The Daily Times.

VOL. III.—NUMBER 871. RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1889 PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY TIMES,
Published every day in the year, and the only Monday morning daily issued in Virginia.

THE WHIG,
Established January, 1824, was absorbed by The Daily Times December 28, 1888.

Thermometer at the Times Office.

9 A. M.	30	9 P. M.	38°
12 M.	41°	Midnight.	39°
3 P. M.	43°		
6 P. M.	39	Mean temp.	38.8°

The Daily Times Almanac.

Sun rises,	7:37	Moon rises,	12:9
Sun sets,	5:41	Day's length,	10h. 30m.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 7.—For Virginia, fair, much warmer southwesterly winds. For North and South Carolina, fair, much variable winds, becoming southerly.

MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals and Departures at This Port.

ARRIVED.

Schooner Fannie Brown, Sharret, Charleston, phosphate rock, Allison & Addison.
Schooner A. S. Gaskill, Gaskill, Baltimore; ballast, J. G. Tinsley & Co.
Schooner F. E. Waters, Tall, Baltimore; ballast, Gwathmey Mills.
Schooner George W. Covington, Travers, Baltimore.
Schooner L. E. Williams, Kennedy, Baltimore; ballast, S. W. Travers & Co.
Schooner Thomas Richards, Hopkins, Baltimore; ballast, S. W. Travers & Co.

SAILED.

Brig Monitor, Ohlsen, San Jose de Norte; ballast.
Schooner R. W. Huddle, Doughty, Claremont; cut lumber for New York.
Schooner H. A. Seward, Thomas, Baltimore; fertilizers, L. M. Robinson, Vessel Curtis & Parker.

COURT CALENDAR.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.—January 5th, March 5th, November 5th, at Richmond city; September 26th, at Staunton, Va.; July 16th, at Wytheville, Va.

RICHMOND CITY.

CHANCERY COURT.—First Monday in January, April, June, and October.
CHANCERY COURT.—Third Monday in February and third Monday in May and October.
HUSTINGS COURT.—First Monday in every month and September 24th. No court in August.
POLICE COURT—Criminal.—Every day at 9:30 A. M.
POLICE COURT—Civil.—Every Friday at 12 M.

HENRICO.

CIRCUIT COURT.—Third Monday in January, first Monday in May, and first Monday in October.
COUNTY COURT.—Second Monday in every month.

HANOVER COUNTY.

CHANCERY COURT.—18th of April and 28th of October.
CIRCUIT COURT.—Third Wednesday in every month.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.

CHANCERY COURT.—15th of May and 15th of November.
COUNTY COURT.—Second Monday in every month.

LOUISA COUNTY.

CIRCUIT COURT.—20th of March and 20th of September.
COUNTY COURT.—Second Monday in every month.

SICK HEADACHE cured by using Dr. David's Vegetable Liver Pills.

There can hardly be any dispute as to the advisability of establishing a Naval Reserve. The question has recently received the serious consideration of a large number of experts, whose opinions were asked for by the Board of Trade and Transportation in New York.

CONSUMERS OF OIL will consult the safety of their persons and property by using Owens & Minor's electric-light safety oil. It is odorless, colorless, safe, and gives a brilliant light. *

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, drink Chase City Lithia Water. Price 25 cents a gallon, or $4 a case. *

TRY OUR "PLANTATION" CIGARS, only $5 per hundred, and 5 cents apiece. Owens & Minor Drug Company. *

DON'T GIVE ME anything else, for nothing does my children and myself the good that Dr. David's Cough Syrup does. *

CRUTCHES, TRUSSES AND BRACES at Owens & Minor Drug Company.

Sleepless nights made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you.
OWENS & MINOR DRUG CO.

That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee
OWENS & MINOR DRUG CO.

Cold Wave Coming.

Weather Strips! No house should be without them! It keeps out cold wind, snow, rain and dust, stops windows from rattling, saves fuel and promotes comfort. Prices from 2 cents to 10 cents per foot. Largest stock in the city at
WALTER S. SUBLETT'S,
409 east Broad street, Richmond, Va.

Notice to the Public.

I wish to inform my friends and the public that I am still in the field and prepared to furnish meals to order from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Am doing the most extensive lunch-counter business in the city. Nothing but the very best is served every day from 11:30 A. M. to 5 P. M. Fine old stock whiskies and wines always on hand. Toney Faust beer a specialty. Respectfully,
GUS E. DELARUE,
919 Main street, opposite West & Johnston's.

