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The Watchman & Journal

PEOPLE WANT A LIVE
WATCHMAN'S PAPER FOR
THE PEOPLE

VOL. 94--4900.

MONTPELIER VT. WEDNESDAY MARCH 14, 1900.

NUMBER 6

Muslin Underwear

The largest and most attractive line we have ever displayed.

Corsets

Our spring stock has just arrived.
R. & G. in all styles—Flexibone Dowager—Warner's Rust Proof—G. D. Waists—Farris Good Sense Waists.
Call on us for any of the above articles.
We can please you.

L. P. & H. C. GLEASON

CONFIDENCE

Is capital; is the basis of all agreements; is truth personified.

INVESTORS, Savings Bank Depositors

DESIRING A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE AND CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENT OR A LIFE INCOME

SEND US your name and address and we will forward you by return mail full information regarding an opportunity to provide a certain life income for yourself and family.

An Investment built upon a sound business foundation and within the reach of every one, and worthy of immediate investigation.

An Investment absolutely safeguarded and one giving perfect protection to the smallest investor.

An Investment sure, safe, certain, profitable and lasting—not guess work or experiment.

An Investment founded upon known results for years, and proved by Government reports.

An Investment that will return satisfactory yearly profits for generations, in fact, forever.

THE AMERICAN CONFECTIONERY COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

"FACTORY TO CONSUMER" Direct Through Our Own Retail Stores

General Offices: Boston, Mass., and Montpelier, Vt.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

Divided into 1,000,000 Shares. Par Value \$1.00 each. Full Paid and Non-Assessable. Limited amount of this stock can be bought at 50 cts. per share for short time only.

EARNINGS.—A thorough and exhaustive examination of the books, accounts and records of such properties shows that, after deducting all costs, expenses and depreciation, they are now earning an amount sufficient to enable this company to pay dividends at the rate of EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Information furnished and subscriptions received by:

COL. JOS. G. BROWN, Secy., MONTPELIER, VT., of A. C. Brown & Son, General Insurance Agency.

HON. GEO. W. WING, Treas., MONTPELIER, VT., Ex-Mayor, Counsellor and Attorney.

Local Representatives Wanted in Every City and Town.

Collector's Sale of Non-Resident Lands.

The non-resident proprietors of the town of Woodbury, in the county of Washington, are hereby notified that the taxes assessed by said town within the year next preceding this date remain either in whole or in part unpaid, on the following described lands in said town, to wit:

Acres	Lot	Div.	Original Proprietors.	Present Owner.
52 1/2	133	2	Thomas Miller	E. A. Goodell's estate
1	134	3	Howe Woodbridge	R. E. Wakefield
50	135	3	John Stone	S. B. Waite
8	112	2	Shadrach Hathaway	
	114	2	Daniel Smith	

And so much of said lands will be sold at public auction, at the store of W. C. Daniels in said town of Woodbury, on the twentieth day of April, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, as shall be requisite to discharge said taxes, with costs.

G. W. DANIELS, Collector of Town Taxes.
Dated at Woodbury, in the county of Washington, on the third day of March, A. D. 1900.

NOTICE To Dairymen and Farmers.

The Spring and the Autumn mark the periods during which so many Premature Parturitions occur amongst your herds. Abortion, contagious and non-contagious, makes sad ravages with expected increase. Now is the time to act and save money.

The attention of many intelligent observers, including the eminent members of the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the State Board of Agriculture, has long been directed to the consideration of this evil. Aided by their reported investigations and experiments, we have compounded a remedy which will prove an efficient one in 75 per cent of the cases of threatened abortion of cattle. We have named it *Bovine Benefactor*, and its name is merited. Any information desired regarding this or other diseases of stock will be cheerfully answered by our skilled Veterinary Physician and Surgeon, Dr. I. W. PARKS, of Ontario Veterinary College. Address: PARKS MEDICAL CO., Montpelier, Vt.

ADAMS HOTEL.

Opposite Federal Building and Court House.

Newly furnished and refitted.

Electric lights, steam heat.

