GRIEVANCES.

Engineers and Firemen of Central Vermont Meet Manager Fitzhugh.

NO SETTLEMENT REACHED.

Head Officers of the Grand Bodies Will Come to St. Albans—Capital Granite Company's Men on a Strike—Development of Rural Free Delivery in Vermont.

St. Albans, Nov. 6.—The engineers and firemen of the Central Vermont railway held a conference with General Manager Fitzhugh to-day to discuss the grievances of the men. It was thought that no settlement would be reached although the concessions which have been granted the conductors and trainmen give the other employes hope that they will receive satisfaction from the road. It is believed that it will be necessary for the grand officers of the Engineers and Firemen's organizations to come here before a final settlement is reached. As the head officers of the trainmen's and conductors' grand bodies were summoned when the last difficulty was discussed with the general manager.

CAUSED BY AN OLD TROUBLE.

Strike of Workmen at Capital Granite Company at Montpelier.

Montpelier, Nov. 6.—The employes of the Capital Granite company in this city quit work this morning. They give no little as reason to the reason for their action, explaining only that it is because of an old trouble which has been brewing for some time and has now culminated in the present strike. T. W. Ragan, the manager of the plant, is absent in Louisville, Ky., on business but as he has been notified he will return at once.

Members of the grievance committee from the Manufacturers' Association came to this city from there this afternoon but could learn nothing definite from the men as to the causes of their going out.

The opinion held in some quarters is that the men quit work because of the conspiracy case now before County Court of State against James Doyle et al. This case is the outcome of a strike instituted at this shed last summer because of it being alleged that Mr. Ragan did not pay a fellow union workman union prices. What the result will be is uncertain but it is certain that Mr. Ragan's business is crippled for the time being.

CONGRESSMAN POWERS

Says Make Appropriation For Rural Free Delivery $1,000,000—Vermont Already Has Seven Routes.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The annual report of Assistant Postmaster General Heath shows a great deal of space to the rural delivery routes in this country, of which at the present time there are 1,000 in all. Incidentally there is quite a bit in that report about the success of rural free delivery in Vermont. Among other features of the report is the views of several influential members of Congress regarding the rural delivery service. Of the letters quoted one is from Representative H. H. Powers of Morrisville, Vt., dated Oct. 30, 1899, addressed to the post. Judge Powers says: "Don't ask for less than $1,000,000 in the new bill." He refers to the possible appropriation which will be proposed to Congress this winter.

An additional appropriation of $150,000 became available July 1 last and between that time and November 1 of this year, rural free delivery was extended to nearly 10,000 persons at an annual cost of about $1 cents per head. Three new routes were established during that time in Vermont and will serve a population of 1,600 people. That is by no means a bad showing when Vermont's population is considered in comparison with that of the rest of the Union. The Green Mountain State already now has 8 rural free delivery routes within her borders.

Only four of these routes have been in operation sufficiently long to enable the officials to present a definite report on the amount of mail handled there. The route at Brattleboro, Vt., which was established March 2, 1898, with a total distance of 30 miles to be travelled by carriers in serving 300 people, going one way only, is credited with the delivery and collection of 23,400 pieces of mail matter during the fiscal year, beginning July 1, 1898, and ending June 30, 1899.

The route at Burlington, established July 25, 1898, serves a population of 1,200 people, being 42 miles long. The two carriers on that route during the last fiscal year collected and delivered 26,431 pieces of mail matter.

The route at Grand Isle, Vt., is 48 miles long and was established June 27, 1898. The two carriers on that route collected and delivered last year, for a population of 500 people, 37,734 pieces of mail matter.

The only other route in Vermont, of which a similar record is now accessible, is that at Wallingford, Rutland county. It was established March 20, 1899, to serve 250 people, living along a distance of 27 miles. Between the date of establishment and the following July 1 the carrier had collected and delivered 9,019 pieces of mail matter.

The report of the first assistant postmaster general has much about the commendation from patrons of this kind of service and the various forms that opposition to it take. The opposition is said to come generally from persons, who have some grudge of their own to satisfy or who are not included in the service as established. A recommendation is made by some of the inspectors that in appointing carriers the preference should be given to ex-soldiers. It is also urged that carriers be provided with shrill whistles to be sounded when mail is left. Considerable trouble is also reported because people fail to provide secure boxes in which their mail may be deposited. They should provide good substantial boxes that will be proof from the rain and that will not allow the wind to enter and blow mail matter away.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

Beautiful Complexions

Come from pure, untainted blood. No complexion can be muddy, mottled or sallow if the blood is pure; no complexion can be clear if blemishes if the blood is not pure. More than this; disease cannot exist in a body supplied with pure blood. This is the secret of the success of Celery King. It makes pure blood.

