

THE TIMES.

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THE ROANOKE TIMES PUBLISHING CO., Roanoke, Virginia.

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ROANOKE, VA., MAY 6, 1892.

Rovell's American Newspaper Directory for 1891 puts the circulation of THE ROANOKE TIMES above that of any other paper in Southwest Virginia, and at more than that of all the other papers of Roanoke combined.

COMMERCIAL ASSOCIATION. OPEN FOR MEMBERS AND VISITORS FROM 9 a. m. until 10:30 p. m. Leading daily newspapers and magazines on file. Weekly meetings for papers and discussion every Monday night at 8 p. m., at the Exchange Building, Jefferson street and Salem avenue.

THE NEW COUNCIL.

The Democratic executive committee met last night and closed the doors against further aspirants for political honors at the hands of the Democratic party in the coming municipal election.

The general tickets fare well enough as to candidates, but when the prospective nominations for councilman are considered there is room for serious consideration.

In the First ward the only old member of Council who is now eligible is Mr. R. McClelland.

There are several strong names on the list but they are all new.

In the Second ward R. J. Eckloff has had experience and President Buckner is a host. The rest are new.

In the Third ward George C. McCahan is the only old member who has developed strength in Council.

In the Fourth but one member of the present Council appears on the list.

The Fifth presents entirely new names.

THE TIMES means no disparagement of the gentlemen who will be the Democratic nominees. It recognizes among them men who are as strong as the average of the present body, men who will even rank with the best; but with so much raw material the machinery of the new body will have many jars before it gets worn down to its bearings.

There are serious doubts if so much raw material can be properly assimilated. There are hardly enough of the old Council in sight to leaven the lump. The bad effects of strict party lines and primary nominations are visible even now.

Party lines in municipal affairs are a serious mistake, and Roanoke will have to learn that it is a mistake just as she is learning that some other things are mistakes—by trying and finding out.

PRESS COMMENTS ON "THE LIBRARY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE."

Century Magazine—Mr. Stedman and Miss Hutchinson have done American literature, American history and American patriotism a great and lasting service.

North American Review—It is both a pleasure and a privilege to taste of this literary feast—a mental feast unparalleled in its completeness and excellence.

Nebraska State Journal—No work of the last decade has met with such universal favor among the people.

This work is now being introduced into the best homes. If you desire to see it, though you do not care to purchase, address Charles L. Van Noppen, Roanoke, Va., who is here for only a few days.

AN OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION.

CITY OF ROANOKE, OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, ROANOKE, VA., May 5, 1892.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES: We wish to correct your report of the meeting of the sewer committee, with the city engineer and board of public works, in your issue of the 4th of May, by saying that no reference whatever to the investigation of the engineer's office was made.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

[THE TIMES is pleased to have this left-handed indorsement of the rest of its report. THE TIMES is always well informed, and did not vouch for that point which the Board of Public Works corrects.—ED. TIMES.]

Schmer Pianos

ARE among the leading instruments manufactured. Their high standing everywhere is due to their intrinsic merit. Even competitors are compelled to acknowledge their claim to first place. Hobbie Music Company, sole dealers, 157 Salem avenue.

BARGAINS in lace curtains at the E. H. Stewart Furniture Company.

Positively

THE last week of the Great Automatic Exposition at No. 11 Jefferson street. Don't miss it.

ILLINOIS FOR HARRISON.

Its Delegates to Minneapolis are Instructed for Him. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 5.—[Special]—The Republican State convention reassembled at 9 o'clock this morning and another day of excitement was apparent from the very beginning. The action of the committee on resolutions in recommending the repeal of the compulsory school law and the substitution therefor of the greatly modified legislation had created a spirit of discontent in certain quarters, and the action of the committee to select delegates-at-large also dissatisfied the young Republican leaguers as well as the colored gentlemen who assumed to represent their race on the floor of the convention and it appeared that the era of good feeling had passed.

Chairman Hopkins, immediately after calling the convention to order, declared the reports of committees to be in order. The sitting delegates were declared to be the regular delegates, and the temporary officers were made the permanent officers of the convention.

