

WOMAN AVOIDS OPERATION

Medicine Which Made Surgeon's Work Unnecessary.

Astoria, N. Y. — "For two years I was feeling ill and took all kinds of tonics. I was getting worse every day. I had chills, my head would ache, I was always tired. I could not walk straight because of the pain in my back and I had pains in my stomach. I went to a doctor and he said I must go under an operation, but I did not go. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told my husband about it. I said 'I know nothing will help me but I will try this.' I found myself improving from the very first bottle, and in two weeks time I was able to sit down and eat a hearty breakfast with my husband, which I had not done for two years. I am now in the best of health and did not have the operation." — Mrs. JOHN A. KOENIG, 502 Flushing Avenue, Astoria, N. Y.

Every one dreads the surgeon's knife and the operating table. Sometimes nothing else will do; but many times doctors say they are necessary when they are not. Letter after letter comes to the Pinkham Laboratory, telling how operations were advised and were not performed, or, if performed, did no good, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used and good health followed.

If you want advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

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DEWITT AFTER SENATORSHIP

Newfane Man Announces His Intention to Become Candidate

FRANK A. DEWITT, Newfane, April 25, 1916.

SAYS ECONOMY IS VERMONT'S NEED

State Affairs Run with Little Regard for Conservative Business Principles — Would Use Influence to Reduce State Expenses.

Editor of The Reformer:— Provided I can obtain the required number of signatures to my petition I shall be a candidate for state senator at the September primaries, and in making this announcement I wish to state that I believe that the most urgent need politically in Vermont is a more economical and business-like administration of public affairs.

Any corporation or firm which conducted its interests with so little regard for conservative business principles would face bankruptcy within a year, and while it is generally understood that a state government cannot be run upon the same basis as a private business enterprise, the state's affairs can, nevertheless, be conducted upon principles of economy and some regard for the taxpayers' money.

Each biennial session adds enormously to the expenses of our state government. In round numbers the general expenses in 1903 amounted to \$567,000. In 1909 expenses increased to \$842,000 and in 1913 had reached seven figures, \$1,403,000. I have no data covering the last biennial period.

RED TOP CALLOUS PLASTER

No matter how sore your Callous, Corns or Bunions are, this flexible, soothing plaster sticks like a brother, removes the hard growth by softening and absorption and your

FEET FEEL FINE

The KINOX medication takes inflammation, soreness and pain right out and you walk with comfort from this start. Easy to apply, positively harmless. Handy roll, many applications, 25c.

NOTICE

The Vermont Board of Registration of Nurses will hold a public examination for Registration of Nurses, at the State House, Montpelier, Thursday and Friday, May 11th and 12th. Examinations to begin Thursday, May 11th, at 10 a. m., and continue through the following day.

OLD ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Set in Gold, Silver or Rubber. We pay \$2.00 and up for full sets, broken or mutilated. We also buy old gold, silver and platinum; mail them to us. We hold all goods for one week subject to your approval. Mendlow Bros. & Co., 28 School St. Room 44, Boston, Mass., or branch office, 10 Central Ave., Room 2, Lynn, Mass.

Seeds

ALLEN'S succession crops of Peas. Extra early, medium and late; give you peas for the table six or eight weeks in succession when planted at same time.

SWEET CORN. Extra Early May Flower; earliest large eared corn grown.

BEANS are scarce and high. Our Boston Favorite, one of the best for string and shell—Pint, 18c; Quart, 35c; 4 Qts., \$1.25.

C. E. ALLEN

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS

ON SECOND THOUGHT, MA, I DON'T THINK I'LL GO ALONG ON THE VISIT TO VAN DER WURSTS. I'LL LEAVE ALL THAT SWELL SOCIETY STUFF FOR YOU AND GRACE.

YOU'LL GO, THAY SETTLES IT!

