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Pullman 28 H. P.	\$1650
Pullman 35 H. P.	\$2000
Pullman 40 H. P.	\$3000
Pullman 50 H. P.	\$3500
Regal 30 H. P.	\$1250

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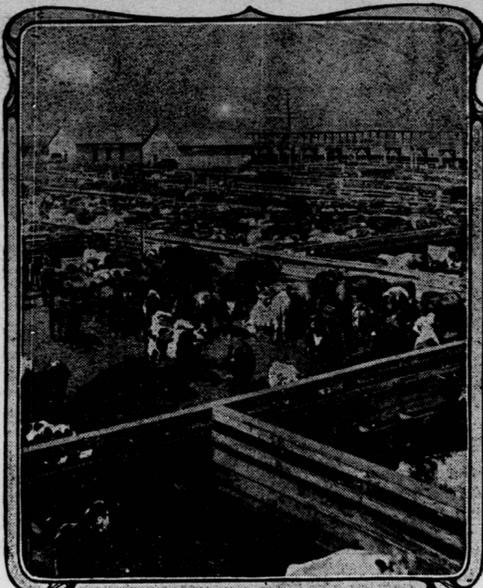
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BEST JOB PRINTING---DAILY WORLD

SCENE IN THE FAMOUS CHICAGO UNION STOCKYARDS.



The eyes of the country have been centered recently on the Union stockyards in Chicago owing to the federal probe of the meat business. The stockyards are one of the great show places of Chicago. They are situated about five miles south of the city's center and occupy a space of about a square mile. Here are brought the millions of cattle, sheep and hogs that are consumed in the city itself and are prepared for shipment elsewhere, principally as dressed meat and byproducts. The stockyards are controlled by the Armour, Swift, Cudahy and other big packing interests.

BALLINGER KEEPS AIDS BUSY

CLERICAL FORE IS TRIPLED TO TAKE CARE OF ADDITIONAL WORK DUE TO PROBE—GLAVIS IS RESPONSIBLE.

Washington, March 4.—Richard Achilles Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior Department, widely known from one end of the country to the other as one of the most interesting parties in the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, is perhaps one of the busiest members of President Taft's cabinet these days. As Commissioner of the General Land Office under the Roosevelt administration he dealt with practically the same subjects he is now confronted with, but the "mares' nest" that has been stirred up by the charges now being presented before a committee of Congress by former Special Agent Louis R. Glavis, who was deposed by order of President Taft, has given the Secretary enough work for two men.

Besides, the other interests of the Interior Department claim his attention, until he is considered by his colleagues to be one of the hardest worked members of the present cabinet. To aid him in handling the various work that piles mountain high on his desk every day, and weed out the daily calling list in order that the secretary might be able to give his attention to only the very most important matters, several under-secretaries are employed. His personal secretary has immediate charge of private matters, while in addition he keeps an eye out to see that the regular routine matters of the department are attended to by the other secretaries.

For the purpose of facilitating departmental business, there are three clerks, two stenographers, a typewriter and three messengers. The secretaries are usually kept busy from 9 o'clock in the morning until 5 or 6 at night and often later, if Mr. Ballinger is to start in the next day with a fresh sheet.

Just at the present time he is paying mighty close attention to the great mass of testimony that is being given before the joint congressional committee. He occupies his time in the evenings with a conference with his special counsel, Vertrees of Knoxville, Tenn., who has taken care of the secretary's interest in the Congressional hearing.

As Ballinger is a lawyer himself, he is particularly fitted to discuss the subject by reason of his association with land deals in the West, his intimate knowledge of the much discussed Cunningham coal lands as well as other matters pertinent to the case, and later as an official of the General Land Office, and then as Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

While Glavis is particularly anxious to "get even" with those who caused his dismissal from the service Secretary Ballinger is no less anxious that the present joint Congressional committee should absolve him from all allegations of guilt or rather official misconduct, that have been made against him, whether in official life or when he was a practicing attorney and representative of the Cunninghams.

For this reason he is particular in having this inquiry go as far as the various Senators and Representatives are willing, and if he is adjudged innocent of all wrong-doing, he wants

that fact brought out before the American public equally as prominently as the insinuations and allegations that have gained ground in some localities that he is at least "morally" responsible for the wrong or graft that has been practiced in the various noted land deals that have been brought to light while he has been connected with the department.

