

# The Daily Times.

RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1887.

PRICE, ONE CENT.

NUMBER 133.

RESTAURANTS AND RESTAURANTS.

**Charles Euker's**  
Ladies' Parlor Saloon,  
No. 1002 E. Main St., RICHMOND,  
Va. AND HILLBARD HALL ATTACHED,  
JOSEPH TRAYLOR, Manager.

**CHARLES REUSER**  
RESTAURANT, BAR AND BILLIARD  
ROOM,  
1014 MAIN STREET.

Philadelphia and New York Beer, Ale, and  
Porter in draught. "GILSON'S XXXX" a spe-  
cialty. 1014 Main St., RICHMOND, Va.

**WILLIAM SNELLINGS**  
No. 28 TWELFTH STREET,  
Richmond, Va.  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
all kinds of Liquors, Wines, Whiskey, Brandy,  
Cognac, &c.

**RESTAURANT**  
"ALLEGHENY SALOON,"  
1014 MAIN STREET,  
Richmond, Va.

**OBSCURE WARNING.**

Lady in a uptown room—Why, Mrs. S., is  
this you, and in mourning? I hadn't heard  
that—that—  
Mrs. S.—Yes, Mr. S. was laid at rest two  
weeks ago.

Lady—I am so shocked! Was his death a  
sudden one?  
Mrs. S.—Very, without warning. He died  
of a cold contracted only the day before.  
Aren't the steps lovely?—New York Sun.

**No a Fair Shop.**

Major-General in prisoners—You are charged  
with being drunk and disorderly, and assault-  
ing a lady—What have you to say for  
yourself?  
Prisoner—The lady-man arrested me too  
soon, or too late. If he had given me time  
for two more drinks I would have thrown  
my arms around that Dutchman's neck and  
called him "brother"—New York Sun.

**Flesh Worms or Black Heads.**

These are no worms and have no heads.  
To understand what they are, remember that  
there are sebaceous glands for the supply  
of oil for the surface of the skin, and that there  
are tubes leading from them to the skin. It  
is quite possible for the openings to become  
closed by dirt and dirt, the blackness, the  
constant supply of the oil enraging these,  
making them look like worms. Those who  
eat an unusual amount of greasy food are  
more liable than others to have them, or those  
having a yellow complexion, a dingy appear-  
ance, indicating a torpid state of the liver.  
Do not squeeze them, but apply a warm,  
wet cloth, or something that will melt the  
grease, at least, by a gentle pressure. I  
recommend regular bathing weekly, using  
warm water with ammonia or castile soap,  
with the frequent use of the flesh brush. A  
very plain style of living, using no pork, will  
be favorable to cure.—Dr. Harwood in  
Bentley's Household.

**An Enervated Creature.**

As the hyphenate is the church's  
worst enemy, so in the social order the fat-  
ter is woman's worst. When she goes out  
to a party, for instance, she is told how  
lovely and sweet and charming she is, and  
goes to believe she is faultless even though  
she is gradually developing into a female  
couch. A young woman who is within and  
out a fair creature, becoming in middle life  
well to put it mild, a very enervated  
creature.—Thomas P. Grady in Arkansas  
Traveler.

**Matrons at Police Stations.**

A much needed movement for the appoint-  
ment of matrons at police stations is in pro-  
gress in Boston. It is shameful to think of  
women, many of whom are by no means  
hardened criminals, left entirely to the care  
of men. It is necessary to have women as  
attendants at police stations as to have  
women marchers at the custom house. Com-  
mon decency requires that this should be done  
in other cities as well as Boston. Boston  
Traveler.

**Women Not All Angels.**

It is a great mistake to teach boys that all  
women are angels. As they grow older they  
find out that they have been taught a lie, and  
begin to search for other lies in their  
surroundings, and the result is their faith in  
divine things that ought to be held  
sacred as holy writ.—Thomas P. Grady in  
Arkansas Traveler.

