

WE RECOMMEND
Ibatross Flour.
 It and you will always want it
Downe & Mellinger,
 Wholesale and Retail Grocers, 90 and
 911 Prairie Avenue.

OUR STOCK.
 Of Fancy Sherrings, Porcelains, Madras
 Cheviots and Flannels is complete. We
 can make you shirts for a little less
 stock prices and save you time and
 money in satisfaction and wear.
HAMILTON BROS.

Buy:
Jemima's Pan Cake Flour
 From your Grocer.
 Don't fail to try it.
D. D. Cleveland & Co.,
 HOUSTON.

TODAY'S FEATURES.
Cuba.
 Interview with Senator Money.
 Horrible butcheries committed by Spanish troops.
 Gomez begins to take vengeance. Executes over a hundred prisoners.
 The government satisfied with Weyler's report.
 Insurgents in Pinar del Rio attack a convoy and capture supplies.
Foreign.
 New Archbishop of Canterbury enthroned.
 French and Italian embassies ask for a change of venue in the trial of Mahzar Bey.
 Minister Willis reported better.
 Lady Scott sentenced to eight months imprisonment for libelling Lord Russell.
 New army and navy regulations for Chile.
Domestic.
 Farmers in Illinois suffering on account of overflood.
 Spirited controversy in the house grows out of the discussion of the Pacific rail-road bill.
 Skion Cooper, the South Carolina murderer and outlaw, lynched by a mob.
 Celebration of Jackson's birthday.
Sport.
 Dan Stuart announces that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons mill will be pulled off in Mexico.
 Amos Rusie brings suit for his release from New York.
The Markets.
 Cotton futures advanced 12 points at New York; Houston spots 1-1/2 higher; middling now 6-1/2.
 According to Secretary Hester's figures 1,700,000 bales of cotton have come into sight from Texas.
 Wheat went off 2c on lower cables, but recovered 1/2c. Close was weak.
 Provisions advanced 5/16c.
 Hester's cotton review shows increase of 12,000 movement into sight, compared with same week last year.
 Heavy speculation in specialties. General market closes heavy, with slight decline in railways.
 Bond market active and some gains recorded.
 Weekly trade reviews.
State.
 The Wadmar city council passes an ordinance requiring all who wish to vote to pay poll tax.
 Tom Smith acquitted of the murder of Professor A. W. Landry at Navasota.
 Four hundred filibusters said to have crossed into Mexico near Eagle Pass.
 Postoffice safe at Blooming Grove blown open with dynamite.
 Threats made in Tyler county that George Harrison will be lynched, despite the bill.
 Americans and Italians fight at a rock quarry near Paris.
 San Antonio merchants organize a freight bureau.
Railroads.
 The case of W. C. Peabody & Co. vs. the Galveston Wharf company was taken up again before the Texas railroad commission yesterday.
 The railroad commission issues several circulars.
 D. W. Wadmar, general passenger and ticket agent of the Frisco, will be relieved by General Passenger Agent Nicholson of the Santa Fe February 1.
 Home-seekers are coming to Texas.
 Changes in the International and Great Northern and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas are announced.
 Reported in St. Louis that the Missouri, Kansas and Texas will soon adopt the rock system now in use on the Southern Pacific and Chicago and Alton.
Local.
 The total amount of building improvements for the year just closed.
 Introducing teachers' institute for next Saturday.
 Balloting for directors by the Business League.
 New musical director for the Houston Quartette club.
 Installation of officers of Post Oak camp, Woodmen of the World.
 Death of Mrs. Theo. Muller.
 Looking for a site for the Florence Crittenton Rescue Home.
 Rev. A. R. Lively has a pastorate call to Sherman.
TODAY'S FORECAST.
THE HAGUE—The amateur skating championships of Europe will be held here for two days, commencing today.
NEW YORK—The annual meeting of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen will be held at the Hotel Marlborough today.
WEST SUPERIOR, Wis.—John S. Johnson, champion skater of the world, and A. M. Morrison, champion of Canada, have been matched for a two mile race at the rink of the Superior Curling association tomorrow.
WASHINGTON—The special steel armor board appointed by Secretary Herbert to examine defensive steel plates will meet here today to confer with the secretary regarding the changes necessary to be made in the specifications.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Very Rev. Dr. Conroy will preach his farewell sermon tomorrow at South Worcester. He will leave for Washington, where he will take charge of the Catholic university as Dr. Keane's successor on Monday.
BROOKLYN—The formal presentation of the magnificent silver services by the city to the crew of the Brooklyn will take place at the navy yard today. Ex-Mayor Scherren will preside, and the presentation speech will be made by Mayor Wurster. The service cost \$10,000.

