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NINTH YEAR. NO. 254. HOUSTON, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 16, 1893. PRICE: 5 CENTS

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a first-class article of CONDENSED MILK at reasonable prices. We are agents for the "PURITAN" and "RED CROSS" brands, made in the celebrated Mohawk Valley of New York State. They have no superior. This we guarantee.
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Ours is in 1-lb cans, 4 doz. in case; and 2-lb cans, 2 doz. in case. Try it; it is delicious.
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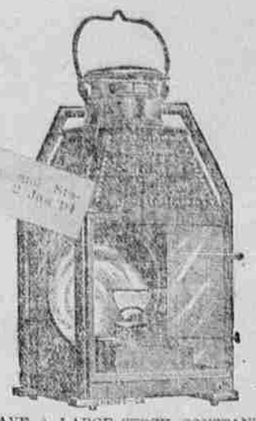
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$100 FREE INSURANCE.
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Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shingles, Lumber,
Sash Weights, Cord, Etc.
Agents for Heath & Milligan Best Paint. Prairie and Milam streets, Houston.

Weather Information.

The low pressure area which was over the central portion of the Eastern Rocky Mountain slope last night has moved rapidly eastward to the lower lakes, and a trough of low pressure runs southwest to the West Gulf coast with a secondary depression developing over Northern Tennessee, which will probably develop into a primary low pressure area, as the original depression moves from the lakes to the northeast. An area of high pressure continues over the South Atlantic States and another extends along the Eastern Rocky Mountain slope. There has been a general fall in temperature along the Eastern Rocky Mountain slope and over the Missouri valley, while elsewhere there has been a rise except at a few stations, where it has remained stationary. Cloudy and rainy weather prevails throughout the central valleys. Generally clear weather prevails along the Eastern Rocky Mountain slope.

Local Forecast.

Local forecast for Texas for twenty-four hours ending at 12 midnight, December 16:

North, Central, East, Southwest Texas: Fair; much colder.

Coast District—Fair, except probably showers over east coast; colder.

Today's Weather.

Washington, December 15.—For Eastern Texas, showers tonight and early in the morning, fair in the afternoon, colder in interior, winds becoming northwesterly.

A Schooner Probably Lost.

Boston, Mass., December 15.—The Boston schooner Marguerita, McGregor, Captain McGregor, from Cape Haytien, Island of Hayti, is now fifty days overdue and is thought to be lost.

SILVER MEN IN SESSION

A GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE LEADING MEN.

Probable Formation of a New Political Party to Take Place of the Populists.

THE HOUSE PASSES THE ARIZONA STATEHOOD BILL.

The Eastern Congressmen Generally Opposed to the Addition of New States—Pension and Postal Matters.

Washington, December 15.—The conference of the leading silver men of the country to devise the means and ways to continue the fight for free silver coinage opened today at the headquarters of the Bi-metallic league. The most familiar faces of the silver leaders were there. The conference was behind closed doors.

General Weaver, president of the Bi-metallic league said the meeting would probably last several days, as it was intended to fully canvass the sentiment of the bi-metallists and reach some conclusion as to the course to be pursued.

The day was devoted to expressions of opinion by representatives of the different States. They were uniformly to the effect that the working people and farmers were dissatisfied with the course of congress in repealing the purchase clause.

Senators Jones and Stewart of Nevada; Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor and National Lecturer White, the head of the Grangers, were among the speakers of the afternoon.

Sovereign and Senator Jones met on common ground in agreeing that the silver question should be made the paramount issue of all the labor and industrial organizations.

The conference will now turn its attention to the programme of the political work. Frequent references were made during the speeches to the necessity of organising the silver party made up of elements heretofore gathered under the standards of the populists, the National Grange, Knights of Labor and Farmers' alliance. The tendency of the conference is toward this new organization. This probability is that the first effort will be exerted to carry the congressional election next fall. It is believed by those attending the conference that a National silver ticket will be put in the field as a result of the present meeting and it hopes to achieve victory in the congressional election.

