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SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartly Eating.

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No. 11 Jefferson Street, You will find material for DELIGHTFUL SPORT, HEALTHFUL RECREATION, BEST OF FISHING TACKLE AT LITTLE COST.

BOSTON FLOOR POLISH.

Liquid Granite, (new and a beautiful floor finish). Spar Varnish for exposed work, Berry Bros' Hard Oil for Fine Inside Work, Best Japan Dryer in the city.

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POULTRY NETTING, HAMMOCKS, FISHING TACKLE, BARB WIRE, GARDEN SEEDS.

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SPONGE GARDENING.

PROFITABLE SEA FARMS ALONG THE FLORIDA COAST.

Interesting Facts Not Generally Known Concerning an Article of Utility—Assistance Rendered the Industry by the Government's Fish Commission.

Ever since the sponge fisheries of the Bahamas and the gulf coast of Florida showed signs of becoming exhausted efforts have been made to cultivate sponges on farms or artificial beds, and more recently science has tried to imitate the genuine article by converting the soft fiber of the cocconut leaves and shells into sponges of commercial value.

A few years ago the fish commissioners had their attention called to the sponge fisheries off the Florida coast, and after finding that the beds were being rapidly depleted of the best stock, an examination of the fisheries was made to ascertain some way of preserving them.

A small sponge farm was established at Washington, and then others along the Florida coast as experiments. These proved successful, so that private individuals went into the business.

The beds, or farms, are usually located at some well protected place along the coast and fenced in with natural formations and artificial dams. The sponge seeds are kept in small "pounds" through the winter, where the masses of protoplasm develop and grow.

It is very difficult to get the right location for an ideal sponge bed. An arm of the sea where the salt water flows in freely that has a natural hard bottom is the best. Rocks, stones and other substances can be dropped at the bottom for the sponges to fasten themselves to.

After the sponge farm is once started there is little more to do with it except at harvesting time. The sponges grow slowly and usually three years elapse before any are pulled up. Then only the choicest, full grown ones are gathered.

The value of the sponge farm increases every year despite the annual harvest that is taken therefrom. The new sponges are spreading until every square inch of the bottom and sides of the pond are covered with young and old sponges.

Mr. Smith—I think it dreadful that your divorce laws in America should be so much more lenient than they are in England.

HYPHENATED NAMES.

Some Are Genuine, Others Simply Stand For Snobbery—How to Distinguish.

Hyphenated names in Europe may be divided into two categories—namely, those wherein the hyphen is a mere piece of snobbery and affectation, and those wherein it is consequent upon a legal obligation.

People in the other category, who use the hyphen merely with the object of creating the impression that they are of more ancient lineage than is really the case, invariably prefix, instead of appending, the additional name, and it is this that enables one to distinguish the "bona fide double barrel," as Lord Randolph Churchill used to call them, from those who are not, for you have only to ask Mr. Ponsoby-Jones for the name of his paternal grandfather in order to find out that the old gentleman was a simple Jones, devoid of the aristocratic Ponsoby, whereas in the case of surnames adopted in deference to testamentary dispositions one will invariably find an inquiry that the paternal grandfather and ancestors bore the first of the two patronymics.

The persons who make use of hyphenated names without being compelled to do so are usually the owners of patronymics excretingly plebeian, who hope, vainly, it is true, to redeem the commonplace character of their name by prefixing thereto one calculated, they are connected with some of the great houses of the nobility. Thus it is quite common to find Montmorency-Smiths, Plantagenet-Robinsons and Vere de Vere-Browns.—Chicago Tribune.

RUMSEY'S STEAMBOAT.

Records Which Show That It Antedated Fulton's Product by Twenty-two Years.

The records of Jefferson county, W. Va., prove what is not generally known—that Robert Fulton was not the first man to build a steamboat in this country. He was anticipated over 22 years by James Rumsey of Charleston, Va., now West Virginia.

The two cylinders, the boiler, pumps, pipes, etc., were built in Baltimore. Part of the work was done at the old Antietam Iron works. Rumsey's boat was 80 feet in length, and it was propelled by an engine which worked a vertical pump placed in the center of the vessel. The water was drawn in at the bow and forced out at the stern through a horizontal pipe.

The first public experiment took place on the Potomac river on March 14, 1786, when the boat showed a speed of four miles an hour upstream. The records of Jefferson county also show that George Washington and Governor Thomas Johnson of Maryland were among the patrons of Rumsey, and that the experiment was made in the interest of the then proposed Chesapeake and Ohio canal.—New York World.

A Trifle Mixed.

There was a bet of \$10 laid yesterday between two newspaper men as to which could repeat the Lord's prayer the faster, and they gabbled it out at such a rate that the third party declared that the only proper way to divide the wager was for them to repeat it in a phonograph, which would, of course, correctly repeat each word which was uttered.

This seemed to strike both of the parties to the bet as fair, and repairing to a dealer on Madison street who rents phonographs they explained to him the situation. He fell in with the fun of the thing, and ranged the combatants up in front of a couple of recorders, and at a given signal they started off as if they were deaf.