Celery King cures Constipation, and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 3

Don't fail to try
BEECHAM'S PILLS
when suffering from any bad condition of the Stomach or Liver.
10 cents and 25 cents, at drug stores.

NO REMEDY EQUALS PERUNA, SO THE WOMEN ALL SAY

Miss Susan Wymar.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond school, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Pe-ru-na. She says: "Only those who have suffered as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to find relief in Pe-ru-na. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Pe-ru-na I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wyman.

Mrs. Margaretha Dasben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Pe-ru-na is everything to me. I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good." Pe-ru-na has no equal in all of the irregularities and emergencies peculiar to women caused by pelvic catarrh.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free book for women only.

The microbes that cause chills and fever and malaria enter the system through mucous membranes made porous by catarrh. Pe-ru-na heals the mucous membranes and prevents the entrance of malaria germs, thus preventing and curing these affections.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

Would Like to Arrange Dates of its Winter Meetings. A Good List of Speakers.

East Hardwick, Vt., Nov. 6.—The Board of Agriculture in arranging for their winter meetings would like to secure the time and place of meeting before the season begins.

Although it is earlier than usual for a complete list, the board has several calls on hand and would ask the farmers' clubs and granges who wish to have a meeting held in their town to inform the secretary at once, stating if a one or two days' meeting is preferred, also the time most convenient between December 1st and March 1st, that it may arrange as far as possible for the convenience of those interested.

The only requirement of the board is the free use of a hall.

Among the speakers who will assist the board this winter are Col. J. H. Brigham, assistant secretary of agriculture, Washington, D. C.; John Gould of Ohio; Prof. C. W. Burkett, Durham, N. H.; J. W. Titcomb, United States fish commissioner; L. R. Harris, Lyndonville; "Sheep Husbandry," S. L. Kinney, South Hero; Prof. B. H. Holmes, president Vermont Beekeepers' Association, Shoreham; George W. Bevan, president Vermont Dairyman's Association, Brattleboro; George Aldin, president of the Vermont State Agricultural society and superintendent of the Pilgrims' farm, Woodstock; W. R. Hall, State highway commissioner, Randolph; Prof. L. H. Jones, botanist, Burlington; Ernest Hitchcock, Pittsford, "A Brother of Dairy and Beef Cattle"; George H. Terry, Bennington; F. Smith Morrisville, and D. L. Morse, Randolph, "Practical and Successful Dairymen and Growers of Clover"; Hon. Cassius Peck, superintendent State Agricultural College farm, Burlington; John E. Gale, Guilford, "Farmers' Education."

The board are confident with the assistance of the gentlemen named that the meetings can be made both instructive and interesting to all those who desire the prosperity of Vermont agriculturally. All requests should be addressed to C. J. Bell, secretary, East Hardwick.

ALL GRAIN MARKETS STRONG.

Good Advances Scored Higher Cables and mail Shipments Started Wheat.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—All the grain markets were strong to-day and good advances were scored, wheat closing at 3/8c advance, corn 1/2c higher, pork 5c higher and oats 3/8 to 1/8c higher. Provisions closed substantially unchanged. Higher cables and small world's shipments started a buying movement in wheat all the more effective on account of the break of over 5c in less than a month.

The opening in wheat, though quiet was not without interest and considerable strength was shown. For the first time in weeks and considerable prospective buyers had something really substantial to encourage them, in strong and higher cables and world's shipments that were much smaller than had been looked for, with prospects of a continuance of small shipments. Business by local shorts shown on Saturday's curb was much more apparent at the opening to-day, and buying from that class of traders had much to do with the advance in prices that took place. The demand was not heavy but offerings were few and far between and shorts in consequence and some difficulty at times in covering.

There was some selling by professionals on the first announcement of northwest receipts which turned out to be heavier by nearly 200 cars than the actual receipts and later some selling was also done on the announcement of an increase of 1,400,000 in the visible supply. But all offerings were quickly absorbed and at no time did the market exhibit weakness. The trend of prices was steadily upward and during the last hour of the session the best prices of the day were obtaining. New York was a fair buyer, presumably against export engagements although only five loads were reported as taken up to a late hour. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 1,329 cars compared with 1,135 last week and 1,739 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 171 cars, 38 of contract grade. Worlds shipments were put at 5,679,000 bushels. Local stocks showed an increase of 330,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,336,000 bushels. Atlantic port clearances of wheat and flour amounted to 740,000 bushels. There was a good milling demand for the low grades of wheat. December opened 3/8 a 3/4 higher at 68 1/8 a 3/4. After a slight rally it eased off to 68 1/4 then gradually advanced to 69 which was the closing figure.

