

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SATURDAY, JAN. 14.

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Signor C. Fatolico will start a class in violin instruction. The professor is well-known in Roanoke as a master of the instrument. Apply at 318 church street in person or by letter. 18 1w.

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115 JEFFERSON STREET.

Breakfast, 6c to 8c.....25 cents
Dinner, 12 to 20.....35 cents
Supper, 6 to 8.....25 cents
Services a la carte at all hours.
Oysters fresh every day and served in all styles. 7 29 ft

SENT TO THE GRAND JURY.

A Strong Case Made Out Against Butcher Holcomb for Cattle Stealing.

J. R. Holcomb, the butcher who was arrested Saturday charged with stealing cattle from Green H. Payne and George C. Huff and others, had a hearing yesterday morning before Police Justice Turner, and was sent on to the grand jury in both cases.

Mr. Payne testified to losing two cattle of the value of \$15 each.

John Wesley Edwards testified that he, Slaughter and Holcomb took the cattle and that Holcomb selected them, and they were driven to the slaughter house, where they were butchered by George Delaney.

The next case was for stealing four head of cattle from P. L. Terry, A. J. Huff, George C. Huff and P. C. Huff, from a farm belonging to Mr. Terry. Several of these gentlemen testified to the loss of the cattle, which were valued at \$25 each.

Edwards testified that Holcomb, Slaughter and himself went to the farm and Holcomb picked out the cattle; that he and Slaughter drove them to the slaughter house, where they were butchered.

George Delaney testified to killing the cattle at the time mentioned.

Judge Turner sent Holcomb and Edwards on to the grand jury in both cases. Delaney, the butcher, was dismissed. L. H. Cocke and Roy B. Smith represented Mr. Huff. Crumpecker and Hall represented Edwards and Walter Saunders represented Delaney.

Justice Turner refused to bail them on the ground that it was out of his jurisdiction.

West End Rolling Mill to Start To-day.

The Roanoke Iron Company's rolling mill, which has been shut down for a couple of weeks, will be started to-day. All the puddle furnaces will be in full blast as soon as they can be put in readiness. Many of the employes who have been visiting their homes in the North have returned. This company's blast furnace will be inoperative for a few days because of the ore supply being inadequate to keep the furnace supplied. They will, however, have plenty of ore on hand soon, and the furnace will be kept hot until the arrival of it.

The CHICKERING PIANO

Established 1823.

FACTORY PRICES,
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SOLE DEALERS,

157 SALEM AVE. 19 17

FIGHTING FOR AN ENTRANCE.

The Norfolk and Western Bill Before the House.

The Opponents of the Bill Are Making a Determined Effort to Encompass Its Defeat—The Bill Has Many Friends Who Are Making Themselves Heard. The Measure Will be Considered Again To-day.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Norfolk and Western bill was considered by the House in committee of the whole to-day, objection to its consideration in the House proper being made by Atkinson, Republican, of Pennsylvania. Meredith earnestly advocated its passage. The public prints had charged that objection to the measure had come from certain railroad corporations. He did not wish to impugn the motives of any man, but he believed that the gentlemen who were opposed to it were mistaken and he desired to make a test whether this corporation, which had its agent and lobbyists hanging around the House, had the power to prevent the Norfolk and Western from entering the city of Georgetown. The people of Virginia did not want to be at the mercy of the Pennsylvania road. It had been, "and he knew whereof he spoke," the most grasping corporation that he had ever heard of.

Enoch, Republican, of Ohio, supported the measure, which he contended contained nothing that was not fair. It merely gave the Norfolk and Western railroad the right to get into the District and the people of the northwest and northeast were interested in having this right conferred upon it.

Atkinson, in opposing the bill, said that he had no objections to the admission of the Norfolk and Western or any other road into the District. He had no purpose of throwing any obstacle in the way of any railroad. Any one who had read the newspapers of the city knew that there was a determined movement looking to the abolishment of grade crossings. No more grade crossings should be permitted in the District. It was said that grade crossing were crossings of murder. Would Congress authorize four or five more of such crossings?

Meredith inquired as to the crossings of the Pennsylvania railroad. Were not those crossings grade crossings?