F. L. ADAMS, Prop., MONTPELIER, VT.

Watchman & Journal. MONTPELIER AND VICINITY.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY The Vermont Watchman Company, At Montpelier, Vt.

Business Mere Mention

A good valley farm for sale well stocked and toiled. About 165 acres and finely located. Morse Brothers, Cabot, Vt.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—Myrtle City for rheumatism and neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. It acts upon the system in remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. It has done greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Harry A. Slade, druggist, 10 State street.

In this world of change, periodicals may come or may go, but the *Literary World of Boston* goes on with its excellent work, making its appearance fortnightly. Its readers appreciate the fine work it is doing, its discriminating reviews of current literature, its notices of best books and periodicals, which it is of interest for the average reader as well as the professional, to know about. E. H. Hames & Co., of Boston are the publishers. Terms, \$1.00 a year, 50 cents per copy. Send for specimen copies.

We have saved many doctor bills since we began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our homes. We keep a bottle open all the time and whenever any of my family or myself begin to catch cold we begin to use the Cough Remedy, and as a result we never have to send away for a doctor and incur a large doctor bill, for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy never fails to cure. It is certainly a medicine of great merit and worth.—D. S. Menzies, General Merchant and Farmer, Mattie, Bedford county, Pa. For sale by C. Blakely, W. E. Terrill & Co., druggists.

A. R. De Finaut, editor of the *Journal*, Doylestown, Ohio, suffered for a number of years from rheumatism in his right arm, hand and side. He says: "My right arm at times was entirely useless. I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and was surprised to receive relief almost immediately. The Pain Balm has been a constant companion of mine ever since and it never fails." For sale by C. Blakely, W. E. Terrill & Co., druggists.

A Good Thing.—Intelligent farmers are already quite enthusiastic over the results of the combination of most of the fertilizer factories of the country into the American Agricultural Chemical Company. It has been known that a large advance in raw materials had occurred and a corresponding advance in fertilizers was expected this season, but prices are now lower than about the same as last year and the profits of evil are dumb. The combination is only just perfected but its new system of buying, making, selling and distributing has already resulted in a large saving in expenses. The farmers are finding too, that it is cheaper and every way better to get their fertilizers from the nearest factory, and not to be confused by the claims of rival brands and competing salesmen. Farmers are practical men and know business methods, and they see system, order, and economy where there was only rivalry, struggle and waste to the profit of the farmers and so long as the present general manager, the affairs of the American Agricultural Chemical Company were not so reason why it will not prove a good thing for both the farmers and its stockholders.

Grain-O Grain-O!

Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain, is easily digested and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and the children as well as the adults can drink it with great benefit. It is sold in packages of 15c and 25c per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

EDWARD J. PHELPS.

Hon. Edward John Phelps, professor of law at Yale college, died Friday afternoon at his home in New Haven, Conn. His death was due directly to an abscess of the lung which had been ill for seven weeks previous to his death. He was two months ago he had his bed nearly life and death. Despite his advanced age his strong constitution prolonged his life much longer than his physicians at first believed possible. At times when the doctors thought that the patient was gradually failing Professor Phelps would rally and gain for a few days only to fall again. Not until the early part of last week however was it discovered that he was afflicted with an abscess of the lung.

Mr. Phelps was born in Middlebury, July 17, 1826, the son of Samuel Phelps, a Senator of the United States and Judge of the Supreme Court of Vermont. He was educated at Middlebury College. After graduating in 1846 he studied law at the University and in the office of Hon. Horatio Seymour. He was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court in 1853 and soon after began the practice of his profession in Burlington, which had since been his place of residence. He was second controller of the currency under President Fillmore, a member of the cabinet of President Grant in 1870, the Democratic candidate for the office of Governor in 1880, president of the American Bar Association in 1881, and was for some twenty years professor of law in Yale College.

