NASHVILLE TRUE WHIG.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
B. R. McKENNIE AND GEO. B. BROWN,
UNDER THE FIRM OF
B. R. McKENNIE & CO.

H. K. WALKER, ASSISTANT EDITOR.

TERMS—Daily True Whig.....$8 00
Tri-Weekly.....5 00 } In advance.
Weekly.....3 00 }

☞ We wish it distinctly understood that no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

☞ Letters on business with this office, to ensure attention, must, in all cases, be directed to B. R. McKENNIE & Co.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 20.

A Voice from Mount Pisgah.

The members of the Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, which has just closed its session in this city, were the recipients of an unusual and a most distinguished honor. The "Priest of Mount Pisgah" condescended to come down and counsel with them. Wrapped in all the pomposity of his high position, he waved his mighty hand over their solemn deliberations, and bade them listen to the wisdom of the "Statesman." The holy offices of the church were suspended, and the illustrious Chief of Locofocoism stalked in their midst to teach them their duty to their country, and remind them of their responsibilities as American citizens.

The last epistle of Aaron, the Priest, is entitled "Letter to the Bishops, Elders, and other Ministers, itinerant and local, of the M. E. Church South. By Ex-Gov. A. V. Brown, Nashville. G. C. Torbett & Co., 1855."

Copies of this pamphlet were distributed through the aisles and seats of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, where the Conference was in session, and we presume have been or will be sent all over the country to the persons to whom it is addressed.

In the whole history of the politics of the country, we venture to say, that a parallel piece of assurance and bald-faced impudence cannot be pointed to. It is really past belief.

We shall not dignify these twenty-eight pages of sublimated impudence, mixed up with balderdash and sentimental namby-pambyism, with any extended notice. We are content to leave it, where the "Bishops," &c., whom it assumes to teach their duty, will consign it.

The High Priest tells the Bishops and clergy of the M. E. Church that he is "the son of a sainted father," and upon this circumstance he predicates his right to instruct them in their duties. Alas, that that sainted father should be represented by such a degenerate son—a son who has the hardihood to disguise himself in his father's surplice, like a wolf in sheep's clothing, steal into the fold where that father was accustomed to administer, and with soft words and hypocritical exclamations, seek whom he may devour.

This "son of a sainted father" tells his readers, the bishops and clergy, at the outset of his letter, that he "approves" their "creed," and he has "witnessed their growth and progress for years with the highest satisfaction." How very flattering! How condescending in this "son of a sainted father" to say so. Certainly the bishops and clergy will thank him for the generous patronage which he so lavishly bestows upon them, and none will have the hardihood to refuse to read his letter. No matter how great a sinner he is, and how little practical "satisfaction" he may feel in the prosperity of the cause of religion. He is a great man—a "statesman," as he calls himself, and more than all he is the "son of a sainted father," and we hail his "approval of our creed," and his "satisfaction in our prosperity as a feather in the cap of the Methodist Episcopal Church South." If the M. E. Church South has prospered heretofore, what a glorious future may be anticipated for it, now that this High Priest of locofocoism—this "son of a sainted father"—has condescended to announce to the world that *he* "approves their creed."

The "son of a sainted father" has all at once become interested in religious matters. Well, we have no doubt it is high time, though we imagine he would more appropriately be found among the mourners, than among the teachers.

He sends his instructions to the Bishops, &c., of the M. E. Church South, he says, "under a firm conviction that the continued prosperity of your [their] Church and the interest of true and vital religion may be promoted by the suggestions it contains." Having succeeded, as he fondly believes, in his labors in the political field in behalf of Andrew Johnson, he is now ready to attend to the "interest of true and vital religion." Having acted out his *role* as the High Priest of Democracy, and instructed his fellow-citizens how to discharge their secular duties, he now appears as the "son of a sainted father," for the purpose of teaching the Bishops and Clergy of the M. E. Church South, the best means of conserving the "interest of true and vital religion" and "the continued prosperity of the church." What an astonishing versatility of talent, indeed, has this "son of a sainted father." The most successful devotee of Thespis might envy him, and Manager Greene, or even Barnum, would coin money to get the use of him for a single season. He could do up the comedy and the drama, the farce and the tragedy, on the same night.

