The Daily Times.

NUMBER 143. RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1887. PRICE, ONE CENT.

WANTS.

[illegible]

WANTED—To purchase a House and [illegible]

WANTED—TWO RELIABLE CAR[illegible]

WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED [illegible]

WANTED—An office boy [illegible]

WANTED—A COLORED GIRL TO [illegible]

WANTED—ALL PARTIES TO [illegible]

TRUSTEES' SALE.

[illegible]

DELINQUENT TAXES.

[illegible]

W. H. CARDOZO

[illegible]

VERNON PORTRAIT GALLERY [illegible]

CHAMBERLAYNE & CO. [illegible]

WINES, BRANDIES, CORDIALS, GIN [illegible] PORTER, MINERAL WATERS, AND CIGARS; also VIRGINIA AND OTHER OLD RYE WHISKIES, APPLE AND PEACH BRANDY, DOMESTIC CIGARS, &C. [illegible]

CHAMBERLAYNE & CO.

EXTRA BARGAINS

[illegible]

"THE ARABIAN MIXTURE,"

[illegible] drink, still at 30 cents per pound at

Hermann Schmidt's

EUROPEAN STORE,

500 and 502 BROAD ST., COR. FIFTH,

ja28-1y

FINANCIAL.

Reported by C. W. Branch & Co., bankers and brokers, No. 1111 Main street.

New York Stock Market.

REVIEW.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The course of the market to-day would seem to us to indicate that the bull party were inclined to [illegible]

[illegible]

Chicago Grain and Produce Market.

[illegible]

New York Markets.

[illegible]

REVIEW.

[illegible]

Belmont Lithia Water.

This is really one of the best Lithia waters in use. Recommended by some of our most prominent physicians. Delivered in any part of the city at 25 cents per gallon by BODEKER BROS., Druggists.

Garden Seeds.

We have received our first supply of D. Landreth & Son's reliable garden seeds, which are considered the best now extant. We do not sell seeds on commission; nor do we sell cheap seeds. Send for a catalogue. BODEKER BROS., Druggists.

Household Ammonia.

Sold by BODEKER BROS., 1414 Main street, Richmond, Va.

Sick Headache

cured and its return prevented by the use of Dr. David's Vegetable Liver Pills. As this remedy has been thoroughly tested by numbers of our best people, containing as it does none but vegetable ingredients, it should commend itself to all sufferers with this terrible disease. Being extremely mild in action, these pills can be taken by both the weak and the strong. Price, 25 cents a box of 25 Pills; five boxes for $1.

READY WHILE YOU WAIT.

A HOUSE OR A SHIRT OR A SET OF TEETH MADE IN AN HOUR.

How the Work Is Done—Shoes Half Soled While You Read the Daily Paper—Secret of Rapid Watch Repairing—Quick Divorces.

"While you wait!"

It is now many years since this expression was made popular by a down town hatter, who advertised to block your hat while you wait, "for fifty cents," but it still retains its value in a commercial sense, and has been [illegible] by the manufacturing world [illegible] throughout the length and breadth of the land. As originally applied to the [illegible] business it was ridiculed, laughed at, and [illegible] perhaps more than any other expression of the kind, unless it be the oft quoted "shoes [illegible] inside," and yet to-day it is an important line in the advertisements of nearly every manufacturing interest in the United States. Do you want a pair of trousers, a suit of clothes, a shirt, your shoes soled and heeled, a new mainspring in your watch, a set of false teeth, a house built—do you want anything that can be made by the hand of man—you can get it "while you wait."

At a certain haberdasher's shirts can be had to order, made after any pattern, in any size, guaranteed to fit and ready to wear while the customer is getting shaved around the corner. It is accomplished by having ready cut sleeves, yokes, bosoms, bands and bodies always on hand. A capable cutter with a few [illegible] corrects the defects of any of the parts, skilled operators [illegible] parts through the sewing machine in [illegible] while a patent washer, rinser, wringer, dryer and ironer will turn the shirt out ready to be put on and all inside of twenty minutes.

WHILE YOU READ THE PAPER.