Gov. Joseph Pifer was nominated for Governor on the first ballot. Lieut. Gov. Lyman B. Ray, of Grundy, was nominated for lieutenant governor on the first ballot. For secretary of State, I. N. Pearson was renominated on the first ballot, his only competitor, H. J. Dupue, receiving 154 votes. Henry L. Hertz was nominated for treasurer on the first ballot. The rest of the ticket is as follows: Attorney general, George W. Prince; auditor, Gen. Henry J. Slosson; delegates at large to national convention, Senator Cullom, ex-Gov. Oglesby, ex-Congressman Jos. J. Cannon, Dr. Jos. Robbins, of Quincy; James H. Gilbert, Saml. B. Raymond, Geo. B. Swift and Miles Kehoe. The last four are all of Chicago. Congressmen at large, Geo. S. Willot and Richard Yates.

The delegates are instructed for Harrison.

WYOMING REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention Held at Cheyenne.

DENVER, Colo., May 5.—[Special]—A Republican special from Cheyenne, Wyoming, says that the Republican State convention met there yesterday, there being several lady delegates in attendance. The convention was called to order by Senator Gary, chairman of the Republican State central committee who, in his address, paid a glowing tribute to President Harrison and James G. Blaine.

After a permanent organization was effected, resolutions were passed endorsing Harrison and complimenting Blaine upon his masterly diplomatic efforts. Devotion to a protective tariff was reiterated and importation into the United States of servile labor strenuously objected to. A liberal pension legislation approved and gold and silver in equality are urged as proper monetary basis. Referring to the recent cattle trouble in Johnson county the upholding of the law and equal protection to all persons in the State is pledged by the Republican party. Delegates were elected to the Minneapolis convention. Among the alternates elected are two ladies, Mrs. Theresa Jenkins, of Laraine county, and Mrs. Cora G. Carlton, of Uintah.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

The Italian government was defeated yesterday afternoon in the chamber of deputies on the financial question. The President yesterday nominated John E. Davidson to be postmaster at Quincy, Fla., and Edward J. Sawyer to be postmaster at Bennettsville, S. C. The House public buildings committee yesterday acted upon the bill appropriating \$400,000 for the benefit of Elizabeth City, N. C., and \$100,000 for Tampa, Fla.



Mr. S. G. Derry

Of Providence, E. I., Widely known as proprietor of Terry's Waterproof Harness Oil, tells below of his terrible sufferings from Eczema and his cure by

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

"Gentlemen: Fifteen years ago I had an attack of inflammatory rheumatism, which was followed by eczema or salt rheum, breaking out on my right leg. The humor spread all over my legs, back and arms,

A Foul Mass of Sores, swollen and itching terribly, causing intense pain if the skin was broken by scratching, and discharging constantly. It is impossible to describe the sufferings in those years of agony and torture. I spent

Thousands of Dollars in futile efforts to get well, and was discouraged and nearly to die. At this time I was unable to lie down in bed, had to sit up all the time, and was unable to walk without crutches. I had to hold my arms away from my body, and had to have my arms, back and legs bandaged by my faithful wife twice a day.

Finally a friend who was visiting at our house, urged me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I began by taking half a teaspoonful. My

Stomach Was All Out of Order. But the medicine soon corrected this, and in six weeks I could see a change in the condition of the humor which nearly covered my body. It was driven to the surface by the Sarsaparilla, the sores soon healed, and the scales fell off. I was soon able to get up without crutches, and a happy man I was.

I had been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for seven months, and since that time, nearly two years, I have worn no bandages whatever and my legs and arms are sound and well.

The Delight of myself and wife at my recovery, it is impossible to tell. To all my business friends in Boston and over the country, I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla from personal experience." S. G. DERRY, 45 Bradford street, Providence, R. I. If you are Bilious, take Hood's Pills.

THE CONVENTION

Continued from page 1.

debts at the expense of the people and the dishonor of the State—never ascertaining, although in full charge of all the departments of the State government, the State's honest relations with her creditors, protesting the State's ability and willingness to settle on any basis claimed and yet refusing to enact any law that promised payment even of annual interests.

It was better, in the opinion of this pretended debt-paying machine party, to apply the torch to all the free school-houses in the State than to dishonor her people by the adoption of the readjuster proposition of settlement—no item or principal of which that party ever successfully assailed; it was better, in the opinion of that party, that the children of the Commonwealth go uneducated than the principles on which it was based should be sanctioned; yet this party assuming guardianship of the honor and honesty of the people, to regain place and power formerly acquired and made pledge to exert every influence to effectuate it, and now after ten years more bedeviling of the creditor and taxpayer, and a wasteful expenditure of an immense sum of the people's money, they glorify themselves upon having compelled the creditor to accept some five millions less than he was honestly entitled to receive, and what the excuse for this compulsory settlement of the State's admitted honorable and honest obligation, for the creditor is told, take this or know ye that repudiation outright lurks behind the proposition. The excuse is the insufficiency of a revenue that has reached two and three quarter millions, when the fact is concealed that the only reason why the State cannot pay three per cent. upon her debt, as fairly determined by the readjuster proposition and as so admitted, is the extravagance and waste which have characterized their administration of the State government—\$1,400,000 now, when under the readjuster Republican regime it had cost the taxpayers of the commonwealth but \$62,000 per annum.

