several cases has torn the canvas from their fastenings or rent the strong meshes of the netting as if they were woven fabric. Shelters had to be made for the balloons and for the experiment stations. The oxygen apparatus [illegible]

THE BALLOONS WERE CONSTRUCTED

and manufactured here, and on a scale never before attempted. The seclusion of the ranch in which they were also made this work exceedingly difficult. No difficulties were encountered in the explosions on the ground however, and these were carried on with complete success, over half a ton of Rackarock, potassium and dynamite having been used in the last few days. Explosives were also shot from kites. The explosions were made over a space of several square miles. For three weeks an intermittent series of experiments have been carried on and not in a single instance has rain failed to fall within ten or twelve hours after the explosions. Your correspondent has been on the ground constantly and therefore is

CONFIDENT OF ALL THE FACTS.

The series was brought to a climax yesterday when seven balloons containing several thousand feet of hydrogen gas were sent up and exploded at heights varying from 1000 to 10,000 feet. At sundown the batteries on the ground began their work and at 10:30 p. m. a continuous cannonading was carried on under a sky of perfect clearness, lit by countless stars of a brilliancy seldom seen in the North. The barometer promised fair and the hygrometer stood between dry and very dry. The cowboys and ranchmen, who are expert weather prophets, said it would be utterly useless to hope for rain for a week under such conditions as existed. All things seemed combined to withstand the terrific onslaught on the storms of the sky.

At 11 p. m. Gen. Dyrenforth withdrew his forces and all retired for the night. Sleep, however, was soon interrupted, for at 3 a. m. the first report came from the heavens when the rain-makers were recalled to

A CRASHING PEAL OF THUNDER

and the rain was soon beating on the roof. At sunrise a magnificent, double rain bow arched the heavens and the downfall of rain did not cease till 8 o'clock a. m. A number of heavy charges of dynamite were then made, and after every one the drops again poured down till at last the clouds were entirely expended, and there was nothing left from which to shake the water.

The cattlemen are jubilant over the success of the experiments, and scores of invitations are daily pouring in from various localities asking for further operations in their vicinity.

Gen. Dryenforth leaves for Washington to-day for two weeks' absence, leaving the expedition in charge of Mr. John T. Ellis. The next operation will be made in El Paso and thence the party goes to Western Kansas. Your correspondent will accompany the expedition.

The Miss Williams primary school and kindergarten will open Monday, September 1st, at the end of West Fourth street.

PERSONAL.

A. G. Reilly has gone to San Antonio.

Rev. F. L. Stanton leaves to-day via the Cotton Belt for Atlanta, Ga.

Howard W. Peak leaves to-day via the Cotton Belt for Milwaukee.

Miss Lillie Johnson left yesterday on the Cotton Belt for Pueblo, Mex.

Miss E. Hendricks, who has been taking a vacation, returned this morning.

E. E. Hall has returned from Dublin, where he had gone on business.

Miss Carrie Lestage is of Dallas is visiting her aunt, Mrs. M. M. Camp, at 314 East Rosedale street.

Mrs. H. W. Stone has returned from Denison, Mexia and Lawrence, Kan., where she has been visiting relatives.

Miss Mattie Turner left the city for Denver, Colo., Tuesday morning, where she will spend several weeks visiting friends.

Fred H. Rolle, assistant attorney of the Fort Worth and Denver railway, is up the road on his usual week's trip for the road on legal business.

O. L. Teachout, assistant superintendent of the railway mail service, accompanied by his wife and daughter, leaves this morning for a trip to Michigan and Western New York.

Mrs. John Summerfield and Mrs. D. A. Kennedy of Dallas, sisters of C. H. Murdock, came over to-day to attend the marriage of Miss Morgan Long, Thursday evening, 27th inst.

Messrs. Benson & Co., proprietors of the Ellis hotel, are now making preparations for the fall and winter trade and are putting in a first class elevator plant complete, repainting, cleaning carpets and painting. The Ellis under their management, and setting a table second to none in the state, has become deservedly popular with the traveling public, and is the leading hotel of our city.

REMANDED TO JAIL.

Don Campbell Not Allowed to Give Bail.

THE CITY HAS JURISDICTION

Over the Enforcement of the Sunday Law, Says Judge Hurt—The Jersey Breeders' Convention—A Reception to Miss Drake.

They Close To-Night.

The American Ladies' orchestra, which has been playing at Como Park pavilion for the past week, closes to-night. Manager Browne will tender a reception to all the ladies of Fort Worth, and asks that they come out to-night to hear the last concert. The programme will be as usual, a very interesting one, and the pavilion should be filled to-night.

Sedgwick Post No. 39, G. A. R.

