

A CORNER FOR THE LADIES.

The girl of the winter is divided into two classes; the severely plain girl; the girl who is a beauty.



should be moved up and down as well as horizontally. For a tooth powder, it is perfectly harmless, and also has a beneficial effect on the breath.

- Meals for a Day. BREAKFAST: Fruit, Granula with Sugar and Cream, Codfish Cakes, Potato Puff, Rice Crumpets, Coffee. LUNCHEON: Lobster Cakes, Stewed Apples, Cookies, Tea. DINNER: Puree of Celery, Baked Salmon, Sauce Hollandaise, New Potatoes, Stewed Tomatoes, Lima Beans, Cabbage Salad, Water, Chocolate Blanc Mange, Cheese, Coffee.

The Dignified Girl. She is the most admired of all the girls you know—the dignified girl. The winning girl fades before her and the giggling girl is set at naught.

Sour Milk Corn Cake. Sift together two cups of corn meal, half a cup of flour, one-fourth cup of sugar, half a teaspoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of pulverized soda.

A Breakfast to Suit All. Indian Meal Porridge, Cream, Fish Cakes, Poached Eggs, French Fried Potatoes, Toast, Tea, Coffee, Milk.

FEMINE OBSERVER. The forgerette is the most perfect bit of impudence ever invented. Of all things better late than never going to bed is the most important.

The Care of the Teeth. A French writer says that no man with his teeth can be ugly; and no woman with her teeth, however irregular, but she is made to look well by the simple means of brushing them thoroughly several times a day.

SHOOT AT BURTON. Small Attendance, but Good Word Over the Traps. Burton, Texas, January 23.—The live bird tournament opened up with a very small attendance. Many who had been booked did not appear.

Decision Against Von Der Ahe. St. Louis, January 23.—Judge Spencer, in the circuit court today, rendered his decision in the case of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company vs. Sportman's Park and Club in favor of the plaintiff.

Water Company's Suit Against the City is Now on Trial. Temple, Texas, January 23.—The case of the city of Texas vs. the Temple Water Works company, a suit to determine the disposition of the \$10,000 insurance money from the burning of the opera house and which was garnished by the water works company, is on trial in Belton today.

THE RACES. Results at New Orleans. New Orleans, January 23.—Results: Five furlongs—Tragedy, Agitator, Heavy Hand, Time 1:28 1/2.

TODAY'S ENTRIES. Brown Bell, 87, Mr. O'Neil, 88, Jim McCleary, 87, Mike Post, 86, Al Mahan, 100, John Baker, 100, Fred Jones, 100, Walter Lee, 100, Volodouk, 100.

NEW WHOLESALE GROCERY HOUSE. It was rumored in Temple on pretty good authority that one of the leading wholesale grocery houses of Central Texas would establish a branch of their business in Temple in the near future.

LOCAL NOTES. Miss Nellie Gooch is recovering from an attack of illness. Mr. J. A. Bass of Cameron was a visitor in Temple yesterday.

Probably Fatal Injuries. Rogers, Texas, January 23.—Yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock, while crossing the Santa Fe track Jim Patmar's horse became frightened and ran away, throwing him from the buggy, inflicting serious internal injuries, from which he will probably die. The same horse ran away and killed Agent Gafford's wife last summer.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE

Bill Passed in House to Extend Laws to Hawaiian Islands.

AMERICAN REGISTER LAW IS INCLUDED. Senator White Addressed the Senate in Opposition to the McKinley Policy of Expansion.

Washington, January 23.—Mr. Gardner (Rep., N. Y.), chairman of the committee on labor, at the opening of the session of the house today asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill to extend the anti-contract labor law to the Hawaiian islands.

A bill to restore Captain Robert W. Dowdy to the active list of the army was passed. District of Columbia business was then taken up. Nineteen local bills were passed.

Mr. Hopkins (Rep., Ill.), who questioned Mr. Payne regarding the limits of the measure, was asked whether the act of annexation did not extend the laws of the United States over the Hawaiian islands. He replied that the supreme court held that it did not.

Mr. Payne admitted that it would. Mr. Bailey asked how the bill could confine this privilege to citizens of Hawaii, as contradistinguished from American citizens.

Mr. Hitt called Mr. Bailey's attention to the fact that the bill related to those who were Hawaiian citizens July 7. Mr. Payne agreed to an amendment limiting the operation of the registry section of the bill to those who owned vessels registered temporarily or permanently under the Hawaiian flag on July 7, 1898.

THE SENATE. Senator White Spoke Against the Policy of Expansion. Washington, January 23.—At the beginning of today's session of the senate a resolution was passed changing the time of the district courts of the Northern division of the Eastern district of Tennessee.

A bill reported by the judiciary committee providing for the attendance of witnesses in matters pertaining to the court of claims was passed. Bills were passed authorizing the secretary of the interior to authorize the Territory of Oklahoma to use certain buildings as a post.

Mr. White (Cal.) in accordance with previous notice, addressed the senate on the anti-expansion resolution offered by Mr. Vest (Mo.) in view of the resolution of the California legislature to "instruct Mr. White and his colleague, Mr. Perkins, how to vote on the policy of expansion and upon the pending peace treaty."