In 1885, the most important office in the diplomatic service, that of minister to the Court of St. James was tendered to Mr. Phelps by President Cleveland, and was filled by him for four years with an ability and success that will be long remembered on both sides of the Atlantic. At the close of his term as minister to England Mr. Phelps resumed his chair at Yale University, devoting attention at times to a few important cases before the supreme court of the United States. Mr. Phelps was selected at one time by President Cleveland for a place on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States, but the opposition of some leading Irish politicians to the appointment, and fear of losing the Irish vote in the approaching election, induced Mr. Cleveland to abandon his choice. He was counsel for the United States in the Paris court of arbitration for the settlement of the Alaskan seal fishery contention with Great Britain.

Mr. Phelps was the author of various magazine articles on constitutional and public questions and on literary topics. He was a man of wide reading and independent literary taste, of keen and independent judgment, a brilliant and accomplished speaker and an able writer.

SOME YOUNG MEN OBJECT

to Life Insurance, because they dislike to assume a constant and annual payment. This is wrong; the same reasoning would keep them from any system of savings. One payment each year does it, and it is the first and best step towards independence and affluence.

National Life Insurance Company of Vermont, 8 S. Ballard, General Agent, Opera House block, Montpelier, Vt.

The recent beer incident has produced a lightning calculator, who has figured that the sum of the fines and costs paid by the phalanx of respondents in the affair would have purchased a carload of beer to which they could have had free access and of as good a quality as that which they did not even get a taste. The contemplation of what might have been must lead some of the number to feel that they are akin to R. E. Morse.

The Montpelier telephone exchange in its new quarters in the Blanchard block is one of the most commodious in the State at present. There are four rooms, all of ample proportions. One is devoted to use as an office for Manager R. H. Lyon, one as an office for Inspector C. W. Scarff, one as a waiting room, and the fourth for the general operating room. The latter is being equipped with the most up-to-date appliances used in the telephone business and will greatly facilitate the handling of the company's constantly increasing business.

The members of Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, were pleasantly entertained Monday evening by Mrs. W. A. Briggs at her home on Summer street. Because of the absence on account of illness of Mrs. C. H. Morse, Mrs. Briggs presided during the evening. Mrs. W. A. Briggs read a paper on "The Relation of the American Colonist to France," Prof. J. A. DeRoos contributed a paper on "Benjamin Franklin and His Age." H. A. Hase spoke on "John Adams and John Jay." In serving refreshments Mrs. Briggs was assisted by Mrs. A. G. Eaton and Mrs. J. L. Batecliff.

Dr. William N. Martin died recently at his home in Oakland, Cal., aged eighty years. Dr. Martin was born in Randolph, Mass., in 1820. His wife was the daughter of William Mitchell, who formerly lived on the Hornbrook farm in Berlin. Her first husband was George Lewis of East Montpelier. Dr. Martin practiced his profession in Oakland and devoted much time to mining interests. His wife was ill for nearly a year. The doctor gave up his professional duties and devoted all his time to caring for her. Some days after her death he took his bed and never left his room again. He was heartbroken over the loss of his wife and exclaimed in his last moments: "I wish I had died before she died."

The suit in trover of Phoebe Callahan against Mrs. Abbie Wheeler and Ira Phelps was tried by jury in the office of T. R. Gordon Monday afternoon before Justice D. P. Clarke. T. R. Gordon appeared for the plaintiff and F. L. Laird for the defendants. The jury was composed of C. N. Arms, John Emery, T. J. Kelleher, H. O. Jones, Peter Hadron, Y. L. Slayton. It appears that Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler rented a farm of the plaintiff on halves. Mr. Wheeler died last summer and Mrs. Wheeler carried on the farm and harvested the crops as best she could. The crop of apples and potatoes have been in the cellar of the house on the farm all winter and has been lying there so long that the produce was frozen. The plaintiff sued for \$40 that amount representing his share of the produce. The jury disagreed.

Workmen employed on the barn connected with the old jail found a loaded and pointed iron grapple shell such as was used during the Civil War. It was given to Officer Demott as a souvenir. It is about three inches in diameter and has the exception of a flat place about the size of a quarter in which was a piece of mechanism indexed so as to time the fuse of the mine. Conjectures are advanced as to who placed the shell in the barn, when and for what purpose. The fact will probably never be known. Had it been in the hands of the plaintiff it would also remain an unknown quantity.

