TRACY WAS TURNED DOWN.

Beaumont Republicans Couldn't See Anything in His Scheme.

HAWLEY IS OUT AS A HAWLEY HELPER.

What Is the Statement Credited to the Populist Leader as an Argument in Favor of a Deal.

Beaumont, Texas, October 24.—It was announced in Sunday morning's Post that Harry Tracy, one of the managers of the populist party, was in the city. Mr. Tracy said his visit was purely for rest and recreation and indirectly requested that the announcement be so made, though he must certainly have realized that no one would believe it. It is, therefore, no discredit to the "middle o' the mucker" to say that instead of rest and recreation Tracy journeyed into Southeast Texas on what he conceived to be an important political mission, and that to make this mission a success he has labored industriously since his arrival.

At least it has been learned from a reliable source that Tracy is endeavoring to effect some sort of a political bargain with local republicans. What he has to give democrats can't say. Certainly not populist votes in Jefferson county, for they are but few; but he is regarded as of sufficient importance to act as a magnet to some of the leading republicans and conferences have been the result.

What transpired at those conferences can not be stated with satisfactory certainty. They were secret and the participants when questioned only look knowing and say nothing. The Post correspondent scored a leak this afternoon, however, and while the information obtained is not the exact details of the conferences, enough was learned to make the positive statement that Tracy and two or three local republican leaders are endeavoring to make a trade, their deliberations being based on the presumption that the rank and file of either party will vote as the supposed dictators ordain.

The report that comes through the leak is that Tracy asked the republicans to withdraw J. A. McAyeal, their congressional nominee, and give the vote of their party in this district to T. J. Russell, the populist nominee. He took the vote of 1894 for Nugent and endeavored to show that with republican support the populists would win, and urged that as populists were helping republican candidates for congress in other districts the republicans should reciprocate by supporting Russell.

His attention was called to the fact that Baird, the populist nominee, remained in the race in the Tenth, for Hawley's district, and it was explained that this gentleman's candidacy only strengthened Hawley, as it drew from Robson, the democrat, free silver votes which he would otherwise get.

This proposition did not receive indorsement of the republicans. To the contrary, they requested the withdrawal of Russell, insisting that such action would tend to induce republicans to vote for Barney Davis, the populist nominee for governor, and the populists, being without a candidate for congress, could vote for McAyeal, the republican nominee for congress.

Nothing definite has been determined as yet, and even though a trade is made it can not change the result of the vote for either Sayers or Cooper in so far as this county is concerned, for neither the populists nor the republican leaders who participated in the conferences could deliver the goods.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING

Of the Sayers and Robson Clubs of Warrenton and Carmine.

Warrenton, Texas, October 23—The Warrenton Sayers and Robson club met last night in Harmony hall at this place, pursuant to adjournment. The Carmine club came over in a body, accompanied by a fine string band. They carried a fine flag and each one was arrayed in a neat badge. Dr. Robert A. Seymour, the chairman, called the meeting to order at 8 o'clock and introduced Hon. C. E. Lane of La Grange, the democratic nominee for the legislature, who was present by invitation.

Mr. Lane addressed the meeting mostly on State issues. He exposed some of the fallacies of the populists and scored the present republican administration for its extravagance and incompetency. He urged his hearers to support the whole democratic ticket as the best and only means to secure the best interest of the whole people. Mr. Lane was listened to with attention and his utterances frequently applauded.

Mr. Charles H. Krueger of Carmine was next introduced and addressed the large assemblage on National issues. He showed how the coinage of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 would redound to the interest of the masses. His language in regard to the high tariff was forcible and showed how trusts and syndicates were protected and enriched at the expense of the laboring classes. His remarks in favor of an income tax were loudly applauded, and his opposition to the Chinese immigration bill caught the temper of the house. He also showed how the expansion of territory, especially in the Philippines would weaken the Nation and possibly involve us in complications with other nations.

His speech was well received, and frequently applauded, especially so his appeal to his hearers to support Hon. W. S. Robson for congress, whose interest was with the laboring classes, and not Hon. R. B. Hawley, whose record showed him to be now on the side of trusts and the money power.