BLOCKADE LEGAL BRITAIN INSISTS

Based on the Principles of International Law, Says the Latest Note to Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The latest British note in answer to American protests against allied interference with neutral trade, made public last night at the state department, contends that the practice complained of is "juridically sound and valid" and that the relief which neutrals seek is rather to be obtained by the mitigation of necessary hardships than by "arbitrary changes either in the theory or application of a policy based upon admitted principles of international law carefully adjusted to the altered conditions of modern warfare."

It discloses that "an impartial and influential commission" has been appointed to find ways to minimize delays, and pledges the Allies to make their restraints on trade as little burdensome to neutrals as possible. The note, in which the French government concurs, reiterates the military necessity of regulating commerce by neutrals contiguous to Germany, and justifies the effectiveness of the blockade which was challenged by the last American note. More diplomatic correspondence over the issue is expected to follow.

The unanimity of sentiment among the world's neutrals for the protection of neutral rights is recognized in the British note, which refers to the subject in terms embracing not the rights of trade alone. It says in conclusion: "His majesty's government have noted with sincere satisfaction the intimation contained in the concluding passages of the United States note of the intention of the United States to undertake the task of championing the integrity of neutral rights."

"The first act of this war was the unprovoked invasion by the enemy of neutral territory—that of Belgium—which he was solemnly pledged by treaty to protect. The disregard of neutral rights has since been extended to naval warfare by the wanton destruction of the high seas, regardless of the lives of those on board. His majesty's government welcome any combination of neutral nations, under the lead of the United States, which would exert an effective influence to prevent the violation of neutral rights, and they cannot believe that they or their allies have much to fear from any combination for the protection of these rights which takes an impartial and comprehensive view of the conduct of this war and judges it by a reasonable interpretation of the generally accepted provisions of international law and by the rules of humanity that have hitherto been approved by the civilized world."

At the outset the note suggests that the American complaint is not so much that shipments intercepted really were intended for use in the European neutral countries to which they were despatched as that the despatch of goods to Great Britain's enemy had been frustrated by methods not hitherto employed by belligerents.

SALEM, Oregon, April 26.—"It is plain that, under the provisions of this act, persons for whom voters were permitted to express preference had no right to be consulted upon the question whether or not they should be voted for, or as to whether or not their names should go upon the ballot," says a supreme court opinion handed down today by Justice Hughes's name should go on the ballot for the Republican nomination.

"The idea of the people, in enacting the law, seems to be that the office should seek the man, rather than the man should seek the office by petition, request or direct primary laws. It would, of course, be impossible to print upon the ballot the name of every person who might possibly be conspicuous enough to receive one or a few votes, but the legislature has wisely determined that whenever any person has developed such strength that 1,000 voters see fit to ask that his name be printed upon the ballot, this fact constitutes a sufficient showing that the convenience of the public would be promoted by printing the name of such a person upon the primary ballot."

TREATY FORCED ON RUMANIA

Need of Market for Products Cause of Pact With Austrians.

SOPIA, April 26.—The main causes leading to the negotiation of a reciprocal treaty between Rumania and the Central Powers was purely economic and arose from commercial necessities, it was learned from an official source today. Rumania had three wheat crops for sale, amounting in all to nearly half a million carloads. It also had a rich petroleum output to dispose of.

The country felt almost stifled because of its inability to import goods, such as medicines, implements and woolen and cotton wares. The machinery of the state was thus impeded and the agricultural and manufacturing industries upon which the country's prosperity depends were threatened.

Steel, iron and other metal wares, clothing, shoes and medicines reached exorbitant prices. Shoes sold as high as \$30 a pair, men's ordinary suits for \$40 each and quinine for \$100 a kilogram (2.2 pounds). The Entente Powers were too far away or were unable to export such necessities to Rumania in spite of the efforts made by joint commissions. Germany and Austria for a time were willing to barter coal for wheat, but this was not sufficient to meet Rumania's needs.