A regular meeting of Sedgwick post No. 39, Grand Army of the Republic, will be held at their hall in THE GAZETTE building, corner of Rusk and Fifth streets, Thursday evening August 27, 1891, at 8 o'clock promptly. All members of the Grand Army of the Republic in good standing are invited to meet with us.

T. W. MANCHESTER, Adjutant.

Around the Jail.

Dick Ware, sheriff of Mitchell county, remained in the city over Tuesday night, having in charge a negro prisoner accused of horse stealing.

Lewis Harman, a white man, was lodged in jail yesterday charged with burglary.

Sam Magnas plead guilty to vagrancy before Justice McClung yesterday and was sentenced to a term in jail.

A Reception to Miss Drake.

Last evening a very elegant reception was tendered Miss Maydelle Drake at the residence of B. L. Spencer on Adams street. The handsome parlors were thronged at an early hour, and the youth and beauty of the city were there. Miss Maydelle proved a very graceful and charming young lady, and of course was the center of attraction, being the winner of the first prize in THE GAZETTE scholarship contest. The evening was very thoroughly enjoyed, and was characterized by pleasing music and games. Refreshments were served, and the evening was voted one of the most thoroughly enjoyable of the season.

A Lost Boy.

Considerable excitement was caused in the traffic department of the Fort Worth and Denver yesterday forenoon, when a telephone message was received that the little son of Everett Wyatt, rate clerk, had disappeared. A hot search was at once instituted and the parents were almost frantic. While the excitement was at its height the elevator boy entered the office with Mr. Wyatt, jr., and turned him over to the care of Chief Clerk C. C. Drake, who telephoned at once that the missing boy was in the office, safe and sound. The little chap had taken a notion he wanted to see his papa and had made a pretty direct line for the board of trade building. The young gentleman's roving propensities will be held more closely in check hereafter.

The Jersey Breeders' Convention.

A meeting of the Jersey cattle breeders of the state of Texas will be held in this city on the 1st of September, for the purpose of organizing a state breeders' association. The importance of the meeting demands that every breeder and owner of registered Jersey cattle in the state should be on hand. The editor of the Jersey Bulletin, as well as several breeders of national reputation, are expected to be present. The convention will be held in the chamber of commerce hall, and it is expected it will be quite an extensive affair and of more than ordinary interest to this class of cattlemen. It is desired that as many breeders as can possibly make arrangements to come make it a point to be present, in order that the new association may be ushered into life on as solid foundation as is possible.

Mother Goose Entertainment.

The following is the programme and cast of characters as will be presented at Huffman's hall to-night. The entertainment is given for the benefit of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city. The following boys and girls will take part:

Master of ceremonies.....Royal Twombly.
Mistress of ceremonies.....Grace Calhoun.
Mother Goose.....Fellee Clardy.
Jack and Gill.....Walter Pattie. Callie McCoy.
Red Riding Hood.....Ida McNary.
Old Woman in Shoe.....Georgia McCoy.
Old King Cole.....Harry Twombly.
Humpty Dumpty.....Morris Howe.
Little Boy Blue.....Guy Nay.
Goody Two Shoes.....Nettie Jacobs.
Blue Beard.....Willie Parks.
Bopeep and Her Two Sheep.....Lizzie Vaughn.
Mother Hubbard.....Annie Vaughn.
Jack Horner.....Guy Guynn.
Jack Giant Killer.....Mark Evans.

The Pythian Anniversary.

At a meeting of W. R. Gause division, No. 2, U. R. K. of P., the final arrangements were completed for celebrating their anniversary on the 28th, Friday, by giving an old-time basket picnic. All the lodges of this city have been invited and the members have signified their intention to attend, accompanied by their ladies. Neighboring divisions have been invited to attend, but not having received answers they cannot tell how many will attend in a body or as a division, but if they do come as a division they expect to have a good time and a big crowd. Good music and our hospitality being so well known all over the state, they will all know that our baskets will be so well filled that we can at least keep a few hundred occupied for twenty minutes, trying to clean out our baskets. All visiting Knights are requested to come out to Como park, and all visiting Sir Knights are requested to form with the division at Castle hall at 10 o'clock sharp Friday morning, 28th inst. Knights, do not forget your chivalry, and bring your ladies. THE COMMITTEE.

THE CITY SUSTAINED.

Judge Hurt Decides the City Has Jurisdiction Over Saloons.