"There!" exclaimed one of the gentlemen. "I told you you weren't in it with me. Why, my father was a clergyman, and I've heard that prayer three times every Sunday since I was knee high to a woodchuck."

"Maybe you have," admitted his opponent, "but just let's see if you repeated it correctly."

The Connecticut river took its name from an Indian word, Quonaughticot, meaning "river of trees."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 29.—A strong increase was shown on to-day's stock exchange and part of yesterday's losses have been regained. Better crop reports and covering of short contracts were the chief influences governing the market.

Closing stocks were as follows. Atchafalaya, 7 1/2; Adams Express, 144; Baltimore and Ohio, 62; Chesapeake and Ohio, 22 1/2; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 80 1/2; Chicago Gas, 73 1/2; C. C. C. and St. Louis, 43 1/2; Del. Lackawanna and Western, 161; Distillers and Cattle Feeders Co., 20 1/2; Erie, 11 1/2; Erie preferred, 27 1/2; Great Northern preferred, 128; Lake Shore, 145 1/2; Lead Trust, 34 1/2; Louisville and Nashville, 58 1/2; National Cordage, 4 1/2; National Cordage preferred, 6 1/2; N. J. Central, 100 1/2; Norfolk and Western preferred, 14 1/2; Northern Pacific preferred, 19 1/2; Northwestern, 98 1/2; Northwestern preferred, 144 1/2; N. Y. Central, 101 1/2; N. Y. and New England, 43 1/2; Pacific Mail, 27 1/2; Pullman Palace, 171; Reading, 19 1/2; Rock Island, 68 1/2; St. Paul, 66 1/2; St. Paul and Omaha, 38 1/2; Southern Pacific, 20; Sugar Refinery, 117; Union Pacific, 14; Western Union, 92 1/2; General Electric, 34 1/2; Southern, 13 1/2; Southern preferred, 39 1/2; Tobacco, 115 1/2; Tobacco preferred, 112.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The weather ruled the grain markets to day. Hot dry winds sent them up sharply and alternate promises of rain and frost kept them nervous; but in the end a desire to even up trades over yesterday and over to day's holiday resulted in a lower close than yesterday. Provisions were strong and higher on light receipts of hogs and outside buying orders.

The leading futures ranged to-day as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—May, opening, 81, closing 79 1/2; July, opening, 82 1/2, closing 80 1/2; September, opening, 82 1/2, closing 80 1/2. Corn No. 2—May, opening, 53 1/2, closing, 52 1/2; July, opening, 54 1/2, closing, 53 1/2; September, opening, 55 1/2, closing, 54 1/2. Oats No. 2—May, opening, 31 1/2, closing, 30 1/2; July, opening, 32 1/2, closing, 31 1/2; September, opening, 32 1/2, closing, 31 1/2. Mess pork, per bbl.—July, opening, 12 95, closing, 12 90; September opening, 13 25, closing, 13 17 1/2. Lard, per 100 lbs.—July, opening, 6 80, closing, 6 85; September, opening, 6 95, closing, 7 00. Short ribs, per 100 lbs.—July, opening, 6 50, closing, 6 45; September, opening, 6 62 1/2, closing, 6 55.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; winter patents, 3.20@3.60; winter straights, 3.00@3.25; spring patents, 3.30@3.35; spring straights, 2.50@2.75. No. 2 spring wheat, 81 1/2@83 1/2; No. 3 spring wheat, 75@81; No. 2 red, 79 1/2@79 3/4; No. 2 white, 32 1/2@33 1/2; No. 2 oats, 30 1/2; No. 2 white, 32 1/2@33 1/2; No. 2 barley, 51 1/2; No. 3, 49@51 1/2; No. 4, nominal; No. 1 flaxseed, 1.51; prime timothy seed, 5.00; mess pork, per bbl., 12.80@12.87 1/2; lard, per 100 lbs., 6.72@6.75; short ribs sides, (loose), 6.35@6.40; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 5 1/2@5 1/2; short clear sides, (boxed), 6 1/2@6 1/2; whiskey, distillers' finished goods per gallon, 1.26 1/2; sugars, cut loaf, 5.13; granulated, 4.69; standard A, 5.56.

Cincinnati Produce Market.

CINCINNATI, O., May 29.—Flour strong, active; wheat firm, higher; No. 2 red, 86@88. Corn active; No. 2 mixed, 53 1/2. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed, 32@32 1/2. Rye quiet; No. 2, 70. Pork firmer; 13.00. Lard firmer, 6.87 1/2. Bulk meats firm, 6.37 1/2. Bacon firmer, 7.37 1/2. Whiskey fair demand; 1.24. Butter steady. Sugar steady. Eggs weaker, 11c.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Money on call easy at 1@1 1/2 per cent.; last loan, 1; closed 1. Prime mercantile paper 2 1/2@3 1/2. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 4 1/2 for demand, and 4 1/2@4 1/2 for sixty days; posted rates, 4.87 1/2@4.88 and 4.88 1/2@4.89. Commercial bills, 4.86 1/2@4.86 1/2. Silver certificates, 67 1/2@67 1/2. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong.