In a certain street, within the [illegible] of police headquarters, there is a concern that will sole and heel your shoes while you look over the columns of the daily paper and determine to what place of amusement you will go in the evening. The tailor on the Bowery who will measure a customer for a pair of pants, cut, trim and make them and press them while he is taking his lunch not numerous, while those who will turn out a full suit of clothes while the customer is [illegible] quite as many.

Dentists who have in stock all kinds, varieties and qualities of plates and will fit a patient's mouth with a partial or full set of teeth in less time than it [illegible] to [illegible] Sixth and [illegible] as well as around the cross streets. In Chicago there is a dentist who advertises to furnish new and full sets of teeth, guaranteed to give satisfaction by mail or express, and sends the same to remote points on approval. A firm of builders in Michigan will ship at once on receipt of order any size, kind or variety of a frame structure that may be desired. Parties intending to locate in Florida or at the seashore are especially requested to send for a descriptive circular. These houses are built in sections and shipped as they are built. Anchors [illegible] the proprietors say, will make any changes that a customer can possibly want. Several persons who will summer at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove this year, it is understood, will introduce these ready made houses there early in the season. The same manner of houses was prepared for the late Greely relief expedition.

A SECRET OF WATCH CLEANING.

The secret of cleaning and repairing watches while you wait is according to the assertions of the manufacturers, that the entire movement is [illegible] and a new one of the same kind is substituted. Now that most of the movements [illegible] made by machinery and of standard sizes, and as the cases of a watch are made, it is easy to see how this can be done. Persons having a fine movement or any other valuable movement, however, would do well to pause before they have a watchmaker repair their timepieces while they wait. Still there are parts of a watch movement that can be duplicated at almost a moment's notice without affecting its value, such as pinions, ratchets, gear wheels and screws.

The science of cutting, fitting and trimming ladies' garments has progressed to such an extent that a dressmaker very often makes [illegible] suit for a customer [illegible] finishing a shopping tour [illegible] dresses while a customer waits in the parlors. Printers will prepare a form for a job, make it ready, and run off an order whose customer writes a letter, and recently the writer had a card engraved and printed while he [illegible] for a friend. Until recently the [illegible] with which a man could get a divorce in some of the western courts was set forth in the assertion "that railroad trains stopped thirty minutes at certain towns where all who desired could secure a divorce while they waited." Without going to this extreme, it is safe to say that to-day a man can get almost anything while he waits.—New York Mail and Express.

Embarrassing to a Stenographer.

One of the most embarrassing things a court stenographer can be subjected to sometimes is to be suddenly asked to read a lot of cross-questioned testimony over which there has arisen a dispute, and the answers and questions of which, together with the interjected remarks of wrangling counsel, have been taken down at lightning speed. Under such circumstances one's writing is little more than a scroll, and to decipher and read it quickly at a moment's notice is by no means easy. The most important thing in this, as in all kinds of reporting, is to keep a cool and collected head. I have seen some pitiable cases of first class stenographers who were so rattled on being asked to read what they had written, that the request had to be withdrawn out of charity to them.—Globe-Democrat.

Robinson—Did you ever notice, Brown, the habit Dumley has of saying "What's that?" to every remark made to him?

Brown—No; I think you're mistaken, Robinson.

Robinson—I'll bet you $5 that you can't make a remark to him that he won't say "What's that?"

Brown (puts up the money and accosts Dumley)—Will you have something to drink, Dumley?

Dumley—Dontcarelfdo.—New York Sun.

MRS. BOWSER.

That Intelligent Female Tells About Her Husband's Complaints of His Meals.

All husbands find fault with their meals. I know this to be true, because Mr. Bowser says so. I think it is nothing strange when Mr. Bowser sits down to dinner and begins:

"Humph! Same old corned beef!"

"Yes, my dear; it's the same corned beef you ordered as you went down this morning."

"Oh, it is! I didn't know but it was some I ordered a year ago. What do you call these things?"

"Potatoes, of course."

"Potatoes, eh! I'll try and remember that name. And what's this?"

"Cabbage, my love."

"Oh! I didn't know but it was wood pulp, my love! Was this bread made since the war?"

"Certainly. It is only two days old."

"Humph! buying some poor coffee again, I see! Look at that! That stuff looks as if it was dipped out of a mud hole!"