Mr. White spoke not only on the Vest resolutions, but also to that offered by Mr. Bacon (Ga.) declaring the inhabitants of the Philippines entitled to liberty and independence. Mr. White took as text his remarks certain paragraphs from a telegram court decision, a sentence from President McKinley's Atlanta speech and a paragraph from the report of Admiral Dewey to the navy department saying that the Philippines were as well suited for self government as the Cubans.

Mr. White said he denied the doctrine that seeks to give this country jurisdiction in some cases and denied it in others. The country, he said, was confronted today by a situation different entirely from that with which it had been confronted at any time before. While it might be admitted that we had the power to acquire foreign territory, whether we should do so depended largely on the circumstances.

LOCAL NOTES. Mr. J. A. Bass of Cameron was a visitor in Temple yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bass have left for New York on a visit.

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FELLOW CITIZEN OF ILOILO.

is like many of their extreme claims, in my opinion, not well founded. Upon the passage of what is known as the Teller resolution of January 23, 1898, which declared that the bonds of the government are payable "principal and interest" in silver dollars, "coins of the United States containing 42 1/2 grains of standard silver coin as a legal tender in the payment of such bonds, principal and interest, is not in violation of the rights of the public creditors, there was a majority of fifteen votes in the senate in its favor.

"This may be reasonably accepted as a test vote on the silver question. A gold man has since been elected from Oregon to fill a vacancy, which reduces our majority now to fourteen. Of those who voted in favor of that proposition at that time several senators will probably be succeeded on the 4th of March next by senators opposed to the unlimited coinage of silver, namely, Senators Allen of Nebraska, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Murphy of New York, Roach of North Dakota, Smith of New Jersey, Turpie of Indiana and White of California.

"This year an unusual proportion of bimetallics who come from close States have had their terms expire. In 1939, however, all this will be evened up by a larger proportion of gold men retiring who come from close States. What is likely to be the condition of the senate in 1941 can be easily seen.

"The terms of thirty senators expire at that time. Of these thirty, eleven who are now friendly to silver may safely be counted as absolutely certain to be succeeded by silver men. These senators come from the following States: Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. The following States may be expected to elect gold men to succeed gold men at that time: Maine, Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

"New Hampshire is now represented by a silver man, whose term will expire in 1941. Much will depend in that State upon the personal popularity of the present senator, Mr. Chandler, but if he should be succeeded by a gold man, Louisiana and Kentucky, now represented by gold men, are certain to send two bimetallics in their stead, leaving the advantage so far with the silver men.

"In two States—South Dakota and Delaware—where we now have silver senators, there will be contests, and the most that can be claimed by the gold men is that we are not positively certain to hold these States; while the following States; now represented by gold men, can certainly not be claimed as sure to return a solid gold delegation, namely, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, Oregon, West Virginia and Wyoming.

"From all this it is perfectly safe to assert, that if the bimetallics succeed in electing the president in 1940, they will unquestionably have a clear working majority in the United States senate. Very truly yours, James K. Jouca.

SILVER ISSUE IN THE SENATE. THE OUTLOOK IS VERY BRIGHT FOR BIMETALLISM. Its Present and Future Prospects Ably Discussed by National Committeeman Jones.

Chicago, January 23.—Chairman Jones of the democratic National committee has written a letter to George S. Brown, assistant National secretary of the American Bimetallic union, relative to the present and future prospects of silver in the senate, which reads as follows: "Mr. George S. Brown, Assistant Secretary American Bimetallic Union, Unity Building, Chicago, Ill.

Washington, January 23.—The case of Charles Stokes, charged with murder, was continued in the district court this morning. There are three more applicants for the seat for this week.

A LESSON IN MANNERS.

Captain Eaton of the Resolute Delivered It to a Party of Spoilers.

New York, January 23.—The Herald has this cable from Havana: Captain Eaton of the auxiliary cruiser Resolute captured a twenty-foot Spanish flag in the harbor, and incidentally taught thirty Spaniards a lesson in manners.

A Spanish schooner of about seventy tons sailed alongside the Resolute, where it hoisted up, and with a cheer of defiance from the men aboard an immense Spanish flag was run up to the masthead, with the Cuban flag flying at the top.

Captain Eaton was forced to recognize the insult, and ordered Naval Cadet Tarrant and Marine Officer Thorpe with a file of marines into a steamer launch, which speedily overtook the Spaniards. The captain refused to obey the order to lower the flag, whereupon the marines went aboard and took forcible possession of the Spanish flag, leaving the Cuban flag flying at the masthead. The occupants of the schooner were then compelled to give three cheers for the Cuban and American flags, after which the vessel was allowed to proceed. The captured flag will be held as a prize.

General Ludlow has prepared a detailed report upon the financial condition of Havana. The report shows that the city is absolutely penniless, but that it will be no difficult matter to borrow all the money necessary at a low rate of interest.

"But what I want to do is to arrange a proper system of revenues which will make the city self-supporting. My first efforts were to discover the exact condition of the finances, to which end the Conant commission was appointed.