Atkinson replied that when the Pennsylvania railroad came into the District the attention of the people had not been attracted to the danger of grade crossings. It had now become attracted. Grade crossings had been tolerated then. They would not be tolerated now.

After three hours' struggle, by permission of both sides, a truce was declared and the struggle was postponed until to-morrow. The house at 5:20 p. m. took a recess without action until 11:45 to-morrow (thus continuing the legislative day) when the district committee hopes to secure the passage of the bill.

THE BOND QUESTION NOT SETTLED.

Spitzer & Co. Have Asked For More Information on the Subject.

Although the option given Messrs. Spitzer & Co. on Roanoke city bonds expired on the 7th instant, they may still be regarded as possible purchasers. Chairman McClelland, of the finance committee, stated to a TIMES reporter yesterday that Spitzer & Co. had written a letter asking for additional information about the bonds and their communication was referred to City Solicitor Randolph, who was out of the city at the time.

The information they desired was not forwarded to them until last Thursday. This being the status of affairs the committee did not expect any reply until to-day.

M. H. Clayton, the agent of Spitzer & Co., stated that the delay on the part of his company was occasioned by their failure to receive the additional information they wanted about the bonds, but he thought probably something would be heard to-day.

City Solicitor Randolph, in reply to a query from a TIMES reporter, said the letter from Spitzer & Co. arrived after he had left the city on a business trip, but that he attended to it as soon as his attention was called to the matter. He said that all information has been given Spitzer & Co. that can possibly be given, and said that if they did not want the bonds he knew other parties who were willing and ready to take them.

Ohio Extension Edition now ready at THE TIMES Office. Price 5 cents.

Against Gambling on Horse Races.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—A meeting was held at Chickering hall this afternoon to protest against the growing custom of gambling on the races. Addresses were made by the Hon. Noah Davis, Rev. Dr. David, James Burrell, Rev. John L. Scudder, Rev. Madison, C. Peters, John P. Quinn, the anti-gambling crusader, and others. Resolutions were passed condemning horse racing, pool selling and the publication of "tips" in the newspapers. The Ives pool law was also attacked, and all were asked to unite in working for its repeal. Mr. Quinn's crusade against gambling was strongly indorsed, and a recommendation was made that a national anti-gambling league be formed.

Reported Capture of an Empress.

VIENNA, Jan. 9.—An enormous sensation has been caused by the report that Spanish brigands have captured Empress Elizabeth, of Austria, and propose to hold her for ransom. The government professes to know nothing about any such rumor and nothing seems to be known on the subject at Madrid. When last heard of the empress was yatching near Balearic Islands.

A BIG DEAL IN MUSIC.

Mr. J. D. Hobbie Closes Piano and Organ Contracts for Over \$150,000.

Mr. J. D. Hobbie returned yesterday from an important business trip to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, where he closed contracts for 1893 to the extent of over \$150,000, with Kranich & Bach, Lester and Jacobs Bros. for pianos, and for organs with the Estey Organ Company. Contracts had been previously closed with Sohmer, Chickering, Knabe and the New England Piano Company and the Palace Organ Company. This forecasts a gross business of not less than \$200,000 for 1893, a figure equalled by few, if any, music houses in the South.

The TIMES thinks this occasion fit for a few comments on the splendid enterprise of the Hobbie Music Company, now completing its twelfth year of business. In 1891 its proprietor, Mr. J. D. Hobbie, transferred his headquarters to Roanoke on account of the superior advantages of this city as a distributing point.

This move proved even wiser than anticipated, as the business of the Hobbie Music Company has increased to greater proportions and in greater ratio than in any previous years. The figures for 1892 were larger than for any previous year, while the months of October, November and December just past have each exceeded the largest previous month's business in the history of the house, and this in spite of the serious business depression from which Southwest Virginia is now happily emerging. Mr. Hobbie considers his prospects for 1893 better than ever, and as indicated has taken time by the forelock and prepared for a great campaign.

THE PASTORS' CONFERENCE.

The Ministers Are Opposed to Opening the World's Fair on Sunday.