R. M. Sutton & Co.

CAPT. D. C. BOOTH, agent of R. M. Sutton & Co., of Baltimore, wholesale dealers in dry goods and notions, who has been occupying rooms over the E. H. Stewart furniture store, will on the first day of May remove his large stock of samples to Hotel Lee, corner of Commerce street and Salem avenue, and in future will be pleased to see his patrons in his new quarters.



Baby knows the difference between "Genuine Pond's Extract" and its many imitations. Nature's own pain reliever is Pond's Extract.

Avoid substitutes; accept genuine only, with buff wrapper and yellow label. POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

As cheap as—Cleanliness. GOLD DUST Washing Powder. THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA.

What's the Use of Waiting?

"They" say "all things come to him who waits," but we have not been waiting, and we don't propose to wait. We KNOW our prices are right, our work A-1, and if you don't bring us work we will come after it, in one way or another, either by bringing to your notice our prices, facilities and quality of execution, or personal interviews. We are not grumbling; far from it. We've had our share; we are still getting our share. But we have placed at your disposal a modern, and almost ideal, printing establishment, with such facilities as to command admiration from all with whom we have business intercourse. We are not waiting; haven't time to wait.

An Up-to-Date Printing Office.

One of the vows the writer made when he was "devil" in a country printing office was, in effect, that if he ever owned or managed a printing establishment, it would be kept clean, at least by comparison. At that time he hardly felt the force of the vow, for he has learned after years of experience that it is necessary immediately after one "going over" to start at the beginning and go over it all again. It never ends—just like a housekeeper's duties—but not like the boy who sees no use in washing his face because it will get soiled again. But, a clean printing establishment is just as necessary for the proper execution of work in our line as light and heat and power. And the vow has been kept. Come and see.

All Together

One of the things which has contributed largely to the success of our establishment is the systematic working "together" of all our forces in all departments. This has reduced to a minimum the "lost motion" which is usually to be found in large industries. If a minute can be saved here, another there, it is done—an hour is gained—thus we take care of the fleeting moments. Five minutes wasted daily by each of our employes would mean the interest on \$10,000 a year. In those days of close margins each moment of time must be productive.

Quite Recently, Too

The times are hard, money tight, everything handled economically—but it cannot possibly stay that way. So we are pushing ("not shoving") ahead, just as though good times were upon us. We cannot afford to lag behind or worry; but in times of peace we are preparing for war. And when it comes we will have an establishment that can take care of anything that comes—and things that do not come now. Recently we placed an order for one of the largest lots of new type ever given at one time in Virginia.

We Print Anything

That can be desired or devised from movable type, paper and ink—and brains. Brains are just as important in our work as paper or ink or type. It is the combination that tells. We do not mean to be egotistical at all; but combining these things to bring forth a harmonious result has been our study—and we do claim to know our business right thoroughly.

In Our Press-Room

Can be seen the rapid, diminutive and monster cylinder presses, including the famous "Promise Keeper," turning out thousands upon thousands of sheets every day. Our largest and best paper cutting machine, the automatic cutting knife sharpener, and tableting apparatuses are on this floor. The wonderful and powerful electric motor, which propels the machines on all three floors, is also on this floor. Over in one corner, hardly noticeable, is kept in readiness, as a supplementary power, an improved Gas Engine, to be attached at momentary notice, in case of accident to the electric motor, or for other causes. This precludes the possibility of a "hole" in the power question.

On the Second Floor

A long row of small presses, used for cards, envelopes, statements, note heads, tickets and small work. Here, also, is probably the most wonderful piece of mechanism in our establishment—the Railroad Ticket Printing Machine. Think of it the next time you purchase your ticket. Secured behind iron bars and double locks, it at once suggests government bonds, with all those safeguards.

Further Along

On this floor is the type-setting department, where expert minds and fingers think and act rapidly and correctly, interpreting at times handwriting that would make Horace Greeley turn green with envy. Large, extra large fonts of type permit the handling of very large orders in a most satisfactory and expeditious manner. Our force in this department can set up about as many pages in a day as a man can read. A plentiful supply of Algebraical, Astronomical, Geometrical signs and characters, accented letters, and "odd sorts" enable us to handle difficult and intricate work in special lines.

On the Top Floor

Is our Blank Book Manufactory, ruling machines, including one which is probably the largest south of Philadelphia; our various wire stitchers, which will take wire from a spool, cut it the proper length, shape it, and drive through a book three-fourths of inch thick, or one not so thick, 120 a minute; then our paging and numbering machines, board and paper cutters, book presses, which exert a pressure of twenty tons or more, perforating, punching and eyeletting machines, and the engraving department—which latter is an innovation for this section.

What Can We Not Do

With such facilities? A card, a circular, note-head, envelope, pamphlet, price list, catalogue, book, railroad rate sheet or time table, a ruled blank or a 1000-page ledger, on any or all, we assure our friends we are AT HOME, from January 1st to December 31st.

The Stone Printing and Manufacturing Co., Printers, Engravers and Blank Book Manufacturers, Opposite Hotel Roanoke, EDW. L. STONE, President. ROANOKE, VA.