"That commission has developed the fact that the Spanish ruin the Banca Espanol was permitted to collect \$1,000,000 of \$2,000,000 collected annually for the city. For instance, while the bonds which are held by the bank draw 9 per cent, the method of financing permitted by the rate to be increased to almost 10 per cent.

"The Banca Espanol compelled Havana to pay the cost of collecting the revenues due to the bank. Under an old-time contract the revenue of one city market went to the Banca Espanol, yet the city paid for the collection of these revenues. All of that will be changed even should the Banca Espanol retain the tax commission, which is not certain, by any means.

"No doubt Havana could borrow money at 4 1/2 per cent, and doubtless the entire debt would be refunded. The city has been constantly in mind the necessity of building a proper system of sewers and paving the streets, which the late Colonel Waring estimated would cost not less than \$10,000,000. I have asked the Warrenton to take some steps toward raising such funds.

"The time to act is now. Stupendous as is the undertaking confronting us, few realize the importance of the task. Havana can be made a winter resort. Major Davis will have within ten days his report upon the sanitary conditions, which report will be presented to the house-to-house examination. Temporary relief is now being afforded, but I hope we will be ready to proceed with permanent improvements by the end of the year. To do that, however, funds must be supplied, and it is upon that subject that I have addressed Washington.

"The interests of New York capitalists hold the option upon the San Jose docks and warehouses. The would-be purchasers have been compelled to raise their original bid of \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000, which has been accepted, and the papers will be signed Wednesday, unless unexpected complications arise in the meantime. Representatives of Boston capitalists are expected to arrive Wednesday with full power to close the deal and accept the property at the price mentioned.

General Ludlow has consented to the use of the overhead trolley system in the city, being convinced that the tropical rainstorms would render an underground trolley unworkable for a greater portion of the time during the wet season. General Ludlow objects, however, to a return circuit through the rail, as so much electricity would leak into the dump soil as to ruin the water and gas pipes. He insists upon a second overhead wire to carry the return circuit. Ferrel Parquhar, who has charge of the interests of the Harvey syndicate in Cuba, has made the proposition to put in a newly invented system, which renders the leakage of electricity from the rail practically impossible. This will probably be accepted and then the work of installing the lines will be rushed.

It was announced today that the court martial which recently tried Private Buckley of the Second Louisiana regiment for murder recommended the infliction of the death penalty, and a strong effort will be made to persuade President McKinley not to interfere to prevent his execution.

Havana, January 23.—The military administration says that its position regarding the Bank of Spain and the collection of taxes is still unchanged, as no reply has been received from Washington concerning Governor General Brooke's recommendation as to the mission of taxes. These recommendations, it is understood, are very strong, being practically an announcement of what the military administration proposed to do in the premises. It is assumed here that plans are being matured in the United States for tax collection independent of the Bank of Spain. Absolutely no official steps have been taken by the bank in the matter.

Chief of Police Marco Menocal, ex-Superintendent McCullough and Colonel Givens, superintendent of the supreme court, made a number of police appointments today, 129 men, among them fifty members of the old guards club. They are appointed representing the landed proprietors called upon Governor General Brooke with a petition bearing 30,000 signatures against the collection of back taxes.

THE TEXANS AT HAVANA. How the First Texas Regiment is Employed. Camp Columbia, near Havana, Cuba, January 23.—The health of the camp, considering the sudden change from the Indian country to the tropical sun of Cuba, is very good. Sergeant Major Company H, First Texas, died yesterday evening and will be buried this evening at 4 o'clock. His death was due to his carelessness in regard to his physical welfare.

Yesterday a hothead in the North Carolina regiment drowned in a mountain stream near by. He rode a mule into the stream, the mule threw him, the water was very deep and very swift. His body has not been recovered up to this time. This morning Corporal Green of Company K, Fourth Illinois, which is encamped near the First Texas, was drowned in the same stream. His body has just been recovered and from here where I write I can see the soldiers gazing around the ambulance in which his remains were brought to the camp.

Joseph F. Buckley of Company E, Second Louisiana, who killed John D. Hughes of the same company on the 7th inst., was arraigned for trial yesterday before a general court martial of which court Lieutenant Colonel Dwyer, First Texas, is president and Captain Davis of the First North Carolina judge advocate. Captain George Willich of company H, First Texas, was appointed counsel for Buckley by General Ketter. On the 15th inst. the case was called for trial. Captain Willich asked for a continuance, alleging as grounds that he had not sufficient time to investigate the case, and secondly, that there was heretofore been a general court martial of which Buckley was a member and he wanted to communicate with Buckley's relatives at New Orleans as to this fact. The case was then postponed until the 18th inst. Captain Willich's family and he wanted to communicate with Buckley's relatives at New Orleans as to this fact. The case was then postponed until the 18th inst. Captain Willich's family and he wanted to communicate with Buckley's relatives at New Orleans as to this fact. The case was then postponed until the 18th inst.

REMOVED

from our old stand No. 205 Main and 1010 Franklin Ave. to our large and commodious building 1006 and 1008 Texas Avenue, between Main and Fannin. Our Paints, Glass, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Picture Frames are on ground floor. No climbing stairs or elevator.

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