The House.

Washington, December 15.—The course of events in the house today resembled the halcyon days of the Reed congress, when legislation was rushed through at galloping speed.

The bill for the admission of Arizona was put through under whip and spur and the one for the admission of New Mexico was well under way when the debate was precipitated that lasted until adjournment. The bulk of the Eastern opposition to the Territories as expressed by Mr. Bingham is predicated on the theory that while the Eastern States are rich in wealth and strong in population, they are able to hold their own in the house where the basis of representation is population, the influence of the great States of the Union would be overbalanced by the greatly increased State representation in the senate.

The McGarrahan claim, which came up again in the morning hour, was filibustered against and the morning hour expired without action, thus sending the bill to the foot of the calendar.

When the morning hour expired General Wheeler moved that the committee of the whole on the Arizona Statehood bill. The republicans continued their filibustering tactics and the ayes and nays were demanded as yesterday.

The republicans, except a few from the West, refused to vote in order to break a quorum, but they were not successful as the motion was carried by 182 to 5.

The amendment to reduce the percentages of sales of public lands to be set aside as permanent fund for common school purposes from 10 to 5 was adopted.

Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, in an impassioned speech, precipitated a lively discussion on the merits of the bill. He said the house ought to stop and consider what it proposed to do when it passed this bill. It proposed to give to Arizona four sections in every range or one-ninth of the total area in the State of 73,000,000 acres. In addition to that it gave part of the proceeds of the sale on one-tenth of the land, besides several other grants of 100,000 acres.

Mr. Smith, the Arizona delegate, interrupted to declare that Arizona would get by this bill just what Iowa got. This Mr. Hepburn denied.

Mr. Bowers of California drew a graphic picture of valleys of Arizona more fertile, he declared, than the plains of Nile. In five years, he predicted, the population of Arizona would be increased fourfold.

Mr. Cockrell of Texas said he was sorry the question of politics was raised in connection with the bill. Instead of desiring to cut down the land grants in the bill, he would be glad to see all the government territory in Arizona turned over to the State. Very few amendments were adopted.

The motion to consolidate the judicial districts of Utah and Arizona and reduce the salary of the Federal judge was defeated.

The bill for the admission of Arizona was passed by 155 to 69.

As soon as the vote was announced Mr. Wheeler moved that the house go into a committee of the whole on the admission of New Mexico. The motion was carried.

The debate that followed took a wide range. It was participated in by Messrs. Hatch, Simpson, Dunn, Springer, Washington and Clark of Missouri.

At the conclusion of Mr. Clark's speech the committee rose and the house adjourned.

The Nicaragua Canal

Washington, December 15.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, after listening to the arguments by Mr. Morgan of Alabama and Mr. Frye of Maine, reported favorably the joint resolution of Representative Doolittle of Washington for the appointment of a joint commission of three senators and six members to investigate the present status of the Nicaraguan canal project.

Senator Morgan recited at length the past history of the enterprise and its struggle to obtain government recognition. He thought the time had come when it should be decided whether the United States would aid the project or abandon it altogether. He declared the world was determined to have the canal, and if the United States would not build it some other nation would. He pointed out the advantages of control of the canal by the United States and earnestly hoped the resolution would be adopted.

Mr. Frye also spoke in favor of the resolution. He stated that the government which controls the Nicaraguan canal would also control the Hawaiian Islands, and it would be useless for this country to annex these islands unless control of the canal was assumed.

Pensions and Postal Matters.

Washington, December 15.—Pensions for Texas-Mexican war: Total destitution and disability, increase, John G. Higginbotham, Caldwell; Mexican war, widow, Eliza E. Young, Dallas.

Postmasters for Texas: Samuel, T. C. Detner, vice Oscar Samuel, resigned; Tarkington Prairie, G. T. Lowe, vice J. C. Wright, resigned.

Capital Briefs.

The house committee on appropriations reported the urgent deficiency bill this morning. The bill carries $1,657,896.