The intention of this letter, which purports to be to help on the "interest of true and vital religion," no one who knows its author need be told, is to advance the "interest of true and vital" *Locofoism*, and the writer, by putting on a sanctimonious face, and prating about his "Sainted father," seeks to steal the livery of Heaven to serve the Devil. If the human heart is competent to feel a degree of contempt too intense for a worn out political hack, who has grown grey in a life-long labor in the muddiest pools of politics, and whose political history is marked as that of one of the most unscrupulous of his day—who stands before the people of Tennessee publicly branded by eight or nine respectable and reliable gentlemen of Wilson county as a falsifier—but who now comes suddenly out, reeking with the uprising stench of a characteristic political canvass, and attempts to dictate, in the garb of a "son of a sainted father," to men infinitely above him in every respect—we say, if the human heart is susceptible of a contempt too intense for such a man, it is certainly equal to any conceivable emergency. Respect for the memory of that "Sainted father" should have deterred his son from attempting to use his holy profession for such an unholy purpose, if veneration for that profession itself had not.—When a political cause gets so low in public estimation that its "Statesman" are forced to come down to "Sunday work" after this fashion, its most sanguine friends may well despair of it.

If we should happen to have nothing else to do, and be pressed for a subject again soon, we may perhaps give some extracts from this letter of the "*Sainted* son of his father."

Quick Work.

"I would work the guillotine by steam, by G—d."
GEO. SANDERS.

We thought this sentiment, so much applauded by such of the Admiral's auditory as understood the English language, was but the metaphorical exasperation of a Red Republican against the oppressors of his trans-Atlantic brethren. But we find, from the proceedings of the late Naval Board, that the sanguinary hyperbole of the Admiral has been literally realized by that nautical inquisition. A correspondent, who seems to have been "keeping time" on the reform committee, furnishes us with memoranda, from which the following astounding official mortality appears:

The Naval Board convened 20th June, and adjourned 26th July, 1855. This comprises a period of thirty-six days. From this deduct five Sundays and two days lost, and the twenty-nine days remaining, at five hours actual session each, will give 145 hours or 8,700 minutes. This divided by 755, the whole number of sea officers decapitated, gives 11 minutes and 30 seconds average for trial, sentence, and execution! Nero, in his impatient vengeance, simplified the idea of Sanders, by wishing mankind had but one neck. Had he seen the perfect rapidity of Yankee decapitation, he would have smiled in grim acknowledgment that his improvement was unnecessary. Nor can we see how President Pierce can improve upon this speed, unless he adopts Lyon's Bug Destroyer, and kills them off by wholesale. In the mean time, we communicate this specimen of American industry to the next World's Fair, for the encouragement of the industrial enterprise of nations. Seven hundred and fifty-five freemen, in the land of *habeas corpus*, trial by jury, and public indictment, tried, sentenced, and convicted, in an average of 11 minutes and 30 seconds each. Oh, Lord! Oh, Lord!

TENNESSEE CONFERENCE.—We publish this morning the closing business of the Conference of the M. E. Church. The session has been harmonious, profitable and pleasant, and has been well attended throughout.

We are under obligations to Rev. S. P. WHITTEN, for our daily reports of the proceedings of that body, which have been kindly furnished by him in a most concise, and every acceptable and appropriate manner. We owe him one.

OBITUARY.—The many friends of J. WATT SMITH, formerly a resident of this city, but for the last three years connected with the Memphis Press, will learn with deep regret that he died in that city yesterday morning of the prevailing epidemic. The deceased leaves four young children protectorless, their mother having preceded their father only a few hours to the Spirit world, Mrs. WARD, sister-in-law of Mr. SMITH, was reported dying on the day previous. She also leaves three orphan children. May the God of the fatherless watch over this group of seven friendless orphans, thus suddenly bereft of their greatest earthly support.

☞ JOHN G. SAX, the celebrated poet, satirist and wit, is delivering a series of lectures before the Young Men's Christian Association at Louisville. If Mr. S. could be induced to pay our city a visit, we are certain his reputation as a poet and lecturer would give him crowded houses. Cannot the Young Men's Christian Association, or the Mechanic's Institute, make the experiment?

TELEGRAPH FROM HUNTSVILLE TO TUSCUMBIA.—We observe from the Huntsville *Democrat*, that the citizens of North Alabama are projecting a telegraphic line from Huntsville to Tuscumbia, looking to an ultimate connection with Memphis on the West and with New Orleans on the South, via the Memphis and Charleston and the Mississippi Central Railroad.

Our Treaty with Japan—A Screw Loose.

The commercial results of Com. Perry's treaty with the Japanese are just beginning to be visible—a schooner having arrived at San Francisco, on the 17th September, with a cargo of rice and Japanese ware, direct from Japan. The name of the schooner is the Caroline E. Foote. She was owned and chartered by Messrs. Reed and Dougherty, and sailed from Honolulu on the 14th February last. In March the schooner arrived at Simoda, and found there the crew of the Russian frigate Diana, wrecked in the previous December. The Caroline E. Foote thereupon was chartered by the Russians to convey them to one of their own ports, while the crew peaceably landed their cargo, and occupied a temple assigned them by the Japanese. But the Governor of Simoda, obviously acting under superior orders, it seems, refused to permit them to stay, and even dictated to them the manner in which they should quit the island. At the opportune moment, however, Commodore Rodgers, of the U. S. exploring expedition, makes his appearance, and Messrs. Reed and Dougherty, in a communication addressed to that officer, claim his protection against Japanese assumptions, in defiance of the late treaty. A lengthy correspondence ensues between the various parties, but the Commodore is powerless, as the dispute involves the construction put upon the treaty by our own and the Japanese Governments. It is not likely, therefore, that other commercial expeditions will be taken until the proper construction of the treaty is officially ascertained and promulged by the Government at Washington.