ROPE,
 JUST UNLOADED,
2065 COILS
 AT OUR WAREHOUSE.
 Largest and best assortment in the country. Correspondence and open orders solicited.
Eden & Co.,
 Office and Salesroom,
 1013 Franklin Avenue.

LIVING AND TO ARRIVE.
 Genuine Tennessee Triumph,
 Genuine New York State,
 Early Rose and Peerless Seed
POTATOES.
 Send me your orders.

THEO. KELLER,
 Wholesale and Retail
GROCER
 FIRST OF THE SEASON.
 Tennessee Triumph
 and Potatoes.
 in barrels
 and sacks.
 Write us for prices on car-
 loads and less.
H. THOMPSON & CO.

Houston Seed Store.
 Seasonable Seeds.
 Fine Flowers.
 Can ship them in good shape to a
 man's girl, wherever she may be.

A. WHITAKER,
 103 TRAVIS STREET.
C. P. SHEARN,
 Dealer in
 Oats Bran, Hay, Cot-
 ton Seed Meal, Baled
 Hulls, Chops, and
 ALL KINDS OF FEED
 WANTED—Second hand corn and oats
 Travis and Capitol. Phone No. 46.

TELEPHONE.
 THE LINES OF THE SOUTH-
 WESTERN TELEGRAPH AND TELE-
 PHONE COMPANY to many of the prin-
 cipal cities and towns of TEXAS. Toll
 rates at the Central Office, Houston and
 convenient places.
 W. H. MARSHALL,
 Local Manager.

"INTERNATIONAL ROUTE."
I. & G. N.
"FAST MAIL" TRAIN,
TO THE NORTH AND EAST

HONOR OLD HICKORY.
Jackson Day Celebration in Flower Bedecked Banquet Halls.
THE GOLD DEMOCRATS IN CHICAGO.
President Cleveland Sends a Letter of Regret.
ADDRESS BY MR. WATTERSON
Celebration in Different Cities—Let- ters from Bryan—Speeches Made by Distinguished Men.

Chicago, January 8.—Representatives of the gold democracy of the States of the Middle West, Northwest and South met at the Auditorium tonight for the purpose of celebrating Jackson day. Fully 500 men were present and the banquet was in many respects a notable affair of its kind. Letters were received from President Cleveland, Secretary Morton and Senator John M. Palmer and a large number of democrats throughout the country sent, either through the mail or over the wires, messages expressive of regret at their inability to be present in person, and all sent words indicative of the utmost confidence in the future of the branch of the democratic party which had declared itself against free silver. The parlors of the hotel were crowded early in the evening, while a general reception was held by the gentlemen who were the honored guests of the evening.

Francis B. Peabody of Chicago was at the head of the reception committee, and for over an hour he was busily engaged in presenting to Henry Watterson, Charles S. Hamlin, General Buckner and John P. Irish the great number of men who pressed forward to greet them.
 The reception lasted until the doors of the banquet hall were thrown open, and at 7 o'clock the entire company was seated at the long tables which stretched from end to end of the room. The decorations were of flowers, evergreens and flags and in addition Great Banks of apples and car-nations were upon the tables and at various points around the room, while the portraits of Jackson, Jefferson and other founders of democratic principles and upholders of democratic faith, which hung upon the walls were brightly hung with garlands and wreaths of roses. Behind the head of the table at which sat Franklin McVeagh, the toastmaster for the evening, was arranged a beautiful effect wrought by the faithful display of American flags. It was over two hours after the banquet hall was opened before the men listened to the toasts.