WE REPEAT IT—No family ought to be without a bottle of that old-fashioned remedy, Dr. David's Cough Syrup of pure pine tar, horehound, and wild cherry. *

CUT FLOWERS, roses, violets, camellias, and lily of the valley in the greatest variety at Harvey's, No. 9 east Broad street; also palms, ferns, &c., for house decoration, parties, teas, and marriages. Call and see before you buy. Lowest prices for funeral designs. *

Piles, Fistula, &c.

It has been clearly demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that these diseases are curable without the use of knife, ligature, or caustic, which remedies at this date may be classed as relics of barbarism.

A close and continuous application for many years past to the study and treatment of this class of diseases enables me to make, with confidence, the above declaration. My treatment is attended with no inconvenience or discomfort, relieves at once, and effects a complete restoration in a short time, without confinement to bed or detention from business.

To those interested, I shall take pleasure in exhibiting written testimonials from many well-known citizens of Richmond and many other portions of the State. I beg to refer to Mr. W. H. H. Lynn, of Staunton (past grand commander of Knights Templar); Mr. H. M. Smith, of H. M. Smith & Co.; General John R. Cooke, Mr. Andrew J. Gray, Mr. W. J. Gentry, and many others of equal prominence.

Examinations without charge.
W. K. SMITH, M. D.,
No. 411 N. Ninth street,
Richmond, Va.
ja22-3m

BY TELEGRAPH.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM THIS SIDE OF THE ATLANTIC.

ADDRESS OF THE NATIONAL LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

TEST AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY OF STEEL CAST GUNS.

The Sleeping Woman Awakes After a Month's Nap—The Anarchists a Political Power in Chicago—Domestic News.

CINCINNATI, February 7.—The following address was issued to-day by the Executive Committee of the National League of America, now in session here:

To the Friends of Ireland:

The continued struggle of our kindred in Ireland for the inalienable right of self-government maintained by them at such tremendous sacrifices and against such mighty odds, is just now being subjected in the persons of its devoted leaders, to another ordeal of exceptional severity. The Tory Government of England has thrown aside even the forms of decency under which it has heretofore at times veiled its malignity, and now stands forth the remorseless executioner of naked, unblushing despotism. We view with just pride the unity and perseverance exhibited by the Irish people in this latest struggle against their titled oppressors. Freedom of action and expression have been denied them by these Tory tyrants under British forms of law, but bribes, menaces and judicial murder have failed to depress their spirit or materially check their onward march. We assure them that their countrymen in America stand ready to support them in steps which their wisdom and prudence may dictate in their struggle to recover their liberties. We regard with indifference, if not contempt, the daily perjuries in the Commission Court, and declare in advance that a tribunal so constituted and packed cannot render any judgment which will in the least deter us from supporting our brethren, nor, we are sure, lose Ireland the friendship of the masses in all civilized communities who have watched Ireland's struggle for freedom.

The *Times* may rail, suborn perjury and continue its heinous work of endeavoring to destroy the national cause by the tarnishing of our leader's reputation, but in vain. England's titled classes have no longer the ear of the world exclusively. Batons and bludgeons, jails and prison garbs have been shown to have no terrors for the people and their leaders. True, she added the murder of Mandeville to the innumerable list of martyred Irish heroes, and Balfour, the latest representative of England's official tyranny in Ireland, tried to keep his expressed word that he would kill William O'Brien and John Dillon by long terms of imprisonment. Still there has been no faltering, and the splendid spirit of the people shows that they are worthy of our best efforts, and should receive our prompt, effective and continued assistance till it has been demonstrated that peaceful agitation has failed to produce in England a sense of justice and a desire to repair her countless injuries inflicted upon Ireland.

In proposing the remedies for these wrongs, which, in the language of one of Ireland's tried and purest sons, "Cry to Heaven for vengeance," we have taken no hasty action, but after day's of deliberation we have for the present decided upon the following plan, and now turn to you, lovers of Ireland's cause in America—the cause of justice and humanity—to co-operate with us in the work. We have decided to call

A NATIONAL CONVENTION

in Philadelphia, the date of which you will soon learn. To this convention every organization, however closely or remotely connected with the Irish national cause in the past, will be invited to send representatives. This, the last national convention of the "Exiled Gael," should be the greatest in numbers, the most emphatic and effective in its proposed line of action, and should be the fitting close to the last ten years of heroic sacrifices which lovers of liberty and justice in America have grandly made. That the proper act may accompany the words of hope and encouragement which Ireland needs in this, her trying hour, we hereby authorize the treasurer of the Irish National League of America, Rev. Charles Orreilly, D. D., to send immediately to Mr. Parnell the sum of $20,000.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President.

STEEL CAST GUNS.