The speaker charged that the Democratic party had not proposed or enacted a measure that took concern for the welfare of the State, and that its statesmanship and earnest for the elevation of civilization were exhausted in the conception and enactment of the Anderson-McCormick election law.

The General closed his speech, which was time and again interrupted by hearty demonstrations of approval, with the nomination of Hon. I. C. Fowler, of Abingdon, ex-speaker of the Virginia house of delegates, for temporary chairman, and he was elected and accepted the honor with a brief expression of thanks.

THE FIGHT BEGINS.

The first loaded gun in the struggle for and against an instructed delegation to Minneapolis, was fired by S. Brown Allen, of Augusta, who offered resolutions authorizing the district delegates to nominate members of the committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions. The following clause aroused bitter opposition:

"One delegate from each district to compose the committee charged with the preparation of the platform, the selection of four delegates, and four alternates to represent the State at large at the Republican national convention to be held at Minneapolis on the 7th of June, and also to recommend a list of electors for the State and to consider and report upon all propositions submitted to the convention and which shall be referred to it without debate."

Mr. Bowden, of Norfolk, moved to amend the third resolution as follows: "Except that a resolution looking to instructing the delegates selected by this convention may be considered by the convention without such references."

There was a long struggle here participated in by C. A. Heermans, Hon. Geo. E. Bowden, A. W. Harris, S. Brown Allen, P. H. McCaul, W. G. Franklin and others. Points of order flew thick and fast for a while. Finally a vote was reached, the amendment lost and the resolution adopted as offered. Messrs. Franklin and Allen charged Mr. Bowden with supporting identically the same resolution at the State convention in Petersburg four years ago, which instructed for Sherman, but that gentleman could not remember doing so.

THE COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

A recess of ten minutes was taken to enable the several districts to select representatives on the committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions. When the body was called to order they reported as follows in the order above given:

First—W. W. Ashby, A. S. West, Joseph Trader.

Second—A. H. Lindsay, R. G. Banks, John J. Dyer.

Third—Bernard Taylor, J. W. Southward, Wray T. Knight.

Fourth—Hon. John M. Langston, J. R. Rawlings, Gen. Wm. Mahone.

Fifth—B. Hylton, M. F. Brown, L. W. Morgan.

Sixth—W. H. Moseley, J. C. Hanes, M. H. Coleman.

Seventh—A. J. Walker, Dr. J. B. Webb, Judge John G. Newman.

Eighth—L. W. Corbett, H. J. Busham, J. M. Thorne.

Ninth—A. M. Dickinson, J. L. Gleaves, Col. J. S. Browning.

Tenth—S. Brown Allen, Cesar Perkins, W. C. Franklin.

WANT THE DELEGATES INSTRUCTED.

About 150 Republican delegates who favor instructing the delegates to the National Republican Convention to support President Harrison for renomination, met in the Lee House at 5 p. m. and were called to order by Maj. Walker, of Chesterfield. Col. Banks, of Norfolk, was selected chairman, and Postmaster Summers, of Abingdon, secretary.

Col. Banks made an earnest speech, appealing for a strong effort to secure an uninstructed delegation. He was followed by Maj. Walker, Gen. Groner and Hon. George E. Bowden, of Norfolk, and Cesar Perkins, colored, and Scott Wood, colored, of Petersburg, all urging a determined fight on the same line.

Perkins appealed to those present to stand together, so that one-fifth of all the delegates to the State convention would vote for instructions, and, if defeated, could enforce a recorded vote and put on record office-holders and others who pretended to be for Harrison.

Wood's speech was the most impassioned delivered. He talks well, but talks too long and evoked very little approval on account of his bitter attack upon the plan of State organization. Mr. Bowden offered two resolutions, one favoring the renomination of President Harrison, and the other pledging an earnest effort to secure instructions, to this effect from the State convention.

THE CONVENTION

Continued from page 1.

The Opera House was as hot as a bake oven. Delegates and visitors shed their coats, and linen, spotless and otherwise, was very conspicuous. Several hundred fans wielded vigorously by muscular arms manufactured a little air and prevented suffocation.