After Mr. McVeagh's brief remarks Mr. Watterson, who was to address the company on "The Future of Democracy," rose to his feet. The ringing cheers that greeted him made it impossible for several minutes for the eloquent Kentuckian to receive with anything but a grateful and reverent attention the recent campaign at length and closed as follows:
 "This is St. Jackson's Day, and with renewed hearts we are here to celebrate it. He was a democrat, we are democrats; he was for honest money, we are for honest money; he stood by the integrity of the Nation, we stand by the integrity of the Nation; he believed in the people and we believe in the people; his convictions, his fidelity to our constitution, when treason reared its head in the form of nullification, he struck it a withering blow. When reason, in the form of anarchy, reared its head we struck it a withering blow. And so again and again shall we strike it, wherever and whenever it appears until we have wiped demagogues and demagoguism from the face of the earth and brought our government back to its original functions. We justly revere the memory of Andrew Jackson and the equalization of all men and all classes in the pursuit of prosperity and happiness."
 Charles S. Hamlin of New York, the assistant secretary of the treasury, came next and spoke on "Our National Administration," which was very warmly received.
 The letters of President Cleveland, Secretary Morton and Senator John M. Palmer were greeted with cheers. President Cleveland's letter was read by Franklin McVeagh, Esq., Chairman of the Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., January 4.—My Dear Sir: I regret that official duties prevent my acceptance of the invitation to attend the Jackson Day banquet on the 8th instant.

When passion and prejudice threaten to obscure the meaning of democracy and prove its patriotic purpose and a reunion of those who are democratic for the sake of principle and the good of their country can not fail to be inspiring and useful on an occasion when the character and achievements of Andrew Jackson are commemorated, the old landmarks of democratic faith should be distinctly pointed out. At such a time it should be impressively taught that democracy is not disorder, that its regard for popular rights does not mean the care of only a portion of our people; that its loyalty to the constitution and law does not mean a petulant challenge of the duty to civil obedience; that its aggressiveness does not mean class hatred and sectional vituperation; and that its success should never mean mere partisan triumph at the sacrifice of principles and patriotism. Yours very truly,
 Grover Cleveland.

The far West was represented by John P. Irish of California, and the assembly, recalling his hard work for the gold standard during the campaign of last fall, greeted him with cheers. He spoke to the toast "Our President."
 Other speakers of the evening were Virgil P. Kline, who responded for Ohio; Washington Irving Babt, who was charged with messages from the gold democracy of Iowa; T. J. Mahoney, who replied to the toast of "Nebraska"; J. McD. Trimble, who represented Missouri; Hugh Ryan, from Wisconsin; and General Buckner of Kentucky. All of these speakers told of the condition of the gold democracy in the States from which they had come and made encouraging promises of the future prospects of the party.

Banquet of Jacksonian Club.
 Omaha, Neb., January 8.—The annual banquet of the Jacksonian club of this city was held at Paxton Hotel this evening. The banquet was really an ovation to William Jennings Bryan, with a few speeches by other democrats to add variety to the occasion. When the distinguished guest of the evening rose to address the people present, his reception was in the highest degree

enthusiastic. He paid tribute to the populists for being the pioneers in the movement for governmental reforms and commended the republicans who left their party and voted the democratic ticket. He expressed pleasure over the result of the election in this State, but did not attribute that result to the fact that Nebraska was his home, but rather to the fact that there was such complete harmony among all the forces which made up the fusion here. He saw in it a lesson for other States and said that when they had the same amount of education on the principal subjects of the democratic platform as Nebraska had had and the same perfect harmony among the people supporting those questions, victory was too near their party in the Nation. "Congressman-elect," said Mr. Irish, "Joseph, Mo., spoke of 'The Business Men Methods in Politics and in Government.' Deputy Attorney General Smith of Nebraska spoke of 'The Jacksonians,' giving a sketch of the local political organization.