Mr. Krueger will stump this county and district in the interest of Hon. W. S. Robson.

The young democracy is well organized and ready for active and earnest campaign work. If "coming events cast their shadows before," then is Mr. Robson's election assured.

A Sayers and Robson club will be organized in Round Top. Enthusiasm and determination to redeem this district from republican representation everywhere prevails.

LOCAL OPTION CAMPAIGN.

Anderson County Is to Vote on the Whisky Question.

Palestine, Texas, October 22.—Pursuant to adjournment last Sunday afternoon, the prohibitionists met in Bailey's hall this evening at 3:30. The meeting was called to order by Chairman P. W. Brown. Prof. H. C. Buck, Hon. A. W. Gregg and others addressed the meeting. The chairman was instructed to appoint a campaign committee, to consist of twenty-five citizens, whose duty it will be to have charge of and conduct the campaign.

A petition was read, asking the commissioners' court to order a local option election for this entire precinct. About 200 voters signed the petition. The fight is on in earnest now, and promises to warm up from now on.

FORT BEND COUNTY.

Solid Democratic Vote Will Be Cast for Robson.

Galveston, Texas, October 24.—Clarence R. Wharton of Richmond, a prominent Fort Bend county lawyer, was in the city today attending the Federal court. In discussing the political situation he said the democrats of Fort Bend county are united for Robson and that he would receive the full strength of that vote. In county affairs Mr. Wharton said the democrats were never more harmonious. The county convention, recently held, was attended by 1500 white men and a ticket was nominated with perfect order and good feeling. He thinks if Galveston county will do its duty by Robson he will be elected by a large plurality.

MR. HOGG'S IMPRESSION.

Believes Both Burleson and Robson Are Sure to Win.

Austin, Texas, October 24.—Ex-Governor Hogg has returned from a week's trip over the State, making speeches in behalf of the democratic nominees. He had good crowds everywhere, he says, and feels satisfied from what he saw that Sayers' majority will be imposing.

With regard to the situation in the Ninth congressional district, his observation is that Burleson has much the best of it over Jones, if the democrats will turn out as they ought to on election day.

In the Tenth district, he received the impression that Robson is gaining ground every day and has a fine prospect for defeating Hawley.

ROBSON AT KENNEY.

Told Austin County Voters of His Principles.

Kenney, Texas, October 24.—Judge Robson, candidate for congress, spoke to a good sized audience here today. His argument was far-reaching and forceful and will add many votes to the democratic ticket at the next election. He stands squarely on the democratic platform, is for a clean government; for free silver and more of it, even to loading us down; is against expansion. He claims it will draw 2000 young men from home to die in a foreign country, also add millions of dollars to the now heavy debt we owe.

Sayers at Cleburne.

Cleburne, Texas, October 23.—In his speech in Cleburne yesterday Major Sayers confined himself entirely to State issues, and did not touch upon the usual themes "free silver," "tariff," "expansion." He simply discussed the vital issues of State administration, and told the people what he would do if elected their governor. It was simply a plain, practical, common sense talk. No new features were presented. The speaker, however, emphasized the statement that he hoped to be able to assist the people in an effort to be happier, better fed and more comfortably clothed, and if he could do this, and win their esteem, he would consider his administration a success. After the speech many people crowded about to congratulate him. J. W. Buchanan, an ardent admirer, presented him with a beautiful cane made of horns, on which was inscribed on a silver head, "J. D. Sayers, Soldier and Statesman." In Cleburne he met several old army friends. The son of one (Judge J. M. Odell) Hon. D. W. Odell made the presentation speech which accompanied the cane.

Mr. Pinckney's Position.

Hempstead, Texas, October 24.—There seems to be an impression in some quarters of this judicial district that Hon. J. M. Pickney was an applicant for the position of district judge made vacant by the resignation of Judge Reese. This is a mistake. Mr. Pinckney was asked to become a candidate and it is reasonably certain that he could have had the place for the asking, but he refused positively because he knew that some personal friends would be candidates and because he didn't feel himself physically strong enough at this time to assume the arduous duties of the position. At any rate, Mr. Pinckney does not like the idea of having himself placed himself in the position of asking quietly for a position to which openly he would not aspire, when, as a matter of fact, he would not have accepted the position even if it had come to him unsolicited.