The work of transferring the local telephone exchange to its new quarters on the corner of the opera house block was begun at ten o'clock Saturday night. Many of the lines were without service for only ten minutes but there were others which it was in shape to use until Sunday evening as the details of the work required the delay. Fourteen men were employed in making the change which entailed moving and reconnecting some seven hundred wires. The new quarters are three times as large as the former ones. Manager Lyon said Monday that they would not be completely settled for some days but the regular service at the exchange was in full operation.

A good story is told of the Celestial who was the present local Chinese laundryman's predecessor. The Chinaman had been in the habit of visiting Peter Badger's blacksmith shop occasionally to sharpen his carving knife on the power grinders there. On one of the visits, Mr. Badger suggested to him that he try the cutting wheel as he could make more rapid progress. The Chinaman consented. The wheel was coarse and ran at a high rate of speed. The Chinaman placed the blade on the wheel holding it in place by holding either end in his hands. The sparks from the wheel and steel made a beautiful display. The Chinaman was so much pleased with the result that he had himself up to the enjoyment of the fireworks, imagining himself present at a pyrotechnic exhibition in the fairground across the street. He was so much pleased with the result that he had himself up to the enjoyment of the fireworks, imagining himself present at a pyrotechnic exhibition in the fairground across the street. He was so much pleased with the result that he had himself up to the enjoyment of the fireworks, imagining himself present at a pyrotechnic exhibition in the fairground across the street.

Monday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the first great fire which visited Montpelier in 1875, which destroyed a large block of the business section of the town on State and South Main streets. The fire broke out more severe visitation of the fire kind occurred on the first of May in the same year. Montpelier at that time and to-day make interesting subjects for comparison.

It was at first planned that the combination of A. D. Farwell, C. E. Kingsbury and Robert Bliss in the clothing business was not to go into effect until they had moved to the new branch of the Grand Cutler's Union from the hall of the Catholic Order of Foresters on February 22, which was set for hearing in city court on Saturday has been postponed. Grand Juror Bailey opposed for the State and W. W. Lapointe and Frank Williams of Barre for the defendant. On Mr. Bailey asking the court for a continuance of the case and Mr. Lapointe objecting, the court stated that he appeared to favor going on with the hearing. After Mr. Bailey had conferred with some of his counsel he asked for a not prose to be entered in the case and it was granted. Mr. Bailey stated that he had hoped to have the assistance of State's Attorney Hoar in today's case but he was unable to be present and that within a few days State's attorney would file information against Eagan on the same charge. Eagan's lawyer has been selected as the basis of the charter and hold that he had a right to do as he did. That the charter never cost any member of the branch a cent, that it belonged to the national union, that it has long been in the hands of the defendant, Eagan was junior, and in this capacity he removed it and sent it to headquarters as he had a legal right to do.

A CARD.—We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

H. A. Slade, City.
H. Greeno, City.
Collins Blakely, City.
W. E. Terrill & Co., City.

What's Your Face Worth?

Be careful of a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a sunken look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of liver trouble. Buy Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear skin, rosier cheeks, rich complexion. Only 50c at C. Blakely's drug store.

JUDGE THOMPSON.

Judge L. H. Thompson of the Supreme Court addressed a union meeting held at Bethany church Sunday evening under the auspices of the local Anti-Saloon League. Just before the services commenced the electric lights went out, causing a little delay to get the gas fixtures in operation.

Rev. Dr. Norman Seaver and Prof. W. M. Newton assisted in the preliminary service. Judge Thompson was happily introduced by Dr. Seaver and spoke for over an hour on "The relation of the State and its citizens to the prohibitory law." In his opening remarks Judge Thompson said that the present and future of the State was an old time temperance lecture they would be disappointed. It was not his purpose to picture the effects of alcohol on the human system, nor to rehearse the long train of evils that follow the excessive use of intoxicating liquor.