DENONCE THE PRESIDENT.
Pension Agent Skinner Happed the Chief Executive.
 Pittsburg, Pa., January 8.—Hon. George W. Skinner, pension agent for this district, was the unexpected orator of the occasion tonight when the Randall club very brilliantly commemorated Jackson day at the club house. Though holding a commission from Grover Cleveland, he rapped the president in a manner that was liberally applauded. In the course of Mr. Skinner's speech he predicted that Mr. Bryan would be the next president. "If the politicians do not nominate him the people will," Mr. Skinner said. "While I will say nothing more against the president, than for those favor I owe the office of pension agent, I will say that Mr. Cleveland has misinterpreted the feeling in the minds of the masses of the democratic party. The trouble with too many democratic leaders is that they were reared in a bad atmosphere. The fault with New York democrats is that they were brought up too near Wall street."
 The remarks treated a profound sensation, and there was a moment's quiet only before the shock broke out.

Bryan Sends Letter of Regret.
 Washington, January 8.—Jackson day was celebrated here by a well attended banquet at Masonic Temple, given by the Jackson Democratic association of this city. An abundance of American flags, with a portrait of the hero of New Orleans, were the principal decorations of the large hall, while those present included many senators and members of the house. The toasts and speakers of the evening were: "The Day We Celebrate," Hon. A. S. Collier of Nashville, Tenn.; "Independence," Senator Morgan of Alabama; "Democracy's Triumph and Defeat," Hon. William H. Riker of Tennessee; "Andrew Jackson and His Rival, Henry Clay," Senator Blackburn of Kentucky; "The Money of the Constitution," Senator Daniel of Virginia; "Cuba Libre, by the Eternal," Representative Sulzer of New York; "What's the Matter With California," Representative Moore of California; "Jefferson, Madison and Monroe," Representative Swanson of Virginia.

Others present included Senators Call, Gorman and Cockrell, Representative Richardson of Tennessee and Senator Quasada of the Cuban republic.
 Letters of regret were read from a large number of prominent democrats, among whom were the following: W. J. Bryan, Vice President Stevenson, Senators Faulkner, Fessenden, Adams, Harris, Turpie, Murphy, Mill and Ross; Representatives Sayers, Fitzgerald, Washington, Terry, Wheeler, Moser, Bailey, Towne and Hon. George F. Williams of Massachusetts, Representative Deamond and Joseph B. Ryan.
 Mr. Bryan's letter was as follows:
 Lincoln, Neb., January 3, 1897.—I regret that circumstances prevent my celebrating Jackson day with you. We have reason to commemorate the virtues of the hero of West Point, and his courageous defense of the rights of the people against the assaults of consolidated capital made him the idol of his party, and the remembrance of his achievements should inspire the democrats of this great Republic. I participate in the Cuban sentiment by the people and for the people. His final triumph in a struggle similar to that in which democracy was engaged this year gives us encouragement and hope of ultimate success. Thanking you for honoring me with an invitation, I am very truly yours,
 W. J. Bryan.

Celebration at Indianapolis.
 Indianapolis, Ind., January 8.—Jackson Day was celebrated by the democrats at the Grand opera house tonight. The attendance was not large. Speeches were made by National Commander John W. Shanklin, Attorney General Smith and others. Governor Matthews presided. The chief interest lay in the following letter from W. J. Bryan:
 Hon. Thomas Tammart:
 Indianapolis, Neb., January 2.—My Dear Sir: I regret that other engagements make it impossible for me to join the democrats of Indianapolis in the celebration of Jackson Day. I have for some years felt it a duty, as well as a pleasure, to participate in the commemoration of that day, because I have believed it necessary for the democracy to wage the same contest now that Jackson waged the battle at Chicago and will not sound a retreat. I rejoice that the democrats of Indiana are prepared to renew the contest and would be glad if circumstances permitted me to be present in person and testify to my appreciation of their loyalty during the campaign.
 With the earnest wish that your meeting will be productive of much good, I am, very truly yours,
 W. J. Bryan.