COAL STRIKE LOOMS WITH 176,000 OUT

Miners' Demands Refused, Operators Consenting to Only 5 Per Cent Wage Advance.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Efforts to harmonize the demands of the anthracite coal miners and the concessions offered by the operators were broken off yesterday, after more than eight weeks of almost continuous discussion at New York by a joint subcommittee representing both employers and employees. Predictions were made last night by members of the miners' general board that the tripartite convention to be held at Gettysville, Pa., May 2, would vote in favor of a strike. The joint subcommittee, it was announced, gave up the task of trying to reach an agreement only after the demands of the miners had been favorably received by the operators. While official statements were lacking as to the details of the counter-proposal submitted by the operators because of a decision by the joint subcommittee not to divulge them, it was admitted that the operators refused to recognize the miners' union, or to consider more than a 5 per cent increase in wages.

The general board of the miners will convene in New York today to receive the report of the subcommittee, after which a joint conference will be held. Whether negotiations will be renewed with a view of reaching a peaceful settlement of the differences will depend largely upon a disposition on the part of one side or the other to offer further concessions, according to those who have been participating in the discussions. The consensus of opinion among representatives of the miners, however, is that that side would be inevitable. There are 176,000 men employed in the anthracite field, and 125,000 of these are said to be members of the union.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR OFFICERS.

Installation of Beausant Commandery, No. 7, Took Place Last Evening.

The officers of Beausant commandery, No. 7, K. T., were installed in the Masonic temple last evening by the retiring eminent commander, Charles H. Niles, assisted by Past Eminent Commander M. C. Houghton as

REINDEER BUYING BY U. S. PROFITABLE

Native Alaskans Made Self-Supporting and Investment Returns 503 Per Cent.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—If somebody walked up to you and offered to invest for you \$402,000 in a business venture and at the end of twenty-one years guaranteed, would pull down a total profit amounting to \$1,520,612, or 503 per cent on your investment—at the rate of approximately 24 per cent profit per year for the whole time—you would probably either fall on his neck in gladness or call a policeman.

And yet this is just what Uncle Sam's bureau of education has done for the natives of Alaska; the Eskimos, the Aleuts and the Indians, for whose education it is responsible.

In 1892 the bureau imported into Alaska from Siberia 171 reindeer to furnish an industry to supply food and clothing to the Eskimos and other natives who were eking out a precarious existence upon the rapidly disappearing game animals and fish. Imports continued until 1902, when a total of 1,280 deer had been brought from Siberia. At the same time the natives of Lapland were brought in to teach the natives how to herd and care for the reindeer.

There were at the end of 1914, according to the report of the education bureau just issued, 57,872 reindeer in Alaska, distributed in sixty-five herds. Of these 37,828 were owned by natives and valued at \$25 each, representing \$945,700 worth of wealth. Missions, Laplanders and the government owned 20,844 reindeer, valued at \$501,100. The total income of natives from reindeer from 1893 to 1914 amounts to \$257,410; the total income of the missions and Laplanders for the same period was \$88,432, making a total valuation and income from the herds in the twenty-one years of \$1,522,642. From this must be subtracted the total government appropriations for the reindeer industry from 1893 to 1914, of \$302,900.

Thus the profit from the investment for the twenty-one years is \$1,520,612, or just 503 per cent on the investment! Seems as if our Uncle Sam was a pretty thrifty little investor?

T. J. BAGLEY HEADS VERMONT N. E. O. P.

Elected by Grand Lodge in Burlington — 27 Lodges with 2,138 Members in State.

BURLINGTON, April 26.—The grand lodge of Vermont, New England Order of Protection, at the annual meeting held here yesterday, elected the following officers: Thomas J. Bagley of Bellows Falls, warden; L. A. Bullock of Northfield, vice warden; Henry D. Fillmore of Bennington, junior past warden; E. W. Crannell of Burlington, secretary; F. G. Howland of Barre, treasurer; Mrs. Mary J. Roberts of Springfield, chaplain; W. F. Green of Bennington, guide; Miss Anna B. Conlin of Rutland, guardian; Leon Mixer of Brattleboro, sentinel; T. W. Green, T. B. Ellis of Morrisville and B. J. Stewart of Montpelier, trustees; H. A. Young of West Danville, chairman of committee on finance; C. T. S. Pierce of Vergennes, chairman of committee on laws; L. G. Borslam of Burlington, chairman of committee on appeals; Mrs. Olive A. Brown of

Tea, Coffee and Children

It would be difficult for any parent to find a physician of modern education who would contend that coffee and tea are not harmful, especially to growing children.