Yesterday morning Judge Hurt of Dallas, a member of the court of appeals bench, came over from Dallas to preside at the hearing of the ex-parte habeas corpus case of Mike Cassiday. The question is regarded as a test case of the jurisdiction of the city over the saloons in enforcing the Sunday law. Judge Hurt's decision was as follows:

Ex-parte Mike Cassiday, Aug. 26, 1891.—The above cause coming on to be heard in chambers, and it appearing to the court that relator was on the —— day of August, 1891, tried and convicted before a justice of the peace of precinct No. 1, Tarrant county, for the offense of keeping his place of business open on Sunday for for the purpose of traffic, and that he is restrained of his liberty under writ of capias pro finem, issued by said justice, and it further appearing to the court that the venue of said alleged offense was within the corporate limits of the city of Fort Worth, a city of more than 10,000 inhabitants, incorporated as such by special act of the legislature, and that by said special charter of incorporation, the city court of said city is given exclusive jurisdiction of offenses against the Sunday laws committed in said city between the hours of 12 o'clock Saturday night and 9 o'clock Sunday morning, and from 4 o'clock Sunday evening to 12 o'clock Sunday night, and it further appearing to the court by agreement of counsel for relator and respondent herein, that the act for which relator was so convicted was done by him between the hours of 12 o'clock Saturday night and 9 o'clock Sunday morning, within the corporate limits of the city as aforesaid.

It is therefore held by the court that said justice's court had no jurisdiction to try relator for said offense, the exclusive jurisdiction being by said special charter vested in the city court of said city, and that the said judgment of the said justice of the peace is void and of no effect, and that relator is illegally restrained of his liberty. The judgment of the court is that he be discharged.

J. M. HURT, Judge, Court of Appeals.

The Gospel Tent Work.

The trial of the "tent work" by the Bethel mission in this city has been up to the present time a shining success. The tent was purchased on "faith" and a note given for the purchase money. During the first series of meetings held by the Broadway Baptist church, the purchase money was subscribed. From that point the tent was erected on West Belknap street, and the meetings held by the Cumberland Presbyterian church. From this point it was moved into the North Side park and a series of meetings, which have just closed, were held by the Baptist people there. At the two former meetings the conversions numbered over two hundred, and the respective churches conducting the services were greatly blessed and strengthened.

The latter series of meetings were of much import to the little body of Christians composing the North Side Baptist church, as at the closing meeting a subscription list was opened and $462.50 subscribed toward the erection of a suitable place of worship. Lots have been offered in different parts of the town, and it is hoped that the building will be under way in a short time.

Other results of the meeting were the conversion of a large number and the interesting of a still larger number of persons, interest which in due time will bear fruit. Much assistance was rendered by workers from this side of the river, the Broadway church contributing liberally in that respect. On Saturday night five carloads came from south of the Trinity, about one hundred and fifty from Broadway alone. Members of the Bethel and Young Men's Christian Association also assisted very materially, especially in the prayer and testimony meeting.

The existing interest in church matters was certainly fostered and built up on a sowing from which an abundant harvest will no doubt be reaped. Rev. A. P. Collins has been definitely called by the church as pastor.

The tent will be set up in the Chamber's addition, near the Daggett schoolhouse, and Revs. Calnon and Tinnon will conduct the services there.

This system of tent work has been tried with bountiful success in Chicago and other large cities. Men do not feel the restraint in the tent they would in a church, and numbers flock to the meetings who could not be induced to enter church doors.

REMANDED WITHOUT BAIL.

The Result of the Preliminary Trial of Don Campbell.

The preliminary examination of Don Campbell was concluded before Justice McClung yesterday, the trial commencing promptly at 9 o'clock, no testimony was taken yesterday, both the defense and the prosecution having rested the evening before. The argument in the case was therefore commenced immediately upon the convening of court, and the argument for the state was opened by Prosecuting Attorney Gillespie, who made a speech of a half hour's length, in which he argued that the case was one of murder in the first degree, and as a consequence not bailable. He reviewed the evidence and asserted that it showed unequivocally that the defendant shot the deceased with malice express and premeditated, and closed his remarks by asking that the defendant be remanded without bail.

E. W. Tempel opened the case for the defense and confined his remarks to showing the absence of malice aforethought and to the failure of the prosecution to show that malice was evident.

Mr. Tempel was followed by I. T. Moreland, whose argument was in the same line. He cited cases parallel to the one in question, and closed his argument.