Meeting of Foreigners.

The foreigners of New York held a convention on Sunday, Sept. 23d ult, at which steps were taken for the regular organization of their party. The object of the convention as stated was to effect such a union of their strength as to compel one or the other wings of the New York Democracy to give them a *due share of the nominations*—This is the arrogance of which the American party complains, and is an indication of the great danger to which our institutions are exposed. It arises now like a small cloud no bigger than the hand upon our political horizon; but rapidly it is increasing in size and import, until the whole country may be enshrouded in its gloom, and unless arrested in time, its terrible lightnings will rend and shiver the very fane of our liberties and the glorious freedom of our land will be crushed out forever.

Tennessee Conference.

THURSDAY Morning, Oct. 18—9 o'clock.

Conference met according to adjournment, Bishop Kavanaugh in the Chair.

Praper by W. H. Browning.

Minutes of the last session read and adopted.

The Committee on the Bible Cause presented their report, which was received and adopted.

The Committee on Missions reported, and their report was received and adopted.

The report of the Committee on Books and Periodicals was taken up, discussed and re-committed, for the purpose of allowing the committee to make some changes.

Dr. McFerrin, Treasurer of the Tennessee Annual Conference Missionary Society, read his report.

Conference adjourned to meet at 2½ o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Bishop Kavanaugh in the Chair.

Prayer by E. Carr.

The Committee on Books and Periodicals made a second report, which referred to the manuscript copy of Dr. Henkle on Episcopacy, which was received and adopted.

The Special Committee, to whom was referred the work of Rev. W. Mulky, on the English Language, made their report, which was received and adopted. Conference recommended the publication of both the foregoing works.

The Committee on Sunday Schools made their report, which was received and adopted.

The Committee on the Tract Cause made their report, which was received and adopted. This report requests the appointment of a Conference Tract Agent, and the co operation of the members of the Conference in the promotion of the cause.

The Committee on Education presented their report in reference to the literary institutions under the control of the Conference, which schools they represent generally as in a healthy condition. Received and adopted.

This committee presented a third report: 1, condemning the practice of incurring debts in building houses for literary institutions; 2, advising caution in appointing our preachers to schools not under the control of the Conference; 3, recommending uniformity in text books; 4, recommending the appointment of a committee to devise some plan, in connection with some of our literary institutions, for imparting biblical and ecclesiastical instruction. The first three items in this report were adopted, and the last was laid on the table until the next session of the Conference.

The Committee on Memoirs presented their report, which was received and adopted. They represent that two members of the Conference have died during the year—M. P. Parham and J. F. McCracken.

Conference adjourned to meet in McKendree Church at 8 o'clock this evening.

Conference met at McKendree Church at 8 o'clock and Bishop Kavanaugh proceeded to read out

Appointments of the Preachers.

NASHVILLE DISTRICT—A. L. P. Green, P. E.;
McKendree: A. R. Erwin, F. E. Pitts, sup.;
Andrew: C. B. Davis, E. Carr, sup.;
Spruce Street: J. R. Harwell;
Colored Charge: T. N. Lankford;
Hobson Chapel: W. C. Johnson, J. S. Malone, sup.;
Elysian Grove: W. R. Warren;
German Mission: P. Barth;
City Mission: J. A. Ellis;
White's Creek: J. B. Bingham;
J. B. McFerrin, Editor of the Nashville Christian Advocate.

LEBANON DISTRICT—A. S. Riggs, P. E.;
Lebanon Station: R. C. Hatton, J. Kelly, sup.;
Lebanon Circuit: J. C. Putman;
Shady Grove: A. J. B. Foster, W. H. Johnson, sup.;
Union: N. A. Keves;
Mill Creek: M. W. Gray, T. Wainright;
Sumner: B. F. Ferrill, M. B. Pearson;
Fountain Head: Wm. Randle;
Sycamore Mission: J. K. Woodson;

CARTHAGE DISTRICT—J. Sherril, P. E.
Gallatin Station: A. F. Lawrence;
Goose Creek: J. W. Whitten, J. W. Tarrant;
Carthage: J. W. Judd, M. E. Johnston, sup.;
Smith's Fork: J. Willis, R. Eskew, A. H. Reams, sup.;
Cumberland: J. J. Ellis, B. F. Humphreys;
Short Mountain: D. P. Searcy;
Wartrace: M. L. Whitten, S. W. Moreland, sup.
Woodbury: J. A. Cox, J. A. Walkup, sup.;