**A Noted Yellow Fever Nurse.**

Manly, Wis., who has kept a fruit  
stand in New Orleans for sixty years, is de-  
scribed as a manly, successful yellow fever  
nurse, and had labored in every epidemic  
since 1851 and had many medals and diplomas  
awarded for skill.

**How Ingalls Won His Wife.**

When Ingalls first went to Kansas he was  
supposed to be an irretrievable bachelor. He  
paid no attention to the girls of the frontier,  
and the pretty maidens of the west cast their  
eyes at him in vain. He met, however, at a  
reception one night the daughter of a New  
York merchant, who had come to Atchison.  
The name was Miss Anna Chessborough  
and she was very fair to look upon. He  
talked to her and found her conversation as  
bright as her eyes, and he rode back to Sum-  
ner full of possibilities which his soul had not  
devised of before. Shortly after this  
one of his friends was married and Ingalls  
was asked to be his best man. To his delight  
he found that Miss Anna Chessborough was  
about the bride's maid.

**The Colored Population.**

At a recent meeting in Baltimore of the  
Freedmen's Aid Society, an organization for  
the education of Methodist ministers among  
the negroes of the south, Secretary T. C.  
Hartwell said that the colored people are in-  
creasing more by births than the whites are  
by births and emigration combined. Five  
hundred colored babies are born every  
twenty-four hours. He had seen some old  
colored preachers hold the Bible upside down,  
and all they could do was to shout and pound  
the Bible, but he had rather hear a man like  
that preach than a manly pauper, pink  
paper young man read a mass and wonder  
essay. The brethren shouted "Amen."—New  
York Sun.

**More than 3,000,000 tons of Irish wool's**

have been harvested on the British isles.

According to a recently published treatise  
pursue was the only vegetable eaten in the  
time of Queen Elizabeth. The favorite game  
was pigeons, trout, chicken, venison and  
rabbits.

**Great News for the Bald Heads.**

About three miles from Francisco, Ky., on  
the Wilson Warehouse road, is a head of the  
Soreness creek, is a low, marshy flat about an  
acre in size. The earth is of a greenish  
color and no weed or grass of any kind was  
ever known to grow in it, and during the  
dry season it always wd. Old Uncle Peter  
Black, a native of the Donelson district,  
came to town last August (eleventh day), and  
according to his habit with joint friends,  
drank too much. Late that evening he sud-  
denly awoke, and attempted to  
wash his face. When the water ran down  
the old man came to the creek, either by the  
obstinacy of the rule or by some mystic  
hand, the old man went into the marsh  
and spilt Uncle Pete. The soft, damp earth  
proved a soothing balm to the bald, aching  
head of the old man, and the excitement of  
the day was soon forgotten in a dreamless  
sleep, from which he was awakened next  
morning by the heat of the sun, to find half  
of his head and left side covered with mud.  
About two weeks after the accident Uncle  
Pete found that all that part of his body that  
had been covered with mud was covered  
with a fine growth of young hair.

St. Valentine's Day he came to town and  
showed to a number of our most prominent  
men an extraordinary growth of hair three  
and one-half inches in length, covering his left  
side and half of his head. At first his story  
was laughed at, but since a bald head is a  
source of great annoyance to the owner, a  
few that were sensitive on the loss of hair be-  
gan to view it in a different light. For the  
past two weeks about twenty are wearing  
shells caped with this mud. Yesterday  
several took off their caps, and to their great  
joy and happiness their heads were covered  
with a fine growth of young hair, but unfor-  
tunately it was as a best.

The owner of the marsh has had it en-  
closed by a high plank fence, and sells the  
mud at \$2 a pound, and the demand is be-  
coming so great that he can scarcely fill all  
the orders.—Louisville Commercial.

**No Laughing Matter.**

Senator Rhea thought it was a matter  
that should be investigated. He said he  
had no personal interest in the matter,  
but thought the papers spoke for them-  
selves.

The Senate very promptly sat down on  
the proposed investigation.