Messrs. Albright and Guthridge followed in the order named and argued the case from a legal stand point, dwelling at some length upon the unimpeachable reputation of the defendant for honesty, integrity and peaceableness from childhood up to manhood. They did not pretend to classify the offense with which Campbell is charged, further than to hold that it was decidedly not murder in the first degree, and not being such that the defendant was justly entitled to bond.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Guthridge Attorney Chapman, who was assisting in the prosecution, closed the case for the state. He argued that no construction other than murder in the first degree could be put upon the case in view of the evidence, which he asserted showed malice, deliberate, express and premeditated; that the fact of Allibone having written the letters defaming the character of the defendant had engendered this malice, and when the defendant saw Allibone standing in the Pickwick it was evident that he started over with the express purpose of killing the deceased. In this hypothesis the prosecution based its presumption of malice, and insisted that in the light of the evidence the case was emphatically not a bailable one. The remarks of Mr. Chapman closed the argument for the prosecution, and the case was submitted to Justice McClung. After some deliberation the judge rendered his verdict, which was that Campbell should be remanded without bail. The defendant took the matter quietly, and was shortly afterwards conducted back to jail by the sheriff.

The attorneys of Campbell have by no means given up the fight and last evening were taking preliminary steps to sue out a writ of habeas corpus before one of the district judges. They say that they feel that the case of their client is a bailable one and that it will be procured.

THE RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

Something of Interest from General Order No. 145.

The following excerpts from general order No. 145 of the Eleventh district, railway mail service, will be of interest:

WASHINGTON, August 18, 1891.

St. Louis, Wis.—Missending of—Division superintendents will please call attention in general orders to the new office, "Saint Louis, Douglas county, Wis.," with a view of avoiding the missending of the same to Saint Louis, Mo., which irregularity is recently the source of much complaint.

JAMES E. WHITE,
General Superintendent.

Commendation.—The following is a copy of a letter recently received from the honorable general superintendent:

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1891.

MR. J. S. Weaver, Superintendent R. M. S., Fort Worth, Tex.:

SIR—It is very gratifying to observe in your bulletin of general orders of August 12, 1891, a list of examinations made during the month of July. It is pleasant to note not only the large number of examinations, but the quality of them, and they certainly reflect great credit upon your division. By these examinations we know from past experience that the service is very much improved, the clerks acquiring a correct knowledge of the distribution devolving upon them and thus being able not only to make better records, but to perform their distribution much more rapidly than they could without the knowledge that they acquire in this way. I trust the clerks will continue their studies and thus assure a better facing-slip record for the Eleventh division during this fiscal year than they did the last one. This we shall expect of them and believe that we shall not be disappointed. Very respectfully,

JAMES E. WHITE,
General Superintendent.

Chief clerk, San Antonio, Tex.—Mr. Harvey Montgomery has been assigned to duty as chief clerk, railway mail service, San Antonio, Tex., vice Mr. R. P. Crawford, resigned. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

Notice to the Local Railway Postal Clerks' associations of the Eleventh division:

You are respectfully and most earnestly requested to have a delegate present at our next monthly meeting which takes place at the superintendent's office in the city of Fort Worth on the first Tuesday in September, in order that steps may be taken towards forming a division association and such other matters as the meeting may deem proper. B. D. KENNEDY, Sec.

Printed Facing Slips.—In making out requisitions for facing slips to be printed by this office, clerks will observe the following instructions:

1. Make out north and south, or east and west trips separately.
2. Make separate lists for letter slips, pouch and paper labels.
3. Arrange lists, alphabetically, in the following order: Letter slips—First, R. P. O.'s; second, dis.; third, states; fourth, pouch labels. Paper slips- First, R. P. O.'s; second, directs and dis., (the dis. of a direct following immediately after it); third, states.
4. Write plainly, spell correctly, avoid the use of abbreviations as much as possible and insert just such slips as are actually used by the line for which the requisition is made.

By following the above instructions, clerks will avoid unnecessary correspondence and will not have to rewrite their lists.

General.—On Sundays, Fort Worth office pouches on sDublin, Granbury, Stephenville and Comanche, Tex., by train 1 of the Fort Worth and Comanche R. P. O., as clerk on that line does not run on Sunday. The dises of Comanche, Granbury and Stephenville are given below. Canvas sacks should be made for those offices and their dises by all lines centering at Fort Worth for Sunday a. m. standpoint. Letter packages should be tied out and connected through Fort Worth pouch. Other lines and offices in dispatching this mail for Sunday a. m., should tie out or mass on connecting lines.

Granbury district—Acton, Lipan, Thorp's Spring.

Stephenville district—Cowan, Hannibal, Huckabay, Morgan's Mill, Paluxy, Panter, Selden, Skipper's Gap.

Comanche district—Bibb, Dingler, Fleming, Gustine, Newburg, Sidney, Whittville.

Suspensions.—A clerk in the Second division, one day, for careless handling of registered mail.

A clerk in the Second division, one day, on account of mispouching a registered package.

A clerk of class 3, Sixth division, one day, for failure to deliver important mails at a junction.

A clerk of class 3, Seventh division, one day, for changing trip permit to read between different points than for which originally issued.