MCMINNVILLE DISTRICT—Wm. Doss, P. E.
Livingston: G. D. Guinn;
Sparta Station: J. G. Rice;
Sparta Circuit: I. C. Woodward;
McMinnville Station: T. B. White;
Winchester Station: F. A. Kimball;
Winchester Circuit: J. N. Allen;
Hickory Creek: W. P. Nichols, J. R. Abernathy;
Bedford: J. J. Come., J. B. Stevenson, sup.;
White Plains Mission: A. D. Parks, W. Jared, sup.;
Talahoma: W. C. Haislip;
Hanner High School: J. M. Wright, Principal.

MURFREESBOROUGH DISTRICT—S. S. Moody, P.E.;
Murfreesborough Station: W. G. Dorris, A. Overall, sup.;
Soule Female College: S. D. Baldwin, President;
Stone's River: J. E. White, E. J. Allen, sup.;
Middleton: C. B. Faris, J. L. Coleman, T. B. Marks, sup.;
Shelbyville Station: W. Mooney, A. Tribble, sup.
Rich Valley: F. S. Petway;
Fayetteville Station: S. D. Ogburn;
Fayetteville Circuit: Wm. Large;
Rock Creek: R. M. Haggard, S. G. Cherry, L. Richardson, sup.;
Cornersville Station: B. M. Stevens, J. R. McClure, sup.;
Marshall Colored Mission: G. Green;
Stone's River Colored Mission: W. M. Shaw.

HUNTSVILLE DISTRICT—W. D. F. Sawrie, P. E.;
Huntsville Station: M. M. Henkle, A. F. Driskill, sup.;
Huntsville Colored Mission: To be supplied.
Madison African Mission: W. P. Warren;
Bascom Female Institute: G. M. Everhart, Pres.
Vienna: J. T. W. Davis;
Maysville Station: T. Maddin;
Madison: A. W. Smith, J. H. Stone, H. P. Turner, sup.;
Marshall: R. A. Wilson;
Bellefonte and Stevenson: F. M. Hickman;
Bellefonte circuit: M. P. Brown, E. P. Anderson;
Camden Mission: T. H. Woodward;
Salem: R. T. McBride, M. H. Fielding.

TUSCUMBIA DISTRICT—M. Clark, P. E.;
Tuscumbia Station: J. D. Barbee;
Chickasaw: E. W. Coleman, J. Williams, sup.;
Frankfort Mission: To be supplied;
Russellville: J. S. Marks;
Franklin: G. W. Wynn, J. H. Campbell;
Trinity: F. P. Scruggs;
Morgan: W. H. Riggan, A. G. Copeland, sup.;
Sommerville: J. B. Anderson;
Decatur Station: Z. Parker.

PULASKI DISTRICT—W. Burr, P. E;
Pulaski Station: G. W. Martin, G. D. Taylor, sup.
Richland: W. G. Hensley, J. J. Pitts, N. W. Overall, sup.
Shoal: E. M. Baker;
Cypress: J. H. Richey, B. A. Simms;
Savannah: D. H. Merryman, G. S. Allen;
Prospect: E. A. Stevenson, A. J. Gilmore, sup.;
Waterloo: M. G. Williams;
Florence Station: R. P. Ransom;
Richland Colored Mission: J. S. Williams;
Athens Station: N. R. Gabard, J. W. Allen, sup.
Limestone: W. R. J. Husbands, H. C. Wheeler;
Lagrange College at Florence: R. H. Rivers, President, and J. Milner, Agent.

FRANKLIN DISTRICT—J. W. Hanner, P. E.;
Franklin Station: A. H. Alsup.
Harpeth: L. C. Bryan;
Nashville Circuit: C. A. Harwell;
Spring Hill Station: J. Matthews, R. G. Irvine, sup.;
Spring Hill Circuit: C. C. Mayhew, J. A. Edmondson.
Columbia Station: A. Mizell, J. B. Hamilton, sup.;
Tennessee Conf. Female College: J. O. Church, President.
Duck River: H. A Graves, W. H Wilkes, sup.;
Wesley: D. R. Hooker, J. McCurdy, sup.

