

# THE ROANOKE DAILY TIMES.

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ROANOKE, VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1895.

FULLY ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.  
ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.

## THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Virginia: Fair, slight changes in temperature, south winds.

## Commencing To-morrow

We will print in this space a series of proverbs about rain. When you read them, think if your roof needs mending and send for us.

Roanoke Roofing and Metal Cornice Co.,  
Commerce St. and Franklin Road.  
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Phone 228.

**R** (Means "take")

## PRESCRIPTIONS.

WE TAKE SPECIAL CARE TO FILL PRESCRIPTIONS correctly and promptly, and know that our drugs are absolutely pure. We take no chances on this latter point, and you can't afford to take any chances in the filling of your prescription. We want your prescription trade.

**Massie's Pharmacy**  
109 JEFFERSON STREET.

**CATOONI'S!**  
THE  
Leading Restaurant  
of Roanoke.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.  
The Only Ladies' Dining Room  
in the City.

Two Separate Dining Rooms.  
Everything in Season and  
Polite Attention.

Phone 71.

## HOPE!

THAT SWEET WORD "HOPE" HAS AGAIN TAKEN ROOT IN THE HEARTS OF OUR PEOPLE. HETTER TIMES ARE NEAR. THE CONTENTANCES OF OUR CUSTOMERS AND THEIR PURCHASES INDICATE IT. THEY GET WHAT THEY WANT PROMPTLY EVERY TIME AND ARE SATISFIED.

WE HOPE TO DOUBLE OUR BUSINESS BY KEEPING OUR STOCK COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT AND SERVING OUR PATRONS IN SUCH A WAY AS TO WIN THEIR APPRECIATION.

PRICES SHALL BE AS LOW AS PURE, FRESH GOODS WILL WARRANT.

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The U. S. Gov't Reports  
show Royal Baking Powder  
superior to all others.

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Is not the makers' name, but the quality of the goods. Sterling Silver is 925-1000 fine—the very best there is made. All my novelties are STERLING SILVER. I do not keep the plated ones.

Shirt Waist Sets are also Sterling Silver, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50. Selection packages sent to visitors to the State at my expense for their consideration and inspection.

**EDWARD S. GREEN**  
Manufacturing Jeweler and Graduate Optician,  
No. 6 Salem Avenue.  
Eyes Examined Free of Charge. Wholesale

## WATTS, M'CARTNEY, BERKELEY.

Democratic Standard Bearers  
Selected at Salem.

Watts Nominated on the First Ballot—McCartney's Nomination Made by Acclamation—A Bitter Fight Between Berkeley and Hicks Supporters—Some of the Latter Refuse to Make Berkeley's Nomination Unanimous—Senator Daniel Endorsed—In Favor of a Constitutional Convention.

For the Senate—Hon. J. Allen Watts, of Roanoke County.  
For the House—Andrew McCartney, of Craig County; W. W. Berkeley, of Roanoke County.

The Democratic district convention is a thing of the past. The delegates assembled in Salem yesterday and named a legislative ticket. Hon. J. Allen Watts was nominated on the first ballot for the senate. Mr. Andrew McCartney, of Craig county, was unanimously chosen for the house of delegates. Capt. W. W. Berkeley, of Roanoke county, was also nominated for the house in the fifth ballot.

The principal contest before the convention was the fight for supremacy between the Berkeley and Hicks supporters. The latter carried the question of the Third ward delegation to the credential committee and won a victory here, as their delegates were seated. He did not have sufficient strength in the convention, however, to secure a nomination, and with Col. Logan, of Salem, was forced to bow to the inevitable.

Throughout the convention a great deal of ill-feeling was manifested by these two factions, which was not healed at the close of the day's proceedings, some of the Hicks' men refusing to allow Mr. Berkeley's nomination to be made unanimous. A resolution was adopted by the senatorial convention endorsing Senator John W. Daniel, regardless of his attitude on the currency question. The house convention, by resolution, declared in favor of a constitutional convention.

### The Morning Session.

The convention was called to order in the town hall promptly at 12 o'clock by Capt. M. M. Rogers, chairman of the Roanoke county Democratic executive committee, that gentleman having been requested to do so by the different county chairmen. The hall was well filled, the delegates to the senatorial convention, as well as a large number of spectators, being present. The Hicks men had been causing during the forenoon and it was plain to be seen that they intended fighting every inch of ground. The fight was precipitated on the first motion made, namely the nomination of a temporary chairman.