A clerk of class 5, Seventh division, one day, for attempting to divert mails from one line to another and delaying return of official papers.

NOW ORGANIZING.

For What You Pay Rent You Can Get You a Home.

A building and loan association is now organizing to build homes in the Polytechnic and the Cotton Mills addition. If you already have a lot in either of these additions, take some stock in the association and build you a home. Choice lots can be had at $100 each in the Cotton Mill tract, where employment can be had in the mill for many families. The rent of houses in that addition will pay out the stock required to build them should you not occupy them yourselves. As a saving investment for small sums there is nothing that beats building and loan association stock. Subscription list can be found at the office of W. D. Hall, corner Third and Houston streets, or at my office. E. E. FOSDICK.
500 Houston Street.

Mention the Fort Worth GAZETTE.

She'll be there! Mother Goose, Huffman's hall.

Injunction Granted.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Aug. 26.—A few days since the Tennessee coal and iron company, lessees of the convict labor of the state, filed a bill of injunction in the circuit court to enjoin the state from removing the convicts from Briceville on the report of the state mine inspector, who declares the mine unfit and dangerous to life and limb. Judge McAllister granted the injunction.

The South Fort Worth kindergarten will open at the residence of Miss Whitmore on the corner of Daggett and Galveston avenues, Monday, September 7, 1891.

LOCALETTES.

To-day R. F. Bridges, a prominent business man of Vernon, will wed Miss Alice Craig of this city.

Officers Scott and Bidaker early yesterday morning arrested a man named Louis Harmon for attempted burglary.

This evening at 8:30 o'clock the Women's Relief Corps will give another of their enjoyable sociables at the home of Miss Janie Parks, 805 South Main street. Grand Army of the Republic and Sons of Veterans cordially invited.

Mr. Roupe and John Guinard, assistant chiefs of the Galveston fire companies, were shaking hands with the fire laddies of Fort Worth, and were well pleased with the Fort Worth department. They return to Galveston on the 3 o'clock train via Dallas.

The young man, Ellis, who was arrested some time ago on a charge of fraud in connection with his business as solicitor for an alleged big loan institution of Kansas City, has been released on bond. Some striking information regarding the methods of the concern he was inveigled into traveling for are promised.

DR. J. A. HUNTER, SPECIALIST
In Ailments of the Throat, Lungs, Heart and Ears. Catarrh and deafness and their treatment by medicated oxygen and chlorine inhalations. State your symptoms or write for list of questions and pamphlets. No. 183 St. Charles street, New Orleans.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

Galveston's Factions Wrangling Over the New Charter.

Special to the Gazette.

GALVESTON, TEX., Aug. 26.—The discovery of a slight omission in the enacting clause of the amendments to the city charter as passed by the recent legislature has produced somewhat of a sensation and much discussion, as certain parties claim that the omission invalidates all acts done under the amended charter and relegates the city back to its position under the old charter, and in charge of the old officers who then held office. The sections of the charter to be amended were denominated by numbers. The title section in the enacting clause give the sections amended correctly, but by a subsequent section omits the number of one of the sections amended, although this section appears in the charter, and is mentioned in the title clause, hence it is held by some who are opposed to the present city government that this omission invalidates the present charter, and renders all elections or other acts done thereunder illegal and void. This opinion, however, is not shared by the legal fraternity, who hold that this insignificant omission does not invalidate, and that the city can proceed with safety under the charter, and acts or legislation authorizing a compliance with its provisions will be legal and will be so sustained by the courts.

None but ten year old Belle of Nelson whisky served over the Mansion bar.

SENSATIONAL SUIT.

A Houston Lady Sues Her Brother for Property.

Special to the Gazette.

HOUSTON, TEX., Aug. 26.—Quite a sensational suit was filed in the district court today. Mary M. Fuller sues her brother, N. B. Fuller, for recovery of a deed for $30,000 worth of property, which affiant claims he secured from her through force, fraud and violence. The Fuller family is among the oldest and most cultured in Texas, and are heirs to a large slice of the French spoliation claims.

Subscribe for the Weekly GAZETTE.

I. & G. N. REPORT.

The Joint Investigating Committee Heard From.

IT ACQUITS JUDGE M'CORD

And the Receivers of Official Misconduct. Garwood Agrees in the Main with the Majority, But Indulges in a Little Criticism.

Majority Report.

Special to the Gazette.

AUSTIN, TEX., Aug. 26.—The report of the International and Great Northern joint investigation committee has come at last, with a small minority annex thereto, signed by Senator Garwood. The report proper is signed by Representatives McKinney, Gresham, Brietz and Crain, and acquits Judge McCord and the receivers of anything involving official misconduct or wrong-doing.