Second Test at the Naval Academy.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., February 7.—The second test of steel cast guns took place near the Naval Academy to-day, and, unlike that in the early part of December, the gun successfully stood the test. Ten statutory rounds of 48½ pounds each were fired, and the gun was not phased. It was cast by the Standard Steel and Casting Company, of Thurlow, Pa., and is made of open hearth steel. The gun which burst in December, and which was cast at Pittsburg, was made of Bessemer steel. The Congressional act which calls for tests of these guns provides for a third one to be made of crucible steel, only a limited amount of which is cast in this country. The gun tested to-day weighs 13,125 pounds, is 165 inches long and has a six inch bore. Its tensile strength is 80,000 pounds per square inch, its elongation 21 per cent., and its elastic limit 40,000 pounds per square inch. Before it is placed aboard a man-of-war it will be given other tests, and should it withstand them also a revolution will be wrought in ordnance manufacture. The government will pay the Thurlow Company $5,550 for the gun.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

The Sleeping Woman Awakes After a Thirty-five Day Nap.

ATTICA, N. Y., February 7.—Mrs. Emma Althouse, the sleeping woman, awakened yesterday from her last trance, having slept thirty-five days and a few hours. For the past few days she had shown sign that the crisis, whether she would awake or not, was approaching. After what appeared to be a struggle, she opened her eyes. Her nose bled freely, and her breathing increased in force and rapidity, until the respiration exceeded 50 a minute. Her temperature was ordinary, about 98; the pulse unsteady and fluctuating. Mrs. Althouse was very weak, and several fainting fits followed her awakening. Some nourishment, the first since January 2d, was then given her. She was up to this morning only able to communicate with her attendants by motions of the head in reply to questions, but is reported as gaining strength rapidly.

THE CITY BY THE SEA.

Indictments Found Against the Home Savings Bank—Other Norfolk News.

NORFOLK, February 7.—In the Corporation Court this afternoon the grand jury brought in indictments against George S. Oldfield, president, H. C. Percy, cashier and H. S. Nichols and H. L. Page, directors of the Home Savings Bank, which failed about the 1st of December. The indictments created an immense sensation, although not entirely unexpected. Immediately after the jury had reported, Judge Brooke issued a bench warrant for the arrest of all parties, and Messrs. Nichols and Page came in court, gave themselves up, and asked for bail, which was granted. President Oldfield will, it is thought, surrender immediately, but as Cashier Percy is in Washington, and has been ever since the failure of the bank, it is not known whether or not he can be captured. The indictment against him is for making false entries and swearing to false reports while the president and directors are charged with swearing to these reports. When the bank failed its affairs were found in a deplorable condition, and will hardly pay the depositors 50 per cent. on the dollar.

Besides finding indictments against the bank officials, several parties who sell lottery tickets and own policy establishments were indicted and warrants issued for their arrest. The city is much wrought up over the finding, which are the principal topic of conversation in the hotel lobbies and almost everywhere.

Denver L. Barnes, who swindled Norfolk merchants out of various sums of money by passing bogus checks on them, was brought to the city last night from Wilmington, N. C., where he was captured. He will plead guilty to the charges against him in Norfolk, and takes his arrest with the utmost coolness and complacency. He is originally from Buffalo, N. Y., and says that he has worked in cities throughout the United States for the last fifteen months.

An organization was formed in Portsmouth, last night, to be known as the Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Organizer Thomas Tapp, who is working up the Farmers' Alliance in this section, will meet President G. T. Barbee, of Bridgewater, Va., in Norfolk on the 13th instant and proceed to Centreville, Norfolk county, and organize a subordinate alliance among the farmers in that section.

The Atlantic and Danville Railroad Company have made an arrangement with the Seaboard and Roanoke railroad and the Chowan and Southern road to use their tracks for the purpose of reaching Portsmouth.

The West Virginia Muddle.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., February 7.—Two ballots for United States Senator were taken to-day, on each of which Goff received 40 votes; Kenna, 29; Goshorn, 1, and Preston Herriford and Governor Wilson one each. Van Pelt voted for Kenna to-day. A resolution was presented in the joint assembly by Senator Morris protesting against the Democratic action in refusing to have the returns for Governor read. The discussion occupied the entire day.

This afternoon in the joint assembly the Republicans protest against the Democratic action in refusing to announce the vote for Governor was voted down by the Democrats, who refused to allow it to appear on the journal, when the Republicans immediately arose and left the hall, leaving the Democrats without a quorum. However, the Democrats proceeded to open the vote and publish it for other State officers. No returns for Attorney-General were found from Webster county, and an inaccuracy was found in the vote from Wood county, no return having been made of the vote for the Republican candidate for auditor.

United States Commissioner Renewed.