VERMONT PENSIONERS AND PATENTS.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The following Vermonters have been granted pensions: Increase, Greenleaf D. Farnham, North Pownal, $10 to $12; Chester W. Colley, Calais, $17 to $24; Joseph W. Wallace, Fairfield Center, $12 to $14; George W. Salles, Stowe, $24 to $17.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 7.—Pensions allowed Vermonters: Original, William Clark, Winooski, $6; increase, William Kelley, Sodom, $24 to $30.

Frank R. Chapman, commissioned postmaster of Westminister.

James W. Gregg of Brattleboro, has taken out letters patent for an eggholder and alarm.

HIGH MARK.

The Country's Trade Never so Great as in the Month of October.

IRON AND STEEL ACTIVE.

Cooler Weather Stimulates Retail Trade —Sales of Wool Exceed All Records— Prices of Pig Iron Still Advancing —Corn Receipts Greater Than in 1898.

New York, Nov. 3.—Bradstreet's will say to-morrow:

Despite some variation in the currents of trade distribution, the aggregate movement continues of immense volume, in fact, if the aggregate of bank clearings in the country outside of the metropolis is a trustworthy index, as it no doubt is, the country's trade reached its highest mark in the month of October. Prices certainly show marked strength in view of the proportions of earlier advances. Cooler weather has been welcomed by the retail trade of the country and some stimulus has already been noted, alike to distribution. In some lines of wholesale trade, notably dry goods there has been some quieting of demand, without, however, any perceptible effect being exercised upon values of textiles, which indeed, are more firmly held than ever. It has indeed been a record period in the wool trade, sales at leading centres having exceeded all records for the week and the strength alike of the raw and the manufactured material is most marked. Cotton goods are also very strong, partly on the extraordinary demand and partly because of the strength of the raw material, imparted by small receipts and growing confidence in ultimate light yield. The great cereals have been rather dull this week, with slight variation in price, and the markets appear to have come to a standstill pending new developments.

In the iron and steel trade strength of values is perhaps the most notable feature, but activity has been transferred from the finished branch of the trade to the market for pig iron, which has been very active at full prices. Interest in the ore situation is unabated, and a heavy advance on last season is regarded as certain. Leading ore interests are reported to practically control the entire tonnage for next year. A heavy business was done in hardware during October, relatively the best reports coming from the West. Other metals fall to show as much strength, copper and tin being lower on the week, while lead is measurably firm, owing to the working out of conditions previously noted. Influenced by the activity in the boot and shoe manufacturing and distributive trade, leather is strong and tends upward, and some advances in hides are also reported. There were 816 failures in October involving $8,774,000 liabilities, a decrease of 21 per cent in number and of 51 per cent in liabilities from October a year ago and comparisons with earlier years are even more favorable.

FAILURES NEVER SO FEW

With Exception of Three Months of This Year Since Records Began to be Kept —Packers Advance Prices.

New York, Nov. 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say:

Failures have never been smaller than in October in any month excepting May, June and July of this year, since monthly records began six years ago. Trading failures have never been small in any other month of any year. Manufacturing failures were never smaller in any month save one prior to this year, and yet have been smaller in six of the nine months of 1899, in January and in May-September inclusive. Clothing failures have been rather frequent of late, and two large with eighteen small ones in that class make the aggregate greater than in 69 of the past 72 months, and another large failure in real estate lifts the amount in that class, but the remarkable decrease in number and size of small failures calls for especial notice.

A little decline of 3/8c in wheat and 1/8c in corn does not hinder reports though it is some evidence that growers think they have ample supplies. Atlantic exports of wheat for five weeks have been, flour included 15,686,509 bushels against 18,182,631 last year, and Pacific exports 2,713,351, against 3,937,434 last year. Western receipts of wheat have continued heavy, but have not rivalled last year's extraordinary outpouring, amounting to only 25,938,087 bushels in five weeks, against 40,640,791 last year but western corn receipts run ahead of last year in the same weeks and the exports have been 18,648,044 bushels against 11,558,178 last year.

The enormous sales of wol at Boston, 21,537,500 pounds reported making 26,365,700 at the three chief markets for the week, are extremely important. Expectation of higher prices at London prompt much speculative buying, but the demand for woolen goods is also unhealthy concerning. The cotton manufacturer has also great demand with prices constantly rising, so that with middling uplands at 7.56 cents, foods are relatively nearer in price than they have been since October 1.