**ALLEGED BRIBERY.**

Senator Rhea raised another breeze by  
the introduction of the following preamble  
and resolution:

Whereas it has been brought to the at-  
tention of this body that the Charleston,  
Cincinnati and Chicago Railroad Com-  
pany are represented here by a number  
of lobbyists; and whereas, from informa-  
tion received, it is believed that the said  
Charleston, Cincinnati and Chicago Rail-  
road Company, through some of its lob-  
bysts, have been and are improperly en-  
deavoring to influence the action of the  
Legislature upon the bill granting certain  
rights to said company; therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee of three be  
appointed to inquire into the conduct of  
the representatives of said railroad com-  
pany, and that said committee shall have  
power to send for persons or papers.

Senator Rhea, in advocating the pas-  
sage of the preamble and resolution, said  
that he was in receipt of information  
given to him by a person whose name  
he could not divulge, showing improper  
motives on the part of the persons who  
are lobbying for the Charleston, Cincin-  
nati and Chicago railroad bill.

Senator Meredith repelled any reflec-  
tion made upon the character of United  
States Senator Butler, who appeared be-  
fore the committee in behalf of the bill,  
also any intimation of any action on the  
part of that gentleman at variance with  
honor and integrity.

Senator Rhea said he did not propose  
to charge or impute that any member of  
the Senate had been or would be influ-  
enced "by these lobbyists." Then he ad-  
ded again "I say that from means I can-  
not divulge, improper means have been  
used for the passage of this bill."

Senator Heaton thought the resolution  
should be changed so as to investigate  
both sides of the question.

Pending the consideration of the mat-  
ter, Lieutenant-Governor Massey an-  
nounced that the chair would be vacated  
until 7:30 o'clock.

No general legislation and no local leg-  
islation of importance was transacted in  
either branch during the day.

**A LITTLE DEBATE.**

Senator Elyson, of Richmond, moved  
that when the Senate adjourns it adjourn  
to meet at night at 7 o'clock. Mr. Ely-  
son did not state the object of the mov-  
ing, but it was generally understood that  
the object of the night meeting was to  
consider the debt question, and particu-  
larly the matter of appointing a commis-  
sioner as recommended by the Governor.

The debate was participated in by Sen-  
ators Elyson, Blackstone, Wickham, and  
Koener, but the motion was finally adopt-  
ed, and a similar motion prevailed in the  
House.

**LAST NIGHT'S SESSION.**

At the session at night resolutions were  
offered for the appointment of a commis-  
sioner to confer with the British bondhold-  
ers. It was the plan agreed upon at the  
caucus yesterday evening.

It was introduced in the Senate by  
Mr. Koener and in the House by Mr.  
Figgatt.

Stripped of its superfluity of words it  
provides for the appointment of a commis-  
sioner of three on the part of the Senate  
and of five on the part of the House.  
The committees to be appointed by the  
presiding officer of the respective houses.

This committee is to confer with com-  
mittee from the foreign bondholders and  
to ascertain the amount of bonds held by  
them.

They are also charged with the duty of  
laying before them the amount of the  
revenues of the State and the expenses of  
government, and to point out to them  
where lies their interest as well as the in-  
terest of the State, and to do whatever  
may be necessary to bring about some  
amicable settlement of the debt.

The foreign bondholders are to be no-  
tified as soon as possible of the appoint-  
ment of this committee, and the confer-  
ence is to be held not later than April  
12th—the functions of this committee to  
cease when the Legislature adjourns sine  
die.

In the Senate the resolutions were re-

**THE LEGISLATURE.**

**EXTRA SESSION OF 1887—NINTH  
DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.**

Senate.

Senator Rhea offered a long preamble  
in reference to certain charges preferred  
against Judge Charles P. Latham of  
Lynchburg by Mr. Frank G. Ruffin.

They were followed by the following  
resolution:

Resolved, That it is due alike the judi-  
ciary of this State, the members of this  
General Assembly and those whom they  
represent, that the truth or falsity of  
statements concerning said Latham be  
inquired into, and the facts be reported  
to this General Assembly.

2d. That a special committee of five be  
appointed to investigate the subject, and  
that they be hereby authorized to send  
for persons and papers.