NEW YORK, February 7.—A special to the *Times* from Syracuse, N. Y., says that Judge Wallace has issued an order removing James A. Murray, of Buffalo, from the office of United States Commissioner. Mr. Murray, who is a Buffalo lawyer, has a claim against the Government for services rendered some years ago, he has been endeavoring to have this claim allowed by Congress, and the matter has for some time been in the hands of the House Judiciary Committee. A short time ago Murray wrote to Congressman Glover, of St. Louis, making the offer that if he (Glover) would use his influence to secure the passage of his bill he would give him 25 per cent. of the money received.

The Cotton Oil Trust.

NEW ORLEANS, February 7.—It is probable that the Cotton-Oil Trust trial will continue for several days yet. The adverse rulings of the court a few days ago, which are considered as fatal to the claims of the trust, have been followed by the transfer by the trust of the ownership of several valuable blocks of real estate to the Union Oil Company, of Providence, R. I. This is believed to be for the purpose of enabling an appeal to be made to the Federal courts in case the present suit is decided against the trust.

Sensation in the Dominion Parliament

NEW YORK, February 7.—The *Sun* Ottawa, Ont., special says: There was quite a scene in Parliament yesterday when, in reply to a question, the Minister of the Interior said that Henry Robillard, member of Parliament, had acquired the exclusive rights from the Dominion Government to cut pine timber on seventy-five square miles of valuable timber land in the northwest for the nominal figure of $316; which privilege he sold three days later for $50,000. Robillard is a strong supporter of Sir John MacDonald.

Danville Land Improvement Company.

DANVILLE, VA., February 7.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of business men and local capitalists convened here this afternoon to take initiatory steps to organize the Danville Land and Improvement Company. It was an earnest business meeting, and $35,000 capital stock was subscribed on the spot. A meeting to complete the organization will be held to-morrow, when it is expected the capital will be doubled.

Suit for Divorce.

ST. LOUIS, February 7.—The Moore-Norton scandal was revived to-day by the filing of a suit by John W. Norton, manager of the Grand Opera House, for a divorce from his wife, Emma Stockton Norton, on the ground of adultery and abandonment. Mrs. Morton eloped with Moore, managing editor of the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*, about a year ago, and is said to be living with him in New York.

The National Confederate Soldier's Home.

NEW YORK, February 7.—Several of the morning papers print the appeal of the board of directors of the National Confederate Soldiers' Home, at Austin, Tex., for contributions in aid of the institution. It is desired to erect a building with accommodations for from 250 to 400 persons. Chauncey M. Depew has consented to receive and forward all donations of money.

An Unfortunate Misunderstanding.

RICHLAND CENTER, February 7.—As the result of a misunderstanding, Oscar Hatten, a prominent business man of this place, lies at his residence mortally wounded. He and John Bird, also a well-known citizen, met in Brandi's saloon last night. A quarrel ensued, and Bird, moved to desperation, drew a pistol and fired. Hatten fell fatally wounded. Bird gave himself up to the authorities.

WASHINGTON.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE.

NOW AWAITING THE SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDENT.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH BRANCHES OF CONGRESS.

The Bill for the Erection of a Bridge From Fort Monroe to Elizabeth County Favorably Reported—Capital Notes, &c.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—The Senate to-day further discussed the Legislative Appropriation bill. Mr. Sherman presented the conference report on the bill to incorporate the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua. It was agreed to. The bill now goes to the President for his approval.

The credentials of Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, for a new Senatorial term, were presented and filed.

Mr. Blair reported favorably a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to prohibit the defeat by the United States or any State of the right of suffrage on account of sex. The resolution was placed on the calendar. Mr. Cockrell gave notice that a minority report would be made hereafter.

Mr Sherman offered a resolution which was agreed to, for the appointment of a committee of three Senators to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the President-elect on the 4th of March next.

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Chandler instructing the Committee on Appropriations to make an investigation in relation to the longevity, mileage and sea services, claims of naval officers, was taken up, and after debate, in which the conduct of Washington claim agents was severely criticised, went over until to-morrow without action.

Senators Davis and Daniel were appointed on the board of visitors to the Military Academy.

The House amendment to the Senate bill as to cutting of timber on Indian lands was concurred in.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Legislative Appropriation bill, the pending question being on Mr. Hawley's amendment to give an additional clerk, of the third class, to the Civil Service Commission. After a prolonged debate the amendment was agreed to. Another long discussion took place as to whether the board of pension appeals, fixed in the bill as three members, should be increased to six. The change was made.

Mr. Gorman moved to increase the salary of the assistant door-keeper of the Senate ($2,592) by $500, so long as the position is held by the present occupant, who has been in the service of the Senate five years.

