

INTERNATIONAL
Sunday School
Lesson

REV. F. H. FITZWATER, D. D.,
 author of English Bible in the Moody
 method (Chicago)

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LESSON FOR OCTOBER 13

GENEROUS TREATMENT OF LOT.

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 13:1-11; 14:14-18.
 GOLDEN TEXT—A friend loveth all at
 times, and a brother is born for adversity.
 PROVERBS 17:17.

EXPOSITIONAL READING—Romans 2:14.

**ADDITIONAL MATERIAL FOR
 TEACHERS—Genesis 12:10-14; 13:10-12;
 15:2.**

I. Abram and Lot Return From Egypt (v. 1-14).

Abram went into Egypt because of a famine. No doubt the famine was sent in judgment for the sins of the people, but also for Abram's sake. He needed the grace of his heart developed. He needed to be taught the weakness of his own heart, and the faithfulness of God. The child of God is not promised exemption from trials, but grace sufficient to endure them. Abram failed. In the midst of his trials he went off to Egypt without God's direction, where he got into trouble. To take one's own way always brings him into trouble. His expedient to save his life was unworthy of Abram. He lied, and a lie is never justifiable. It is much better to die than to lie. Abram by prevarication deceived the king, but as soon as the truth was known he was thrust out. Though Abram had strayed from the pathway of faith, he had the good sense to go "unto the place where his tent had been in the beginning, where the Lord was." This showed that he was willing to confess his mistake, and be forgiven again. This Egypt experience was a loss spiritually to Abram, though he became rich there. Increase of riches is no sign that a man is in fellowship with God.

II. Abram and Lot Separate (v. 5-11).

The goods of both Abram and Lot greatly increased. When they attempted to settle down, trouble arose between their herdsmen. This is the first record of trouble between relatives over financial matters. Riches often interfere with friendship. They kindle jealousy and strife between men. They engender greed and selfishness in men. Many times members of the same family are estranged from each other through strife for wealth. For the chosen of God thus to quarrel is utter folly and criminal, especially when the enemy of the Lord's people looks on.

The Canaanite and the Perizite dwelt then in the land" (v. 7). It is hard enough for God's children to quarrel, but to do so in the presence of the world which delights therein is greatly to sin. Abram's behavior is a fine example of the art of living together peacefully. The disagreeable situation was relieved by a generous proposition from Abram. Lot was allowed his choice. Separation is sometimes necessary. Though he owed all to Abram, his selfish heart caused him to grasp for the best. Lot's action shows that his stay in Egypt was ruinous to him. Perhaps he chose the plains of the Jordan because of their resemblance to Egypt. One cannot go into Egypt without being affected by it. This was a fatal choice for Lot. The motive actuating him was worldly advantage. Though he for awhile prospered, it was an expensive undertaking for him. Lot with all his goods was taken away from the confederate kings came against Sodom. He is an example of one saved so by fire (I Cor. 3:11-15). He set his affections upon earthly things, and the time came when he had to separate from them. The world and its lusts pass away, but he that doeth the will of God abideth forever (I John 2:15-17). Lot was not wholly corrupt; he was a man who allowed the world to get the better of him. Once his money and his family were in Sodom he simply endured the wickedness, longing to escape from it (II Peter 2:6-8).

III. Abram Delivers Lot (Genesis 14:14-16).

Though Lot's trouble was the result of his selfish choice, Abram's magnanimity of soul expressed itself, taking up arms to deliver him from the oppressor. This was because Abram was a man of faith. Faith trusts God and fights for the right.

While Lot suffered from his evil choice, Abram was greatly prospered. How rich in temporal things, while at the same time he was rich toward God. It was much better to have God and a poor piece of land, than a rich piece of land without God. When Lot was involved in the ruin of his sad choice Abram had the power to deliver him. Abram's whole life shows that those who make obedience to God first get the needed worldly gain (I Kings 9:5-8; Matthew 6:33).

PRICKETS CREEK.