Mr. Justice Seth Shepard tonight gave a dinner to Senator Maxey and a number of members of the Texas delegation.

The contract for the clock and bell for the tower in the government building at Dallas was let today to the Seth Thomas Clock company of New York for $1750.

BISHOP COX ANSWERED.

Father Lavelle Says that the Papal Delegate's Mission is Not Political.

New York, December 15.—The Herald today gives the reply to Bishop Cox's third letter to the apostolic delegate, Satolli, made by Rev. Father Lavelle of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic cathedral, of which the following is a synopsis:

"It is not often necessary to reply," said Rector Lavelle, "in print with an absolute denial of the charges made by the bishop. He deals more in abstractions than in facts. Once in a while, as in this instance, we get from him what may be called an approach to specific charges, and then it seems worth the trouble of analyzing or contradicting his mystic statements."

"What do you say to the charge that the delegate accepted the defeated Sheehan faction in Buffalo, its causes and its methods, as his own?"

"I suppose the most determined and bitter of Sheehan's political opponents would hardly have brought against him a charge so absurd. Satolli has more important work as the pope's representative than making political alliances. Representing the pious and sagacious pope, the delegate is here not to make alliances with political parties, but to show Pope Leo's good will to the entire American people."

And as to the charge that the delegate has joined a faction which desires to destroy public schools, Father Lavelle indignantly denies that Mgr. Satolli has any such purpose.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Responsible in Damages for Transporting Diseased Cattle.

Emporia, Kan., December 15.—The jury in the Texas fever cattle case returned a verdict of $3,000 against the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road for having last May carried for Hosier Bros., 2200 head of Texas cattle from Midland, Texas, to Harfield, Kan., from the importation of which Texas fever was communicated to Kansas cattle with disastrous results. The question of law at issue in the case is a vital one to transportation lines and stockmen and is one which has never been decided by the United States supreme court.

The supreme court has held that the Missouri law prohibiting transportation lines from carrying Texas cattle is void and that the Iowa law making owners of cattle communicating disease responsible is valid. In this case, however, the Kansas live stock sanitary commission has issued a permit for the cattle and the road has complied with all State and National quarantine laws, so that making the road liable under the circumstances, is a new departure.

Edwards the Murderer.

Denison, Texas, December 15.—The Herald this evening published the following special from Chicago:

"Dick Edwards, the slayer of Hattie Haynes, is supposed to be the murderer of Alice Martin in Chicago one year to a day before the Texas crime was committed.

George H. Painter, the lover of the girl who was tried and sentenced to hang today, was reprieved. Last night two new witnesses were found who swear they saw Edwards with Alice shortly before the murder. These witnesses leave at once for Texas to identify Edwards. The Post correspondent interviewed Mrs. Mary Edwards, wife of Dick, this afternoon before he had any knowledge of the above dispatch. She said: "I was married to Dick Edwards in Utah February 11, 1892. We were not separated from that time until I left him in October of the same year to come to Texas." She showed her marriage certificate in confirmation of the date of marriage.

Gamblers Raided.

Waelder, Texas, December 15.—Officers Coleman and Fly of Gonzales, Stagner of Luling and R. K. Wyatt of this place made a raid on a gambling house six miles west of here on the farm of R. H. Hill. They captured twenty-six for gaming and one with a pistol. They also found three pistols that were thrown away by some of the party. When the officers entered the house there were four gaming tables in operation. The community is very much surprised, as those captured range from respected citizens to the worst negro toughs.

Bound for Texas.

New Orleans, La., December 15.—One hundred emigrants left the city yesterday for Texas by the Southern Pacific road. Over one thousand families of this class of emigrants have passed through here in the last three months from Alabama, North Carolina and Georgia. All are industrious, hard working people who are seeking homes in the Lone Star State. They say their States are overrun with people and lands are hard to buy and when bought difficult to profitably cultivate. Many of the men in the party already had lands purchased in Texas through friends and relatives and go to take possession of them.

Injured by an Explosion.