Mr. A. B. Pugh, of Salem, placed in nomination Mr. D. C. Shanks, of Roanoke county, and Judge A. J. Brand, of Roanoke city, nominated Mr. Wm. I. Lunsford, also of Roanoke county. When the roll was called Craig county asked to be passed for the present. Roanoke city was next called, and James McFall cast nine votes for Shanks. Mr. W. P. Dupuy announced that Roanoke city cast twelve votes for Lunsford. Big Lick and Cave Spring cast one-half a vote for Lunsford; Salem six votes for Shanks; Catawba one-half a vote for Shanks. Craig then cast three votes for Shanks and one for Lunsford. Mr. Shanks was declared elected, and upon taking the chair made a short speech. Mr. Wm. Simpson, of Salem, was elected temporary secretary, with the Democratic editors in the district as assistant secretaries.

Then occurred another slight clash between the Hicks and Berkeley men. Mr. Dupuy moved that the committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions be composed of two members from Roanoke county and one from Craig. Mr. McFall offered as a substitute that the committees be composed of one member each from Roanoke city, Roanoke county and Craig.

Mr. Hardaway made a spirited speech in favor of Mr. Dupuy's resolution. He claimed that no judge ever tried his own case and that it would not be fair to put a Roanoke member on the credential committee. Mr. Pugh and Mr. Edward Lyle both spoke on the question, favoring Mr. McFall's amendment.

At the conclusion of Mr. Lyle's remarks Mr. McFall announced that he was instructed by the Hicks' delegation to withdraw his amendment and consent to Mr. Dupuy's motion, which was adopted. The chair then announced the following committees:  
Permanent organization—O. L. Hatcher, C. W. Chapman, Roanoke county; P. V. Jones, Craig county.  
Credentials—J. C. Langhorne, D. T. Martin, Roanoke county; John W. Caldwell, Craig county.  
Resolutions—A. B. Pugh, Frank Webber, Roanoke county; John W. Trout, Craig county.  
The committees retired for consultation and the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

The Senatorial Convention.  
When the hour of 2 o'clock arrived the committee on credentials was not prepared to report, and an adjournment for another hour was taken. The senatorial convention was then called to order by Captain Rogers, and long before the house convention was ready to re-assemble, its business had been completed, and some of the delegates were on their way home. Judge Cassell, of Radford, was made temporary chairman, and, in a brief speech, refuted the charge of fraud laid at the Democratic door, and paid his compliments to the alleged honest election movement. The judge did not seem to think very much of the gentlemen who are at the head of this agitation. Mr. Chas. I. Stewart was selected as temporary secretary, after which the following committees were announced:  
Credentials—R. A. Buckner, Roanoke city; James Gray, Radford; J. W. Trout,

Craig county; Wm. Lunsford, Roanoke county; W. H. Calhoun, Montgomery county.

Permanent organization—L. H. Cooke, Roanoke city; H. C. Preston, Radford; Joel C. Rowan, Craig county; J. E. Palmer, Roanoke county; J. E. Johnson, Montgomery county.

Resolutions—T. W. Miller, Roanoke city; E. L. Jordan, Radford; Col. J. C. McDonald, Craig county; W. P. Moomaw, Roanoke county; J. C. Carper, Montgomery county.

The committee on permanent organization was the first to report. They named George E. Cassel for permanent chairman; Wm. Simpson for permanent secretary, with members of the Democratic press as assistant secretaries. The report was adopted, as was also the report of the committee on credentials. They reported forty-six delegates entitled to seats. There were no contests.

The committee on resolutions not being ready to report, Mr. D. S. Good moved that the convention proceed to the nomination of a senator. This was agreed to and Mr. W. S. Glasgow, Jr., put in nomination the name of Hon. J. Allen Watts. Mr. Glasgow reviewed Mr. Watts' career in the senate and said that he needed no praise from him. His record spoke for itself.