Prices of pig iron for early delivery are still advancing, but as a great part of the demand has protected itself by contracts running far into next year, including purchases of 50,000 tons Bessemer this week at $23.50, and as billets are quoted at $25.50 for spot but $25 for next year, the market can be interpreted several ways. Anthracite pig is also quoted at $21.50 for early delivery and local coke at Chicago. But no finished products have advanced during the past week excepting refined bars which the Eastern association has put up $1 per ton. More weakness appears in some lines, of which the works have not orders running far ahead. But it is claimed that 1,800,000 tons of rails, 80 per cent of the entire capacity has been sold for next year. Tin is weaker at 30.50 cents, and lake copper at 17 cents, while Spelter is offered at 4.85 cents.

Dealers are refusing to pay the higher prices asked by manufacturers of boots and shoes to such an extent that future orders are somewhat restricted. Hides and leather remain strong, packers having somewhat advanced prices at Chicago, their supplies being sold 4 to 6 weeks ahead. Failures for the week have been 183 in the United States against 194 last year, and 25 in Canada against 28 last year.

BANK CLEARINGS.

New York, Nov. 3.—Bank clearings at the principal cities in the United States and Canada, as telegraphed Bradstreets for the week ending Nov. 2, were as follows:—

Totals for the United States $1,922,555,053, increase 31.5. Totals outside New York, $862,991,345, increase 17.1.

Totals for the Dominion of Canada, $34,262,363 increase 12.6.

THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

The Founder of Bennington—Capt. Robinson's Grave Discovered—A New Vermont Crop.

Some facts of historical value have recently been discovered in regard to Capt. Samuel Robinson, the founder of Bennington, who died in London, in 1797.

Mr. Lyons, a teacher in the Tibbetts school of Hoosick, N. Y., has lately been to England on a pleasure tour. He had an ancestor in the battle of Bennington, and on that account is much interested in anything relating to the history of the town. Considerable doubt has long existed as to the location of Capt. Robinson's grave and the circumstances attending his burial, etc., and Mr. Lyons determined to clear up the mystery if possible. On Capt. Robinson's tombstone in the old cemetery at Bennington Centre, the inscription sets forth the meagre fact that the deceased was buried in "Mr. Whitfield's church yard," but where the yard was, could not be found out. Parties have searched in London several times for his resting spot, but all endeavors proved fruitless until this year.

While in England, Mr. Lyons visited London and spent a good part of his time in sight seeing. One day as he was passing by a church building lately erected, he was attracted by a tablet bearing the legend, "Whitfield Memorial Church." He entered, and soon found that this was the spot where the old building had stood, and at the rear of which, the grave of Capt. Robinson is situated. He was directed to an undertaker, who had charge of the parish records of over 200 years, and under the date of 1797, found the following inscription:

"Samuel Robinson, buried or died October 29, 1797, aged 99 years. Brought from the parish of St. Mary le-bon."

St. Mary le Bon was one of the many parishes into which London was divided, but as Mr. Robinson had been an attendant at Mr. Whitfield's church, he was buried in this parish.

Samuel Robinson was born in Cambridge, Mass., in 1706. His father was a native of Bristol, England, and a connection of Rev. John Robinson's who was chaplain of the Mayflower. Capt. Samuel was the head of the pioneer band of settlers of Bennington, and was the chief man in the colony all during his life. While returning from one of his campaigns in the French and Indian war Capt. Robinson passed by accident that way, and impressed by the beauty of the country, resolved to plant a colony there. Parties from New Hampshire had already obtained a grant of the land, and named it Bennington in honor of Gov. Benning Wentworth of that State. Capt. Robinson formed a company, found out the owners of the land, purchased their rights and removed thither. The captain was moderator of the first town, or proprietor's meeting held, and it was due to his untiring zeal that the little colony grew as did. He was appointed justice of the peace in 1762, being the first person appointed to a judicial office within the limits of the State.

When the controversy came up over the New Hampshire Grants, he was sent to London to plead the cause of the settlers. He was assisted by William Samuel Johnson of Connecticut. Mr. Robinson obtained an injunction against the grasping New Yorkers and was further prosecuting his mission when he was taken ill with the smallpox and died. Mr. Johnson wrote a very affecting letter of condolence to his widow. The original letter is now in the Robinson collection at Bennington Centre.

Mr. Robinson's death was a great calamity to the settlers. Their father was gone, and the mourning was deep and sincere. Their beloved leader was dead across the sea, and they did not even have the consolation of viewing his resting place. Mr. Johnson's letter gave the intelligence that he was buried in Mr. Whitfield's church yard but it remained for Mr. Lyons to locate the exact spot of the church and to give to the world the record of the pioneer's death.