Anderson, Ind., December 15.—A crowd of men drilling gas works for the Indianapolis Water and Manufacturing Gas company were seriously burned, one fatally. John Shelveley was burned to death. Frank Beaver and Henry McCarty, Indianapolis, James Davis, William Hilligan, John Closer, S. Weber and C. Goodwin were painfully burned. Hilligan and Closer will die.

Three Men Scalded.

New Orleans, La., December 15.—One man was fatally scalded today and two seriously burned by the bursting of a molasses tank.

Henry Boswell.

Taylor, Texas, December 15.—Mr. Henry Boswell, whose serious illness was reported to The Post several days ago, died last night at 9 o'clock.

DOWN INTO THE RIVER.

FIFTY MEN PRECIPITATED INTO THE OHIO.

Incomplete Structure of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Goes Down.

MANY MEN IN VAIN SEEK PLACES OF SAFETY.

The Fatality is Known to Be Great—A History of the Ill-Fated Bridge—Its Many Victims.

Louisville, Ky., December 15.—This morning the false work and main part of the middle span of the Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge gave way and with all the workmen was precipitated 110 feet into the water below. The horrible accident is one of a long list of catastrophes that have marked the construction of this bridge. The foreman on beginning work noticed that during the night the "traveler," put in place last night, had been worked loose by the wind. An order to draw it back into its place was given and the men and engines started. The wind was high at the time and the gentle swaying of the false work gradually forced the "traveler" off the piles on which it was resting.

When the end slipped the whole work trembled and the men realizing the danger started for the piers. The central bent was the first to give way, and the men on this went down to be covered by a mass of iron and timber of the other bents, which fell almost immediately, carrying with them the other workmen, who failed to reach places of safety.

The north bent or one attached to the Indiana pier did not fall for fifteen minutes after the other parts went down. As near as can be ascertained, there were fifty-one men on the bridge when the alarm was given by the engineer in charge of the work. Of the number several succeeded in reaching the piers. Of those who went down some were covered by a mass of timber and iron, and it will be days before the bodies can be removed.

The center bent gave way at 10:25 and it was then that the great number of fatalities occurred. A few minutes later the bent gave way on the Indiana side. In this, it is believed that but one was killed.

When the huge mass struck the water all was concealed for an instant by the spray thrown up. As the water subsided here and there could be seen men struggling desperately to climb upon the timbers that thrust their ends above the water. Only a few succeeded in saving themselves.

The wives and children of many of the workmen were soon on the river banks in the recognition. The office of the bridge company was besieged with those looking for their loved ones.

To whose doors should be laid the responsibility of the disaster will probably never be known. It is doubtless one of those unforeseen accidents that occur in spite of all precautionary measures. The general opinion ascribes the cause to the stiff wind sweeping up the river. That the structure was otherwise than safe never occurred to either the engineer in charge or the workmen. Every precaution had been employed to insure stability of the frame work.

A pile driver was sent to the scene this afternoon and the work of clearing the wreckage and searching for dead under debris was at once commenced. That so many were saved is one of the usual, though unaccountable, complements of all great catastrophes. The span that gave way was the last one, but one, needed to complete the structure.

The accident was seen by one on duty at the life saving station No. 2. Boats were at once manned and rowed quickly as possible to the rescue. The life savers found they were unable to do much, as they could not get to where the victims were imprisoned.

J. W. Baird, secretary and treasurer of the Bridge company, was in the company's office on the fourth floor of the Commerce building when the accident occurred. The bridge is in plain view of his room and it is his custom to watch the progress of the workmen through field glasses. When the span fell he had the glasses.

Baird said: "Yes; I am the originator of the plan and guess I will be eternally damned for it."

Baird is of the opinion that most of the workmen had insurance on their lives, as it is the custom of contractors to insure their laborers in guarantee companies. He was by no means certain of this, however.

He said there would be no effort on the part of the bridge people to conceal the facts, or to disguise the truth concerning the accident, and thought the bridge people should not be censured, stating that every man employed in the work accepted the place fully cognizant of the risk to be run.