The Day in New York.
 New York, January 8.—The flags of the city, State and Nation flew from the city hall today in honor of Jackson Day. Flags were also waving from the Federal buildings and some of the private downtown buildings. The New York Business Men's association celebrated Jackson Day with their annual banquet and speaking at the Hotel Savoy tonight. The principal speaker of the evening was Perry Belmont.

Celebrated at Boston.
 Boston, January 8.—The Bryan-Brewster-Williams club celebrated Jackson Day today by a dinner at the American House, notwithstanding the fact that the leader of the silver movement, George F. Williams, was present. G. W. Payne presided and cited circumstances which led him to make Bryan close in resemblance to the man whom they had gathered to honor.
West Republican.
 Etikins, W. Va., January 8.—In the municipal election held here yesterday the republican ticket won by 71 majority. The liquor license provision was also voted down, the town has always, heretofore, been a democratic stronghold.

WHAT MONEY SAYS.
Insurgents Active in the Suburbs of Havana.
Land Made a Desert by War.
Spanish Butcheries.
Bodies Lie in a Great Pit in a Field in Guanabacoa—Insurgents Agitated.

Tampa, Fla., January 8.—Senator Money, after reaching here yesterday on the Olive-ville, left last night for Washington. The mission of the senator to the island was to study the Cuban question at short range and by personal contact with those actually engaged in the conflict. The rigid restrictions thrown around the situation by the Spanish government made his task exceedingly difficult, but he succeeded in obtaining a large fund of unpublished information that will prove valuable to the country in the halls of congress.
 "Cuba," said the senator, "is the richest country that I have ever been in, but it is being made a desert by the war now in progress. I made one trip into the country, going from Havana to San Jose, a distance of twenty miles. On all sides there were evidences that was being ravaged in its most cruel form. I passed through towns that had been sacked and burned. In fact the insurgents have been active up to the very suburbs of Havana. It is difficult to describe the devastation that has been wrought on the island. In going from Havana to San Jose I saw many great estates that had been destroyed, sugar houses have been destroyed and the costly machinery ruined by fire. Whoever side wins it will be the work of years to restore property to the island."
 Asked for an opinion as to the outcome of the struggle, Senator Money declined to express himself. "I prefer to wait until the Cuban question shall come up in congress," he said.
 Senator Money stated that he learned from a reliable source, while in Havana, that General Gomez with a strong body of insurgents was in Santa Clara province, near the Matanzas river, and was advancing west. The senator said as illustrating the activity of the insurgents, that Friday night the houses of the town of Bama, a few miles from Havana, being only one house standing. Senator Money also reports that Consul General Lee is in high favor with Captain General Weyler and the Spanish army at Havana, the second in command.