A GARY CLUB.

Colorado County Negroes Are Anxious to Join It.

Columbus, Texas, October 24.—H. L. Stern, a negro politician from Galveston, has been here today organizing a Gary club. F. Gary of Galveston is the negro candidate for congress from the Tenth district. Gary and others will speak here tomorrow night and the club will be organized. The most prominent republicans of the county are leading the movement and the negroes are joining about as fast as the leaders get to them. The leaders claim they will have a club of 300 tomorrow night.

Sayers and Robson Club.

Weimar, Texas, October 24.—A Sayers and Robson club of seventy or more members was organized here at the opera house on Saturday night last with Dr. E. R. Walker as president and Prof. G. A. Moore secretary. Many more names have since been added to the list and the president of the club thinks the list will soon count 250 or more. All true democrats are enthusiastic for Robson and he will carry this box by a good majority.

Judicial Convention Held.

Pearsall, Texas, October 24.—The judicial convention met today and was called to order at the court house by Mr. Maney, who was appointed chairman by Hon. C. K. Bell. Lowe was nominated for judge and Davis for attorney; both of Frio county.

Abernathy of Atascosa was elected chairman of the executive committee. Every county was represented except Live Oak.

Fine Prospects for Robson.

Carmine, Texas, October 22.—The north end of old Fayette county seems to be solid for their democratic nominees, and it is hoped that everywhere in this county and throughout the Tenth congressional district the democrats will arise and secure the election of Hon. Joseph D. Sayers and W. S. Robson. For the last ten days the republicans here have looked somewhat blue.

Johnson County Is Democratic.

Cleburne, Texas, October 23.—The democrats feel assured of a victory in Johnson county November 8. The only fight they will have will be in Cleburne, as the balance of the county is safely democratic, but in the city itself party lines are badly broken, and personalities will enter largely into the campaign. The State ticket of democracy will carry the county easily.

Fate of a Candidate and His Hobby.

DIDN'T LOOK AT BOOKS.

MR. GIBBS HAD TIME AND OPPORTUNITY TO DO SO.

He Was Expected to Visit the Departments While at Austin, but Wouldn't.

Austin, Texas, October 24.—B. Muscadier Gibbs, populist candidate for governor and junior partner of the firm of J. Farley & Co., campaign romance circulators and relief railroad promoters, is in the city, it being his intension to repeat a few of his choice political yarns at the court house tomorrow.

In view of the fact that Mr. Gibbs has frequently expressed a desire to "look at the books," it was expected that while here he might take a notion to walk up to the capitol and endeavor to gratify said desire, but he did not show up in any of the State departments, although every preparation had been made to give him a cordial reception and every book had been hauled out and opened so that he might see for himself without the least trouble just how things are being run.

FOR KLEBERG AND SAYERS.

Hon. H. B. Spinelli Speaks to the Voters of Duval County.

Following is a speech which was delivered at San Andres, uDval county, by Hon. H. B. Spinelli of Corpus Christi:

The speaker said in substance: What does republican mean? It means, pertaining to the public thing and is derived from the Latin. The Roman idea of a republic was based upon false principles, upon the assumption that there are or can be distinctions between men and men, that some men are born or made better than their fellow men. It is unnecessary to relate that a republic which permitted the classes to rule the masses is no more. And yet, in spite of the warning of bygone ages the republican party has systematically chosen to accept the Roman signification of the word republican and has fostered upon our people laws calculated to enrich the few at the expense of the many, laws tending to foster trusts, bond syndicates and other monopolies to the detriment of the great mass of our common people.

What does democratic mean? It means, my friends, the people rule. It bears in itself the whole platform of the democratic party, and needs no explanation or embellishment to make itself comprehensible. It stands for equal rights to all regardless of station, and special privileges to none. It means that poor people and the poor people's money shall have equal rights with the rich and the rich people's money. It means that all the people together represented by their government, shall coin money, and not any privileged individual or association of individuals. All this and more is contained in those simple Greek words which have become the name of the greatest party on earth.