Mr. Hoar suggested that the name of Mr. Bassett be mentioned in the amendment, so as to enabalm the name of that excellent and honored public servant in the annals of the Senate. The amendment was modified accordingly, and was agreed to. The bill went over till to-morrow.

The Senate, at 6:10 P. M., adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House spent most of its time to-day in considering the Army Appropriation bill.

The bill increasing the pension of the widow of Brigadier-General W. H. Emery from $30 to $50 per month was taken up and, after a slight struggle, was passed.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Appropriation bill. The amendment was agreed to appropriating $1,500 for a riding and training master at West Point. Paragraphs were inserted appropriating $20,000 for officers' quarters at the Columbus, Ohio, Post; $17,600 for the purchase of the site of Fort Elliott, Texas; $34,000 to complete the water supply system at Fort Da Russell, Wyoming Territory.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, raised a point of order on the proposed amendment to appropriate $500,000 to purchase moveable submarine torpedoes, and the question was debated at some length by Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, Mr. Spinola, of New York, and Mr. Cutcheon, of Michigan. Pending discussion a conference was ordered on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill, and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

SENATOR DANIEL'S SPEECH ON CIVIL SERVICE.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, made an excellent speech in the Senate yesterday upon the civil service commission. That commission had asked for further clerical help, hence the discussion in which Plumb, Stewart, Cockrell, and other Senators took part. Mr. Daniel said, in the course of his remarks, that "I am opposed to that system, which I look upon as un-American, un-Republican, and un-Democratic. My objection to the civil service commission is based upon the bed-rock principle that it is not a thing that was ever contemplated by the fathers of our Republic, and was never resorted to except as a refuge from corruption. The system is a crystalization of executive power without executive responsibility." Continuing the Senator said: "I have another objection to that system. There is no business establishment which selects its business employees upon the principle that this government is selecting its employes. Where can we find a company which has abdicated the function of individual judgment of character and transferred it to a board to ask a stranger a few questions and then admit him into the confidence of that concern and into its responsible functions? There was something entirely illogical in the establishment of this machine system of civil service reform. I am satisfied that this system has been injurious to all parties in this country. The Democratic party have suffered most by it, because they got the first full dose of it; but the time has come now when that cup has passed from it, and while I am not a great admirer of the Republican party, I have human nature and charity enough in my composition to assist my brethren of that party to drop that cup and break it, and assume the responsibility of government just as soon as they will."

DEMOCRATIC PROGRAMME FOR '92.

In speaking with several members of Congress to-day I learned what at first appeared to be but a social entertainment turned out to be a real Democratic reunion. The idea is that Governor Hill is to be placed in nomination for the presidency in 1892, and that Whitney is to be Governor of New York; further that Hill will resign, or rather not accept a re-election for 1896, but will allow Whitney to succeed him. Although there were no politics actually talked of at the luncheon, still everyone knew the purpose for which the entertainment was given. It was also understood that the campaign for '92 should commence at once, and that quiet work should go forward towards the accomplishment of this combination.

Both men are extremely popular with the Democratic Congressmen, and it is safe to say that nine-tenths of them are in favor of such a combination.

Whitney has made for himself a reputation as Secretary of the Navy, and besides is an extremely popular man with all classes in New York State, as well as throughout the country generally.

It now looks as though Mr. Whitney's recent visit to New York, Mr. Hill's visit to Washington during President Cleveland's absence, at this particular time, were prearranged plans, and if so, they were well carried out.

NO SOUTHERN REPRESENTATIVE IN THE CABINET.

A belief is quite current here that the South will not be represented in the Cabinet at all. Rumors are abroad that General Harrison has intimated that he is very much incensed at the repeated delegations which have gone to him from the Southern States soliciting Cabinet positions for various men, and so long as that section is unable to agree upon one man, he has determined to ignore all claimants from that section, and will fill his Cabinet with men from the Northern States.

The star of Mahone, which appeared to be in the ascendancy a few weeks ago, has now, to all appearances, sunk below the horizon to such deep depths that it will never again be seen.

A Democrat who has known General Harrison since he was elected to the United Sattes Senate, said to-day that he was a bigoted partisan and a bitter hater of the South. He says: "There is no use in the Southern people expecting any thing more friendly from General Harrison than they would expect from Bill Chandler; and I would rather depend upon Chandler being friendly towards the South than upon Harrison."

CABINET GOSSIP.

Cabinet gossip is the chief subject of conversation among all who are interested in politics, and the names suggested for the various positions would fill a good sized book.

Within the past few days a conference has been held between Platt, of New York, Miller, of New York, and New, of Indiana. The significance of this conference becomes apparent, taken in connection with the fact that the newspapers have hinted that Blaine will not go into the Cabinet. It is a well-known fact that New and Blaine never speak, owing to a disagreement about four years ago when Blaine dismissed his case against the Indianapolis *Sentinel*, and stated that he could not get justice in the Indiana courts. It is also equally well known that Platt, Sherman and many other prominent political men make no concealment of the fact that they have no confidence in the "Plumed Knight."