MT. PLEASANT DISTRICT—W. H. Browning, P.E.;
Mt. Pleasant Circuit: J. G. Ray, S. C. Dickson, sup.;
Livan Mission: G. W. Brown;
Pleasant Grove: J. T. Bartee;
Centreville: W. P. Hickman;
Waverly: A. Cake;
Dover: J. M. P. Hickerson, E. F. Seater;
Hopewell: G. W. Russell;
Linden Mission: E. J. Garrett;
Wayne: P. L. Henderson;
Lynnville: D. H. Jones, S. Record, sup.;

CLARKSVILLE DISTRICT—J. F. Hughes, P. E.;
Clarksville Station: T. W. Randle, J. B. West, sup.;
Clarksville Circuit: J. A. Jones, J. G. Gwinn, sup.;
Montgomery: J. G. Myers;
Dickson: R. L. Fagan, A. J. Waldridge, J. Moore, sup.;
Ashbury: B. F. White;
Red River: T. J. Neely, W. J. Cooley, sup;
Cumberland Iron Works: J. W. Timberlake;
Springfield Station: J. W. Cullom;

S. P. Whitten, Agent for the Tennessee Conference Tract Society.

E. C. Slater, Agent for the American Bible Society.

E. Wardsworth, transferred to Alabama Conference.

The Conference then adjourned. W.

The Foreign Enlistments—A Complicity of the British Government.

Motion for a new trial in the case of the U. States *vs.* Hertz, lately convicted of hiring men to go to Halifax with the intention of enlisting in the British army, was last Saturday morning called up before Judge Kane, in the United States District Court, Philadelphia. The Judge refused to grant a new trial, whereupon, Mr. Van Dyke, counsel for the prisoner, said:

"I ask leave to present to this Court the confession which has been made to me by the defendant, Henry Hertz.

"This prosecution has not been merely local in its tendencies, nor the influences of its results likely to be confined to the sphere of an ordinary prosecution in this district. Its results are of a far more extended importance."

The confession of Hertz is then given at great length, corroborating the facts already proved against him. Mr. Vandyke states "that he had written to the Attorney General of the United States, asking whether it was the desire of the Administration further to press these prosecutions, to which he received answers. Mr. Vandyke read the letters as follows."

These answers are too important not to be copied in full:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
September 12, 1855. }

Sir—In reply to your letter of the 10th instant, on the subject of the indictments pending against persons charged with recruiting for the militia service of Great Britain, I have the honor to make the following observations:

Mr. McKeon has been advised of the desirableness of conferring with you personally, either by himself or his assistant, in regard to new evidence to which he may have access, and which may be useful to you.

I suggest the expediency of trying only *a part* of the cases, now, especially if you fail to convict in some leading cases.

But the most important consideration is this:

This Government has, of course, addressed to that of Great Britain such demands of public redress and satisfaction in the premises as the national honor requires. But the Government of Great Britain, with extraordinary inattention to the grave aspect of its acts, namely—the flagrant violation of our sovereign rights involved in them, has supposed it a sufficient justification of what it has done, to reply, that it gave instructions to its agents so to proceed as not to infringe our municipal laws; and it quotes the remarks of Judge Kane in support of the idea that it has succeeded in this purpose. It may be so. Judge Kane is an upright and intelligent Judge, and will pronounce the law as it is; without fear or favor. But if the British Government has, by ingenious contrivances, succeeded in sheltering its agents from conviction as malefactors, it has, in so doing, doubled the magnitude of the national wrong inflicted on the United States.

This Government has done its duty of internal administration in prosecuting the individuals engaged in these acts. If they are acquitted, by reason of a deliberate undertaking of the British Government, not only, as a nation to violate our sovereign rights as a nation, but also to evade our municipal laws—and that undertaking shall be consummated by its agents in the United States—when all this shall have been judicially ascertained, the President will then have before him the elements of decision as to what international action it becomes the United States to adopt in so grave a matter.

I am, very respectfully,
C. CUSHING.

JAS. C. VAN DYKE, Esq., U. S. Attorney, Phila.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
17th September, 1855. }

Sir—I desire to make a further suggestion in regard to the trial of parties charged with recruiting soldiers in the United States for the service of the British Government.

It is known that instructions on this subject were given by that Government to its officers in the U. States. We are told by Lord Clarendon that those officers had "stringent instructions" so to proceed as not to violate the municipal law—that is, to violate its spirit, but not its letter. If so, the instructions themselves violate the sovereign rights of the United States.

But in the meantime, every Consul of Great Britain in the United States, is, by the avowal of his Government, subject to the just suspicion of breach of law; while apparently he must have disobeyed his own Government, or, in obeying it, have abused his Consular functions by the violation of his international duty to the United States.

In these circumstances it is deemed highly necessary that the British Consul at Philadelphia or any other officer of the British Government, shall not be suffered to interfere in the trials, as he attempted to do on a previous occasion. That no letter of his be read except in the due form of evidence, and that if he have anything to say, he shall be put on the stand by the defense in order that he may be fully cross examined by the prosecution.

It is clear that he has no right, by any rule of public law, or of international comity, to be heard in the case by the Court, otherwise than as a witness, whether enforced or volunteer.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
C. CUSHING.

JAS. C. VAN DYKE, Esq., U. S. Attorney, Phila.