Mrs. Martha Daugherty, of Fairmont, has been visiting friends and relatives on Piney Run and Prickett's creek for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Carpenter and two children visited the former's mother, Mrs. Jane Carpenter.

Miss Iselle Carpenter is working a few days this week for her sister, Mrs. Minnie Lambert.

Mrs. Hettie Hayhurst was shopping in Fairmont Wednesday last.

Jack Carpenter and Thomas Leeson called on Thomas Kirk Tuesday evening last.

Mrs. Hettie Leeson visited her father, Thomas Kirk, Sunday last.

Mrs. Lydia Heck called on Mrs. Annie Leeson Tuesday last.

Home Baked Pies and Pastries, Mrs. Leeson's Restaurant. Advt. the apples on top of the stove as

REASONS FOR BUYING BONDS NOW

E. W. Ogelbay West Virginia Food Administrator States a Few.

E. W. Ogelbay, well known business man of Wheeling, Federal Food Administrator for West Virginia, president of the National Bank of West Virginia, and proprietor of Waddington farm, has been asked to state why the people should buy Liberty bonds NOW.

He has concisely, and very pointedly set out in a most conclusive manner the best of reasons why this patriotic duty should be attended to without delay.

This country stands today upon the threshold of its greatest opportunity,—the opportunity to become the greatest world power, making more potent and effective our ideal of a broader civilization organized and sustained by the great fundamental principles of democracy, which have assured our people the fullest enjoyment of liberty, and will guarantee the same blessings to the oppressed people of the world.

The one thing that will guarantee for us this great privilege is the winning of the war.

There are four primary things essential to the successful termination of this world-wide struggle of plutocracy against democracy, which this nation must first win before the "war can come to a close. They are men, munitions, food and money.

We have the men by the millions—able, strong, courageous and fearless who are willing to sacrifice their very lives for the defense of their ideals, their homes and their freedom. They are demonstrating this every day on the battlefield and in the trenches, and their commendation for their efforts, their bravery and their determination to stand by their guns until the last Hun is conquered.

Our manufacturers have rallied to the national need and shown their skill and resourcefulness in providing munitions in such abundance that our transportation problem has become one of staggering proportions.

Food, we have in quantity during the war, as was demonstrated during the masterful mind, Mr. Hoover, and under his able leadership, that we can, by judicious conservation and intensive production meet the requirements of our army and the needs of our allies by supplying the world's deficit in foodstuffs and blotting out the possibility of famine and starvation.

—behind all these necessary things, there stands the urgent need of money, and lots of it.

That is why we should buy bonds, and do it NOW.

No argument is necessary to show that they are the safest and best investment in the world, and President Wilson is right when he says to the American people that the money we are not good, then the money we are buying is worthless.

We should buy bonds NOW because the Treasury department has told us that we need the money in the successful prosecution of the war and just how much we need, Six Billions.

We should buy bonds NOW to support the morale of our army and let our boys in France know that we are ready to stand by them to our last dollar if necessary.

We should buy bonds NOW to show Germany that we are not quitters, that we are in the war to win and that no overtures of peace now or hereafter from across the sea will blind the American people to their duty until the menace of Prussian militarism is blotted from the face of the earth.

We should buy bonds NOW because it is a ten-stroke opportunity at this psychological moment to put an everlasting clincher upon the victories we have already won on the battlefield.

We should buy bonds NOW because we have outlined our duty, and must go "Over the Top" with the Fourth Liberty bond sale, knowing that this money will be needed in reconstruc-tion activities even should peace be declared tomorrow.

We should buy Liberty Bonds NOW because it is the greatest opportunity ever offered man to assist in procuring a higher civilization in the name of Justice, Equality and Humanity.

Evening Chat

Quince jelly days have arrived and many housewives about the city are busy filling glasses with the amber liquid. Quinces this year are not as fine as last—judging from samples shown. A number of yards contain quince trees, and it is not an unusual experience to pass them and see quite a number hanging to make up a dozen glasses. This jelly is one of the popular varieties because it remains just as put away. Many jellies, grape, for instance, changes in taste and quality during the winter months and comes to the table very different—not nearly so appetizing. There remains, however, several very delicious jellies which do not change but seem to become richer and better with time. Among them is quince jelly.