Harrison is already in what may be termed a dilemma. The declination of Allison to accept a cabinet portfolio has caused an entire change of plans. The Senate is arrayed against him. They have, as it were, formed a close corporation to prevent any one of their number accepting a Cabinet position. It is well known that when Allison left Indianapolis he was undecided whether to enter the Cabinet or not, and before giving a decided answer asked to be allowed to confer with his friends. This he did, and with the exception of two Senators, every Republican member of that body advised him that such a course would be suicidal.

CONSUL-GENERAL SEWELL.

Secretary Bayard declined this evening to discuss the subject of the notification to Consul-General Sewell that his resignation was desired. There is no doubt, however, that this action on the part of the Secretary grows out of dissatisfaction on account of Mr. Sewell's utterances during this examination about Samoan affairs before the Congressional committee, which were published in these dispatches several weeks ago.

Mr. Sewell, when seen to-night by a representative of the United Press, said: I am thoroughly sincere when I say that I am glad of to-day's developments. My formal resignation will be sent to the State Department to-night and I will know that I have been saved from a humiliating position. I have no grievance; I simply deplore that I was forced unconsciously to deceive the people who trusted my government." I am asked to resign because the infamous secret is out and that secret is that while the conference of July, 1887, was being held in Washington to arrange the Samoan question, Germany was permitted, without protest from the United States, to send her ironclads into the harbor of Apia and place our Government in a position that any fourth rate European power would have resented at the hazard of its existence.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Mr. Henry Magruder, of Richmond, Va., was married last night to Miss Jessie Fremont Harvey, the daughter of Dr. C. A. Harvey, of this city, at the First Congregational Church. Quite a large number of friends were present. The church was prettily decorated, and they start out on their married life under particularly pleasant circumstances. The ushers were Messrs. Warren P. Taylor, of Richmond; C. H. Elliott, G. A. Provest and Fred. A. Grant.

The bride and groom left on their bridal trip for New York last night at 10 o'clock, whence they will return Monday to Richmond, where they will make their future home.

Mrs. Magruder is well known in musical circles in Washington, and will be a decided acquisition to Richmond, as she possesses both a fine voice and has a thorough knowledge of music.

Mr. Daniel introduced in the Senate to-day a bill providing that any American citizen over twenty-one years of age, who shall have passed the civil service examination and have been found qualified, shall be furnished by the Civil Service Commissioner with a certificate of the fact, and shall the applicant be eligible to appointment to any office or position to which said examination applies without further formality, if the quota of his State or Territory is not already full.

The bill authorizing the erection of an iron bridge from Fortress Monroe to Elizabeth City county, Virginia, was favorably received by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-day.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs this morning ordered a favorable report on the proposed amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill to pay the widow of the late General Sheridan $50,000.

A joint debate between the Jefferson Literary Society and the Randolph Literary Society of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held at the hall of the Association this evening at 8:15 o'clock. It will, no doubt, be an interesting occasion.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Route No. 11,174.—Pungoteague to Hoffman's wharf. From February 11, 1889, the service has been increased to twelve trips a week.

An additional line of railway post-office cars, 40 feet in length, has been authorized to run between Lynchburg and Bristol over the Norfolk and Western Railroad from February 11th to June 30th.

James A. Watkins has been commissioned fourth class postmaster from February 5th, at Plum Branch, Va.

Murder of Paymaster McClure.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., February 7.—The trial of Mike Rizzlo for the murder of Paymaster McClure was begun to-day. There was such a disorderly crowd around the court-house that the entire police force had to be used in preserving order. A jury was obtained after four hours' work and the court adjourned until to-morrow.

BEYOND THE SEA.

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS OF THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

THE LAST ROMANTIC STORY OF RUDOLPH'S DEATH.

HIS PARAMOUR AND HIMSELF DIE TOGETHER.

Indignation Over Mr. O'Brien's Treatment. Big Radical Meeting to Protest Against Balfourism—Foreign News and Cable Flashes.

LONDON, February 7.—The evidence before the Parnell Commission is being heard daily. That of to-day was not of a notable character. This afternoon Le Caron, an American, gave testimony. He made for the judges of the commission a key of the symbols used by the "U B." He identified various circulars issued by the Irish-American League in 1884-85-86, urging subscriptions. One circular, issued in March, 1886, referred to the "emasculated home rule scheme," and urged camps to remit money for the purchase of "delusion" (cypher for dynamite).

