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VOL. IX.—NO. 57. ROANOKE, VA., SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1890. PRICE THREE CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WE ARE STILL OFFERING SOME special bargains in lots, residence and business property, in all sections of the city. Call and see us at once and we can make you some money. Yours very truly,
WILBUR S. POLE & CO.,
First floor, Exchange building.

NOTICE.
We can sell lots in the heart of the town at 25 to 40 per cent. lower than any other lots near them can be bought for.
SIMMONS, AMBLER & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Buchanan, Va.
Office corner Washington and Water streets.

FRIDAY, THE GREAT BARGAIN DAY.
GOODS GIVEN AWAY.
Every lady that will attend our bargain sale on Friday will be given twelve yards of good calico. Great reduction in prices all day long, and from 1 to 2 o'clock we will give every lady present twelve yards of good calico.
BERLIN'S AUCTION HOUSE,
nov20-21

A NEW ENTERPRISE.
We beg leave to announce that we have inaugurated the "Magic City Transfer Co." and are now ready for the transportation of passengers, baggage, or freight. We have nice vehicles, polite drivers, and will wait on you promptly night or day. Leave orders at our office, 112 Jefferson street, or with any of our drivers. Respectfully,
DUVAL & SMITH,
nov13-14

PARTIES HAVING CITY PROPERTY to sell either improved or unimproved will do well to list same with **NEAL & BERNDSON,** 107 First st. s. w. nov18-1wk.

WYTHEVILLE.

Many new Enterprises and Other Notes of Progress.
WYTHEVILLE, Nov. 22.—[Special]—The Virginia Stove and Range Foundry Company was fortunate in the selection of Messrs. Henry and Robert Simmerman, who are laying the stone foundation for their extensive establishment. The excavating and stone works is going on rapidly, and will soon be ready for the brick superstructure.

The one-story brick foundation for the basement of the Jackson Park Hotel is nearly all completed, and the work of the upper stories will soon assume shape. The company has determined to have the hotel ready for the resort season in the spring. The building will hold several hundred visitors, and go far toward accommodating the large crowds heretofore turned away from our popular summer and winter resort.

The foundations for the Krenning woolen and knitting factory, being erected in the Development Company's addition, is finished and the first story is going up rapidly. A letter from Mr. Krenning, of Celina, Ohio, states that he is getting matters in shape for removal here as soon as the buildings are ready.

The Wytheville Development Company decided, at its regular meeting on Saturday, to erect another \$50,000 hotel on block 13 of the Trinkle addition to accommodate the great tide of Southern visitors to the Mecca of the South.

A letter dated Celina, Ohio, from S. B. Shipley to the president of the Development Company, states that he will be ready to move his plant to Wytheville soon. The capacity of brick is 100,000 per day. Mr. Shipley will bring a number of skilled mechanics with him, and will add no little to the population of the city.

The foundations for the ten residences ordered by the Development Company, and being erected by the Wytheville Manufacturing Company, have been laid, and the frames are rapidly taking shape.

Favorable negotiations are in progress for the removal and establishment of an extensive grade and mantle manufactory in Wytheville.

There is no need to buy a Baltimore, Philadelphia or New York paper to find the news. By subscribing for THE TIMES you can have it served to you every morning at your breakfast table twelve hours in advance of the Northern papers.

THE LARGEST NEWSPAPER MAN.

Edmund S. Morgan, of the Sun, at Hotel Roanoke.
Mr. Edmund S. Morgan, the largest newspaper man in the United States, and wife are at Hotel Roanoke for a few days.

Mr. Morgan is an old newspaper man, having started in on the New York Herald some nineteen years ago. He has been connected with the New York Sun for a number of years, and is now employed in the capacity of special correspondent of that paper.

He has been making the circuit of the booming towns in Southwest Virginia and has shown his appreciation of a number of these cities by making investments in them. He is spoken of prominently in connection with a proposed mammoth hotel at Staunton.

Mr. Morgan, at an once seen, never to be forgotten, towers up in the air, being about six feet eight inches in height, and is large in proportion.

The reason why advertisers like THE TIMES is because their advertisements prove profitable.