Mr. R. W. Kime, of Salem, nominated Mr. O. L. Stearnes. He made a strong speech in support of his candidate. Mr. H. C. Preston, of Radford, in an eloquent speech, seconded the nomination of Mr. Watts. Ex-Congressman Marshall and Major Ellis, of Montgomery, also seconded the nomination. Mr. Marshall declaring that the little county of Craig would give Mr. Watts almost a unanimous vote. Capt. J. T. Sawyer, of Salem, seconded the nomination of Mr. Stearnes. But one ballot was necessary to settle the contest, Mr. Watts receiving 47½ votes and Mr. Stearnes 8½.

Mr. Kime then moved to make the nomination unanimous, which was done. Mr. Roy B. Smith, Mr. H. C. Preston and Hon. James Marshall were appointed a committee to conduct Mr. Watts to the hall.

Report of the Resolutions Committee.  
While these gentlemen were absent the committee on resolutions presented the following report, which was adopted: "The Fourth senatorial district of Virginia, in convention assembled, points with pride to the present Democratic administration, both State and national, and in view of the return of prosperity to our country under a Democratic administration this convention deems it unnecessary to adopt any platform further than to endorse and reaffirm the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention of 1892."

"Second. This convention heartily endorses the course of Senator John W. Daniel in the national congress and hereby declares its confidence in his integrity, ability and patriotism, regardless of his attitude on the currency question."

As Mr. Watts ascended the platform he was greeted with loud cheers, which were renewed when Mr. Smith introduced him as the next Senator from this district. Mr. Watts thanked the convention for the renewed evidence of their confidence in him. He promised that his efforts shall ever be for the general welfare of the people of this district and for a larger people, the people of the State of Virginia. "I can only promise you," said Mr. Watts in conclusion, "as I did in the beginning, that as far as I am able and as far as lies in my power, I will represent you next winter in Richmond, as I believe I will be to the best of my ability, and if I make mistakes I hope they will be overlooked, as mistakes of the mind and not of the heart."

At the conclusion of Mr. Watts' remarks the convention adjourned.

### The Closing Scenes.

It was 4 o'clock when Temporary Chairman Shanks called the house convention to order. During the recess the committee on credentials had listened to the contest in the Third ward of Roanoke city and when the convention re-assembled it was generally understood that the Hicks delegates from this ward would be seated. The first business transacted was the report of the committee on organization who recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent. The report was adopted.

The committee on credentials then made their report and, as was expected, decided in favor of the Hicks delegates. The report was as follows:

"Your committee on credentials report that there is no contest in either of the counties of Roanoke or Craig, or in the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of Roanoke city, and that the following delegates and alternates from said counties and wards are entitled to seats in this convention, as follows:  
"Delegates—Roanoke county, 11; Craig county, 4; Roanoke city, First ward, 5; Second ward, 4; Fourth ward, 3, and Fifth ward, 3.  
"Alternates—Roanoke county, 11; Craig county, 4; Roanoke city, First ward, 5; Second ward, 4; Fourth ward, 3, and Fifth ward, 3.

"In reference to the contest in the Third ward of Roanoke city, your committee, after hearing evidence, both documentary and oral and the argument of counsel, respectfully report that the following delegates and alternates are entitled to seats in this convention:  
"Delegates—P. J. Greeley, W. E. Thomas, J. C. Graves.  
"Alternates—A. J. Seifert, John A. Doanberger, W. L. Craig."

A motion was made that the report be adopted and it was carried. Mr. Webber, from the committee on resolutions, reported that that committee had no report to make. At this point a number of the delegates seated in the rear of the hall claimed that they had not heard the nays called for on the question of adopting the report of the committee on credentials and they demanded a division. The chair ruled this was out of order, as other business had been transacted since the report was adopted. Then followed a long and tedious wrangle between the Hicks and

## ANOTHER ONE TO NORFOLK.

The Magicians Sliding Down the Scale.

Weeks Proved Too Much For Them. Yesterday—Could Not Bunch Their Hits, Fry Pitched Good Ball, But the Men Behind Him Could Not Bat.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 3.—To-day's game was a battle of pitchers, in which Weeks came out victorious. Both teams put up gilt-edge ball and made things very interesting until the last man went out. Following is the score:

NORFOLK.					ROANOKE.				
	R	H	E	P O E		R	H	E	P O E
Mills, 2b.....	0	0	2	2	Shearer, cf.....	0	0	2	2
O'Hagan, 3b.....	0	0	1	0	Fultz, ss.....	0	0	2	2
Corcoran, ss.....	1	2	0	0	Stahl, 1b.....	0	0	0	0
Tate, 1b.....	1	0	7	0	Little, 1b.....	0	1	0	14
Thornhill, cf.....	1	2	4	0	Padden, 2b.....	1	2	2	2
Geier, lf.....	0	1	1	0	Carver, 3b.....	0	0	1	0
James, rf.....	0	2	0	0	Welch, c.....	0	1	4	0
Coto, c.....	0	0	0	0	Williams, lf.....	0	1	0	0
Weeks, p.....	0	0	0	1	Fry, p.....	0	0	0	0
Total.....	3	6	27	3	Total.....	2	4	27	1

RUNS BY INNINGS.  
Norfolk..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 3  
Roanoke..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 2

Earned runs—Norfolk, 2. Two-base hits—Corcoran, Goetz, James, 2. Williams, stolen bases—Thornhill, Padden, Cavanaugh, Welch. Bases on balls—Of Weeks, 1; of Fry, 2. Struck out by Weeks, 7; by Fry, 4. Sacrifice hits—Faltz, Cavanaugh. Hit by pitched ball—Tate, Padden. Passed ball—Welch. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Richmond, 4; Petersburg, 9.  
RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 3.—Gillen, at his own request, was put in the box for Richmond, but was unequal to two days' work in succession. In the first inning Petersburg hit him for a single, four doubles and a home run, scoring seven runs. Lippert's home run was knocked inside the lot. After the first inning Knorr went in the box, and held the Farmers down to two runs.

Score—  
Richmond..... 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 4 7 8  
Petersburg..... 7 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0 12 0  
Batteries—Gillen, Knorr and Foster; James and Keefe.

Lynchburg, 29; Portsmouth, 6.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Sept. 3.—Portsmouth put up a miserable exhibition of ball playing to-day, and as a result Lynchburg won out by a score of 29 to 6.

Score—  
Lynchburg..... 6 2 1 9 1 3 3 4 0 20 29  
Portsmouth..... 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 3 0 6 10 13  
Batteries—Mason and Raffert; Brandt and Vetter.

How the Clubs Stand.

W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct.  
Richmond..... 69 43 616 Petersburg..... 50 61 450  
Lynchburg..... 66 43 686 Norfolk..... 52 64 448  
Portsmouth..... 57 63 478 Roanoke..... 43 66 421

The above listed are games forfeited by Norfolk to Portsmouth and Roanoke, and by Roanoke to Norfolk.

Where They Play To-day.  
Roanoke at Norfolk; Petersburg at Richmond; Portsmouth at Lynchburg.

Result of the National League Games.  
BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 3.—Baltimore's well-timed hitting, combined with Breitenstein's wildness and a costly error by Miller, won the game. McMahon and Breitenstein pitched about an even game, neither doing remarkable work.

Score—  
Baltimore..... 3 0 0 0 4 0 1 0 8 9 1  
St. Louis..... 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 9 2  
Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Breitenstein and Otten.

At New York: R. H. E.  
New York..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 5 0 6 12 2  
Chicago..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 7 1  
Batteries—Meekin and Farrell; Hutchinson and Kitzbridge.

At Boston: R. H. E.  
Boston..... 4 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 7 10 4  
Cincinnati..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 0 16 17 1  
Batteries—Nichols, Dolan and Stockdale and Ganzel; Rhines and Vaughn.

At Philadelphia: R. H. E.  
Philadelphia..... 3 3 0 0 2 0 1 1 3 10 13 8  
Pittsburg..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 0 5 8 4  
Batteries—Taylor and Clements; Hart and Mack.

At Washington: R. H. E.  
Washington..... 2 1 0 5 0 1 0 0 0 9 10 6  
Louisville..... 0 4 0 2 0 1 3 1 6 17 19 1  
Batteries—Anderson and McGuire; Weyhing, McDermott and Spies.

Second game. R. H. E.  
Washington..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 7 8  
Louisville..... 0 0 2 1 0 2 5 6 0  
Batteries—Rowell and McGuire; Meekin and Warner.

William Jones Hopkin Dead.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 3.—Wm. Jones Hopkin, ex-secretary of the American legation at London, died here to-day aged 82 years. He was a graduate of Harvard University and of Harvard law school, and was appointed to his diplomatic position by Hamilton Fish, secretary of State under President Grant.