It was filed at 10:30 to-day with the secretary of state, and is in the main a record of the facts in the case as developed by the investigation, together with some recommendations governing the laws as to receiverships, which are said to be defective. The prosecuting evidence in the case is filed also, and made a part of the report. The report begins with the filing of Jay Gould's suit February 4, 1889, for $496,000, for which Lawyer Merial, on behalf of the International and Great Northern, offered to confess judgement in open court the same day. The several intervenings that were made by the Tyler attorneys and by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, are recited in the order of their filing, with which the public is already acquainted. The appointment of the receivers, the general solicitor and the attorneys with their salries, with which no fault is found, are detailed. Receiver Finley's resignation March 10, 1889, is noted, and followed with the statement that immediately thereafter on that day it was suggested by the counsel for the parties at interest who were present that a suitable allowance should be made Mr. Finley and that $10,000 would be a proper amount, and it was ordered by the court that $5000 be paid him on account and the balance was paid him thereafter. Judgment was allowed Gould on his claim and the receivership was charged with the liquidation of it, as also of the claims sued for by the Farmers' loan and trust company and Kennedy & Sloan subsequently. The report goes over the leading features of the case, making a number of findings of facts in the successive stages of the receivership, none of which are of any moment and all are familiar to the reading public.

Coming to the question of the continuance of the receivership and the effect thereon of the attorney-general's intervention suit, the report says that the suit in no manner affected the receivership.

The report finds that until October, 1890, the date of dismissal of the bond cases against the road, the receivership had been continued for the reason of the appointment and qualification of the receivers in said cases as they came up in succession with the duties accompanying them. Since that date, it is claimed, the principal cause of the continuance has been the non-payment of the Gould judgment. Another cause of continuance was the indisposition of the parties at interest to terminate the same, who, for reasons satisfactory to themselves, appeared to favor a continuance. Another cause of continuance was the policy of the court of making extensive improvements of the property, as duty to the public required. But the committee think that, all things considered, the Gould debt could have been paid without adversely affecting the capacity of the road for the satisfactory performance of its duties to the public.

Adverting to the injunction suit at Austin against the International and Great Northern and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, the report says that without assuming to state definitely its effect on the continuance of the receivership under the circumstances of the case, it is perhaps sufficient to say that the defendants therein have taken no steps to bring to an issue the matters in controversy between themselves and the state in that case, and that one of the principal objects of the suit of the state has been accomplished by preventing, through the injunction yet in force, one of the defendant railways from controling the other and rating its stock, it being averred that said stock is partly fictitious, and that said roads are parallel and competing lines; which, if true, are plainly in violation of the constitution and laws of the state.

It is not found that either Judge McCord or the officers of the receivership have acted corruptly or with intent to violate their official duties either in the procurement, administration or continuation of said receivership. The committee does not feel called on to approve or criticise adversely the judgment exercised in the management of the receivership. To do so would involve a disregard of the recognized limits of legislative authority.

It is found that the laws regulating receiverships are defective in many particulars. Much is left to construction and much to the discretion of the court in the absence of statutory regulations and with conflicting precedents it is not always easy for a court to determine what is best to be done in particular cases.

Several recommendations for amending the laws on that subject are made:

1. That no receiver shall have any interest in banks designated as depositories.
2. That banks designated shall give ample bond.
3. That the necessity for improvements and renewals, except in an emergency, shall be ascertained and fixed by the court, due notice having been given to the parties at interest.
4. The same care shall be exercised in fixing the salaries of receivers and others.
5. That receivers be permitted to make no expenditures for renewals except such as the court may deem necessary, and that the proceeds of the business be applied to the debts of the property as speedily as possible.

The report states that the committee was embarrassed by the refusal of Messrs. Whittaker & Bonner to answer certain questions, which circumstance is referred to the legislature for such action in the premises as may be deemed advisable.

Garwood's Minority Report.

Special to the Gazette.

AUSTIN, TEX., Aug. 26.—Senator Garwood, who filed a minority report, concurs in the findings and recommendations of the majority report, and submits some conclusions of his own, which, as he thinks, elucidate the evidence adduced. He finds that the receivership was based on the alleged fraudulent and fictitious claim of Gould, and that the receivers, solicitors, attorneys, etc., were appointed at a salary aggregating $65,000 a year, to prevent the collection of a frrudulent debt. In one month Gould got judgment for his debt, and Eddy, one of his men, was made a receiver, there being practically no investigation of the merits of Gould's claim. The receivership was then continued to collect the debt for Gould, all of which, together with the resignation of Finley, the appointment of Eddy and the negotiations in connection therewith, bear all the semblance of barter and sale. Extravagant salaries were paid, as in Finley's case, and allowance and expenditures were made without notice to the parties at interest, involving grave abuses. The deposit of the receivership funds in Longview and Mineola banks was improper and an abuse of authority. Judge McCord's conduct in several instances is severely criticised as unbecoming and a prostitution of high official position.