THE CASE OF ESTELINE KING.

Crowley and Fortune Arraigned for Abduction

In Justice Howerton's Court Yesterday. The Hearing of the Case Postponed Until Saturday After a Hard Fight by Counsel for the Defendants—The Accused Give Bail and Are Released.

Crowded into the small, low-ceilinged and dingy court room wherein Magistrate S. W. Howerton dispenses justice yesterday, were some twenty-five men and a troubled, down-cast and forlorn-looking little woman.

She was Esteline King, and was there as the complaining witness in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Crowley and Fortune.

This was the case, recited at length in these columns yesterday, in which the defendants sought to entice Miss King into a house of ill-fame, and the charge was abduction.

Messrs. Lockett and Hoge appeared for the city and Messrs. Woods and Cooke for the defendants.

The warrant of arrest set forth that the offense was against Miss "Cain," and the misnomer was corrected after a short legal spat between the counsel.

Then ensued a determined effort on the part of the defense to secure a postponement, first in an effort to quash the warrant on a question of phraseology, and then because of the insufficiency of time defendants had to confer with their clients.

The defendants were sworn, and averred that they were not prepared to go on even with a preliminary examination, as they wished to look into the girl's record and to establish their own respective reputations.

This position was attacked by the counsel for the State, who held that these things were immaterial in the examination before a magistrate, whose sole jurisdiction was to determine if the amount of proof which the law requires to justify holding or committing the defendants had been produced. They wished to proceed with an examination immediately.

Messrs. Cooke and Woods warmly denied that their purpose was simply to delay an examination. They explained their position to be one of protecting the good names of their clients. Two men, they stated, were arrested in a strange city, and it was sought to examine them on ex parte testimony, as they had been unable to secure a solitary witness in the brief time elapsing between their arrest and the trial or examination.

They contended that if they had time to produce witnesses the showing they would be able to make would justify the magistrate in discharging their clients from arrest, whereas if they submitted to an examination at once things which should be explained at once would have to be delayed until the case came on to be heard in the court of trial.

This, it was asserted vehemently by counsel for the defense, would greatly injure the reputations which their clients enjoyed at home, and would work an injury which even an honorable acquittal on the trial could not repair.

The counsel on the other side demanded of the defense what they proposed to show with these witnesses who were not present but so much desired by the defense. They claim that these were matters solely for consideration on a jury trial.

After further argument, Squire Howerton decided to continue the case until Saturday, the 29th instant, at 12:30 o'clock, and concluded to leave the matter of bail with Judge Robertson to be heard at 2 o'clock yesterday.

Then another complication arose. It was developed that Judge Robertson was out of town, and Squire Howerton was prevailed upon to accept bail for the appearance of the defendants at the examination next Saturday.

Mr. R. L. Harvey, of Lynchburg, was called and qualified as bondsman for Fortune in the sum of \$600, and bailor and bailee left the magistrate's office.

They had scarcely left the building when counsel for the State was informed that the surety was insufficient, and officers were hastily dispatched for the two men.

Officer Wolfe brought the pair back, and Mr. Harvey was re-examined as to his sufficiency, which resulted in his being rejected.

Friends of the parties interested themselves in finding bondsman, and later Dr. Jones appeared and qualified in the sum of \$500 as Crowley's security, and J. B. Powell in a similar sum to secure the attendance of Fortune.

It is but just that the statement should be made that both Fortune and Crowley enjoy an excellent reputation in Lynchburg, and many friends accompanied them to Roanoke yesterday morning to stand trial and testify to this fact.

A Handsome Present.

Mr. E. C. Richardson, of this city, manager of the Keystone Watch Company of Baltimore, was the recipient of a very handsome present yesterday from the employes and guests of Ford's Hotel in Richmond, where he acted in the capacity of clerk for five years. It was a silver water pitcher and cup lined with gold, with his name and the date nicely engraved in script on each. It was given as an appreciation of his gentlemanly courtesy while on duty at that hotel.

The Ladies' Aid Society.

The oyster supper given by the Ladies' Auxiliary Society of the Lee Street Methodist church closed last night.