The Case of Col. Wheeler's Slaves.

Judge Kane delivered an opinion this morning adversely to the reception of the petition of Jane Johnson, to quash the writ of haeas corpus in the case of Passmore Williamson, pronouncing her to have no status in court, being entirely without its jurisdiction. The opinion is very elaborate, reviewing the whole case and reaffirming his former opinion. He asserted that the laws of nations guaranteed the right of transit of slaves, and every other species of property, through territory where slavery was not recognized. If the contrary principle was sanctioned, the time might come when the cotton of Louisiana, the rice of Carolina, and the rum of New England would be restricted from transportation, without the bounds of the State producing them. He maintained that the Federal Consitution recognized slaves as property, and up to 1830 slavery existed in the thirteen original States. He said that Williamson's duty then, as now, was to produce Jane Johnson's children. Were the petitioner here to abide the action of the court, she would have a right to be heard, but being without the jurisdiction, the records of the court cannot be opened for a stranger.

On the conclusion of the delivery of the opinion, John Cadwallader (a member of the bar but not engaged in the case), in order to remove a false impression from the public mind, said, from his recollection of the circumstances attending the commitment of Passmore Williamson, a proposition was made to amend the return to the writ, when Judge Kane replied, "I will not receive an amendment now, but will be prepared to receive it when the record has been completed." No such motion was subsequently made and the public impression that permission to amend was refused is not warranted by facts.

Judge Kane replied that his (Mr. Cadwallader's) impression was correct. He has been prepared to receive a supplementary return from Mr. Williamson's counsel, but none had been offered.

Mr. Cadwallader suggested that an addition be made to the opinion of the court, embracing the remarks of a member of the bar not engaged in the case, and the reply of the Judge. He was induced to make the suggestion by the best feeling towards a worthy but mistaken man, hoping it might lead to the adoption of such a course as would end in his liberation.

Mr. Cadwallader is to embody the remarks he made, when the Judge will follow with his answer, so as to complete the record.

John M. Read, counsel for petitioner, said he had listened with attention to the opinion, but it had failed to convince him that the petitioner and her children were not free the moment they touched the soil of Pennsylvania.

ADELPHI THEATRE.

Complimentary benefit to Louise Reeder, tendered to her by many friends, on which occasion Mr. George W Jamison has volunteered his valuable services, and positively his last appearance, and will appear as Shylock and Uncle Tom; Louise Reeder as Portia and Daisy.

Saturday evening, Oct. 20 will be acted the 4th act of the Merchant of Venice; Shylock, Mr. Jamison; Portia, Louise Reeder. To conclude with the Old Plantation; Uncle Tom, Mr. Jamison, Daisy, Louise Reeder.

Mr. James E. Murdock is engaged and will shortly appear.

TO MERCHANTS.

LOOK at a superior lot of BLANK BOOKS, just received and for sale by CHARLES W. SMITH.
oct20 STG

SALE OF REAL ESTATE

BY virtue of a decree of the Honorable the Circuit Court of Davidson county, rendered at the September Term, 1855, in the case of George Morse, complainant, against Major Smith et al, defendants, I will on SATURDAY, the 1st day of December next, exposed to public sale for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Nashville, the land described in said pleading, being a lot in McGavock's Addition to Nashville, fronting 51 feet on Front street and running back 186½ feet. Sale within the usual hours. THOS. T. SMILEY,
oct20—td Clerk.

FRESH STOCK OF

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS, 28, 30 and 32 in., of Philadelphia Manufacture, and the very best Ladies Traveling Trunks and Bonnet Boxes, and a large assortment of medium and low priced Trunks.

Leather, Waterproof, Velvet and Tapestry bags.

Ashland Sole Leather Valises.

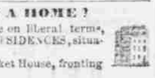
Sole Leather Buggy Trunks and Valises, all sizes and at every price. Just received by JOHN RAMAGE,
oct20 42 College st.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

THE AMERICA will leave Paducah for New Orleans on MONDAY, 29th inst.

The DR. ROBERTSON will leave Nashville on SATURDAY, 27th, with freight and passengers for her. Apply to JOHNSON & WEAVER, or
oct19—td A. L. DAVIS, Agents.

WHO WANTS A HOME?



THE subscriber offers for sale on liberal terms, FOUR COMFORTABLE RESIDENCES, situated as follows, viz:

One on College, near the Market House, fronting 45 feet on College street.

One near the South Nashville Manufacturing Establishment, fronting 35 feet on Cherry street.

One near the Trinity Church, fronting 50 feet on High street.

And the other near the residence of W. N. Bilbo, Esq., and fronting 100 feet on Overton street.

Any one wishing to secure a neat and pleasant home, convenient to business, and on good terms, would do well to make immediate application, as the property must, and will be sold. Apply very soon, to W. R. MOORE,
oct19—d1w 48 Public Square.