Sir Charles Russell, of the Parnellite counsel, cross-examined the witness. Le Caron said that he went to America in 1861 and enlisted in the Federal army. In 1865 he joined the Fenians. He wrote to his father of the Irish conspiracy, and also gave information concerning it to the English home office. Until 1868 his communications to the English Government, of which there was an immense number, were made through his father. After that date he sent to the Government direct. During his cross examination Le Caron said: "I consider myself a military spy."

INDIGNATION OVER O'BRIEN'S TREATMENT.

LONDON, February 7.—The members of the government held a Cabinet meeting of two hours' duration to-day. The programme for the coming session was discussed, but most of the time was given to a conference on Irish matters. The vast numbers of public meetings held both in Ireland and England to express indignation at Mr. Balfour's savage treatment of William O'Brien have caused no little secret uneasiness to the government, who deplore the opportunity given to the enemy to create an overwhelming feeling in their favor. It is believed, however, that Mr. Balfour's course in Ireland would be upheld, as any visible backing down on the part of the government at present would mean weakness. It is possible that changes may take place at an early date in the Cabinet, and with the changes of the *personnel* a slightly different course might be pursued that would reflect no discredit upon the government in the eyes of their supporters, and yet which would relieve them from the charge of tyranny against their political foes.

LATEST ROMANCE ABOUT RUDOLPH.

VIENNA, February 7.—The following is published as the authentic details regarding the tragic death of Crown Prince Rudolph: Archduke Rudolph had paid court to the beautiful Baroness Marie Vetsera for four months, and it is stated that Countess Wallersee Larisch, a niece of Empress Elizabeth, encouraged the *liason*. Baroness Marie had a romantic and nervous temperament, and was devoted to Rudolph. The pair started in a close carriage drawn by two horses, on the 28th of January, for Meyerling. They spent the next day together, and on the morning of the 30th both were found dead in the prince's bed. Marie was shot through the forehead and Rudolph as already described. It is evident that the guilty couple resolved to die together. The coverlet of the bed were strewn with flowers. The body of the Baroness was taken secretly from the chateau to the game-keepers cottage and was removed from thence for burial. The Vetersa family left Vienna on Saturday for Venice, where they will probably live hereafter.

BRITISH NEWS IN BRIEF.

LONDON, February 7.—The *Gazette* says that constitutional means will never save Ireland to England.

A big Radical meeting to protest against Balfourian methods will be held in Hyde Park on Sundav. The navy estimates, it is believed, will not exceed $7,000,000.

Barry Sullivan, whose health has prevented his appearance on the stage for a long time, is now reported to be dying.

CABLE FLASHES.

DUBLIN, February 7.—Summonses have been served upon Mr. William O'Brien, who is now in Clonmel jail for the speeches which he made at Kenmore

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The *Times* this morning has a special dispatch from New Bedford, Mass., stating that information has been received there of an insult offered the American flag by the Portuguese in October last.

AUGUSTA, ME., February 7.—Professor M. Jewett, of Redfield, was found dead in his chair at his residence Tuesday. He was a prominent educator, and for several years a teacher in the Southern States.

CLEVELAND, O., February 7.—The Northern Ohio Blanket Mill, on Pleasant street in this city, was burned this morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $50,000.

NEWARK, N. J., February 7.—The large trunk factory of Simon Brothers, at the corner of Main and St. Frances streets, was burned this morning. Loss is estimated at $60,000.

NIAGARA FALLS, ONT., February 7.—The large brewery of the Niagara Falls Brewing Co., at Niagara Falls, South, was destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning together with its contents. Loss, $30,000.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The steamer Carondolet was libelled yesterday and prevented from sailing for Hayti with a cargo of ammunition and other contraband articles, supposed to be intended for the use of Hyppolite's forces.

Callers on the President-Elect.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., February 7.—The President-elect had a number of callers to-day. Chairman Huston, of the Indiana State Central Committee, returned from Florida and paid his respects early in the day, accompanied by State Senator Rathbone, of Ohio. Colonel Jackson, Judge Steel, and Miss Bessie McAllister, the latter postmistress at Florence, called to-day and talked over the Southern question.

John C. New, after an unavoidable delay of three days, left this evening for New York. Though Mr. New stated that he was going East on private business, it is generally believed that he goes for the purpose only of having a conference with Warner Miller relative to a Cabinet appointment.

Earthquake Shocks in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 7.—Light earthquake shocks are reported from Los Angeles and San Bernandino as having occurred at 9:20 last night. Two distinct shocks were also felt at Cotton, Cal. No damage was done.

AN ALARMING SHOWING.

The Greatest Danger Now Threatening the Community and What the Leading Papers Have to Say on the Subject.