ROANOKE ON WALL ST.

Dr. Parsons Suggests a Bureau of Information.

During the Norfolk real estate convention Dr. E. A. Parsons suggested the establishment of a bureau of information on Wall street, New York, to keep investors thoroughly informed about this section.

To a TIMES reporter Dr. Parsons said last night that he thought it would be a good idea for Roanoke to establish such a bureau.

"The Commercial Club, the various land companies and the Real Estate Exchange," said he, "could unite in this matter and establish a bureau that would bring much money here, and lead to the establishment of many more industries in Roanoke."

"When people are afraid to invest in Wall street, we could secure many investments in this section, if we only had the means of laying our advantages before the people who are seeking investments. Besides, we would be advertising our advantages in the money center of the country, and such advertisement could not be otherwise than of great benefit to the city. We can afford to make the necessary outlay, and I think this matter should be brought to the attention of the people interested."

This matter was discussed at some length by the convention and was generally regarded as a great project.

It would be a bold stroke for Roanoke to take her advantages to Wall street as a bidder for investments, but it is the bold and daring strokes of the financial genius that have brought about the wonderful events of the past eight years.

It has been intimated that if Roanoke does not take hold of this matter, and co-operate with each other in the accomplishment of the desired end, one of the enterprising real estate firms of the city will carry out the idea, on a small scale at least.

"BOOTLES' BABY" LAST NIGHT.

"Evangeline" Monday Night—Other Amusements of the Week.

"Bootles' Baby" was presented to a very large and enthusiastic audience last night, and evidently created quite a good impression here.

The company is very well balanced, and the parts taken by the two children are unusually interesting.

The advance sale of seats for Rice's "Evangeline" has been very good, and the attendance on Monday night promises to be large.

The "Little Nugget" company will appear on Tuesday night, and to lovers of comedy this will certainly be a treat.

Clara Louise Kellogg will be here Wednesday evening in an opera-comedy entertainment. Miss Kellogg is too well known to need commendation, and Roanoke society will turn out en masse.

Mangled by the Cars.

Last night about 8 o'clock Warner Payne, a colored bricklayer, started across the railroad track near Henry street just as a freight train was backing up. Payne was knocked down and two wheels passed over his legs, absolutely crushing the left leg off at the knee, and mangling the right foot in a horrible manner. In addition he sustained a compound fracture of the right leg near the hip. He was taken to Dr. Koerner's office, where Drs. Koerner, Gale and Simmons amputated the left leg at the knee joint and the right foot, and reduced the fracture of the right leg. It is feared the right leg will have to be amputated at the hip joint. There is little chance for his recovery.

Hill City Investment Company.

The Hill City Investment Company has been organized to deal in real estate, with W. R. Harwood, president and M. L. Tanner, secretary and treasurer. The capital stock is \$15,000 with privilege to increase to \$20,000, and the par value per share is \$120.

Clarkson Not Sick.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 22.—[Special]—There is no truth in the report from Middleborough, Ky., that ex-Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson is seriously ill here. He was about the streets to-day and is gaining health.

Special Session Legislature.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 22.—[Special]—The Governor and council this morning voted to call a special session of the legislature on Tuesday, December 2nd. The vote of the council was 4 to 1, Republicans voting in favor.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

Steamboat Tributary, with cargo of cotton for New Orleans houses, was burned to water's edge on bayou Terrebonne yesterday morning. Loss heavy.

The run on the Howard Savings Bank at Newark considerably abated yesterday morning, confidence being restored. Many depositors are returning their money.

The President has appointed Patrick Walsh, of Augusta, Ga., a member of the Warm Springs Indian commission, vice Wm. Hedhill, of Pennsylvania, declined.

Comptroller National D'Escomte at Paris has failed to float the South Brazilian railway loan. Only one-third of the amount of the loan was subscribed for.

The flint glass factory buildings of the Illinois glass works, at Alton, were burned yesterday morning. The loss is \$100,000, and 500 hands are thrown out of employment.

The British government has issued a proclamation prohibiting the holding of meetings, which were to have taken place at New Ross to-day, for the purpose of expressing confidence in Parnell.