At 8:30 General Mahone entered the doorway and a hundred delegates sprang to their feet. He was cheered until he seated himself on the stage.

Col. Wm. E. Craig, of Staunton, followed, and was greeted with applause. There was a votitious delay in calling the convention to order, and the delegates got in a mischievous mood. They yelled at every man whose head popped up for a speech, and frequently called for music. The band invariably responded in a manner that won demonstrations of appreciation of the excellent music rendered.

The committee on credentials reported three contests, namely, the counties of Norfolk and Pittsylvania, and the city of Lynchburg.

The committee named a set of delegates as entitled to their seats and referred Pittsylvania to the convention for settlement. The Sixth district convention had settled the Lynchburg case.

A squabble arose over Norfolk county. Mr. Lindsay read a minority report signed by five committeemen, but admitted that one of the signers, Mr. Taylor, was not present, but said he would sign the report. Mr. Langston asserted that six, a majority of the committee, had signed the report he submitted. The convention gazed Mr. Lindsay unmercifully. Mr. Taylor subsequently appended a certificate supporting the minority, and explained to the convention his reasons for doing so.

J. C. Asberry, colored, of Norfolk county, defended in decisive words his claims to a seat, charging that an affidavit he had filed had disappeared, as had the minutes of the committee on credentials. A dozen other speakers followed pro and con for over an hour. Excitement ran high and at times the noise was almost deafening. Finally Capt. McCaul moved to seat both delegations, giving each half a vote. Amendment after amendment was hurled at the chair until A. W. Harris, colored, of Dinwiddie, obtained recognition and in vigorous language defended the Fourth district from aspersions he claimed a Norfolk county delegate had cast upon it.

At 11:20 the previous question was ordered and McCaul's amendment adopted. The report of the committee on credentials was then adopted.

The committee on permanent organization submitted the following report, which was adopted with one dissenting voice:

Hon. I. C. Fowler, chairman; Col. Asa Rogers, secretary; vice-presidents, First district, A. S. West; Second district, Hon. Geo. E. Bowden; Third district, C. Minus; Fourth district, W. A. Jamison; Fifth district, M. F. Brown; Sixth district, Geo. W. Wilson; Seventh district, Dr. J. B. Webb; Eighth district, C. P. McCabe; Ninth district, Harman Newberry; Tenth district, Cesar Perkins.

The committee on resolutions submitted the following report:

Delegates at large—Genl. Wm. Mahone, S. Brown Allen, A. W. Harris, Hon. Henry Bowen. Alternates—Col. J. S. Browning, R. A. Paul, M. C. Cardoza, J. W. Simmons.

Electors at large—Hon. A. T. Mooklar, Robert J. Walker.

District Electors—First, Joseph A. Bristol, second, H. B. Nicholls; third, Patrick Keenan; fourth, E. P. McLean; fifth, George D. Gravelly; sixth, S. Everett Sproul; seventh, Rev. A. P. Faulkner; eighth, H. P. Dodge, ninth, Stuart F. Lindsay; tenth, W. P. Franklin.

The committee recommended a State committee to be composed of a chairman, ex-officio of the party and five members of each congressional district, to be chosen by the respective delegations, and that the executive committee be composed of the chairman of the State committee and two others, to be elected by the State committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

The Republicans of Virginia in the State convention assembled confidently cite their past record of long suffering and unselfish fidelity as an absolute attestation of their present inviolable attachment to the principles and measures of the national party, and as an unimpeachable surety of their future constancy we steadfastly believe and resolutely maintain—First: That the present Federal administration, like all former ones given to us by the Republican party, has proved itself able, pure and successful in all our affairs, foreign and domestic, and that the American people, enjoying unprecedented general welfare, will not improprietly turn to another party which heretofore has only brought confusion, disaster and disaster by obstructive and destructive experiments in behalf of a government and so-called governing classes, and not at all for the relief and betterment of the governed masses.

Second: That a protective tariff now and hereafter, as in the past, is best for Virginia, the South and the whole country, in giving and securing the fullest demand and employment for our own resources of material, labor and capital.

Third: That the McKinley tariff bill, though properly subject to cautious amendment, as experience and changing condition may dictate, has already vindicated itself as a wise measure for American development and independence, and every day under its patriotic provisions will but the more completely establish it in popular favor as a promoter of internal progress and prosperity.