The leading question of the day among scientific men, and the leading papers is the alarming increase of pneumonia, the death-rate showing an increase of over *five hundred per cent* within the last few years. Doctor Governeur M. Smith, in an article in the Medical *Record*, says that while medical art has advanced of recent years in many directions, "so far as pneumonia is concerned science has shrivelled." The New York *Sun*, writing on this subject, says:—"The great increase in the fatality of pneumonia is very alarming, especially as the disease carries off so many in the prime of life and health." The New York *Herald* says: "Considering the large dying weather changes it is to be feared this dread disease will open its campaign very vigorously." Surgeon General Moore, of the Army, in his annual report, says:—"The principal cause of death in the army is pneumonia."

There is not a man or woman, every doctor, every surgeon, and every nurse does not know the danger of pneumonia, and that is to stimulate the system. The life is weakened, and must be stimulated to throw off this terrible disease. Pure spirits do this; impure spirits do not. The amount of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey used by the doctors and nurses in the land, in cases of pneumonia, is enormous. One doctor states that he cured himself of pneumonia three different times by the use of this Great Remedy. Prudent heads of families have found the benefit of keeping this pure preparation in their homes, to be used in cases of emergency. Temperance men and women, Doctors of Divinity, and the most advanced thinkers unreservedly indorse it. It is used not as a beverage, but as the most scientific remedy of the day, and it can show more cures than any other known discovery. Great care should be exercised in securing the genuine, and great prompt ness in taking it on the approach of the first symptoms. (2)

AUCTION SALE—To Day

AUCTION SALE OF BANANAS and LEMONS.—We will sell TO-DAY, at 12:30 o'clock, 100 bunches Choice ripe BANANAS; 50 boxes of 300 LEMONS.
WM. JENKINS & SON,
fe 8-1t* 1440 east Main street.

CABBAGE! CABBAGE! CABBAGE! I will sell at auction TO-DAY (Friday) at 4 o'clock, on Richmond and Petersburg depot, one car CHOICE CABBAGE. To be sold without limit or reserve.
fe6-1t* L. POWERS, Agent, 1212 Cary st.

AUCTION SALES—Future Days.

By R. B. Chaffin & Co.,
Real Estate Auctioneers,
No. 1 N. Tenth street, Richmond, Va.

COMMISSIONERS' AUCTION SALE OF TWO TRACTS OR PARCELS OF LAND IN HENRICO COUNTY, ABOUT TEN MILES BELOW RICHMOND, CONTAINING ALTOGETHER 885 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Henrico county in the case of Dreyfus & Co. against Vassaire and wife, entered January 21, 1889, the undersigned, special commissioners, appointed for the purpose, will sell by public auction, in front of Henrico County Courthouse, on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11TH, 1889,

at 12 o'clock M., the tracts of land referred to in said decree, as follows:

1st. All that tract lying and being in the county of Henrico, near the White-Oak Swamp, containing about 838 acres, more or less, being lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12, and one undivided third part of lots 7, 8 and 9, on a plat of the division of John Jordan's land, conveyed by Charles V. Sadler by deed recorded in Henrico County court, deed-book 96, page 256.

2d. That certain TRACT or PARCEL OF LAND, containing 25 ACRES, more or less, lying and being in the county of Henrico, about ten miles below Richmond, adjoining the lands of said Vassaire, Mountcastle and Allen, conveyed to said Vassaire by deed recorded in Henrico court in deed-book 119, page 305. These tracts of land may be sold together as a whole or separately.

TERMS:—One-third cash; residue in three equal instalments at six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest from day of sale, purchaser executing notes therefor, and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid and a conveyance is delivered by the court.
E. W. CARRINGTON,
J. SAMUEL PARRISH,
Special Commissioners.
Sale by R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Auctioneers.

I, W. S. Leake, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Henrico County, do certify that Special Commissioners E. W. Carrington and J. Samuel Parrish have given the bond required of them by decree entered in said cause on the 21st day of January, 1889.

Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1889.
W. S. LEAKE, Clerk.
[fe6,9,10,11]

WANTS.

WANTED—ANY ONE WHO found a Light Colored Beaver Cloth CAPE to bring it to 316 north Madison street and get reward. ANNA MITCHELL.
fe 8 3t

WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESMAN for tobacco and cigars. Only men of experience and best of references need apply. Address "A.," TIMES office. fe7-2t*

WANTED—BOARDERS WANTED. Also, a family to occupy connecting front rooms, and also small rooms suited for gentlemen. Table boarders accommodated. Apply at 917 east Marshall. fe6-2t*

WANTED—ON CHURCH HILL, furnished rooms, for light housekeeping for a