IN THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER.

The United States Rolling Stock Company Fail.

The stringency of the money market and the inability of Railroad Companies to pay their Bills Promptly the Cause of the Difficulty.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—[Special]—The United States Rolling Stock Company, having a large plant at Hegewick, was last night placed in the hands of a receiver. Its liabilities are given at \$3,816,000 and assets at six million dollars. Attorney J. L. High, of the company, says the failure was precipitated by slow collections and a depression in the money market.

This company is one of the largest, if not the largest, builders of railway cars in the world, and has plants at Hegewick, Ill., Decatur, Ala., Anniston, Ala., and Urbana, Ohio. The capital stock of the company is \$1,000,000, of which \$3,500,000 is paid up in cash and there is \$500,000 of the stock not yet issued. The assets of the company consist of shops, yards, and real-estate and machinery at Hegewick which originally cost \$1,400,000, and which are now claimed by reason of the advance in real-estate values to be worth at least two million dollars, its shops and works at Anniston, which cost \$700,000; its plant at Decatur costing \$2,500,000; its shops and works at Urbana, \$180,000, and timber lands in Alabama, \$40,000. All these properties, it is claimed by the company, have greatly enhanced in value, the figures given being original costs.

The assets are: Car trust bonds \$1,523,000; rolling stock leased to various railroad companies \$300,000; supplies and material in process of manufacture \$1,100,000; outstanding accounts good and collectable \$300,000, making total assets \$3,600,000.

The liabilities are 6 per cent. debentures secured, \$870,000; 5 per cent. debentures secured by \$1,000,000 car trust bonds as collateral, \$870,000; 6 per cent. bonds, secured by first mortgage on real estate and works at Hegewick \$250,000; 5 per cent. consolidated bonds, secured by first mortgage on all the company's shops, yards and property \$1,000,000, bills payable for material, supplies and current expenses, maturing within ninety days, \$500,000; bank loans maturing within short time, \$266,000; miscellaneous accounts, \$60,000. Total liabilities \$3,816,000; excess of assets over liabilities \$2,237,000.

James L. High represents the company, and, in speaking of the affair to-day, said:

"The company has in its employ at its various works 2,200 men. It has been obliged to pay cash to its employes and for material to the extent of \$600,000 monthly. The present stringency in the money market has compelled the railroad companies, which have bought cars of the rolling stock company, to pay their bills in long-time paper instead of cash, and it has been extremely difficult to discount the paper. Mr. Roys, in his bill, states that he fears that, unless a receiver is appointed, some of the creditors of the company may attach the property, and thereby gain an unjust preference. There are abundant assets to pay all of the debts, if a little time is allowed the company to collect its outstanding accounts. Judge Hlodgett immediately appointed A. Hegewick receiver."

Hegewick is president at present, and has been for nineteen years. The judge also ordered the receiver to continue the works, and not let any of the plants be shut down. Hegewick gave bond in \$500,000, with W. P. Rend as security.

The Rolling Stock Company is owned by English capitalists. Hegewick and Roys are the only American stockholders. Most of the creditors are said to be Eastern firms and banks. Whether or not other firms are so involved as to be embarrassed no one connected with the matter could say.

THE TIMES is the leading paper of the mineral belt of the two Virginias. If you want to keep posted on the development of this section you cannot afford to be without it.

LAWLESSNESS MUST STOP

In Louisiana, Says Governor Nicholls, If the Executive Can Make It.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22.—[Special]—Governor Nicholls has received information of outrageous acts of lawlessness on the part of a gang of bull-dozers in the southern part of this parish.

One night last week half a dozen negroes were ordered to leave the place. On Wednesday night two or three men were whipped.

The law-abiding element there and the citizens of Baton Rouge are much wrought up over these acts of lawlessness, and the governor declares that they shall be stopped if it takes the whole executive power of the State.

Racing Yesterday.