"But you ordered this very coffee yourself the night before last."

He growls and eats and eats and growls, and I've got used to it.

He cost me a good girl last week by one of his whims. I happened to wonder aloud during the evening if she had put her bread to rise, when he promptly inquired:

"Mrs. Bowser, do you know why bread rises?"

"Because of the yeast."

"But why does the yeast expand the dough?"

"Because it does."

"Exactly. You also live because you do, and that's all you know about it! You ought to be ashamed of your ignorance of natural philosophy. I'll see if the girl knows any better."

He went out and inquired:

"Jane, have you put the bread to raise?"

"Yes, sir."

"Do you expect it to raise?"

"Of course."

"Why don't you expect it to fail?"

"Are you running this kitchen?" she sharply demanded.

"Virtually, yes. My object is to see how well you are posted on natural philosophy. Why does the bread raise instead of fall?"

"Because it's a fool, and I'm another for staying in a place where a man is allowed to hen hussy about the kitchen! I'll leave in the morning!"

And leave she did, and all the consolation I got from Mr. Bowser as he came up to dinner was:

"It's a good thing she left. She might have mixed something together which would have caused our deaths. Come, now, hurry up the dinner."—Detroit Free Press.

The Back Action April Fool Trick.

Young Compositor—I'll stick it on tight, so's it won't——

"Holy smoke! I've struck the human snake!"—Judge.

English Names in England.

Abergavenny is pronounced Abergenny.
Beauchamp is pronounced Beecham.
Bolingbroke is pronounced Bullingbrook.
Brougham is pronounced Broom.
Bulwer is pronounced Buller.
Cholmondeley is pronounced Chumley.
Cirencester is pronounced Sisister.
Cockburn is pronounced Coburn.
Colquhoun is pronounced Cohoon.
Cowper is pronounced Cooper.
Grosvenor is pronounced Grovenor.
Hawarden, Gladstone's residence, is pronounced Harden.
Holborn is pronounced Hoban, Cockney, Obun.
Knollys is pronounced Knowles.
Marjoribanks is pronounced Marchbanks.
Marylebone is pronounced Marrabun.
Norwich is pronounced Norridge.
Salisbury is pronounced Sawlsbry.
St. Leger is pronounced Sillinger.
Talbot is pronounced Torbut.
Taliaferro is pronounced Tolliver.
Thames is pronounced Tems.
Wemyss is pronounced Weems.

The devil gets in some of his finest work when he really persuades an egotist that he is standing by a principle when he is only exploiting vanity and cussedness.

In California they are beginning to talk of engaging in the cultivation of the cork oak. Owing to the wine industry, there is a great demand for cork in that state.

Mary Anderson has nearly concluded her riding lessons in London. She will shortly take her daily canters in Rotten Row at the fashionable hour.

THE LEGISLATURE.

EXTRA SESSION OF 1887—NINETEENTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Senator McCormick called up the joint resolution in regard to the recess, so as to offer a substitute. His substitute was to insert April 20th instead of May 3d, and it was agreed to by the Senate.

Senator Heaton, in advocating the substitute, said that he was informed this morning that the commission from the foreign bondholders would start on Saturday. He therefore thought that the members of the General Assembly ought to be present upon the arrival of the bondholders' commission; that it would be effective of good. He also said that the prompt disposition shown by the foreign commission to come here indicates that a settlement is about to be accomplished. The substitute was adopted.

The resolution was taken over to the House and there evoked a discussion. Mr. Mallory favored a long recess as had already been agreed to. Mr. Stribbling thought the Legislature ought to come back on the 20th because the license tax expires May 1st.

Numbers of amendments were offered to the substitute, and finally a committee of conference was ordered, to be composed of three members from the House and two from the Senate, who will consider the disagreement between the two Houses. The House rejected the Senate substitute by a vote of 39 to 34.

Senator Keezle offered a substitute for the bill providing a method for collecting money due the State.

After a lengthy debate, in which Senators Keezle, Koiner, Thurman, and others, took part, the substitute was adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

THE KENDALL BANK-NOTE COMPANY.