The history of the bridge is a series of disasters, financial and otherwise. It was originally projected in 1870, and failure overtook its very incipiency. In 1878 it was revived under a new charter and ground broken in October, 1880.

Two caisson accident took place during the building of the piers. The first was caused by the cupidity of the sub-contractor, who engaged himself as an expert, when he was without experience. He allowed the air to escape from the caisson and water rushed in, drowning thirteen men.

The second caisson accident resulted from the foolhardiness of the foreman in the management of the structure, and caused the death of seven men.

The enterprise languished several times and at one time it looked like those who projected it would reap nothing but loss. However, in March last they succeeded in disposing of the property to a syndicate under terms considered advantageous. The estimated loss to the bridge is said to be at least $100,000.

The revised list of the dead, injured and missing is as follows:

Dead—L. G. Carlock, John Courtney, F. Burns, C. Murphy, W. C. Cook.

The missing are C. Holderer, A. Sodden, J. Cregan, M. Sohn, Frank Simmons, G. H. Hinkle, J. Holdson, J. L. Wilson, Pat Kelly, J. T. Owens, F. C. Sheridan, J. Allen, F. F. Moore, George Kelly, H. L. Derflinger, H. Piles.

Injured—J. Myers, Harry Lee, H. D. Pugh, F. Hilderbran, G. W. Brown, C. Thord, C. F. Sheehan, A. T. Hall, Sparks T. Galloway, F. Sheriff, F. Hobin, W. A. Sharp.

Of the injured four will probably die.

Later—The third span of the bridge collapsed at 5:30 tonight. As far as known no one was injured. This will be an additional loss of about $75,000.

It is believed that forty-five went into the river. How many of these are lost can not in the present confusion be definitely learned. It is feared the number will reach forty. The best that is dared to hope is that it will not be over twenty-five. The details of the horror must be told hereafter. It is impossible even to approximate its extent tonight. There is great reason to fear that the worst remains to be told.

FOUR MEN INJURED.

Toledo, Ohio, December 15.—Seven workmen engaged in tearing down the upper part of the court house at Bowling Green, Ohio, were precipitated to the floor below. Four—James Hughes, Nelson Stanton, Elmer Ewing and Frank Abbott—were severely injured. Hughes will probably die.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

The Post's Bulletin With What Will Transpire This Day Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK.—Professor John Fiske of Cambridge, the eminent historian, will speak at a banquet, in his honor to be given by the New York Society of the Sons of the Revolution at Delmonico's this day. This date is the anniversary of the "Boston Tea Party," and Professor Fiske's address will be concerning that event. General Horace Porter, president general of the National society, will speak upon "The Soldier of the Revolution." Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle and others will also be heard. In the absence of Mr. Depew, Mr. Robert B. Roosevelt will preside and make the welcome address. Those who will attend are Robert S. Williams, president of the Oneida National Bank of Utica, N. Y., and his son, Professor Williams of John Hopkins University, Baltimore. Both of them are members of the society, and are lineal descendants of Thomas Williams, who assisted at the original tea party in Boston harbor.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The United States steamer Mohican has received orders to sail for Honolulu today. The vessel came out of the Mare Island dry dock December 9. While in the dry dock all her stores were put aboard, and nothing remained except to give the engines full test. The engines have been thoroughly overhauled and the screw, after being inspected and cleaned, has been replaced. New rails have been put under the eight-inch guns, and new teak deck planks laid. Commander Clark, formerly of the Marion, is in charge and the executive officer is Waldram, who relieves Moore. The officers say that the Mohican is to relieve the Philadelphia, which, it is feared, will suffer from tropical waters as the Boston did. The Philadelphia will go to Mare Island dry dock for overhauling. The Mohican can make about nine knots, and will reach Honolulu in twelve or fourteen days.