Trades Union Congress.  
CARDIFF, Wales, Sept. 3.—When the trades union congress resumed its sittings to-day the president, John Jenkins, delivered his formal address, at the conclusion of which the American delegates, Samuel Compers and P. J. McGuire, were conducted to the platform. Their appearance was greeted with much applause.

Tired of Life at Twenty.  
PETERSBURG, Va., Sept. 3.—Thomas Rowlett, son of a Chesterfield farmer, committed suicide this morning at his father's home in that county by firing a bullet through his brain with a revolver. He was 20 years old and an industrious and worthy man. No cause can be assigned for the act.

Japan Still Wants to Fight.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—It is stated that the Japanese government has contracted with a ship building firm at Glasgow for the construction of five warships, the cost of which will be nearly 5,000,000 pounds.

## THE COTTON CROP

Annual Report of the Secretary Shows a Large Increase This Year.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 3.—The total of Secretary Hester's annual report of the cotton crop of the United States has been promulgated. They show receipts of cotton at all United States ports for the year of 8,606,177 bales against 5,940,092 last year; overland 1,037,111 against 931,706; Southern consumption taken direct from interior of the cotton belt, 807,973 against 678,019, making the cotton crop of the United States for 1894-'95 amount to 9,901,251 bales against 7,749,817 last year, and 6,700,365 the year before. The excess shown over the largest crop ever marketed before—that of 1891-'92, when the total was 9,035,379—is 865,862 bales.

Mr. Hester has made an investigation into the consumption of cotton by every mill in the South, including woolen mills that have used cotton and the results show a total of 862,828 bales, but of this, 54,865 were taken from our ports and included in port receipts. This total shows that the mills of the South have used up over 144,000 more than during 1892-'93.

He makes the actual cotton crop of Texas, including the Indian Territory, 3,275,838 bales, or say 316,798 more than last year and states that the actual production of Indian Territory was 120,982 bales. His report on the crop of the different States is given as follows in thousands of bales: North Carolina, 450; South Carolina, 800; Georgia, 1,300; Alabama, 1,000; Florida, 60; Mississippi, 1,200; Louisiana, 600; Arkansas, 850; Tennessee, 350; Texas, 3,276. Total crop, 9,901.

The crop of Oklahoma Territory, which includes Tennessee, etc., amounted to 14,584 bales. Mr. Hester's cotton report contains interesting facts in relation to the increase of spindles of Southern mills and to new mills which will come into operation during the commercial year. He will state that with anything like fair trade the South will require 1,000,000 bales to feed her spindles during 1895-'96.

Mr. Hester makes the average weight of 9½ pounds per bale more than last season and says that it equals 10,039,000 bales of last year's crop and 10,099,000 bales of the growth of 1892, when the total was 9,035,000, showing that the South has actually produced, this season, 1,064,000 bales more than the largest commercial crop previously on record.

Nazarulla Khan Gone.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Shahzada Nazarulla Khan, second son of the Amir of Afghanistan, who came here on the invitation of the government in the latter part of May last, and who has given no end of worry to those commissioned to entertain him, has at last terminated his visit in England. He departed for Paris this afternoon. The leave-taking was an affair of considerable pomp, being attended with a full state ceremonial.

Boy Smothered in a Bin.

LEXINGTON, Va., Sept. 3.—Alexander Barclay, 10 years old, son of Dr. J. P. Barclay, a prominent physician of Eutaw, Ala.; who was visiting relatives at Fairfield, in this county, was smothered to death yesterday in a grain bin. The boy went into the bin to play, and while in there a large quantity of wheat was run in. He was not found until life was extinct.

Nebraska Wants Treasury News.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Secretary Carlisle is preparing a letter to be read before the Nebraska Democratic convention which will meet in Lincoln on Thursday. The secretary found himself unable to accept the invitation sent him to be present but will express his views upon the finances in a letter. Ex-Representative H. D. Hartier will address the convention on the money question.

Monument to Bahr.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A special to the Times from Richmond, Va., says a beautiful granite monument has been erected in Mount Calvary Cemetery to Geo. D. Bahr, the football player, who died in this city last March from injuries received in a game in this city on Thanksgiving Day. The shaft is of Corinthian style and is seventeen feet high.

CAN you not buy upon the judgment of those who have bought the Marshall & Wendell piano? Read the list in another column of this paper.