The special order was the bill to provide for the [illegible] of the amount of the judgment of the Kendall Bank-Note Company against the State.

Senator Blackstone offered amendments striking out that part of the preamble which refers to the State's liability, and requiring that no money should be paid until the Kendall Company had used all legal remedies against the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners. He thought the State was not legally or morally bound to pay the debt until the company had exhausted every remedy against the commissioners who had broken the contract. The question of liability was the one on which the passage of the bill hinged, and should not be proclaimed by the bill itself.

Senator McCormick said that it was useless for the Senate to discuss the question of liability, since the highest court has decided that the State is so liable. He would state further, as a legal proposition, that no suits would lie against the commissioners as individuals.

Both amendments were lost, and the bill was ordered to be engrossed.

A conference committee having been appointed, they recommended the 27th instant as the time for reassembling. The Senate agreed to the report.

PAY DURING RECESS.

A resolution was passed that the officers of the Senate during the recess should receive no pay. Senator McCormick subsequently moved that this be reconsidered.

The motion was adopted.

Senator McCormick moved that the officers receive half pay. This motion was also adopted.

THE COMMANDER OF THE CHESAPEAKE.

The House to-day rejected the Senate joint resolution giving the Board of the Chesapeake and its Tributaries power to send for persons and papers and investigate charges of "incompetency, failure to attend to duty, &c.," against Captain Seth Foster, commander of the oyster steamer, Chesapeake, and adopted a substitute, which provides for a special committee to go to Matthews county, where the witnesses are, and thereby save to the State the expense of bringing the witnesses to Richmond.

The Senate subsequently adopted the House substitute.

LEGISLATIVE BRIEFS.

The bill introduced by Mr. Starke, of Richmond, to compel railroads chartered in Virginia to have their principal offices in this State is on the calendar.

The House unanimously passed a resolution giving the Debt Commission power to appoint a stenographer if they deemed it advisable, but the resolution was lost in the Senate by failure to get a two thirds vote. The commission have power to employ a clerk.

Senator Lovenstein offered a resolution that merchants' licenses, which, under existing laws expire April 30th, 1887, shall not expire until June 1st, 1887. Adopted.

House bill, which has for its object the adapting of the revenue legislation of the State to the recent Supreme Court decision in regard to licenses, came up on its passage.

Senator Heaton was in favor of allowing the Supreme Court to adjudicate on the Virginia license laws. If the whole revenue system of the State was now recast and the United States courts reverse their decision it would cause much trouble.

On motion, the bill was passed by.

RECESS UNTIL APRIL 27TH.

It was about 3:30 when both Houses adjourned until Wednesday, April 27th, at 12 o'clock m.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The extra session has left but little by which it will be remembered. There was, however, an absence of acrimony, and the sessions were generally marked by good feeling.

There is but little in a name. Senator Grim was one of the best natured men in the body, and Senator Pettit was no small potatoes. President (*pro tem.*) Hurt was entirely "inocuous," and Senator Koiner certainly coined no fabrications.

The members have three weeks in which to report upon the great question which at that time they will assemble to grapple.

Private advices say that the British committee will sail from London next Saturday.

BY TELEGRAPH.

HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD AS SENT OVER THE WIRES.

The Latest Election Returns—Still Another Identification of the Rahway Murdered Girl—The Worst of the Season—Rumors of Fresh Overtures for a Franco-Russian Alliance—Crimes, Casualties, and Accidents—Weather Indications—&c.

THE RESULT IN CHICAGO.

Labor Leaders Declare that the Red-Flag Contingent Beat Them.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The latest returns have not materially changed the standing of the vote as announced last night. The last figures given out are: Roche, Republican, 51,268; Nelson, Labor, 23,410; Roche's majority, 27,858. In aldermen yesterday's ostensible result is the election of thirteen Republicans, four Democrats, and one Labor man. The new council will stand, with the hold-over aldermen: Republicans, 25; Democrats, 10; Labor, 1.

In the town of Lake the Law-and-Order party achieved a complete victory, electing their entire ticket by an average majority of about 1,300. The other suburban towns went largely Republican.

THE RED FLAG BEAT THEM.