NEW YORK. — Manager William A. Brady has completed arrangements for a monster football tournament to be held in Madison Square Garden this evening. Two games will be played, and the contesting teams will be the Volunteers of Harlem, the strong eleven of the Pastime Athletic club and the Varuna boat club and the Dobbs Ferry Football club. These contests will be the last of their kind of the season. The Brooklyn caramen will be greatly strengthened by the addition of several Crescent Athletic club players, while the Dobbs Ferry boys will play several star members of the Princeton champion eleven and two of the Yale varsity team.

NEW YORK.—The Daughters of the American Revolution have tendered to Professor John Fiske and the ladies of his family a complimentary reception, to be held at the Hotel New Netherland this afternoon and preceding the banquet, from 3 to 5 o'clock. The Sons will join in the reception. General Earle has placed at the disposal of the two societies the parlor floor of his hotel. The remarkable energy and enthusiasm of the "daughters" in organizing a public demonstration of any kind promises to make the reception a notable incident in this anniversary of the Boston Tea Party.

BROOKLYN.—The New England Society of Brooklyn will eat its fourteenth annual dinner this day at the assembly rooms of the Academy of Music. There will be toasts for 210 guests. Judge Pratt will preside. Those expected to respond to the toasts are Justice Harlan of the United States supreme court, Joseph H. Choate, Dr. Richard S. Storrs, General Horace Porter, President Merrill E. Gates, Mayor-elect Schieren and Mayor Boody.

WASHINGTON.—There are places for twelve bright young men in the revenue marine service. An examination of the candidates will take place in this city today. There are at present fifteen candidates who have signified a willingness to appear in competition for the commission of third lieutenant. The successful candidates will serve for two years on the cutter Chase and acquire the practical duties of their positions.

M'KEESPORT.—It is stated that the hundred-yard foot race between Ed Miller of this city and Martin Hogan of Youngstown, which will be for $100 a side today, will be run at Braddock. The place was left open at the time the match was made.

NEW YORK.—Dr. McGlynn, it is announced, will celebrate mass and preach in the Church of Our Lady of Grace in Hoboken tomorrow, at the instance of Rev. Patrick Corrigan, the pastor.

NEW YORK.—The Lotos club tonight gives a supper to Henry Irving.

HANGED BY LAW.

Dick Robinson.

Sedalia, Mo., December 15.—Dick Robinson was hanged this morning for the murder of Johanna Schelmann on October 24, 1892.

The Reeves-James Tragedy.

Dallas, Texas, December 15.—Thomas L. James, who was shot and killed last night by E. J. Reeves, was buried today from the home of his father.

The slayer, E. J. Reeves, was taken before Justice J. W. Skelton today. He waived examination and was remanded without bail. The evidence taken at the inquest shows that James was unarmed and that the wound in Reeves' left wrist was accidentally inflicted by himself; also that James did not threaten Reeves' life. However, it is shown that Reeves' wife and James were intimate and that compromising letters were written by the woman to James. His life paid the forfeit, and the chances are that Reeves will escape punishment. The woman admits writing the letters to James which caused the killing, and says she left her husband when "he raised a fuss" about it. Reeves has employed a lawyer to defend him. The grand jury is at work on the case.

The Meyer Trial.

New York, December 15.—In the Meyer trial today Lawyer Brooke moved the defendant's discharge on five technical points, which was overruled.

WHISKEY PANIC
1500 barrels fine, two-stamp Kentucky Whisky for Sale in bond at from 85c to 65c.
Wm. B. KING & CO.,
Wholesale Liquor and Cigar Dealers.
Houston, - - - - - - - TEXAS.

REVOLUTION IN BRAZIL.

MELLO THOUGHT TO BE IN THE ASCENDANCY.

Spanish Treaties Come Up on Third Reading in the Reichstag and Are Passed.

THE MEMBERS OF THE ITALIAN CABINET ANNOUNCED.

Rio and Santos Completely Blockaded by Rebel Vessels—The Monson Trial—Other Foreign News.