A Lively Oriental Row.

BOMBAY, Sept. 3.—In a riot at Dhulia, province of Kandesh, between Hindus and Mohammedans, ten of the latter were killed. The riot was caused by an attack which the Mohammedans made upon a Hindu procession. The police guarding the procession fired upon the rioters, killing five Mohammedans outright and wounding fifty, of whom five have since died.

WE'RE busy every day, but are still hustling for orders. H. C. Starkey & Co., phones 75 and 105, coal and wood.

Court-martial For the Colonel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—As the result of the findings of the court of inquiry in the case, Secretary Herbert has ordered the trial in Brooklyn by court-martial of Col. James Forny, marine corps, on charges based on carelessness in the care of government property at the New York navy yard.

Dr. Fraker in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kas., Sept. 3.—Dr. Fraker, insurance swindler, arrived here to-night in charge of officers, and was immediately put in jail. To a reporter the doctor talked freely of his case. His answers to questions, however, were given in an absentminded way.

H. C. STARKEY & Co. handle flour, feed, coal and wood. Don't you need some? Phones 75 and 105.

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Flour.  
The best grades and reasonable prices. H. C. Starkey & Co. Telephones 75 and 105.

## TRIAL OF THEODORE DURANT.

District Attorney Barnes' Opening Statement.

He Tells How Blanche Lamont, a Young Girl About Twenty Years Old, Came to San Francisco in September, 1894, From Montana—How She Was Last Seen Alive With Durant at Emanuel Church.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The actual trial of Theodore Durant for the murder of Blanche Lamont, commenced to-day. District Attorney Barnes delivered the opening address to the jury. He said: "At this point in the trial, and before proceeding with the evidence, it becomes my duty, as a representative of the people, to make what is called the opening statement of the case."

"The opening statement should not be regarded by you in the light of testimony, neither should it be regarded as an argument upon the facts. It should not have any weight with you, nor should you consider it as mitigating against the prisoner. It is merely a statement of what the people expect to prove."

"We will show you that in the month of September, 1894, Blanche Lamont, a young girl about 20 years of age, came to San Francisco from her home at Dillon, Montana, and went to reside with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Noble, and from the time of her arrival here until April 3, she was engaged in attending school. She was not a society girl in any sense of the word. She was of a quiet disposition, home-keeping and religious."

"We will show that Blanche Lamont was acquainted with the prisoner, Durant; that he was in the habit of accompanying her home from church and prayer meeting; that he was a caller upon her at her aunt's house, that upon the only occasion upon which she ever went anywhere with any young man, as far as we are informed, she visited the park one afternoon in company with Durant."

"We will give you a history of her life and her movements, as far as we are able, up to the 3rd of April, 1895, in order that you may form a just appreciation of the character and the habits of this unfortunate young girl. We will show you her connection with the defendant, and we will show you the reason why when the murdered body of Blanche Lamont was found in the darkened belfry of Emanuel Church the question sprang from the lips of every resident of this city and of this country, 'Who is the murderer?'"

"Why is it that the State answers that he who was responsible for the slaughter of this young life is Wm. Henry Theodore Durant; Durant, once the friend of Blanche Lamont; Durant, once in charge of the Sunday-school library; Durant, once the electrician, who knew the ins and outs of the great building; Durant, once the handy man jack of all trades at the church, and now Durant, the prisoner and on trial for his life? We shall show Durant's connection with the crime and shall demonstrate by irrefragable and answerable evidence that he alone committed this murder."

"If we show you these facts; if we show you that that Durant was seen to enter the church with her; that he was seen afterwards in the church alone; that Blanche Lamont was never seen again by human eyes, from the moment she entered the portals of Emanuel Baptist Church with the defendant; that in the school books—showing that she had never been home and that she had gone straight from school to her death; if we show you, as we confidently expect, that no one but the prisoner could have committed this outrageous and horrible crime, we shall look to you to render your verdict that the prisoner at the bar is guilty of murder in the first degree."

THERE is no necessity of going into an agreement as to the merits of the Marshall & Wendell piano. The endorsement of one hundred and seventy-three purchasers among our best people, settles the question.

Bowler on Bounty.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Comptroller Bowler said to-day that he probably would make his decision in the sugar bounty case to-morrow or Thursday.

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