A farmer visited the city yesterday and sold fine red apples for \$1.50 a bushel, and as a consequence many women are making apple butter to day. It isn't a very difficult matter nowadays to walk along the street and smell dried leaves and apple butter cooking. Not that the leaves have anything to do with the apple butter; but there has been much burning of dead leaves and there is something about the combination of odors which is thoroughly fascinating about this time of the year.

For women who dread the long day stirring apple butter before a hot fire, it may be encouraging to learn that fine butter can be made equally as well in the oven. Our grandmothers who made it out of doors—with a crackling of logs burning underneath a huge brass kettle—would probably say good butter could not be made this way; but I know a number who have tried it, and they say the result is all that can be desired. After cooking the apples on top of the stove as

though, make in apple sauce, the cause is run through a colander and put into a large kettle and the oven will hold. More cooked and strained apple sauce is added till the kettle is full to the top. When cooked down slightly sugar is added. The sugar is not added till the last hour of cooking. When cider can be used as liquid, the result is even better.

Apple butter cooked in the oven requires very little stirring. About once an hour, someone stirs it gently from the bottom for a moment—and goes back to more interesting work. There's one thing sure: it's a good object to eating even apple butter—and it certainly saves a lot of work.

There are many children in the city who have had adenoids removed at this time of the year. It seems too bad that something which nature gave us must be taken away, but in many cases it has been found that adenoids are preventing serious throat difficulties. It always makes a lump rise in my throat when I see a father and mother bending over a little one just recovering from the ether which has been administered. There is something so appealing about the child, who, through our own growth of ether sleep, have been sent into the land of the departed. We have said: "It's your heart, dear—just take a nice breath and it will all be over!" And then when the awakening is a matter of hours, and we stand wondering and worrying, the thought comes, and we are powerless to prevent it. "Oh, how responsible I am for all things, concerning this little one of mine!"

Children as a rule take ether very nicely and come out of it in a very satisfactory manner. Did you ever take ether yourself? Do you know that the condition of your mind as you lose consciousness has much to do with the manner in which you come awake again? I have tried it. I was frightened and dazed as I would have all kinds of horrible things! You couldn't have convinced me otherwise—and I did suffer all sorts of things! The second time I tried another plan: Just before losing consciousness I said to myself: "Now, young lady, you were never better off in your life—with plenty of attention and care, those to you. You are going through this just as though you were walking through a field of daisies. Eliminate every ounce of fear from your system! Steady, now—goodbye—till later!" I came out of that ether about as easily as sweetly I had been merely sleeping sweetly for a few hours. I had so little discomfort of any kind that I was a marvel to everyone about me! Some-time I shall tell you more about it's.

PROCLAMATIONS

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

A Proclamation: By the Governor, I, John J. Cornwell, Governor of the State of West Virginia, pursuant to the Constitution and laws of said State, do hereby proclaim, announcing to the voters of the state of West Virginia, that on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighteen, there will be submitted for ratification or rejection an amendment to the Constitution of said state as follows, to-wit:

Proposed Amendment.

That Article Six of said Constitution as it now is be amended by adding thereto section fifty one, which proposed amendment is as follows: "Section fifty-one. That no money shall be drawn from the treasury except in accordance with the following provisions:

Sub-Section A.

Every appropriation bill shall be either a budget bill, or a supplementary appropriation bill, as hereinafter mentioned.

Sub-Section B.

First: Within ten days after the convening of the legislature, unless such time shall be extended by the legislature for the session at which the budget is to be submitted, the board of public works, which shall consist of the governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of free schools and commissioner of agriculture, shall submit to the legislature, two budgets, one for each of the ensuing fiscal years. Each budget shall contain a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the particular fiscal year to which it relates; and shall show the estimated surplus or deficit of revenues at the end of such year. Accompanying each budget shall be a statement showing: (1) the revenues and expenditures for each of the two fiscal years next preceding; (2) the current assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus or deficit of the state; (3) the debts and funds of the state; (4) an estimate of the state's financial condition as of the beginning and end of each of the fiscal years covered by the two budgets above provided; (5) any explanation the board of public works may desire to make as to the important features of any budget and any suggestions as to methods for the reduction or increase of the state's revenue.