The pastor's conference met yesterday morning in the hall of the Y. M. C. A. building. In the absence of Rev. O. F. Filippo, Rev. C. H. Buchanan was called to the chair. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. W. H. Groves. The pastors present were Revs. Buchanan, Jox, Ferguson, Garrison, Anderson, Miller, Hamner, Groves, Acree, Campbell, Moomaw, Collins and Rice. Favorable reports were made by the pastors, in whose churches services were held last week.

Dr. Campbell suggested that the reporters say something about scarlet fever, which has broken out in many families. They also discussed the best methods of preventing the spread of the disease. Dr. Campbell offered the following resolutions in regard to the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday, and a copy was ordered to be sent, signed by all the ministers in the city, to Senators John W. Daniel and Eppa Hunton:

"To the Hon. Eppa Hunton and John W. Daniel.

"DEAR SIRS: We the members of the pastors' conference of the city of Roanoke, and representing in our churches of from 3,000 to 5,000 persons, and a much larger constituency, respectfully petition you, as Senators from our commonwealth, to use your influence and to cast your ballots against the bill which has been introduced in Congress asking for the opening of the Columbian Exposition on the Sabbath day.

"We believe in the obligation of the fourth commandment 'Remember the Sabbath Day and Keep it Holy,' and we do not believe that any government has the right to make it easy for its subjects to commit a sin as it will if this bill is passed.

"We assure you that we regard such an event as little short of a calamity before which even the question of State rights fades into insignificance. With our best wishes, we remain respectfully yours."

Dr. Hamner also offered the following resolution to the effect that the pastors offer special prayer this year for the conversion of liquor dealers. The resolution was laid over until the next meeting. The president appointed Rev. Dr. Miller to hold religious services with the prisoners in the jail next Sunday morning.

Conference adjourned after the benediction had been pronounced by Rev. W. P. Moomaw.

THE COAL COMBINE BROKEN.

The New Jersey Central Railroad Has Withdrawn From It.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 9.—The great Reading coal combine is broken. The New Jersey Central Railroad Company has withdrawn from it and will hereafter be operated independently, the same as it was before the agreement with the Reading and Lehigh Valley was entered into. An official of the Central this afternoon confirmed the truth of the news. He said that Attorney General Stockton was in possession of a communication from the Central, in which it is acknowledged that all its agreements with the roads in question are cancelled and terminated.

This applies also to the leases under which coal lands were recently absorbed by the combine. What influences moved the Central to take this step are not known, but undoubtedly the fear of action on the part of the legislature had something, if not all, to do with it. William Johnston, assistant attorney general, confirms the report. The Central has asked Chancellor McGill for permission to prove this fact. They will also ask for the quashing of proceedings for the appointment of a receiver.

Discussing the Eight Hour Question.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Eighty-four delegates, representing 200,000 miners who are members of the Miners' Federation, met at Birmingham to-day. They are discussing the question of eight hours and employers' liability for accident.

Ohio Extension Edition now ready at THE TIMES Office. Price 5 cents.

THE CASTING OF THE BALLOTS.

Electoral Colleges Met Yesterday in the Different States.

Everything Passed Off Without a Hitch, and Grover and Adlai Received Their Handsome Majority—There Was One Democratic Elector in Ohio—Weaver and Field Receive a Solid Silver Ballot—New York Endorses Murphy For the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Presidential electors met to-day in all the States and discharged their duty as required by law without a special incident so far as heard from. Washington cast 4 votes for Harrison; Arkansas, 8 for Cleveland; Iowa, 13 for Harrison; Wisconsin, 12 for Cleveland; North Dakota, 1 each for Harrison, Cleveland and Weaver; Idaho, 3 for Weaver; Missouri, solid for Cleveland; Colorado solid for Weaver; Texas, 13 for Cleveland; South Dakota, 4 for Harrison; Wyoming, 3 for Harrison; Nevada, solid for Weaver. The ballots were solid silver cards, two by three inches, on which were engraved the names of Weaver and Field.

California, eight for Cleveland, one for Harrison; Pennsylvania, solid for Harrison; Delaware, three for Cleveland; Maryland, eight for Cleveland; Connecticut, six for Cleveland; Montana, three for Harrison; Oregon, three for Harrison, one Weaver; Nebraska, solid for Harrison; Michigan, Harrison nine, Cleveland five.