3d. That said memorial and three ad-  
ditional charges this day filed by said  
Frank G. Ruffin, on information and  
belief, as causes for removal of said  
Charles P. Latham, judge as aforesaid,  
be entered on the journal of the Senate,  
and that a copy of both indictments be  
transmitted to the House of Delegates  
and entered on its journal, that a copy of  
both and all charges be furnished said  
Latham, judge aforesaid, forthwith, together  
with a notice of the fact, and time set for  
the consideration of said charges by the  
General Assembly at least twenty days  
before the time so fixed for the consid-  
eration thereof, as provided by the Con-  
stitution and laws of Virginia in such cases  
made and provided.

Then followed a declaration of Mr.  
Ruffin.

Senator Diggs opposed the matter, say-  
ing that the charges were not specified,  
that they were too indefinite.

Senator Rhea thought it was a matter  
that should be investigated. He said he  
had no personal interest in the matter,  
but thought the papers spoke for them-  
selves.

The Senate very promptly sat down on  
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die.

In the Senate the resolutions were re-

ferred to the Finance Committee and are  
expected to be acted on to-day.

In the House they were advocated by  
Mr. Figgatt, Democrat, and Mr. Curlett,  
Republican, and opposed by Messrs. Wise  
and Waddill, Republicans.

They were adopted by a vote of yes  
55—noes 6. The noes were Messrs. Mat-  
thews, McCallish, Southworth, Turner,  
Waddill and Wise—all Republicans.

Adjourned to this morning.

**HER SKULL CRUSHED.**

A Former Brooklyn School Teacher Mur-  
dered in New York.

NEW YORK, March 25.—About 6 o'clock  
this morning Louisa Hatfield, of Brook-  
lyn, was found in a hallway at No. 2 New  
Bowery, suffering from a compound frac-  
ture of the skull. She was removed to  
the Chambers-street hospital, where she  
died. George Benson, the owner of the  
saloon at No. 2 New Bowery, found the  
woman in the hallway unconscious. The  
saloon had not been opened, and the  
private door leading to the street was  
bolted on the inside. How the woman  
got there is a mystery.

The saloon-keeper declared that he had  
not opened the doors of the saloon or the  
private entrance. The theory is that the  
woman was taken into the house by some  
one inside last night, and either assaulted  
and struck on the head with some blunt  
instrument, or that she fell down the  
stairs and received her injuries. George  
Benson, Jr., was the last man in the house  
last night, and says he closed the door  
and bolted it on the inside.

Old Mr. Benson says he came down  
stairs shortly after 4 o'clock and the wo-  
man was not there, that he went down  
to the basement, lit the fire, and did the  
"chores" for half an hour. When he came  
up stairs again he found the woman. She  
was lying with her feet against the door  
leading to the street, with her head rest-  
ing on the step. The police say that it  
would be impossible to assault the woman  
in the narrow and short hallway. They  
have traced the woman's movements last  
night up to midnight, the time young  
Benson admits coming home. Then her  
trail disappeared. The woman was form-  
erly a Brooklyn school teacher and was  
about 40 years old. Benson, with four  
other young men occupied rooms on the  
second floor. They all assert that the  
woman was not in their rooms. The cir-  
cumstances seem to be against young  
Benson. He is 18 years old. The wo-  
man was formerly married, but has for a  
long time been known as a hard char-  
acter.

**MADE A CONFESSION.**

Thus Claiming that He Killed Titus Smith  
in a Fit of Passion.