The hidden meaning contained in the name of the republican party is what impels it to spend so much money at this latter end of the century to perpetuate itself in office. The privileged classes see the reins slowly but surely slipping from their greedy grasp. They feel that the popular mind has awakened to their infamy and that the giant will soon haul them from their seats and wrest from them their ill-gotten gains. The people have suffered too long under the mountain of tyrannical government by injunction, of oppression of the laboring classes, of injustice to the debtor classes, of useless revenue taxes, of corrupt bond issues, and are slowly but surely arraigning themselves in one mighty army which will fight its preliminary battle on the 8th of next November and win as great and glorious victory in 1900.

We are on the eve of a State and congressional election, and though the interest at such a time is not as intense as it is at the presidential elections, it behooves every democrat to go to the polls and cast a vote which shall bear the names of Sayers and Kleberg. And why? Because, my friends, the former is a long tried useful statesman of our party, of whom I shall speak later on, and because the latter is the representative of those principles of which I have just told you, and will be in a position to defend them in the congress of the nation.

We have just come through a war with Spain in which victory has crowned our every effort. We have lost in battle and as the result of wounds only 200 men, while Spain has lost nearly 3000. In ships we have lost none, while Spain has lost nearly forty. The precious Pearl of the Antilles has been freed from the dominion of its oppressors and the Cubans will soon be free. All this is glorious, and the republican party has had the audacity to claim all the glory. Let us see if this claim be well founded. For three years Democrats have been introducing resolutions in congress bearing the words "Cuba is and shall be free," and for three years the republicans and certain of the illegitimate children of that party have steadily refused to acknowledge that freedom. At last the Maine horror awoke the Nation and the sugar trust and the tobacco trust and the protected republican manufacturers of the East, as well as the robber barons of Wall street could no longer stem the tide of popular indignation. So they set to work to get as much out of the war as they could. All the sons of rich men or of crstriwhile great republican politicians got fat jobs in the staff corps, chiefly in the quartermaster, commissary, transportation and pay departments. Railroads whose managers might furnish money for this election were preferred over others of shorter haul and less influence and troops were carried over 200 miles to be moved forty. If this were all it might be overlooked, but there is a tale of crime so horrible yet to be told as will forever brand the already deeply dyed republican party with a burning fiery brand of shame and infamy as no party has ever borne. I mean that while these fellows who were appointed to these fat places because they were sons of some one who had aided that party were either dawdling away the time they should have devoted to the government, in helpless contemplation of tasks they were not fitted for, or in making love to their female admirers, or in stowing away appetizing meats or exhilarating drink, the poor representatives of the common people who had enlisted as privates to fight their country's battles were dying like flies in malodorous camps, chosen with regard to the desires of influential politicians and not with regard to their healthfulness or adaptability. To the gross mismanagement of the republican party is due the deaths of over 2000 men. Who are their murderers? And now the republican party has, through its republican president, ordered its republican secretary of war to appoint a republican commission to investigate. I tell you, we must elect democrats to congress this year because we want the grand jury of the Nation to be composed of a different party from that to which belong the miscreants to whom shall be traced the deaths and abuse of our brothers. That is why we must elect Rud Kleberg. That is why we must have a majority in congress next December.

We must not, my friends, forget that there is another issue at stake in this election. There is another application of the doctrine of equal rights to all, and that is in the coinage of money. We stand for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at a ratio of sixteen to one, and that without asking the permission of any other Nation. We have shown ourselves invincible on sea and land in a war of force, and we can and will be invincible alike in a war of finance. Every argument is on our side, as you will see from a few pointed examples.

Mr. Spinelli then gave a short history of the use of money, showed by pointed examples that money has no value of itself, applied the laws of supply and demand to show the reason for the fall of silver, or, as he said, the appreciation of gold. He showed that value is relative, that money is only a measure of value, that a dear money and a cheap money must circulate on equal terms for all the purposes of commerce, because the former is necessary in large transactions and the latter in small ones. That the common people are those who make small transactions, and consequently silver is the money of the people. That gold and silver must circulate on equal terms in order that the people may derive the advantage of an elastic currency, and that if they do not circulate on equal terms one must be the money of ultimate redemption, and that values adjust themselves by the value of the amount of money of ultimate redemption.