Second: Each budget shall be divided into two parts, and the first part shall be designated "Governmental Appropriations" and shall embrace an itemized estimate of the appropriations; (1) for the legislature as certified to the board of public works in the manner hereinafter provided; (2) for the executive department; (3) for the judiciary department, as provided by law, certified to the governor by the auditor; (4) to pay and discharge the principal and interest of any debt of the state of West Virginia heretofore created in conformity with the constitution, and all laws enacted in pursuance thereof; (5) for the salaries payable by the state under the constitution and laws of the state; (6) for the aid of public schools in conformity with the laws of the state; (7) for such other purposes as are set forth in the constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof.

Third: The second part shall be designated "General Appropriations," an shall include all other estimates of appropriations.

The Board of Public Works shall deliver to the presiding officer of each house the budgets and a bill for all the proposed appropriations of the budgets clearly itemized and classified; and the presiding officer of each house shall promptly cause said bill to be introduced therein, and such bill shall be known as the "Budget Bill."

PROCLAMATIONS

The board of public works, may before final action thereon by the legislature, amend or supplement the said budgets to correct an oversight or in case of an emergency, with the consent of the legislature by delivering such an amendment or supplement to the presiding officers of both houses; and such amendment or supplement shall thereby become a part of said budget bill as an addition to the items of said bill or as a modification of a substitute for any item of said bill such amendment or supplement may affect.

The legislature shall not amend the budget bill so as to create a deficit but may amend the bill by increasing or diminishing the items therein relating to the legislature, and by increasing the items therein relating to the judiciary, but except as hereinafter specified, may not alter the said bill except to strike out or reduce items therein; provided however, that the salary or compensation of any public officer shall not be increased or diminished during his term of office; and such bill when and as passed by both houses shall be a law immediately without further action by the governor.

Fourth: The governor and such representatives of the boards, officers and commissions of the state expending or applying for state's money as have been designated by the board of public works for this purpose, shall have the right, and when requested by either house of the legislature it shall be their duty to appear and be heard with respect to any budget bill during the consideration thereof, and to answer inquiries relative thereto.

Sub-Section C.—Supplementary Appropriation Bill.

Neither house shall consider other appropriations until the budget bill has been finally acted upon by both houses, and no such other appropriations shall be valid except in accordance with the provisions following:

(1) Every such appropriation shall be embodied in a separate bill limited to some single work, object or purpose therein stated and called herein a supplementary appropriation bill; (2) Each supplementary appropriation bill shall provide the revenue necessary to pay the appropriation thereby made by a tax, direct or indirect, to be laid and collected as shall be directed in said bill unless it appears from the face thereof that there is sufficient revenue available; (3) no supplementary appropriation bill shall become a law unless it be passed in each house by a vote of a majority of the members present, and the yeas and nays recorded on its final passage. Each supplementary appropriation bill shall be presented to the governor of the state as provided in section fourteen of article seven of the constitution and thereafter all the provisions of said section shall apply.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as preventing the legislature from passing in time of war an appropriation bill to provide for the payment of any obligation of the state of West Virginia within the protection of the constitution of article one of the constitution of the United States.

Sub-Section D.—General Provisions.

First: If the "Budget Bill" shall not have been finally acted upon by the legislature three days before the expiration of its regular session, the governor may, and it shall be his duty to issue a proclamation extending the session for such further period as may, in his judgment, be necessary for the passage of such bill; no other matter than such bill shall be considered during such extended session except a provision for the cost thereof.