The monument in the Centre cemetery was erected August 16, 1856 to the memory of Capt. Robinson by his grandson, David Robinson.

VERMONT COFFEE.

The practice of planting and raising a coffee crop is not general among Vermont farmers and the pioneer in this line is James Bowen of Pittsford. A year ago he planted four rows of "coffee beans" each row about 25 feet long and the crop he reaped when brewed, in part, made as palatable coffee as could be desired. The crop, he says needs no more care than the common white bean and he planted the seeds in sandy soil.

Three young boys, Eddie Gauvin, Frank Hemanway and Fred Ariel of Montgomery, killed a bear last week. They were hunting on "Burnt Mountain" when they unexpectedly came upon the bear. The boys were taken by surprise, but changed the loads of bird shot for buck cartridges and Gauvin fired, knocking over but not killing the bear. Bruin turned and ran but the other two fired and then all started in pursuit. They fired 10 times before they killed their game.

Fourteen years ago a son of Josiah Smith left his home in Brookfield without known cause, and in all these years his family and friends have known nothing of his whereabouts until a few days ago when his father received a letter from him saying he was residing in California, was married and had two children. He gave no reason for leaving his childhome or for his long silence.

A REMARKABLE SUGAR HOUSE.

E. S. Isham of Chicago has nearly completed the building of a modern sugar house at Manchester upon one of the most conspicuous spots of the Ormsbee Hill farm, near the foot of Mount Equinox. The building is of modern architecture and is 40 feet long by 24 feet wide, and has a veranda 10 feet wide upon one end and one side of it, and is considered to be the most elaborate structure of its kind in the State. It is the intention of Mr. Isham to have the house equipped with the most modern utensils for sugar making. There are about 1000 trees that are to be tapped each year, and through the summer season Mr. Isham will use the place to entertain his friends.

A number of Vermont farmers are marking the trees injured by the ravages of the forest worms this year, preparatory to cutting them down the coming winter. Many sugar orchards are completely ruined and the majority show serious inroads.

A CLEVER PUSSY.

On a recent Sunday Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Sawyer of Putney drove to West Chesterfield, N. H., and on their return they brought with them in a bag under the carriage seat a maltese cat about three years old. The cat was put in the cellar, it being the intention to keep it there until it seemed contented with its new abode. On Friday night, however, pussy escaped and nothing more was seen of it until the next Tuesday morning, when the former owner found it upon the steps waiting to get in, having crossed the river during its three days' hunt.

Fish Commissioner John W. Titcomb has been collecting eggs from the various field stations. Six hundred thousand have been received from four stations, at Lake Dunmore, at Lake Mitchell in Castleton, at Darling's pond (Griffith's) in Groton and at Averill pond in Averill. The season at Caspian Lake, Greensboro, is later than usual and work there cannot be reported for several weeks. The eggs at these several field stations are brought to the St. Johnsbury station for hatching after which shipments are made to all parts of the country. Mr. Titcomb is very much pleased at the success of this season's work as results promise to make it a record breaker.

STRUCK ON HIS FEET.

Thomas Aher fell 25 feet recently while slating for the S. A. Smith company of Brattleboro. He stepped upon the end of a board which protruded beyond the staging, and the board tipped up letting him down. He struck on his feet and was not hurt beyond receiving a shaking up.

Judge Fessenden of the Supreme Court in Boston has delivered a decision overruling the demurrer of the plaintiff in the suit of George M. Ellis of Brattleboro against the Boston and Maine railroad to recover $20,000 for injuries. An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court.

David O. Felt, a native of Wardsboro, who was known for years as the biggest policeman on the Boston force, has been nominated as a candidate for the Massachusetts Legislature.

The American, a Manila newspaper, announces the appointment of Lieut. Frank H. Lawton of the 22nd infantry, as judge of the Interior Provost Court. Mr. Lawton is a St. Johnsbury boy, who enlisted in the regular army as a private and later won a commission.

TRAMP FISH WARDEN

Causes the Arrest of Frank Lattrell For Alleged Shooting of a Pheasant.