Mr. Spinelli then demonstrated how the national banks were really permitted by law to receive usurious interest on the bonds guaranteeing their notes, then loaned their notes at 10 per cent, and then collected that in advance, making an additional one and one-ninth per cent, a total which in some cases reached seventeen and one-ninth per cent on money invested. He showed how it was unconstitutional for anyone other than the government to issue bills of credit, and exposed the whole national banking system.

He then showed how the democratic administration in Texas had been a wise one. How taxes had diminished since 1873, how the school fund had increased, how the expenditure of the money of the people had been restricted to narrow channels, and how honest and economical those expenditures had been.

He then eulogized Mr. Sayers. Spoke of his immaculate record in congress, in war, in private life and professionally, and wound up with a stirring appeal to all within hearing to march to the polls shoulder to shoulder and administer to the republican party such a drubbing as it will not soon forget.

CULBERSON'S POSITION.

He Believes in the Walker Tariff of 1846.

Austin, Texas, October 23.—Your reporter at Uvalde is in error as to my position on the tariff question. Instead of advocating a "protective tariff on raw material" in my speech there, I urged a revenue tariff on raw material as well as manufactured articles, limited to the necessities of government economically administered. Generally, my position is that of the Walker tariff of 1846, where compared with total imports the free list of 1854 was only 8.6 per cent.

C. A. Culberson.

Independent Candidates.

Morgan News.

Did it ever occur to the average voter that it is utterly impossible for a man to run for office as an independent candidate? The definition of the term "independent" is a complete refutation of the assumption that one can be independent in anything. All standard dictionaries define the term independent as "not relying on others," and if the so-called "independent" candidate does not rely on the voters to elect him, how does he hope to achieve success? Every time he solicits a vote, either personally or by proxy, he refutes the "independent" theory and places himself under implied obligation at least. There is no such thing as absolute independence on the part of any human being in any of the walks of life. The individual who poses as an independent in politics, religion, morals or business magnifies his own importance and insults the intelligence and helpful spirit of those whose support he solicits. In some cases the "independent" seeker for public favor is ignorant of his real attitude; in many instances he is a disguised outcast from one or more of the political organizations, and is interested solely in his personal advancement. In either case, he is the enemy of organized effort, without which there can be no progress, and the implacable foe of one of the fundamental principles of our government—"in union there is strength." Every campaign brings to the front a corps of so-called independent candidates, and, whether ignorantly or designedly, they play directly into the hands of the enemy. Not one in a thousand ever succeeds in being elected, and not one in ten thousand deserves to be, because of the false position he assumes. Let democrats beware of the sophistry made use of by the independent-republican-goldbug-populist combination, and stand gallantly by the unsullied standard of the only party whose banner has never trailed in the dirt and filth of unholy alliance, nor sacrificed principle for political preferment.

El Paso County Ticket.

San Antonio, Texas, October 24.—The county democratic convention which met today resulted in the following nominations: J. R. Harper, county judge; P. J. Edwards, county attorney; J. H. Boone, sheriff; Ike Alderete, district clerk; Pack W. Pitman, county clerk; J. H. O'Connor, county treasurer; S. W. Huffman, tax assessor; J. W. White, tax collector; C. C. Thomas, school superintendent.

Snake, Frog, Bear and a Scared Boy.

To the Editor of The Post.

Houston, Texas, October 23.—The most vivid memories of my childhood are those impressed by, respectively, a snake, a frog and a bear.

Near on to fifty years ago, as a little toddler, barefooted, as Houston boys in those days invariably went (shoes were scarce), while running backwards, looking upward at my kite, a something tightened around my foot and wound around my diminutive pedal extremities—clammy, cold. In a twinkling of a second I had performed unheard of gymnastics; my grasp upon the kite string had relaxed, and the kite was fast disappearing in the northward. I turned numbers of handsprings, cut many pigeon wings, and performed quite a respectable Highland fling, in frantic efforts toward kicking that snake skywards. Whatever became of the reptile is what I have often, during these many years, wondered. If it was as surprised and as badly scared as I during those few seconds of contact, it of course emigrated to some other locality. I remember discovering myself flying through the great hall at home, yelling "snake got me," and it required considerable effort at pacification upon the part of the home folks to quiet me down.