The fact remains, however, that many parents give these beverages to their little folks and allow their use in older children at a time when physical and mental development is the most rapid.

The drug, caffeine, in coffee and tea retards growth and interferes with school progress. Disturbances of eyesight, headaches, nervousness, irritability, indigestion and other ills appear in many, seemingly without cause, and the damage often occurs at the most impressionable period of life.

No parent should permit the use of coffee and tea in the growing young; for the men and women of tomorrow will be what the parent of today makes the children by wise upbringing.

Children as well as adults need an invigorating, warm drink, and in a growing number of homes it has been found that the most wholesome table beverage is

INSTANT POSTUM

This pure food-drink, made of prime wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, is readily prepared at the table, a cup at a time.

A level teaspoonful of Instant Postum in a cup of hot water, with cream and sugar added, makes an attractive, healthful drink, and its pleasant flavour wins children and usually the parents.

"There's a Reason"

Grocers everywhere sell Instant Postum.

SHINOLA

Make Thrift a Household Word

Teach the children to be thrifty. Habits formed in childhood are not apt to change in after years. The key opening box of SHINOLA with more than fifty shines and a SHINOLA HOME SET

for polishing is an outfit unequalled for economy and convenience.

BLACK-TAN-WHITE

At all dealers—Take no substitute. SHINE WITH SHINOLA AND SAVE HOME SET

ST. JOHNSBURY, chairman of credentials committee. The reports showed there are 37 lodges in the state with a membership of 2,138, after 27 years of existence.

PREACHES BIRTH CONTROL

Mrs. Sanger Says Chicago Women Are Sophisticated.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Margaret Sanger of New York, birth control propagandist and lecturer, whose rejection by the Chicago Woman's club, before which she had been billed to speak, said yesterday on her arrival here that she did not care to lecture to a "sophisticated audience."

"The Chicago Woman's club doubtless knows all that I can tell," said Mrs. Sanger. "I want to talk to the women of the stock yards, the women of the factories—they are the victims of a system or lack of system that cries out for correction."

"I want to establish clinics in the industrial sections where such women as are too poor to support unlimited families may apply for advice on so important a matter as birth control."

BONDVILLE.

Thomas O'Connell lost his cow last week.

Ernest Capen and family have moved to Manchester.

Schools in town began Monday with the same teachers as before.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Tuttle were visitors over Sunday at A. C. Slade's.

Henry Clarke received a bad cut on his head Monday forenoon while at work in his mill. Dr. Thomas of Jamaica was called and took two stitches.

These clamps will put the finishing touch!

HEAVENS PA! WHAT ON EARTH IS THE MATTER!

NOTHING. I'M ONLY GETTING IN TRIM TO BE COMFORTABLE IN A—

FULL DRESS SUIT!

Moran & Rohde

Embalmers and Funeral Directors

HASKINS & SCHWENK, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Brattleboro, Vt.

FRANK E. BARBER, Attorney at Law, Room 7, Crosby Block, Brattleboro.

ROBERT C. BACON, Attorney at Law, Room 18, Ullery Building, Brattleboro.

O. B. HUGHES, Lawyer, Telephone, 739-W.

JAMES E. HILYAR, Surveyor and Contracting Engineer, Tel. 392-W.

FARROWS & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coals of all kinds. Office, 37 Main St. Brattleboro.

BOND & SON, Exclusive undertaking. Avenue Hill, Brattleboro. Tel. 184-W.

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