Office Force Tripled. To permit him to give close attention to the details of the inquiry that is being made at the Capitol, the force of messengers, stenographers, typewriters, clerks and secretaries usually allowed a Secretary of this department has been tripled. They keep the thousand and one things of less importance away from the Secretary's close personal attention, and in this way he is able to keep well abreast of the strenuous day's work.

As in former administrations, the Secretary's office occupied the southeast corner of what is popularly known as the Patent Office. The Secretary's private office is part of a long corridor formerly running through the building from one end to the other, but which has lately been turned into an office room. Here he transacts all business of purely private or confidential nature which he doesn't wish to be known even to his confidential secretary.

In the spacious room adjoining, he carries on his official business matters, and it is here that he sees United States Senators, Representatives and other important visitors. He also used this room for consultation with his chief counsel in the Ballinger-Pinchot hearing, Mr. Vertrees. Adjoining this room is what is known as the "outer room," or waiting room, where his daily visitors make themselves comfortable until their turn arrives to see the Secretary.

As the Interior Department in the city alone requires the services of approximately 15,000 persons, it is out of the question to house this number in one large office building. To carry on the work, in its ramifications, it is necessary to have five separate buildings. Even then, it is said by those who are familiar with the great volume of work done under this department, that the office quarters are utterly inadequate.

For this reason Secretary Ballinger has approved recommendations that a new building to cost \$3,000,000 to \$7,000,000 be constructed for the use of the Patent Office alone, as this is one of the largest departments under his jurisdiction. It is gradually encroaching upon the space that is necessary for office room for the executives of the Interior Department proper.

COURT HOUSE BLOTTER

Deed—W. P. Dorn to F. W. Abeling et al., land in Sec. 11, Twp. 24, R. 19, \$1.

Mortgage—Wm. H. Taber to F. W. Abeling et al., land in Sec. 11, Twp. 24, R. 19, \$700.

Deed—A. F. Estes et ux. to F. D. Estes, lots in Mission, \$10.

Deed—F. D. Estes et ux. to C. F. Dickow, lots in Mission, \$1.

Mortgage—C. F. Dickow et ux. to F. D. Estes et ux., land in Mission, \$1565.

Deed—J. W. Bullock et ux. to O. E. Loving, lots 5 and 6 of Sunnyside Farms, \$14,230.

Deed—Corra A. Matterfield et al. to C. E. Satterwhite, lots 10 and 11 in block 9, in Powell's add to Wenatchee, \$200.

Chat. Mtg.—S. Krenzle to A. Damberger.

Chat. Mtg.—W. M. Hamilton et al. to First Natl. Bank.

Attachment—F. H. Claycomb to Wenatchee Produce Co., \$132.20.

Rel. Chat. Mtg.—A. L. McMullen to W. E. Daniels.

WRONG VIEWS OF THE CENSUS

NO HARM CAN COME TO ANY PERSON WHO ANSWERS THE QUESTIONS OF THE ENUMERATORS WHO WILL CALL

Washington, D. C., March 4, 1910.—Letters from the census supervisors to the United States Census Bureau show the erroneous apprehension of a considerable element of the population that their answers to the enumerator's questions in the next census, beginning April 15, this year, will cause increased taxation, legal entanglements, or injurious consequences to their persons and property.

In order to quiet such unfounded fears, which would, unless removed, materially affect the accuracy of the census, the bureau has prepared an official statement relative to the decennial census, its origin, purpose and uses. This statement should furnish complete assurance to those concerned that information given the enumerators is held by the Census Bureau in the strictest confidence with reference to the identity of the informants, as required by the policy of the bureau and commanded by the law of the United States.

The bureau earnestly hopes that clergymen, priests, physicians, school teachers, employers, and other public spirited citizens who come in contact with large numbers of people, will co-operate with the bureau by telling persons who are believed to entertain erroneous opinions of the census the real facts and urging them to give full replies to the enumerators. Teachers are particularly requested to speak of the census to the school children and ask them to tell their parents about it.

The statement issued by the bureau explains that the Constitution requires a census of the population to be taken every ten years in order to reapportion state representation in the National House of Representatives. It is the means also to ascertain the increase in the population, agriculture, industries and resources of the nation since that last census.