Berlin, December 15.—Debate on the third reading of the commercial treaties began today in the reichstag. Count Herbert Bismarck attacked the policy of Caprivi, saying the chancellor's recent utterances gave the house the impression he had become a free trader. Continuing, the count said the farmers had been left in the lurch by the manufacturers, regardless of the necessity which both were under to advance hand in hand. The count spoke deliberately, avoiding the haste detected in his former political efforts.

The house listened to the beginning of his speech with the greatest attention, and when he advised the government to dissolve the parliament and appeal to the voters, a storm broke loose and he was greeted with loud cheers and hisses. When the count appealed to the patriotic feeling of the House the whole left burst into scornful laughter, which was answered by the right by vigorous cheering.

Herr Richter called the count a "weakling of the Bismarck dynasty."

Herr Ponscher dubbed the count "Don Quixote."

Bismarck thereupon readily retorted:

"I accept the title, since I am fighting against windmills," alluding to Ponscher's change from his former attitude against the treaties.

After further debate, the reichstag adopted the Spanish, Roumanian and Servian treaties of commerce and defeated the motion of Kanitz that they should remain in operation for a year only.

Mello Will Probably Triumph.

Washington, December 15.—No news was received today at the navy department from Brazil. The sentiment expressed in government circles here has largely been in sympathy with the Peixoto government, but today high authority in the state department expressed the opinion with emphasis that the Peixoto government will be overthrown. It is reported that it is the intention of the Brazilian insurgent, Mello, to sue the United States for damages for permitting the Nictheroy and America to be fitted out for the Brazilian government. It is not regarded seriously, however, at the department of state. Private individuals of another nationality can not sue the United States, and Mello would have no standing in court.

The Monson Trial.

Edinburgh, December 15.—In the Monson trial the managers of the London, Liverpool and Globe Insurance company at Glasgow and Leeds testified that Monson endeavored to obtain large insurance on the life of Lieutenant Hambrough, but the insurance was refused because Monson was unable to prove an insurable interest in the lieutenant.

The secretary of the Scottish Insurance company testified that Monson applied for £30,000 insurance on Hambrough's life, which he refused for the same reason.

A Suspicious Band.

Denver, Colo., December 15.—At army headquarters this afternoon a telegram was received from F. F. Bayard saying it is reported that twenty-five men are arming near Wilson, Ariz., preparatory to going into Mexico to assist the revolutionists. The officers telegraphed Forts Grant and Bowie to investigate and enforce the neutrality laws.

The Italian Cabinet.

Rome, December 15.—The official list of the Italian ministry is as follows: Crispi, premier and minister of interior; Blark, foreign affairs; Sonnoni, finance and treasury ad interim; Saracco, public works; Calenda, justice; Mocconi, war; Morrin, marine; Baccelli, education; Rozelli, husbandry; Ferraris, posts and telegraphs.

The French Spies Confess.

Liepsig, December 15.—Two spies, Du-Bois and Delgay, this afternoon confessed that they had intended to send the results of their espionage on the German coast defenses to the French government. The public prosecutor demanded sentences of penal servitude for five and four years respectively.

An Anarchist Identified.

Barcelona, December 15.—The anarchist, Codina, brought here from Perpignan, to which place he fled the day following the outrage in the Lace theater, is now definitely known to be the author of that disaster.

He Had Lost His Money.

Nice, December 15.—A Parisian stock broker named Borrigus lost heavily at Monte Carlo and threw himself from a train near Ville Franche and was killed.

Anti-Anarchist Measures.

Paris, December 15.—The chamber of deputies has adopted the explosives bill and associations bill, both anti-anarchist measures, by sweeping majorities.

A Bomb in a Church.

London, December 15.—A bomb charged with powder and shot and with a lighted match attached was found in a church at Uelzen, Hanover.

Completely Blockaded.

Buenos Ayres, December 15.—It is stated that the rebel warships have now completely blockaded Rio de Janeiro and Santos.

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VIA THE "International Route"
The afternoon train leaves at 5:25 p. m., the International and Great Northern depot foot of, Congress street.

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Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.