Deputy State Warden Ramsey, the tramp fish warden, made his first official appearance in this city Monday and caused the arrest of Frank Lattrell, the Main street barber, on the charge of having shot a pheasant on the grounds of Col. Lettrand B. Cannon on Sunday. The warden claims to have come upon Lattrell on the grounds and to have found a pheasant in his possession. He also claims that Lattrell threw the bird away and that he found it. The case was opened in City Court Monday afternoon and continued until Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Ramsey is the warden who caused the arrest of Dr. Henry Furman of Malone, N. Y., and Rev. Andrew P. Ogilvie of Elkhart, Indiana, at Vergennes on August 15 for having shot a wild duck on Otter creek during the closed season. This gave him some prominence on account of the public position of the men arrested. They were fined $10 each and costs. The case in this city does not appear to have as favorable an aspect for the State.

Lattrell was approached by the warden in the shop of Phil Barber, where he works. Monday morning while shaving Col. Cannon, upon whose grounds the bird was killed, and charged by Ramsey with having killed it. This it will be seen was rather a dramatic form of accusation. The complaint was then lodged with State's Attorney Brown and the papers served in the afternoon. J. E. Cushman appears for Lattrell and at the hearing in the afternoon Taxerdermist Conger was present and the defendant asked that the bird be given into his possession for examination. This Ramsey did not want done but the request was allowed and the bird will be examined and the shot in its body removed if there are any.

Although not sworn or speaking as a witness, Mr. Conger gave it as his opinion that the bird had been dead at least four or five days. He examined the eyes and other portions of the body to arrive at this decision.

It would appear that there is some ambiguity in the law relating to the killing of pheasants. The old law provided that they should not be killed except upon private preserves by the owners or his agents until 1900. A law enacted later makes the closed season last from November 20 until October. The fine is $10 per bird. The case will be contested. Ramsey is understood to be in the service and under the direction of President Titcomb of the State Fish and Game League.

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN BURLINGTON

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get FREE a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that it guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c and 50c

CANCER AND TUMOR

and all Malignant Blood Diseases Cured without Pain. No Knife or Plaster. Book of testimonials and letter of advice, free.
FLOWER MEDICAL CO.
151 W. 34th St., N. Y.

How Mrs. Pinkham HELPED MRS. GOODEN.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 12,733]

"I am very grateful to you for your kindness and the interest you have taken in me, and truly believe your medicines and advice are worth more to a woman than all the doctors in the world. For years I had female troubles and did nothing for them. Of course I became no better and finally broke down entirely. My troubles began with inflammation and hemorrhages from the kidneys, then inflammation, congestion and falling of the womb and inflammation of ovaries.

"I underwent local treatment every day for some time; then after nearly two months the doctor gave me permission to go back to work. I went back, but in less than a week was compelled to give up and go to bed. On breaking down the second time, I decided to let doctors and their medicine alone and try your remedies. Before the first bottle was gone I felt the effects of it. Three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a package of her Sanative Wash did me more good than all the doctors' treatments and medicine.

"The first remark that greets me now is 'How much better you look' and you may be sure I never hesitate to tell the cause of my health."—MRS. E. J. GOODEN, ACKLEY, IA.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA

BLOOD & NERVE REMEDY.

Makes Women Look Young and Feel Young

The great health giver and beautifier for women is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, that great vegetable compound for women, so pure, harmless and healthful, for nothing in the world so surely and quickly restores lost health, gives strength and vigor to the nerves, purifies and enriches the blood, and makes women strong and well as does Dr. Greene's Nervura.

Dr. Greene's Nervura clears the complexion of that dark, sallow, pale look, removes eruptions, blackheads, and humors, makes the skin velvety and glowing with new color, the eyes brilliant, the lips red, imparting a full round contour to face and form.

Above all, Dr. Greene's Nervura banishes melancholy and restores the lively spirits, vivacity, light, elastic step, and exuberant life, energy and enjoyment which constitute happiness in women. Dr. Greene's Nervura does all this, because it makes women well and strong, and thus prevents them from growing old before their time. It makes them look young and feel young, for it braces women up as nothing else in the world can. Try Dr. Greene's Nervura. You will never regret it.

Women Need Skilled Advice.

Dr. Greene is the most successful specialist in curing female complaints, the physician to whom thousands of women write in regard to their diseases and who gives consultation and advice absolutely free of charge. Many thousands of women have regained health and strength and become happy wives and mothers through the timely advice and counsel of this skilful woman's physician. If you are a sufferer from any of the weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women do not fail to write to Dr. Greene about your case at once, at his office, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., and by following his advice based upon his long experience and remarkable success, you can be absolutely certain of being cured. Write at once. It will cost you nothing to get his advice.

SUICIDES

Seem to Have Been Epidemic in Vermont For Twenty-four Hours.

THREE ATTEMPTS MADE.

A Swede Farm Hand in Vernon Hang Himself in the Barn—Wife of Samuel Novelli, the Sculptor, Shot Herself and Recovery is Doubtful—Another Case in Dummerston.