This is the first time that the Democratic Presidential candidate has received an electoral vote from Michigan; Tennessee solid for Cleveland; New Hampshire solid for Harrison; Illinois solid for Cleveland; first vote for the Democratic President in nearly forty years; Vermont, Maine, Massachusetts and Rhode Island solid for Harrison; Indiana solid for Cleveland; Minnesota nine for Harrison; West Virginia six for Cleveland; New Jersey ten for Cleveland.

Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Twenty-two members of the electoral college to-day voted for Benjamin Harrison for President and one for Grover Cleveland. The highest vote cast by the respective parties at the presidential election in November was Republican, 405,187; Democrat, 404,115; Prohibition, 26,013; People's party, 14,850. Lorenzo Danford, chairman of the meeting, to-day received the highest Republican vote at the November election; and James R. Seward, of Mansfield, who was at the head of the Democratic ticket, the highest cast by his party. Seward is the first Democratic presidential elector in Ohio since 1872. He received a complimentary consideration from all sides and bore his honors becomingly.

Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 9.—The Democratic electoral college met to-day, all members being present. S. C. Kent, of Wytheville, was elected chairman; J. B. Bigger, secretary. Virginia's twelve votes were cast for Cleveland and Stevenson. W. S. Copeland, editor of the Danville Register, was selected as messenger to deliver the vote in Washington. The members of the college appointed Holmes Conrad, of Winchester; W. A. Little, Jr., of Fredericksburg; J. Thompson Brown, of Bedford, a committee to visit Cleveland and urge the appointment of J. Randolph Tucker as Attorney General.

Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 9.—The Presidential electors of Florida met in the executive office of the capitol at noon to-day and organized by electing Hon. T. M. Shackelford as chairman and W. H. Milton, Jr., of Jackson, as secretary. The vote was cast, as expressed by the people at the polls, for Cleveland and Stevenson. Hon. W. Naylor Thompson, of Nassau county, will convey the Florida vote to Washington. The total vote for Cleveland electors was 30,144; for Weaver electors 4,844. There was no Republican electoral ticket in the field this year.

New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 9.—The electoral college met at noon to-day. After the oath of office had been administered a recess of fifteen minutes was taken in order to allow the electors to hold an informal conference. The electors immediately met in conference and adopted resolutions expressing their approval of the candidacy of Edward Murphy, Jr., for United States Senator. The electoral college was then reconvened and thirty-six electoral votes were cast for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 9.—The ten Weaver and Field Presidential electors, who cast their votes to-day, were elected by a plurality of 5,874 over the Harrison electors. The popular vote for Weaver and Field was 163,111; for Harrison and Reid, 157,237; Third Party and Prohibition candidates, 4,539. There were no Cleveland and Stevenson electors nominated, the Democrats voting for Weaver and Field.

Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 9.—The Georgia Democratic electors met at the capitol to-day. Frank Flynt was chosen president. The formality of casting Georgia's thirteen votes for Cleveland and Stevenson was gone through with and Editor R. W. Grubb, of Darien, chosen messenger.

North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 9.—The electoral college met in the senate chamber at noon, all being present. C. B. Aycock

was chosen president and R. C. Glenn, secretary. Grover Cleveland and Adlai E. Stevenson received the eleven votes Glenn was chosen messenger.

THE END IS NEAR.

Blaine Had a Relapse and His Condition is Critical.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—Ex-Secretary James G. Blaine had a serious relapse Saturday night. The physicians were called to his bedside late Saturday night and Dr. Johnson was with him all day yesterday.

He gradually grew worse during the night and yesterday morning he was not expected to live through the day.

Mr. Blaine has rallied in a remarkable fashion and his physician reported him this morning "resting easily." Yesterday all day his death was looked for momentarily. To-day the end seems indefinitely postponed.

LATER—At 10 o'clock Blaine's physicians saw no reason to fear a fatal termination of his illness to-night.

Blaine's physicians have written no bulletins to-day, but their latest announcement to the reporters at midnight reiterated that they did not apprehend Blaine's death to-night.