Second: The board of public works for the purpose of making up its budgets shall have the power, and it shall be its duty, to require from the proper state officials, including herein all executive departments, all executive

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PROCLAMATIONS

The board of public works may provide for public hearings on all estimates and may require the attendance at such hearings of representatives of all agencies, and all institutions applying for state moneys. After such public hearings it may, in its discretion, revise all estimates except those for the legislative and judiciary departments, and for the public schools as provided by law.

Third: The legislature may from time to time enact such laws, not inconsistent with this section as may be proper to carry out its provisions.

Fourth: In the event of any inconsistency between any of the provisions of this section and any of the other provisions of the constitution, except amendments thereto heretofore made and ratified by the people, the provisions of this section shall prevail. But nothing herein shall be construed as preventing the governor from calling extraordinary sessions of the legislature, as provided by section seven of article seven, or as preventing the legislature at such extraordinary sessions from considering any emergency appropriation or appropriations.

If any item of any appropriation bill passed under the provisions of this section shall be held invalid upon any ground, such invalidity shall not affect the legality of the bill or of any other item of such bill or bills.

The proposed amendment is designated as "Budget Amendment" and on the official ballot to be voted at said election will be printed the following:

BALLOT ON CONSTITUTIONAL BUDGET AMENDMENT.

Amending Article Six.
 For ratification of Budget Amendment.

Against ratification of Budget Amendment.

Those favoring the ratification of said amendment will vote "For Ratification of Budget Amendment," and those opposing will vote "Against Ratification of Budget Amendment."

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the state, at the Capitol, this thirty-first day of July, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighteen, and of the state the Fifty-Sixth.

By the Governor,
 JOHN J. CORNWELL,
 HOUSTON G. YOUNG,
 Secretary of State.

8-3; 9-14; 10-12-16

WANTED—Male

WANTED—Coal miner for small vein. Phone 654-R. 10-2-14-4516

WANTED—Carpenters, 70c per hour. 8-hour day. Time and half for overtime. Double time on Sundays. 10-2-14-4517

WANTED—Laborers, 40c per hour. 8-hour day. Time and half for overtime. Double time on Sundays. 10-2-14-4518

WANTED—Blacksmith and horse-shoer, married, wants position; thoroughly understands the treatment of lame horses and mules. Steady worker. All references. Address Box 4558 care West Virginian. 10-9-21-4558

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper, male or female. Large operating coal company. State age and salary expected. Address Box 4552, West Virginian. 10-8-51-4551

MEN WANTED—Mechanical workers, machine operators and general work. Helmick Foundry Machine Co., 5th street and Belt Line, Fairmont, W. Va. 9-28-14-4495

WANTED—Men for necessary war industry. Steady employment, good wages. Apply wire chief of the Bell telephone building or call phone 1517 after 5 p. m. 10-7-61-4546

GOVERNMENT CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS, Fairmont in September. Government Clerk, Teacher, Inspectors, Research Clerk, Typewriter. Salary \$2,000.00. Experience unnecessary. Women desiring government positions write for free particulars to J. C. Leonard (formerly Civil Service Examiner) 906 Kenvis Bldg., Washington. 9-25-81-4442

WANTED—Carpenters, 62 1/2c per hr. 8-hr. day. Time and half for overtime. Double time on Sundays. 10-2-14-4519

Wanted, laborers—40c per hr. 8-hr. day. Time and half for overtime. Double time Sundays. Apply Frairie Bros. & Haightley, Wheel & Axle Shop, near B. & O. round house. 10-4-14-4537

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FOR SALE—Reed Baby Carriage and Sulky. 406 Gaston Ave. 10-10-21-4552

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Chicago Merchant Hits the Nail

The National War Savings Committee Section on National Organization has issued the following statement by Julius Rosenwald, Chicago Merchant:

"The way for an individual, for a business, for a nation to get along is to work and save. If saving is necessary in normal times, how much more necessary is it in a time like the present. Saving by everyone is as imperative for the winning of this war as is the mobilizing of armies; more than that, the mobilizing of armies is entirely futile if this military step is not accompanied by the rigorous, common sense saving of the nation.

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