Brattleboro, Vt., Nov. 5.—The body of James Christiansen, aged 20, a Swede farm hand, was found hanging from a beam last night in the barn of J. O. Frost of Vernon, by whom he was employed. The cause for his act is not known. He had just received his wages and had agreed to work for Mr. Frost for another year. He leaves a brother and sister also in the employ of Mr. Frost.

WOMAN SHOT HERSELF.

Barre, Vt., Nov. 5.—Mary, the wife of Samuel Novelli, attempted to commit suicide Saturday night by shooting herself in the head with a revolver. Physicians were called and found that a 32 calibre bullet had entered her head near the right ear. It is impossible to locate the bullet. She has been conscious all the time since the shooting. Her recovery is considered doubtful.

The cause for the rash act is a mystery. Her family relations have always been pleasant and she is a woman of genial disposition. Her husband is a noted sculptor and carved the statue of Robert Burns of the Barre Burns monument.

DEATH OF W. O MILLER.

A Prominent Citizen of Dummerston—Henry Moore Attempts Suicide.

Brattleboro, Nov. 5.—William O. Miller aged 81 years, one of the most prominent citizens of Windham county, died suddenly Saturday morning at his home in Dummerston from apoplexy. He served in the Vermont Legislature and was assessor and collector for half a century. He had been postmaster for many years. He leaves two sons, Prof. W. D. Miller of Northampton and E. H. Miller, the well known singer.

Henry Moore, a soap manufacturer, mentally unbalanced after a long illness, made three unsuccessful attempts to commit suicide Friday. He plunged some shears several inches into his abdomen and opened the arteries on his left wrist, then told his sister what he had done. After she had summoned help, while two persons were in the room with him and others in the adjoining room, he suddenly plunged head first through the glass in a two story window. His condition is serious, but probably not fatal.

CLOSE OF TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

Principal Dressel Elected President Next Meeting in Rutland.

Brattleboro, Nov. 5.—The 50th annual meeting of the State Teachers' association closed yesterday. The officers elected were: President, Principal H. Dressel, Jr., of Springfield; vice-president, Principal F. E. Prichard of Bradford; secretary, Principal W. D. Parsons of Woodstock; treasurer, Principal N. J. Whitehill of Montpelier; executive committee, chairman, Principal J. L. Alger of Bennington, Principal F. A. Bagnall of St. Albans, Principal S. H. Erkskine of Rutland; legislative committee, chairman, Principal W. E. Ranger of Johnson, Principal O. D. Matheweson of Barre, E. J. Wallace of White River Junction. The association was invited to hold the next convention in Rutland.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY RESUMED.

Vergennes, Nov. 5.—Alfred Gonya, who when rural delivery was begun between Vergennes and Bridport line, was ordered by the first assistant postmaster to discontinue his route from here to Addison, has now been ordered by the second assistant postmaster, under whose orders the route is, to resume his work and he will now carry the mail as heretofore until further orders.

RUTLAND MAN DEAD.

South Framingham, Nov. 5.—A man about 24 years of age registered late Saturday afternoon at the Hotel Kendall as C. P. Brown, Rutland, Vt., and at a seasonable hour went to his room. Just before noon Saturday he was found dead in his apartment, evidently the victim of suicide, as the gas jet was wide open, and he was lying nearly across the bed, with his undershirt and night shirt on, as if he had prepared to go to bed.

The medical examiner says that it is undoubtedly a case of suicide, and has turned the body over to Chief of Police Eagan.

The suicide has been identified as Chester P. Brown of Rutland, Vt., a travelling salesman for the Rutland Marble Manufacturing company.

MONEY IN THE SPANISH WRECKS.

Santiago de Cuba, Nov. 5.—It turns out that the wrecks of the war ships of Admiral Cervera's squadron which remain here are better than gold mines for the wreckers. A party of the latter has just explored the wreck of the torpedo boat destroyer Pluton, and the first diver, it is reported found $4,000 in the purser's cabin.

Last Tuesday some wreckers attempted to board the Cristobal Colon, but found it already occupied by another party, who considered the wreck their property. A fierce fight ensued, in which one man was killed and several were wounded.

RUMORS OF A SUIT.

Burlington Man Said to Have Been Bereved of Considerable Personal Property.