Just Out.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S NEW WORK.
India, China and Japan.

TOON, NELSON & CO., 41 Union street, have just received many new and interesting books.

A visit to India, China and Japan, in the year 1853. By Bayard Taylor.

Isora's Child.

"Among the multitude of books pressing forward for public favor, none will contain a more beating hold on the heart's affections that this. We commend it to the attention of readers."—*American Index.*

REPRESENTATIVE WOMEN.

TOON, NELSON & CO, 41 Union Street—
Have received the following New Works.

Representative Women—
From Eve, the Wife of the First, to Mary, the Mother of the Second Adam. By G. C. Baldwin, D. D.

Cora and the Doctor;
Or, Revelations of a Physician's Wife.

Aspiration:
An Autobiography of Girlhood. By Mrs. Manners.

NEW STOCK OF
Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises and Traveling Bags.
JOHN RAMAGE,
42 College street.

I AM now receiving a large and carefully selected stock of BOOTS AND SHOES for the Fall and Winter Trade, of the best Philadelphia manufacture, for ladies and Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children.

I would call the attention of buyers to my stock of Kip and Calf Boots, Shoes, and Brogans, for country trade. A large supply of Negro brogans and Mail Boots—extra sizes.

My STOCK is varied and extensive, and will be sold cheap for cash. [oct18] JOHN RAMAGE.

MINNIE RIFLES.

FALL & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received a few of the real Minnie Rifles, made to order in the English Government Shops. This Rifle will shoot with accuracy 900 yards, as proved by actual experiment before Sebastopol, where the Russian soldiers have been killed by them at that distance.

In addition to the Regulation Rifles, F. & C. have also the **Minnie Sporting Rifle**, made of smaller guage, for the purpose of Deer Hunting, &c. Call and see them at the sign of "THE BIG GUN,"
oct 7—1m North Side Public Square.

RATHER AN ATTRACTION!!
(Evening Sales this week.)

ENJ. F. SHIELDS will sell at auction each evening during the present week, a fine collection of BOOKS, Fine Gold Watches, (all warranted.) Gold Chains of every description, Lockets, Bracelets, with a variety of other rich and desirable Jewelry.

Purchasers will not be disappointed in THESE SALES.
oct17—4d BENJ. F. SHIELDS.
Private sales during the day.

JUST PUBLISHED,
By the Howard Association, Philadelphia.

REPORT ON SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Impotence, the results Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, which are caused by the errors and deceptions of Quacks, and valuable Advice to the Afflicted, by GEO. R. CALHOUN, M. D., Consulting Surgeon of the Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa., a benevolent Institution established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." A copy of the above Report will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope,) free of charge, on the receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage. Address Dr. GEO. R. CALHOUN, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. oct17—d3m

GREAT MASONIC HALL.

THE largest Piano Forte, Melodeon and Music Store in the United States, will be opened October 15th, 1855, in the MASONIC BUILDING, Chestnut Street, above Seventh, Philadelphia, by JOHN MARSH, the sole Agent for Boardman, Gray & Co.'s celebrated Dolce Campana Attachment Piano Fortes, and C. W. Pike & Co.'s Premium Melodeons. Also, Piano Fortes and Melodeons of other distinguished makers. J. M. has obtained a lease for several years, in the new, magnificent and well known Masonic Building, where he intends keeping the largest stock and assortment of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Music and Musical Instruments of every description, all of which are carefully selected by himself, and warranted to give perfect satisfaction in every instance. oct17—1rwlm

TO DRESSMAKERS.

WANTED—Several First Class Dressmakers. Also, several neat Sewers. Apply immediately to MRS. PALMER THOMAS,
Crutcher House Buildings,
oct17—tf Corner Summer and Church Sts.

N B—Wanted several apprentices, to whom the business will be thoroughly taught.

FOR SALE—A small house and lot on Spruce street—part of Lot No. 156. For further particulars call at this office. oct15—tf

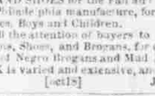
COME TO TEA.

THE large surplus of PEACH BRANDY, APPLE BRANDY, DRIED PEACHES and DRIED APPLES, in Tennessee the present season, will find ready sale at my store, at the highest market price, for the filthy lucre, commonly called CASH, or in exchange for Groceries, notwithstanding the

FALL OF SEBASTOPOL.

Bring it along and get the needful, don't be backward.
CHURCH ANDERSON,
oct15 Nos. 1 and 3 Broad st., Nashville, Tenn.

HUGHES BROTHERS,



PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,
NO. 26 UNION STREET, NASHVILLE, TENN.