It is emphatically declared, by the statement, that the information sought from the people of the United States is used solely for general statistical purposes. It will neither be published nor used in any other way to disclose facts regarding any individual or enterprise. The census, it goes on to say, is not, never has been, and can not be employed to obtain information that can be used in any way in the assessment of property for purposes of taxation or the collection of taxes, either national, state, or local; or for deportation proceedings, extradition measures, army or navy conscription, internal revenue investigations, compulsory school attendance, child labor law prosecutions, quarantine regulations, or in any way to affect the life, liberty, or property of any person.

It points out that replies to the enumerators are and must be held by the Census Bureau in strict and absolute confidence. All the bureau officials, supervisors, supervisors' clerks, enumerators, and interpreters, before entering upon their duties are obliged to take a solemn oath not to disclose any information they may obtain, except to the Census Bureau, and a violation of the United States law in regard to this oath means a \$1,000 fine or imprisonment for two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

"The Climax" is to be produced in London with Marie Doro in the leading part.

Church Directory

CHURCH OF GOD.
 Okanogan avenue, Corner Douglas
 N. D. Titchenal,
 Sunday school 10 a. m.
 Morning service 11 a. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL
 Chelan and Orondo
 Rev. H. L. Beightol,
 Residence 319 S. Chelan. Phone 1212
 Sunday school 10 a. m.
 Morning service 11 a. m.
 Junior league 3 p. m.
 Epworth league 6:30 p. m.
 Evening service 7:30 p. m.
 Tuesday evening Y. P. prayer meeting
 Thursday evening church prayer meeting.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH
 Corner Chelan and Palouse
 Rev. O. J. Gist.
 352 King Street. Phone 721
 Bible school 10 a. m.
 Communion services and sermons 11 a. m.
 Junior C. E. 3 p. m.
 Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m.
 Evening sermon 7:30 p. m.
 Wednesday evening Bible study and prayer 7:30 p. m.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY
 Maintains reading rooms at 205-206 Columbia Valley Bank building, which are open to the public from 2 to 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
 Testimony meetings Wednesday at 8 p. m. in Elks hall.
 Lesson sermon is read at 11 a. m. Sunday in Elks hall and Sunday school at 12 m.

PRESBYTERIAN
 Corner Chelan and Palouse.
 W. A. Stevenson, Ph. D.
 Residence 214 Palouse, Phone 2786
 Sabbath school 9:45 a. m.
 Service 11 a. m.
 Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m.
 Evening service 7:30 p. m.

BAPTIST
 Corner Chelan and First North
 Rev. John W. Johnson,
 Residence 318 Chelan Ave. South.
 Phone 1716.
 Bible school 10 a. m.
 Morning worship 11 a. m.
 Junior B. Y. P. U. 3:00 p. m.
 Senior B. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m.
 Evening worship 7:30 p. m.
 Wednesday prayer meeting 7:45 p. m.
 Tuesday Boys' club 4:00 p. m.
 Thursday Church prayer meeting 7:30 p. m.
 Friday: Intermediate B. Y. P. U.
 Baptist Brotherhood (every alternate week) 7:30 p. m.
 Saturday: Choir rehearsal 7:30 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL
 Sprague's Hall.
 Rev. W. A. Waterman, D. D.
 208 South Chelan Avenue.
 Bible class 10:00 a. m.
 Morning service 11:00 a. m.
 Thursday, Midweek Cottage Meeting

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL
 North First, near Chelan
 Rev. F. Stuart Hyatt,
 31 Chelan Avenue N.
 Morning service 11 a. m.
 Sunday school
 Evening services 7:30

GREAT NORTHERN TREE CARD.

Effective 12:01 a. m. Sunday, Oct. 31.	W. Bound	No. at Wen.	No. at E. Bound
12:40 p. m.	1	Chgo - Tac.	21:57 a. m.
2:50 a. m.	2	St. P. - Seattle	4:15 p. m.
3:02 p. m.	3	Spokane - Seattle	4:45 p. m.
1:00 a. m.	26	Express	26:10 a. m.
3:02 p. m.	48	W. Express	44:15 a. m.
4:05 p. m.	27	S. Mail-Ex.	28:55 a. m.
11:45 a. m.	32	Waterville L.	4:15 p. m.

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 Trains 27 and 28 do not carry passengers.
 Trains 281 and 282 Daily, except Sunday.
 Trains 43 and 44 free chair cars.

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