The commutation of the death sentence  
of John P. Tins by the New Jersey  
board of pardons was due to a confession  
which Tins made. Tins claimed that  
he was intimate with Titus Smith from  
the time she entered the institute at  
Belvedere. On the night of the murder  
he admitted her by the back door, and  
was indicated on the trial, and she went to  
his room, remaining there while he closed  
the house and saw that everything was in  
order. On his return she informed him  
that she was in trouble, and asked what  
he intended to do. Her words followed  
and she threatened to denounce Titus  
Dr. Whiting, principal of the institute.  
Enraged, Titus sprang to her side and  
ordered her to take back her remark. She  
refused, and then he struck her. She  
gave one scream and then it was that  
Titus grasped her throat. With a gur-  
gling sound she fell on his shoulder. He  
held her down thinking it was a fainting  
fit, and went into another apartment for  
water and restoratives. The water he  
dashed over her face, but with no result.  
He felt for the beating of the pulse, and  
then realized that she was dead and he  
a murderer. Then he began to plan for  
a removal of the body, and after closely  
looking about the premises, carried the  
body to the place where it was found.  
Next he destroyed the coat, gloves and  
hairpins by throwing them in the fur-  
nace. The loss of these articles was the  
cause of suspicion first pointing to Titus.  
His after-actions were all disclosed during  
the trial and strongly pointed to guilt.

**WILL HE NEVER LET UP?**

BREMAH, DAK., March 25.—The ques-  
tion now being asked concerning the  
flood is—Will it never let up? The water  
was two feet Wednesday, but was rising  
again yesterday. Water in Washburn is  
ten feet above the high-water mark of  
1881, while here it is not quite up to that  
record. This shows that there is a gorge  
between here and Washburn, and when  
that ten feet of water comes it will make  
the flood surpass any previous record.  
There is a prospect for the heart river to  
break about the time the upper gorge  
breaks, and if it does Mandan will be  
aloft. The steamer Tompkins, which  
was crushed in the ice, was the property  
of the Evans Transportation Company,  
and its ruin just as navigation is open-  
ing is a heavy loss. The Northern Pa-  
cific shops at Mandan are still flooded.

**THE HIGHEST EVER KNOWN.**

FERDUS FALLS, MISS., March 25.—The  
Red river rose rapidly Wednesday night,  
and yesterday morning was the highest  
ever known. The cause of the rise is  
not known, as the ice is still running  
solid. The water is running over  
the banks and causing a channel be-  
tween Wright's Beehive and the cable  
tower. Men are at work protecting the  
dams.

**From Wall Street To-Day.**

NEW YORK, March 25.—The stock mar-  
ket was barely firm this morning at the  
opening, though a fair proportion of the  
list showed slight advances over last  
evening's figures, and Hocking Valley  
was active, though the bulk of the business  
was confined to six or eight stocks, among  
which Reading, Lake Shore, Larkawana,  
Fort Worth and Denver, and Atlantic  
and Pacific were most conspicuous.

The market was firm in the early dealings,  
and slight advances were established in  
the general list, but Fort Worth and Den-  
ver gained 1 1/2 per cent. Toward the end  
of the hour there was less activity and  
prices yielded slightly, but the firm tone  
remained, and at 11 o'clock the market  
is moderately active and steady.

**BY TELEGRAPH.**

**HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD  
AS SENT OVER THE WIRES.**

**Titus Confesses—Her Skull Crushed—Will  
He Never Let Up?—Found His Wife and  
Child Dead—Murdered by a Drunken  
Man—A Piercing Postmaster—Another  
Ohio Murder—A Bad Man.**

**A FRIGHTFUL SMASH-UP.**

A Large Number of the Passengers Ser-  
iously Injured on the Fort Wayne and  
Chicago Road.

PITTSBURG, PA., March 25.—A fright-  
ful wreck and fatal railway accident oc-  
curred between 12 and 1 o'clock this  
morning on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne  
and Chicago railroad near Leetonia, Ohio,  
about sixty miles from this city. The  
day express from Chicago and due in this  
city at 3:10 was telegraphed by a freight  
train running at almost full speed. The  
engineer of the express was killed and a  
dozen or more people injured, some of  
them seriously.

**DEFECTIVE AIR-BRAKES.**

On a heavy grade midway between  
Salem and Leetonia the engineer of the  
express discovered that the air-brakes  
were out of order, and whistling "down  
brakes," stopped to investigate the  
trouble with his machinery. He  
crawled under the tender to remove a  
burst air-pipe. The flagman was sent  
back, but had gone only