Mr. Garwood neither concurs nor dissents as to the report of the majority touching the legal soundness of the injunction suit brought by the attorney-general. It was brought at the suggestion of C. L. Bonner, attorney for Jay Gould. The probable effect of the suit was to continue the receivership. He concurs with the majority that the attorney-general's appeal in the intervention suit could have no effect in protecting the receivership.

Mr. Garwood was quite severe on Judge McCord and appears to have made a stronger case against him than the attorneys or the witnesses for the prosecution did. He let everyone else off gently.

Missouri to Have a Third Party.

PERTLE SPRINGS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Missouri will have a third party. That was settled to-day, when the Farmers' state convention deposed U. S. Hall from the presidency and elected Leverett Leonard as his successor. President Hall represented the conservative element of the Alliance, which opposed a third party and the Ocala platform, the sub-treasury scheme included. Leonard represents that radical element of the Alliance which favors the third party movement and sub-treasury scheme.

Denouncing "Calamity Talk."

TOPEKA, KAS., Aug. 26.—At the convention here to-day a committee, composed of one delegate from each congressional district, was appointed to prepare an address to the nation denouncing "calamity talk" of the Farmers' Alliance, and assuring the nation that Kansans have no disposition to repudiate their debts.

Several enthusiastic speeches were made by prominent Kansas Republicans, and the convention then adjourned without day.

This evening a public meeting was held at which speeches were made. Among the speakers were Senator Plumb and T. E. Burns, national league organizer.

HOUSTON MONUMENT.

DRUMMERS TO PERFORM A DUTY NEGLECTED BY TEXAS.

How They Propose to Carry Out Their Plans—A Grand Excursion to the San Jacinto Battlefield.

Houston Press.

The drummers of Texas undertook a grand and noble task, when they started out to erect a monument to the memory of

GENERAL SAM HOUSTON,

the hero of San Jacinto, the father of Texas. That these generous hearted, patriotic "boys on the road" will succeed is beyond peradventure for in their order books there is no such word as fail. The Sam Houston monument association has been formed, exclusively by members of the Travelers' Protective association. An executive committee has been created of which E. J. Pietzcker is chairman and M. H. Armistead, secretary. The

GRAND AND NOBLE

purposes of this organization are meeting with the hearty approval of the best citizens of Texas and those abroad. Already the traveling men, or drummers, are being commended by the press of the country for taking upon themselves the long-neglected duty which the citizens of Texas owe to their great soldier, statesman and patriot, Gen. Sam Houston. The plan thus far outlined by the promoters of the good cause is about as follows: On April 21, 1892, "San Jacinto day," the T. P. A. will give a grand excursion by barges on the Buffalo river to the

SAN JACINTO BATTLE GROUNDS

with a barbecued dinner, charging a moderate sum for the round trip, including dinner. As an additional drawing card they will have three of the most prominent orators in the United States to speak on the life of Sam Houston. They will make it the grandest day and the grandest excursion that Texas has ever seen, the proceeds from which will give them a snug sum upon which to begin final plans for raising the necessary funds to build the monument. They propose to have all the speeches delivered on the ground, together with many personal reminiscences of Gen. Houston, published in a neat book-form, together with half life-size portraits of him, which they will sell for $1, at which price the book and portrait will be cheap, yet netting a sum for the fund. They will on the day of the excursion open a

SUBSCRIPTION LIST

and have already promises from several prominent citizens who will head the list with handsome amounts. They will expect every T. P. A. to consider himself a committee of one to receive subscriptions for the book, portrait and money. Those who wish to give as much as $10 will get besides the book and portrait a certificate of honorary membership in the monument association.

The board of directors consists of five T. P. A.'s and four prominent citizens of this city, with Mr. T. W. House, treasurer, and M. H. Armistead, secretary. The association will be a perpetual organization.

NEGLECT OF OFFICIAL DUTY.

That's the Charge Against the Directors of the Anniston Savings and Deposit Company.