The leaders of the Knights of Labor among the united labor party were, as a rule, very much disgusted at the result. In an interview, printed this morning, one of them says: "I'll tell you, the red flag has beaten us, and we will never have any success as a party until we get rid of the Socialists. The committee of twenty-five will meet on Thursday evening and we will settle this question then. The labor party must hereafter fight on labor issues only. We must put our feet on Socialists and the whole crowd of red-flag agitators, or there is no hope for us. I repeat, the red flag was the cause of our defeat. The people will not tolerate Anarchy, Socialism, or Communism. But we will settle this question on Thursday evening. We must and will wash our hands of the red flag and compel the Socialists to take a back seat."

THE PRESS FELICITATES CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 6.—In commenting on the result of yesterday's election the *Times* says: "The people of Chicago have given their answer in no uncertain tones to the brazen demands of the Haymarket banditti for a surrender of the municipal government into their blood-stained hands. The candidate of the red-flag barbarians for the mayoralty has been defeated by a majority approximating 28,000, and his associates on the city and town tickets have suffered a like righteous fate. The result is a magnificent triumph for the intelligence and conscience of Chicago. It is a splendid vindication of the patriotism, the common sense, and the sturdy manhood of the great masses of her people. It is a crushing rebuke to demagogues and tricksters of the Carter Harrison type, who, to promote their unhallowed ambition and lust of power, have been dallying with lawlessness, and wantonly trifling with the safety, the prosperity and the good name of this community. It is notice to the world that the tide of barbarism, which erst threatened to sweep away the safe-guards of life, property and personal rights in this great city, culminated in the bloody massacre of the Haymarket, and that, with the collapse of the rotten dynasty whose criminal folly and recklessness first opened a channel for its foul waters, Chicago is once more on high and solid ground, secure against the threatened inundation."

The *Tribune* says: "This city is set on a hill in full view of two continents. Between the fire of 1871 and the butchery of 1886, it has become a beacon-light seen and known of Europe and America. For its government to have passed into the hands of the Socialists by the voice of the people at the first city election after the Anarchistic outbreak would have gladdened the heart of every enemy of society and orderly institutions the world over. * * * It is greatly to the credit of the Chicago Democracy that the monstrous advice of the man who for eight years has been the local leader of the party was repudiated. No doubt a good many Democrats staid away from the polls, but with commendable enthusiasm a large number of those who went did their duty as voters."

The *Inter-Ocean* says: "The overwhelming majority cast for Mr. Roche is an expression of disapproval of further essays toward class government. It is not evidence of public hostility to labor organizations, though it is an unmistakable protest against the prostitution of labor organizations to the desires of oligarchs who choose to call themselves Socialists. The vote in detail shows that Democrats voted honestly for the whole of the Republican ticket. The Socialists and their allies derived majorities in only two of the eighteen wards, and they elected only one member of the council. They challenged the citizens of Chicago to a trial of strength, and they have their answer."

A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

They Gain Control of the Minneapolis City Council.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 6.—Yesterday's election was a victory for the Democrats, who elected ten aldermen to the Republicans eleven. The Democrats already had nine to the Republicans six, so now the council stands nineteen Democrats, seventeen Republicans. For the first time in years the Democrats are in power.

THE ELECTION IN ST. LOUIS.

The Labor Ticket Receives Only an Eighth of the Total Vote.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—The complete vote cast at yesterday's election, as printed this morning, does not change the result as given in the latest dispatches from here last night. The complexion of the House of Delegates, however, is variously given by the morning papers, the *Republican* dividing its members into 16 Democrats and 12 Republicans, while the *Globe-Democrat* classes them as 14 Democrats, 10 Republicans, 2 independent Democrats, 1 Republican-Labor, and 1 Socialist. The members of the council are all well-known and active business men, several of them prominent, and include L. S. Metcalf, an ex-Congressman. The House of Delegates will also contain a number of well-known men, but they are chiefly active politicians. A notable exception, however, is Samuel Hayes, the late postmaster of the city. The labor vote slightly exceeds 5,000, which is only a little over one-eighth of the vote cast. Max Stoehr, elected to the House of Delegates in the Fifth ward, is said to be a rabid Socialist and an active leader among the Knights of Labor. He is a new-comer to St. Louis.