Ever since that event a snake is one of the great horrors. Once, upon retiring to bed, a lot of cold buck shot rolled down the sheet, along my limbs. I lit out of that bed onto the floor with the velocity of a bullet. Those shot imitated the meanderings of a snake in a very realistic manner.

My friend, the frog, was even a greater surprise than the snake. While out one day hunting up the belated milch cow something suddenly, cold and damp, made a leap up my pants and landed about the forks of those trousers. To say that I reared and snorted, yelled and cavorted, is putting it mildly. Had I been possessed with the rheumatism or paralysis on that occasion the malady would have been rendered a nullity. I made tracks from that locality in a wonderfully agile manner. The cow was forgotten, and for once had to come home on her own responsibility. The frog, oh, where was he? Ask of the winds, ever toying with the waving grass of our lovely Houston prairie. He must have landed in an unknown region. I have never since been able to cultivate affection for snake or frog.

It's a long jump from frogs or snakes to bears, but variety being the spice of life, I must not omit my adventure with a bear. The bear, no doubt, derived the most enjoyment out of the affair. I was out duck hunting on Oyster creek, and hearing a great crashing in the cane brake, apparently getting nearer, I stood in fear and trembling, awaiting events. I hadn't long to wait, for the bear came with a rush and passed within a few feet of me. I dropped my gun and sped homewards and couldn't be induced to return alone for my gun—yet humanity is supposed to be the master of all other living creatures.

True, I was a boy and liable to suffer with unstrung nerves, but where is the man, who wouldn't have performed the same antics, under the same circumstances? Deliver me from snakes, frogs and bears.

Philip H. Fall.

CANTALOUPE INDUSTRY.

Webster Has Already Disposed of Next Spring's Crop.

Webster, Texas, October 22.—Mr. Nat Weizel, president of the Western Poultry and Game association of St. Louis, Mo., met the growers of Webster and League City today and with them discussed the Alamo nutmeg cantaloupe business for the coming season. Mr. Weizel made the following proposition, which was unanimously accepted: He will furnish the growers the best seed obtainable at actual cost and will pay for the melons on platform at station an increase of 50 per cent over contract price of last year. He advises early planting, and should a loss of seed occur by reason of frost or other causes will supply seed for replanting free of charge. Mr Weizel is a bright young business man and an "expansionist" in the cantaloupe line, and proposes the coming season to place the "Alamo" on the market of Europe. By experiment he has demonstrated the fact that these melons can be placed on the markets of Great Britain and the continent and disposed of at a remunerative price. By his business methods and square dealing he has gained the full confidence and respect of this community and it is confidently predicted that this enterprise, which is still in its infancy, will prove one of the most profitable that the people here have yet engaged in. Webster alone will plant 250 or 300 pounds of seed, which will be an increase of 150 to 200 pounds over last year. One-half pound will plant an acre.

NEW ULM FEST.

Robson and Hawley Engaged in Joint Debate on Political Issues.

New Ulm, Texas, October 24.—The feast given here by J. J. Truka was the most successful New Ulm has ever seen. There were 1500 people in attendance, covering the surrounding country, county and some from other counties. The main attraction was the joint debate of Judge W. S. Robson and Hon. R. B. Hawley. Hawley opened his speech and spoke about one hour and twenty minutes, whereupon Robson answered him in a speech lasting the same length of time. Hawley closed the debate with a few remarks lasting some twenty minutes.

Both candidates handled their subject in a masterly manner and the applause from the public was great. Both candidates left on the 7:30 Katy train last night.

The next feature of interest was the awarding of prizes given for the man with the largest family, the oldest bachelor, the prettiest young lady, the tallest man, the lightest man, etc. After awarding the prizes all went to the dance, given in the magnificent ball room of Mr. Truka. Several brass bands were in attendance.