Caravels Coming From Spain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The United States cruiser Newark, in command of Admiral Baham, arrived at Cadiz, Spain, yesterday, according to a cable dispatch received by the Navy Department, and her officers will set to work immediately in superintending the fitting out the Columbus caravels Nina and Pinta for their voyage across the Atlantic to take part in the naval review at Hampton Roads and to be exhibited later at the World's Fair. The Newark will act as convoy to the caravels on their western journey. After the work of fitting out is completed she will proceed to Naples and secure the Vatican manuscript and the Columbus relics; thence to Marseilles to get the French Columbus relics and back to Cadiz. The Newark, with the Nina and Pinta and a Spanish warship acting as convoy to the Santa Maria, constructed by the Spanish government, will sail for the United States about the middle of February.

Big Sale of Mountain Land.

HARRISONBURG, Va., Jan. 9.—A transaction was consummated recently by which about 50,000 acres of mountain land lying in Rockingham and Augusta counties passed into the hands of New York capitalists. The price paid was \$1,500,000, one-third of which was paid in cash. Gen. J. S. Negley and Mr. C. A. Wuselock, of New York city, represent a syndicate which proposes to develop the timber, minerals and bark in which the tract abounds. One of the first steps to be taken will probably be the construction of a railroad to tap the Baltimore and Ohio at some point on the Valley branch. The property has been known for many years as the Hollingsworth survey, and since the death of Miss Emily Hollingsworth, of Philadelphia, it has been owned by Mrs. Murray, of West River, Md.

Maj. J. G. Griswold Dead.

PETERSBURG, Va., Jan. 9.—Maj. J. G. Griswold, one of Petersburg's most prominent merchants and citizens, died yesterday of pneumonia, after an illness of several days. Major Griswold was a native of Richmond. He was a graduate of William and Mary College and of the University of Virginia, and was a classmate of Bishop Randolph, of the diocese of Southern Virginia. He succeeded Rev. Dr. T. D. Wingfield, now bishop of California, as principal of St. Paul's Female School, in this city. On account of ill health he gave up teaching some time ago. He served throughout the late war in the Confederate army and was an officer in A. P. Hill Camp of Confederate Veterans, of this city.

Fine Horses Lost.

LURAY, Va., Jan. 9.—Mr. John Heiston, who lives near Spring Farm, Page county, lost by death three fine horses yesterday, two dying within a few minutes of each other. One of the horses was a stallion, valued at \$850. The cause of death is not known, some thinking the feed of the horses may have contained poison. An examination will be made as it is known the animals did not die from natural causes. An epidemic, thought to be some form of the epizootic, is reported in the Kimball district among the horses.

The Beginning of the End.

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—At Gelsenkirchen the striking miners at three of the largest pits resumed work this morning, and this is taken to be the beginning of the ending of one of the most ill-advised strikes that has ever occurred in Germany of recent years.

A Dry Goods House Assigns.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 9.—F. W. Thornton, of Fayetteville, one of the largest dry goods houses in the State, has assigned. E. M. Nimocks and A. B. Williams are the assignees. The liabilities are about \$200,000; preferences about \$75,000.

Gas Well in Fort Wayne.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 9.—A gas well was struck in the heart of this city yesterday which is now throwing out a flame forty feet high. The well is a mile north of the courthouse and it is owned by the Centilevers. The well is situated at their brewery.

Special Offers.

ONE Sohmer upright piano, slightly used, good as new, former price \$225, reduced to \$125. One new Kranich & Bach upright piano, loaned for use musicals a few times, former price \$450, reduced to \$350. Good second-hand pianos from \$50 up. Estey and other makes of organs, only slightly used, at half their original price. Prices range from \$25 up on all of these. Will make terms to suit purchasers. Call at Hobbie Music Co's. at once if you want bargains.

THE PANAMA CANAL SCANDAL.

De Lesseps' Trial Will Commence To-day.