Going back to early days the speaker cited the fact that no nation of drunkards had ever prospered. From the times of the Medes and Persians, the Babylonians down to the patricians of the Roman empire, when these nations were sober and strong, they fell. No longer ago than 1881 Mr. Gladstone although not a total abstinence man, said in the British House of Commons that drink had caused more misery to the human race than war, pestilence and famine. Strong drink seems to walk side by side with civilization and progress.

Judge Thompson referred particularly to the laboring men in this country at the present time, their condition and their great opportunities. He said that they expend annually one billion of dollars for intoxicating liquor. In Vermont from fifty to eighty per cent of the crime committed is traceable, directly or indirectly, to the use of intoxicating liquor. Yet the conditions in Vermont today is almost a millennium to what it was a half century ago.

Judge Thompson pointed out the early days in this State were graphically described, illustrated with forcible facts and events of those times. There came a time, however, when the people of Vermont rose in their might and asked if such things were to endure forever. They realized that the environments of the boys of those days would develop men of like character, and it was the prohibitory law that had been enacted, not framed without serious consideration, and was not enacted by fanatics and rascals. The fathers of that law loved Vermont, they loved their homes, their humanity, their fathers and their brothers, and they realized the waste caused by this traffic.

Judge Thompson then considered at length some of the cardinal ideas of the prohibitory law. The first of these is that liquor shall be sold except by the hand of the State, and that the law shall apply to three uses—chemical, mechanical or medicinal. The town agent is the hand of the State, in the meaning of the law, and the purpose of the law is to have liquor sold and proper place where liquor can be purchased when it is needed. The compensation of the agent must be fixed by the legislature, and the duty of the agent is allowed to purchase the liquor he sells. Other legal provisions that hedge about a town agent were dwelt upon, showing that, according to the letter and spirit of the law it can never be legalized dram shop.

Another provision of the prohibitory law which Judge Thompson pointed out, and stressed is that it is a crime to be found intoxicated. This, in the mind of the speaker, was the wisest provision of the law, because it was the largest and more dangerous than a mad dog at large. The law does not excuse a man because he commits a crime when alcohol has nerve his arm. It is the responsibility of the man to keep himself from being intoxicated. Judge Thompson referred to numerous instances showing that a drunken man is not safe to be at large.

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A STRONG ENDOORSEMENT FOR MAGNETIC TREATMENT.

"For a number of years I have been a great sufferer from Nervous Indigestion, Catarrh, Brochial Trouble and Rheumatism. My right shoulder has been so lame I have been unable to do my work or even dress myself without suffering untold agony. I suffered with Muscular Rheumatism, being unable to walk without crutches. I tried medicines until I was discouraged. I was treated by different physicians but derived but little benefit. It seemed there was no help for me and I longed to go there pain and suffering cease. Through a friend I heard of Prof. B. G. Wilkins and his wonderful cures. I went to see him and commenced treatment at once, and to-day I am a well man, and I owe my recovery to Prof. Wilkins and his wonderful Magnetic Power. I can eat all kinds of food. I can sleep like a child. I can do a day's work as easy as I ever could. I can walk with perfect ease. I am well and strong. What more can one ask to be happy? There is much more I could say, but space will not permit. It gives me pleasure to recommend Prof. Wilkins and his method of treatment to any man or woman who is sick or a sufferer.

Very truly yours,
MRS. E. S. BAIRD,
12 Mechanic St., Montpelier, Vt.

PROF. B. G. WILKINS.

OFFICE, 91 Main Street, Montpelier.
REST HOME, 25 Kent Street.

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Issued Weekly
32 Pages Illustrated
"ALL THE PERIODICALS IN ONE."

THE LITERARY DIGEST has taken the highest rank as a weekly review of current thought at home and abroad, in the realms of literature, art, science, religion, politics, society, travel, discovery, business, etc. Its contents are selected and translated from the world's choicest periodical literature and are given in summary, partly in direct quotation. Discussion and information on all sides of important questions are given. The contents each week cover a field so diversified as to make THE LITERARY DIGEST indispensable to the busy man who desires to keep up with the thought of the time, but who lacks the leisure for such a task.

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