SEEKING THE MURDERERS.

One Negro Has Confessed and Implicated Others.

Dallas, Texas, October 24.—Henry Alexander, the negro arrested charged with being one of the assassins of June Redd, the white boy shot to death last night by three negroes, broke down this evening and made a confession. He admits being a member of the band that killed young Redd and says his companions are notorious characters. Officers have discovered where they stopped last night, and are hot on their trail. All railroads are being watched tonight to prevent their leaving the city by train. Descriptions have been sent all over the country.

San Antonio Baptist Association.

Floresville, Texas, October 24. — The Baptist association for the San Antonio district has been in session here the last four days and has had a very interesting session. It has been well attended both by the ministers from the district and laymen as well. The church has been crowded all the time, and on yesterday the Methodists and Presbyterians extended the Baptist brethren the use of their churches.

Ross Monument Association.

Waco, Texas, October 24.—The executive board of the Ross monument committee has decided to resume operations, suspended on account of the war, and J. D. Shaw of this city has been selected to solicit funds, with instructions to take the field at once. An address will be issued in a few days, and the work will be pushed vigorously.

State Evangelical Conference.

Henrietta, Texas, October 22.—The State conference of the Evangelical association is in session in this city. Delegates are present from Dallas, Galveston, San Antonio, Abilene and other cities. The conference is presided over by Bishop T. C. Breyfogle of Reading, Pa.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Quarantine Is to Be Made Effective Against Monterey.

COL. OPENHEIMER HAS RETURNED.

He Believes the Second Texas Will Be Mustered Out and Is Doing Nothing to Prevent It.

Austin, Texas, October 24.—State Health Officer Blunt today received a telegram from Dr. Turpin, who is in Monterey, to the effect that he has found four cases of yellow fever in that city since his arrival there and telegraphic orders were in consequence sent to all border stations to enforce quarantine against that point.

OPENHEIMER'S POSITION.

Colonel L. M. Openheimer, of the Second Texas, has returned from Washington. He says that the report that he had gone to the National capital to endeavor to prevent the mustering out of his regiment was incorrect. Some of his captains had told him that a majority of their men desired to remain in the service and he had repeated what they had said to the secretary of war, who had remarked that if their statements were, upon investigation, found to be correct, steps might be taken to revoke the order to get rid of the Second. So far as Colonel Openheimer is concerned, he does not want a single man in his regiment kept in the service against his wishes and he will not try to prevent their mustering out under any circumstances. It is his belief that his regiment will finally be disbanded as originally contemplated.

NOTES.

Dennis Walsh of this city has been appointed a draughtsman in the yards and docks department of the United States navy and will leave for Washington tomorrow to assume the duties of this position.

Captain John Lubbock, who has been visiting his sons here for two weeks, returned to his home in Houston today.

In the supreme court today a motion for ten days additional time to file bond was granted in Joseph C. Mauldin vs. Southern Pacific company, from Harris.

Governor Culberson was, owing to press of business, unable to fill his engagement to speak at Yorktown.

YORKTOWN'S ANNIVERSARY.

Big Trades Display, a Fine Barbecue and Many People.

Yorktown, October 24.—The fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Yorktown was celebrated today. There was a long trades display, parade and a big barecue. The town is full of people, a special train having been run from Halletsville.

Hon. Rud Kleberg and Editor Julius Schuetze delivered addresses this afternoon. Mr. Kleberg reviewed the history of the town and complimented the German-Americans on their thrift; he said it was right for them to bring along their customs to this country, but they must not forget their allegiance to the Stars and Stripes.

Editor Schuetze spoke somewhat in the same strain. His speech was very humorous and he kept the crowd in a good humor for several hours.

Senator Coke will speak at 10 o'clock tomorrow and will leave for San Antonio in the afternoon en route to Galveston.

A carpenters' float was especially noticeable. It represented the carpentery of '48 and '98. There were two houses on the float; one a log cabin with coon skins on the door, the other a modern two-story dwelling.

A diversified farming float showed what is raised in the county.

REGISTER!

You have only two days to do so.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

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