GUTTENBERG, N. J., Nov. 22.—[Special]—First race, one mile—Forest King won, Kern second, Cortez third; time, 1:44. Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Leveller won, Kate Clarke second, Claudine third; time, 1:18. Third race, six and a half furlongs, handicap—Konwood won, Eolo second, Lakeview third; time, 1:23. Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Rambler won, Graylock second, Evangeline third; time, 1:18. Fifth race, one mile and a quarter, handicap—Drizzle won, Warpage second, Elkton third; time, 2:09. Sixth race, seven-eighths of a mile, selling—Landseer won, Boulanger second, Vosburg third; time, 1:30.

Old exchanges for sale at THE TIMES office, 20 cents per 100.

ADVANCING RAPIDLY.

What the Ohio State Journal Thinks of Virginia.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 22.—Speaking of Virginia, the Ohio State Journal says: "There is no section of our country that is advancing more rapidly in the development of its natural resources than Virginia."

Two hundred and fifty years have passed since the sections now coming so prominently before the world were first settled.

The immense deposits of minerals were known to exist at that early period, and each generation since has given them more or less attention. But it has been left for the active men of to-day to bring these great stores of wealth before the public in such a forcible way as to claim the attention of the manufacturing world. These immense deposits may sound fabulous, but investigation proves that they are more valuable than they were first supposed to be, and each expert renders a more favorable report than his predecessor as to their extent and value.

To-day vast sums of money are pouring into Virginia from our Northern and Eastern States and European countries. Capitalists have sent their money West until that entire section has been developed to an extent far in advance of many sections of the South. They are now finding that places nearer the markets of the East are offering advantages far ahead of Western investments. This is changing the flow of money from the West to the South. The movement has just begun and its full force will not be felt for some years to come, but each succeeding year will see the channel of this stream of money widen and deepen until it is one that will overcome all sectional barriers. So much capital has now been placed that skilled laborers are likewise turning their attention to the South, and scores of inquiries are pouring in upon the various Southern development companies from men of this class who desire to buy a lot and build a home for their families in this highly favored section.

Industrial towns are springing into existence throughout the entire mineral sections, with manufactories to utilize the raw materials that are so abundant and cheap. A tour through the Old Dominion will surprise even those best posted in the development going on. The growth and improvement is so rapid that a knowledge of it to-day leaves you a stranger almost to-morrow. This movement is in the hands of the leading men of the State, who see that through her mineral resources Virginia will gain her pristine glory. The result will be the building up of a score or more of inland industrial towns, while her tide-water cities will become among the most important on the Atlantic coast. Go to Virginia and look over its situation; it will more than repay you for the time and expense, for you will see a State whose name but recently was synonymous with poverty to-day on the high road to becoming one of the richest in the Union.

Compare THE TIMES' news columns with those of any other paper published in a radius of 200 miles. If you want the news you cannot afford to be without it.

WHOLESALE HORSE STEALING.

A Gang of Thieves Fired On and Two Killed.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 22.—[Special]—Some days ago twelve horses were stolen in Osborne county, and last evening the thieves were found in camp, eighty miles west of here, near Cairo.

A posse of thirty men was raised at Cairo and they went out to capture the gang.

When within a short distance of the camp the posse was fired upon, and at that moment the gang mounted their horses and started up the creek, followed by the posse.

After a running fire of two miles, two of the thieves fell off their horses, and the horses of two others fell. The others escaped.

The two men shot died within half an hour, and refused to give their names or any information.

THE TIMES is the only paper in Roanoke which had the courage and enterprise to invest money in telegraphic franchises.

A FALLING WALL.

Kills One Man and Fatally Injures Seven at Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 22.—[Special]—One wall of the new brick building in course of erection for Wells, Fargo & Co., on Pavonia avenue, suddenly fell this morning, burying a large number of men in the ruins.

The police, firemen and ambulances were soon on the spot and the injured workmen taken out. One man was killed outright and seven or eight of the injured may die.

The wall which collapsed was too light to sustain the weight of the iron girder which it upheld, and its collapse brought down an immense mass of iron, brick and mortar.

Richmond Assignment Case.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 22.—[Special]—In the chancery court to-day, on motion of Armstrong, Cator & Co., of Baltimore, and various creditors in different States for a receiver in the case of H. H. Myer, dry goods dealer, who made an assignment some days ago with liabilities of \$70,000, the court appointed W. H. Sands for plaintiff and Daniel Sands for defendant. Subsequently a suspending order was granted by the court, and the case will be remanded to the Supreme Court of Appeals.