The Prosecution Has Summoned Thirty-One Witnesses—Other Men Who Will be Tried With De Lesseps—What the Indictments Charge—Enemies of the Republic Trying to Bring President Carnot Into the Scandal.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—Procureur General Tanon has summoned thirty-one witnesses for the great Panama trial, which begins to-morrow. The parties to be put on trial to-morrow are Charles de Lesseps, director of the Panama Canal Company, Marius Fontane, secretary-general of the company; M. Cotteau, of the firm of Reinach, Kohn & Company, and Gustav Eiffel, a distinguished engineer. Charles de Lesseps has caused three English directors of the Suez Canal Company to be summoned as witnesses in his behalf.

The indictment charges Charles de Lesseps, Fontane and Cotteau with having employed fraudulent means to persuade people to believe in the existence of a fallacious enterprise and imaginary influence or credit, thus causing divers persons to subscribe that would not otherwise have done so for an issue of Panama canal bonds made June 25, 1888, the defendants, by the fraudulent means thus alleged, cheating and defrauding others out of all or part of their money thus subscribed.

The second section of the indictment relates to the Panama Canal loan of December 12, 1888. The accused are charged with having tried to obtain subscriptions to this loan on false pretenses, their attempted swindling being only frustrated by circumstances independent of their intentions.

Third, it is alleged that the accused had misappropriated or expended, with a view to prejudice the interest of bondholders money given into their charge as trust deposits for specific purposes.

Gustav Eiffel is indicted as an accomplice in the alleged swindling operation and is accused of having wilfully and knowingly received a share of sums of money unlawfully procured from the public, and with having wilfully and knowingly shared in the profits of the fraud. Eiffel is also accused of having misappropriated funds entrusted to him for the mandatory purpose of expenditure for salaried labor. Nothing is said in this indictment as to bribery or corruption of public officials.

One witness summoned is to Lucien Napoleon Bonaparte Weiss, who claims the credit of having been the first to conceive the idea of the cable between the Atlantic and Pacific. It was he, in his character as an engineer, obtained from the Columbian Government permission to carry out the Panama Canal, in the works of which he was engaged until the final collapse.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—The attempt to involve President Carnot in the Panama accusations causes much excitement. So far as made apparent, there is not the slightest evidence of corrupt complicity in the Panama swindling on the part of Carnot, the utmost alleged in any definite way being that he may have perfunctorily and ministerially given official sanction to the transaction on the part of other officials who were corrupt. The enemies of the republic have from the first been endeavoring to involve Carnot, believing that by bringing about the presidential crisis they would strike a fatal blow to the republic. Besides, there are several candidates for the presidency in the field who would be delighted to see Carnot forced to resign.

Democrats and Populists Combine.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 9.—The deadlock in the senate was broken this afternoon by a combination of Populists and Democrats. The terms of the deal had not been completed this morning, as the Populists thought the Democrats were asking too much, but terms acceptable to both sides were agreed upon during the noon recess, and immediately upon convening they proceeded to the election of a secretary, and Kennedy, the Democratic candidate, was elected by a vote of 20 to 15. Cummings, the Populist candidate for sergeant-at-arms, was elected. The minor offices were divided between the two parties.

Colorado Silver Mines Closed.

DENVER, Jan. 9.—The closing down of the Rico-Aspen consolidated group of mines, at Rico, has caused a sensation in mining and financial circles. Prominent mining men all agree that the step is the result of the depreciation of silver and the high wages paid to miners. It is understood that the principal operators have practically agreed to close their mines until silver advances. In case this action is taken thousands of men will be deprived of a chance to earn a living, and Colorado will enter upon her first serious state of financial depression.

Looks Favorable for Faulkner.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Indications at present seem favorable for the re-election of Senator Faulkner. Ex-Senator Camden is here, but does not seem to have developed as much strength as his friends anticipated.

More Cholera in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, Jan. 9.—One case of cholera is again reported in Hamburg, after the city had enjoyed four days' immunity from the disease, so far as indicated by official reports.

L. & N. Declares a Dividend.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The directors of the Louisville and Nashville to-day declared a cash dividend of 2 per cent, payable February 3, 1893.

The Weather.

Forecast for Virginia: Fair, except on Tuesday morning, in northern portions, colder; cold wave by Wednesday morning; northwesterly winds.