Fourth: That the issue as to the full and equal coinage of silver is one that appeals strongly to our consideration through our daily necessities in all the transactions of life, and that it is urgently commended to the party at large as an issue demanding early and liberal action, wisely ordered, so as to coordinate our National currency with our actual condition and the popular sentiment—having equitable regard to all the interests involved. It is in the justice and sagacity of the Republican party alone that the people can trust for a happy disposition of this pressing matter, and in no event can it be safely

IT IS A FACT

Beyond question that the line of DRESS GOODS, in silk, woolen and cotton, to be seen at our store, is the purest, cheapest and best.

ATTRACTIVE COLLECTION OF Dress Fabrics over shown in this section.

We especially aim to supply the demand for a higher class of Dress Goods than are usually shown in inland towns, and this department is a progressive one, quite abreast with similar departments in large city stores.

Before sending your money forth, see if you cannot invest it quite as satisfactorily at home.

The line of India Silks

Shown by us is complete HANDSOME FIGURED INDIAS, either black and white or colors, 30c. Better grades at 50c, 60c and \$1, embracing many very pretty things.

GLACE SILKS, in pretty combinations, at \$1.

32-inch CHINA SILKS, evening shades, at 60c.

THIS WEEK we open in woollens, new Crocodile or Crepon Novelties, quite the latest thing out, at \$1 and \$1.12 1/2—Jacquard effects.

Everything in woollens, from 12 1/2c to \$2.50 a yard, that is desirable. Such an array is rarely shown anywhere.

See the GINGHAMS. Never so pretty, never so cheap. 12 1/2c Gingham for 10c; 50 styles. Toile du Nord Gingham at 12 1/2c. At 17c, 25c, 30c and 40c we show the unapproachable products of the Scotch. The Scotch know how to make Gingham.

SEE THEM. Laco effects, plaids that are as soft and beautiful as a May morning.

NOVELTIES INDESCRIBIBLE. HOSTS OF THEM. They are now ready in good assortment. Come while they may be had.

MAHONE WINS.

The previous question was ordered and on a roll call by counties and cities the minority report was defeated by a vote of 392 1/2 to 173 1/2.

A resolution from the Republicans of Roanoke calling the attention of the Republicans of Virginia to the necessity for a party organ, and asking that the Roanoke Herald be recognized and endorsed as such organ, was read by Col. Browning and adopted. Several delegates voted against adoption.

A resolution of thanks to the people and press of Roanoke for courtesies was adopted.

General Mahone was unanimously re-elected chairman of the State committee.

The convention then, at 3 a. m., adjourned sine die.

Made Him Think of Shakespeare.

He laid down his knife and fork and asked one of the waiters to call the proprietor of the restaurant. When the latter came the old gentleman asked curiously:

"Did you ever read Shakespeare?" "Why, yes, sir," replied the proprietor in surprise.

"I am frequently reminded of it in here," went on the old gentleman. "Indeed? Well, he was a wonderful man."

"Yes; one can find passages in his works that are appropriate to almost anything, especially restaurants."

"I've seen them quoted on menu cards."

"Of course. I'm reminded of one now."

"What, may I ask?" "O, that this too, too solid flesh would melt." That's all, sir."

He picked up his knife and fork and returned to his work with renewed energy, while the proprietor went back to his desk and added forty cents to the check.—Chicago Tribune.

Maiden Innocence.

Miss Primrose—Do you know, my brother Ned told me the other day that Tom Allison said I was N. G.

Miss Violet—Why, whatever did Tom Allison mean by saying such a thing as that?

Miss Primrose—I'm sure I don't know. I've been trying to make out ever since what "N. G." stands for, and all that I can think of is "nice girl."—Somerville Journal.

The Waiter's Impudence.

Mr. Wayback (at hotel)—What's that, lemonade? Waiter—That's a finger bowl, sah. "What's it for?" "To wash y'r fingers after eatin', you know, sah."

"Consign y'r impudence, I don't eat with my fingers if I do come from the country. I eat with my knife same as other folks."—Good News.

Her Trouble.

Mrs. Wangle—How have you been getting on since I last saw you, Mrs. Bangle? Mrs. Bangle—Not very well. I have had so much care.

Mrs. Wangle—I hope none of the children has been ill! Mrs. Bangle—Oh, no. But Fido is such an invalid—Frank Leslie's Weekly.

A Just Sentence.

Judge—Well, what are you here for? Prisoner—For trying to compliment the policeman, your honor.

Judge—Um! What did you say that he took offense at? Prisoner—I said he was out of sight.

Judge—Thirty days; not for the policeman, but for the joke.—N. Y. Truth.

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