ALABAMA MINERS TO STRIKE.

All in the State Likely to Stop December 1st.

The Miners Want an Increased Price, and this is Refused—The Sliding Scale Contract With the Price of Pig Iron Governing Rates is Broken.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 22.—[Special]—Six thousand coal miners, nine-tenths of all miners in Alabama, will probably go out on a strike December 1st.

Representatives from every mine in the State have been in session here for a week, and three days ago demanded an increase of wages at all mines, to go into effect December 1. This demand has been refused by all the mine operators and a strike seems certain.

Last July the miners signed a twelve months' contract on the sliding scale—that is, the price of pig iron to govern the price for mining.

They now propose to breast this contract and demand fifty cents per ton in winter and forty cents per ton in summer for mining.

THE INDIAN UPRISING.

Sitting Bull at the Head of the Pending Trouble.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—[Special]—A special from Mandan states that trusted agents were sent to the Sioux reservation three days ago, and that they have returned with the following report, which may be relied upon:

There is no immediate danger of an uprising, but if Sitting Bull concludes that anything is to be gained by speedy action trouble may be looked for at once. Sitting Bull would be arrested and put in irons, but the Government agents are afraid to do that lest it precipitate trouble.

He has two hundred bucks at Grand river, forty miles from Fort Yates, dancing all the while.

Agent McLaughlin, of Standing Rock, has lost control of Sitting Bull and his immediate followers, and dare not treat him harshly. All reports that come by wire from Standing Rock, or Fort Yates, are colored. There is only a military wire and censorship is exercised over every message.

MINERS OUT OF WORK.

Operators Refuse to Increase Their Wages and 3,000 Go Out.

BRAZIL, Ind., Nov. 22.—[Special]—The demand made by the drivers and draymen employed in the Block mines for an increase in wages to two dollars per day has been refused, and the men have struck. The operators claim that to grant the advance would be to disturb the market, it being in violation of the yearly agreement. About two thousand miners are thrown out of employment and the situation is becoming serious.

BRAZIL, Ind., Nov. 22.—[Special]—The strike of the drivers and draymen employed in the Block coal mines continues.

The number of strikers is increasing daily, while the closing of the mines is practically complete. A general mass-meeting will be held here today to act on the report of the committee appointed to confer with operators. The latter refuse to make the advance demanded.

A complete shut-down is feared. Over 2,000 miners are idle.

SILK MILL DESTROYED.

The Loss \$200,000—The Fire Originated in the Engine Room.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 22.—[Special]—About 8:25 this morning a fire started in the extensive silk mill of Bamford Brothers, on Cliff street, and the mill was soon totally destroyed. The fire soon communicated to the handsome residences of Joseph and Walter Bamford, which adjoin the mill, both of which burned to the ground. The loss is placed at \$400,000; insurance, \$200,000. The fire originated in the engine room, from some unknown cause, and fanned by a high wind, quickly spread throughout the mill, rendering the efforts of the firemen powerless. The three hundred hands employed in the mill, among whom were a number of women and girls, were for a time panic stricken, but all of them, it is believed, escaped uninjured. Many, however, had narrow escapes by jumping from the second story windows.

Dead in Bed.

Bristol, Tenn., Nov. 22.—[Special]—News reached here this evening stating that G. P. Hughes, a stock trader of this city, had been found dead in bed at Belfast Mills, in Russell county, Va., yesterday morning.

Mr. Hughes was about seventy years old and well known in this part of the country. His remains will be brought here for burial.

Purchases a Paper.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 22.—[Special]—I. M. Weston, ex-mayor of Grand Rapids, late chairman of the Democratic State central committee, and member of the National Democratic committee, yesterday purchased the Grand Rapids Democrat property from E. W. Bell. The transfer is to take place January 12. Weston will publish the Democrat as a seven-day paper with Associated Press despatches.

The Weather To-day.

Forecast for Virginia: Fair till Monday night; slightly cooler in Virginia; mostly clear.