ANNISTON, ALA., Aug. 26.—Receiver Agee has filed a bill against the directors of the late Anniston savings and safe deposit company, charging them with neglect of their official duties. The gentlemen thus accused are W. L. Larend, J. S. Larned, J. L. Winkle, K. C. Roberts, J. C. Sproule, George Noble, J. C. Roberts and Ed Willett. The bill shows that Managing Director Larend sold to the bank a business block for $30,000. On the building was a mortgage of $6000, which was not satisfied. After this Larend mortgaged the building for $6000, making it cost the bank $42,000. The bill also charges that John B. Reese, while president of the bank, overdrew $3750, for which he gave unsecured notes to run three years. Roberts, cashier, overdrew $1000. The bill shows that upon the day of the failure Larend drew out $3000 and Roberts $1000. It is said that only two meetings of the directors were ever held.

Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Miss E. Hendricks will open her class September 1. Terms reasonable. Address 107 Taylor street.

The President at Montpelier.

MONTPELIER, Aug. 26.—The train arrived at Montpelier at 11:10. The president and those accompanying him walked with heads uncovered the entire distance to the state house, where he was introduced and addressed the legislature, and speech-making within doors being concluded President Harrison received the members of the legislature. Meanwhile the crowd passed on to the beautiful grounds. The president finally made his way to the front of the capitol, where Governor Page introduced him in a brief speech and the president made a brief address. The party then repaired to the depot, where a special train was in waiting, and which left Montpelier at 1:30 p. m. The train arrived at St. Johnsburg at 4:30, and the president proceeded to Franklin Fairbank's residence, where he will spend the night with Col. Fairbanks, and to-morrow will proceed to Rutland and Proctor.

A Fatal Arkansas Duel.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Aug. 26.—Walter Lomax and Al Morgan, prominent business men and politicians of Northern Arkansas, fought a desperate duel this morning with revolvers. Lomax was instantly killed and Morgan injured. The tragedy resulted from a quarrel said to have grown out of remarks made derogatory to Morgan's business relations.

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists.

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 26.—After the adoption of the platform the nomination of candidates was next in order. W. W. Hogue was nominated by acclamation for auditor-general. State treasurer, George Drayton had no opposition. Adjourned.

AZTEC STEAM CURES CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS and NEURALGIA.

Now is the time for those suffering with any of the above diseases to call at 506 Rusk street and be treated with AZTEC STEAM, which system has never failed to cure.

The names of persons in your city who have been cured by this treatment will be given, and you can inquire of them and be convinced that they have been cured by Aztec Steam. Any person afflicted with Consumption, Bronchitis or Neuralgia can be cured if they will try.

Drs. WILLIS & WHITE,
506 Rusk St., Fort Worth, Tex.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient) "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.

PERD T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Mention the Fort Worth Gazette.

WANTED.

$15 A WEEK AND LADY, employed or unemployed, can make this for a few hours work each day. Salary or commission. $10 samples free. A. G. R. BENJAMIN & CO., 115 N. 8th St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Norwegian collier Freybund burned to the water's edge and sunk near Bergen Saturday. Eight of the crew were drowned.

Four women were arrested at Szeentamas, Hungary, for poisoning their husbands and selling poison to other women.

At Paris a woman named Tombard was arrested for attempting to murder her husband by puring molten lead in his ear.

An Italian steamer and two cutters were wrecked in a hurricane at Senegal.

The Chilian cruiser, President Pinto, has arrived at Kiel to take some Armstrong guns aboard.

George Childs, a Denver horse-jockey, become violently insane because his intended wife broke off the engagement. He was sent to the insane asylum.

A movement is on foot to colonize the Indian lands, soon to be thrown open, with negroes. Circulars were sent the negroes in the South to meet at Langston by the 10th of September, and many are already there.

Many burglaries and depredations have been committed on the imperial farms by starving Russian peasants, and blood has been shed over the spoils.

At Altoona, Penn., the school board caused the arrest of the mayor and city council for refusing to abate a sewerage nuisance.

At Collier's station, Ga., Jim Thornton, the train robber, confessed and returned $900 of his plunder. Two discharged railway employes were his associates.

The Barcelona Chamber of Commerce protests against the new treaty with the United States, as it inflicts an injury on the trade of Spain with the West Indies.

At New Orleans, La., Mrs. Francis A. Townsend died yesterday, aged 104 years. Mrs. Lena Cohen died at Torro infirmary, aged ninety-three.

Governor Byrd of the Chickasaw Nation notifies the white settlers that no more permits will be granted to reside in that country on the expiration of the existing permits, and they will be ejected as fast as the permits expire.

A wreck is reported on the Rock Island road. Three men were killed.

Off Portsmouth, Eng., a heavy gale sprang up last night and much damage to shipping is reported along the coast. The French fleet sailed yesterday morning.

At Boston, Mass., yesterday the fourteenth annual meeting of the American horticultural association was opened in horticultural hall. Nearly two hundred members were present. After the welcoming address by Hon. John Low