STILL ANOTHER IDENTIFICATION.

The Murdered Rahway Girl Said to Be a Swedish Emigrant.

RAHWAY, N. J., April 6.—Chief of Police Looker has received a letter from Augusta Haas, of New York, in which she says that her husband and she visited the morgue on Sunday, and both positively identified the body of the murdered girl as that of a young Swedish woman who occupied a stateroom with Mrs. Haas on the passage to America.

A REIGN OF TERROR AMONG THE WOMEN.

A perfect reign of terror prevailes among the females here, those living on the out-skirts of the town being afraid to venture out of their houses after dark. The citizens are raising a large fund, by private subscription, for the purpose of rewarding the persons who shall identify the girl and detect her murderer.

THE WORST OF THE SEASON.

Michigan Railroads Blockaded by the Recent Snow Storm.

CHICAGO, April 6.—A special from Hancock, Mich., says: Decidedly the worst snow storm of the season is just over. The snow is thirty-four inches deep and drifted badly. The Hancock and Calumet railroad is blockaded. The Marquette train was delayed several hours, and it took the Mineral Range train seventeen hours to go thirteen miles from Calumet to Hancock. The first time for the season, all traffic on the street was stoped.

Rumors of Fresh Overtures for a Franco-Russian Alliance.

BERLIN, April 6.—The Government proposes to change the trade regulations introduced into the Bundesrath. They are too liberal for the Conservatives and German Catholics and too reactionary for the other parties, so that alterations are expected.

Rumors are current that new efforts have been made for a Franco-Russian alliance, but thus far without result, because Russia has been unable to take action.

The bourse was rather dull, but firm, to-day.

Skeletons Revealed by a Landslide.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., April 6.—The slipping of a portion of the river bank, a few miles above this city, yesterday, brought to light three human skeletons in a rough pine box, very badly decayed. The news of the discovery naturally created excitement, and further search of the locality resulted in the discovery of two similar boxes containing human bones. The only plausible solution of the mystery is the story of an old resident, who says the remains are those of passengers on a river steamer who died of cholera some forty years ago.

Flour Mill and Dwellings Burned.

BERWICK, PA., April 6.—Fire broke out last night in Jonas Crissman's flour mill, about one mile from here. A strong wind prevailed, and within two hours the mill, dwelling, and barns of Mr. Crissman, and the dwelling and out-houses of Squire M. H. Petty were totally destroyed. The fire burned so rapidly that the Crissman family were barely able to escape, Mrs. Crissman being sick in bed. All their household goods were destroyed.

To Establish Steel Pipe Works.

BALTIMORE, April 6.—A movement is now going on to establish at Curtis Bay an extensive steel pipe works, and a party is here from New York who ask of Baltimore one-half the cost of the plant. It is proposed to make steel guns of heavy calibre without boring. Mr. Robert Garrett is interested in the enterprise, and has offered to take $25,000 of the stock.

Inter-State Commerce Kick.

BANGOR, ME., April 6.—The Maine Central new freight schedule causes great dissatisfaction here. Our merchants talk of combining to establish steamboat lines to Boston and New York, and a paper is in circulation among heavy receivers and shippers, the signers of which agree to transact no business with the road.

A Verdict of Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—The coroner's jury in the case of Mary L. Buckingham, aged 32 years, who was found dead in bed yesterday morning by her husband, who was sleeping by her side, returned a verdict to-day of suicide by shooting while temporarily insane.

The Fraudulent Land Surveys.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., April 6.—J. W. McGinniss, a clerk in Surveyor General Reicher's office, was arrested yesterday in connection with the fraudulent land survey cases, but was subsequently released on bail in the sum of $2,500.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Indications for the twenty-four hours, commencing at 6 p.m.: For Virginia, warmer, fair weather; variable winds, shifting to east and south.

Queen Victoria at Aix-les-Bains.

LONDON, April 6.—Queen Victoria has arrived at Aix-les-Bains from Cannes. Her Majesty is much fatigued after the journey.

Alexander Again Declines.

LONDON, April 6.—Prince Alexander of Battenberg has again declined to be re-elected ruler of Bulgaria.