THE first Diploma was awarded to Hughes Brothers by the Mechanics' Institute at the late exhibition for the best Daguerreotypes and Photographs, which proves conclusively the superiority of our pictures over all competitors, although they were not gotten up in the common but such as they sell to their customers daily. Citizens and strangers are politely invited to call and see the largest and best collection of specimens in the S. with. oct15

Transportation to the East.

THERE are now FOUR RAILROAD ROUTES from Cincinnati to New York and other Eastern cities, competing for the Produce of the West, at LOW RATES OF FREIGHT.

Property goes forward PROMPTLY, and without detention.

The undersigned solicits shipments to his care as a Forwarder, and not being bound to any line, we will act impartially in selecting for consignments to him, the route which, for the time being, offers the most inducements.

BUYS AND SELLS ON COMMISSION,
AND ATTENDS PROMPTLY TO ALL CALLS
IN HIS LINE OF BUSINESS.
ROBERT MOORE,
General Commission Merchant,
oct15—1m Cincinnati, O.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

NEW ENGLISH BOOKS.

W. T. BERRY & CO., have just received—

THE OLD PRINTER AND THE MODERN PRESS. By Charles Knight.

ONCE UPON A TIME. By Knight.

JOHNSON'S TYPOGRAPHY. 2 vols.

THE LAND WE LIVE IN. A Literary and Pictorial Sketch-Book of the British Empire. By Charles Knight.—2 vols., 8vo.

HALF HOURS WITH THE BEST AUTHORS. By Charles Knight. 2 vols.

LEARNING AND WORKING. Six Lectures concerning this Time and the Times of Old. By Frederick Denison Maurice, M. A., Chipiain of Lincoln's Inn.

CHEMISTRY OF COMMON LIFE—COMPLETE.

W. T. BERRY & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE FIFTH EDITION,
In 2 vols., 12mo., cloth, of
THE CHEMISTRY OF COMMON LIFE. By James F. W. Johnson, M. A., F. R. S., &c., Author of "Lectures on Agricultural Chemistry and Geology," etc, etc. Illustrated with 113 wood engravings.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The Air we Breathe,
The Water we Drink,
The Soil we Cultivate,
The Plant we rear,
The Bread we Eat,
The Beef we Cook,
The Beverages we Infuse,
The Sweets we Extract,
The Liquors we Ferment,
The Narcotics we Indulge in,
The Poisons we Select,
The Odours we Enjoy,
The Smells we Dislike.
What we Breathe, and Breathe for,
What, How, and Why we Digest,
The Body we Cherish,
The Circulation of Matter,
A Recapitulation,

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

From the Newark Daily Advertiser.

We know of no other work which, within so small a compass, so well and so satisfactorily presents the chemical and physiological wonders which surround us; and that too, in a manner so free from technicalities, that the veriest tyro in the science cannot be otherwise than interested and instructed.

From the Utica Gazette.

Much scientific information is here presented in a condensed and interesting form, making a volume of high practical value.

From the Rochester Union.

This work is one of the most valuable that can be given to the American public. It should be in every family, and in every school and public library in the land.

From the Albany Atlas.

These two volumes, which contain an immense amount of instructive matter, are as interesting as a story book.

From the Troy Daily Whig.

It is adapted to the comprehension of the unlearned in technical chemistry, as well as to the learned, and the copies treated are so useful, that it is saying no more than justice requires, to assert that it ought to be in every home in the country.

From the St. Louis Intelligencer.

This is a work for the youth as well as the grown man—for the scholar as well as the mechanic—and we can cordially recommend it as not only in a high degree valuable for its solid instruction, but also as a profitable source of entertainment.

From the Louisville Courier.

There is not one essay in these volumes that can fail to rivet the attention of any one fond of reading. It is a delightful book for a family circle. oct11

VALUABLE BOOKS.

W. T. BERRY & CO., have just received

1. Conde's History of the Arabs in Spain.
2. Guizot's History of Civilization. 8v.
3. Falener's Classical Antiquities.
4. Longinus on the Sublime. 1 vol.
5. Dante's Divine Comedy: the Inferno. A pure translation by Carlyle.
6. Tasso's Jerusalem Delivered.
7. The Legislative Guide.
8. Irving's Life of Washington.
9. Benton's Thirty Years in the Senate.
10. Webster's Complete Works. 6v.
11. Calhoun's Works. 4 vol.
12. Napier's Battles of the Peninsular.
13. Napoleon in Exile—by O'Meara.
14. Lascases' Memoirs of Napoleon.
15. Abbott's Life of Napoleon.
16. Strickland's Lives of the Queens of England. 8 vol.
17. Lives of the Princesses of England.

oct 3

LARGE STOCK OF

FINE GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT AUCTION.

THIS, Tuesday Evening, Oct. 16th, and to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock, we shall offer the finest lot of GOLD WATCHES ever offered in this market, consisting 95 Gold Watches from the most celebrated makers; English Lever, Anchor L