It was reported yesterday that Mrs. Philomene Pasha (Mrs. P. Lamoine) had brought suit to recover personal property that she claims was taken from the person of Algernon Johnson who is alleged to have been her husband and who was killed in a railroad accident at Hoosac Junction on Monday morning, Oct. 9. At that time Johnson was on his way to this city from New York, where he had just arrived from a trip to Paris. The report of the accident said that Johnson had very little money on his person at the time but that he had several checks for large amounts. It is now rumored that he had property of considerable value on his person and that only part of it has been secured. It is understood that suit is brought to recover this. It is also reported that Mrs. Pasha was charged outrageous prices for hotel accommodations and the transportation of the remains from the scene of the accident to the hotel. It was learned that W. H. Collison was attorney in the matter and a Free Press reporter called upon him to substantiate the rumors. Upon being asked whether he was interested in the case he said he was attorney for Mrs. Pasha, but that he had nothing to say in regard to the matter. He declined to answer as to whether Johnson was the husband of Mrs. Pasha. He also said that suit had not as yet been brought against the Fitchburg railroad to recover damages.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm Cures Others Why Not You?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—Adolph L. Millett, Manchester, N. H. For sale by W. J. Henderson.

DOWN A FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

Roger McDermott, a Stone Mason, Falls Heading and is Killed.

Roger McDermott, a stone mason employed on the new building being erected by the Malted Cereals company, fell down a flight of stairs at his boarding house on the corner of Battery and Cherry streets Saturday night at 11 o'clock and died a short time afterward. He went to his room on the second floor early in the evening, where, about 11 o'clock he was joined by two friends. After a few minutes' conversation McDermott left the room and went into the hall to go to the lavatory. The stairs protrude beyond the wall and are unprotected. In his hurry he evidently forgot this fact and fell headlong down the entire flight, striking his head in the corner at the foot. He struck the base of his brain and blood spurted from his mouth and nostrils, although death was not instantaneous. Medical aid was summoned and Rev. C. C. Doboy was called. The latter arrived shortly and found the wounded man alive, but he died before the physicians came. It was reported that the man was intoxicated at the time, but this was emphatically denied by those who were in the house. The deceased came to this city last September from Milton and went to work on the Rutland-Canadian railroad, but soon after secured work in the city and at the time of his death was at work for the Malted Cereals company. His home is in Lowell, Mass., where his wife is living. He is also survived by two sons, one in the army in the Philippines and one in Philadelphia. The remains were sent to Lowell Sunday night at 11:30 for burial. He was about 50 years of age.

A DANGEROUS CROSSING.

In those days when the tendency everywhere is to do away with grade crossings on railroads, even when the chance is attended with much expense, it seems strange that the Rutland-Canadian Railroad company did not build an underpass where the highway to the mouth of the Winooski river crosses the line, instead of grading up to the roadbed, which is fully 20 feet above the highway. Unless the crossing as it now exists is materially changed it will be a very dangerous place and in any event it will be a hard pull for a team with a heavy load, which might easily have been avoided.

THREE MONTHS FOR STEALING A COAT.

George Palmer was brought to this city Thursday by Constable Martin of Ferrisburgh on the charge of having stolen an overcoat from Emery Lawrence of this city on October 2. Palmer was tried over to Sheriff Reeves and last Thursday afternoon came into City Court and entered a plea of guilty to the charge. He was sentenced to serve three months in the House of Correction and was taken to Rutland Thursday by Deputy Sheriff Edward Reeves.

NOT HER COLOR.

"I hear that Maude has applied for a divorce on account of her husband's profanity."

"That is the reason. He would persist in swearing blue streaks, and everybody knows blue makes Maude look like a bad case of jaundice."—Indianapolis Journal.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED.

A Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the wonderful new discovery in medical science, fulfils every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles, rheumatism, and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

If you need a medicine you should have the best, sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may find a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention that you read this generous offer in the "Burlington Weekly Free Press."

FATHER LYNCH'S WILL.

Document Cannot be Found, Although One was Made in 1894.

A petition has been presented to the Probate Court of Charleston by Catherine and Rose Median, setting forth that the late Rev. Thomas Lynch died testate and that his will in writing was made and executed in Ireland on May 13, 1894. The petition further says that the same can not now be found, but that it was never revoked, cancelled or wilfully destroyed by the maker and they pray that the will may be established and allowed as the last will and testament of the deceased and the contents and purport thereof be proved. A hearing on the matter has been set for November 20, 1899. The will was drawn up by W. H. Collison of this city and it is understood that the property in question was a very large one. The principal heirs are Sisters Patrick and Ignatius of this city. The will contained no bequests to relatives of the deceased, but was never signed by the deceased. It is said that there was no doubt as to the validity of the will and that it was based on the instructions given by Father Lynch before his death. It is also said that there are future charities set forth in the will and that it was based for the purpose of dis