A few days ago General Weyler told the American consul he hoped he would retain his position under the incoming administration, and the same sentiment was tendered by Governor General Ahumada.
MORE SKIRMISHES.
Garcias Are Attacked and Insurgents Repulsed.
 Key West, Fla., January 5.—Advices received here from Havana show that at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of June 30 the insurgent force commanded by Juan Delgado opened fire on the forts at Calabazar, province of Havana. The military governor, Major Justiz, had charge of the troops in the garrison and they repulsed the attack of the insurgents so briskly that the latter were obliged to retreat.
 On the following morning the insurgents renewed their attack simultaneously on forts Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 with a lively discharge of musketry, which was answered by the garrison. At the same time the Spanish batteries fired the fine dwelling of Senor Fernando Garcia, situated near the railroad station. The bullets ran thickly, many of the missiles penetrating the store of Pedro Bracera in the twenty different places. The Spanish troops finally compelled the insurgents to retreat. While the Cubans were retreating they destroyed with their machetes all the tobacco that had been planted in the vicinity. The insurgents also attacked the village of Rancho Boyero, but without result.
 Advices received today confirm the report that Calixto Garcia, with 5000 well armed insurgents, after an engagement and upon the arrival of General Boche's convoy at Bayamo, marched toward Jiguani, which place they besieged for five days. It is said that the garrison of the town resisted the attack of the insurgents until the arrival of the convoy of General Boche, when Garcia and his men retreated toward Santiago de Cuba, countermarching afterward in the direction of Holguin.
 The insurgent leader, Jose Maria Aguirre, the dispatch also says, has been shot in the head, but is improving. He is at Aguacate, province of Havana.
 One hundred and fifty-six wounded Spanish soldiers arrived at Havana from the province of Pinar del Rio on Tuesday last.
 Advices from Havana say that a petition was presented on Tuesday last at the produce exchange by a number of merchants requesting the executive committee of the Junta to send a deputation to Madrid on the authority of the wholesale and retail merchants of Havana, addressed to Premier Canovas del Castillo, protesting against the action of the Marquis of Apeyestegui and other Spanish sugar cane grinders, who are agitating the question of Captain General Weyler's recall from Cuba. These grinders claim that Captain General Weyler does not protect their interests by not allowing them to grind, but on the contrary, thus favors the insurgent plans. The signers of the petition state that they are above political corruption and only wish that the truth be made known to the people.
 The Marquis of Apeyestegui will shortly sail for Spain. He has been summoned by Premier Canovas del Castillo for a personal consultation and to prevent, if possible, the imminent rupture between General Weyler and the Cuban politicians of the conservative party.

Confirms the Belief.
 London, January 8.—A Paris dispatch to the Daily News says: Should the report that Dr. Zertucha had offered to guide the Spaniards over the province of Pinar del Rio in Cuba be correct, it will increase the belief that Maceo's death was due to treachery. General Weyler's latest measure, prohibiting the sale even of medicines to the rebels is also taken in conjunction with this report.
Danless Wants to Clear.
 Washington, January 8.—The secretary of the treasury has received a telegram

from the collector of customs at Jacksonville, Fla., stating that the suspected filibuster, the Dauntless, had returned to that port and had represented that she had been on a wrecking expedition, and now asked for clearance for Havana, Cuba, with a cargo of arms and other munitions for war. The collector asked for instructions, and in reply the secretary directed the collector to make a full report in the case of the Dauntless. Until this report is received, which may take several days, the desired clearance papers will be withheld.
PINAR DEL RIO NOT CALM.
Insurgents Attacked a Convoy and Captured Supplies.
 New York, January 8.—A Key West dispatch to the World says: Reports from Pinar del Rio contradict General Weyler's statement that all is calm. A large detachment of insurgents attacked on Monday a convoy of supplies twenty-five miles south of Artemisa, defeating the guard and capturing a large supply of camp equipment and ammunition.
 Near Pinar del Rio City on Tuesday 400 Cubans, hidden in a dense thicket, fired on 300 Spanish cavalry passing, throwing them into confusion. The Spaniards rallied and charged, only to plunge into deep trenches prepared for them. The Cubans had withdrawn after the first fire, but as the Spanish horsemen tumbled into the ditches the insurgents fired into the mass with great rapidity, causing great slaughter. Attracted by the firing, another Spanish squadron dashed up and was met with a withering fire from the concealed Cubans. The Spanish finally retreated after losing probably twenty-five men. The Cubans lost only five men. The Spaniards, however, claim a great victory.
 News from Gomez this afternoon disquieted the palace officials.
WOULD LIKE TO SEE GOMEZ DEAD.
Weyler Protests His Loyalty to the Government.
 Havana, January 8.—Captain General Weyler declared that he was thankful for the opportunity to protest his loyalty to the government. He said that he takes no notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion, have resulted better than he expected.
 "The death of Maximilian," because their notice of the attack made upon him by certain papers which he had not read. This attack, he said, was due to unjustified impatience with the operations conducted in Pinar del Rio, which, although they had been commenced before the time was ripe in order to satisfy public opinion