

NICARAGUA TOLD AMERICAN POLICY

Strong Moral Support Will Be
Given Governments against
Revolutions.

FORCE TO BE USED IF NEEDED

Present Revolt Declared to Have
Been in Flagrant Violation
of Promises and Most
Inexcusable.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The policy of the United States in its relations with revolution-torn little neighbors in Central America and the West Indies is clearly defined in an instruction from the State department embodied in a note presented by Minister Weltzel to the Nicaraguan government, the text of which was made public to-day by Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson. The communication is expected to create a profound sensation in Latin America, for while it was addressed to Nicaragua, it will be recognized as a general warning.

America's purpose, the instruction declares, is to foster free constitutional government and free elections, and to this end strong moral support will be given to established governments against revolutions based upon the selfish designs of would-be despots and not upon any principle of popular demand. Force will be used if necessary in maintaining free communications with, and to protect American ministries and legations. This policy already has been adopted in San Domingo, Panama and Honduras.

Minister Weltzel was directed to present his instructions officially to the Nicaraguan government and unofficially to the revolutionists in that country and to make it public as an authorized declaration of policy.

The communication reviews briefly the reasons for, sending American forces to Nicaragua and explains that this was done at the request of the Nicaraguan government. Zelaya is denounced in strong terms.

The communication closed with a denunciation of General Mena, leader of the present insurrection, whose revolt is declared to have been in flagrant violation of promises, without even the pretense of contending for a principle, and "in origin one of the most inexcusable in the annals of Central America."

NICARAGUANS PREPARE ATTACK.

San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, Sept. 17.—It is officially reported that government troops to the number of four thousand are preparing to attack Granada Masaya, which are occupied by the revolutionists. It is also stated that the American commander has sent an ultimatum to General Mena, the insurgent leader.

GLENWOOD HOTEL BURNED.

One of Lake Bomoseen's Largest Hotels Well Insured.

Rutland, Sept. 17.—The Glenwood Hotel, one of Lake Bomoseen's largest summer resorts, was destroyed this morning by fire which is supposed to have started from an overheated chimney. The loss on the building is about \$25,000 and practically all the equipment was also destroyed. The building and contents were well insured. The structure was owned by W. H. Wyatt of Troy, N. Y., who bought the hotel last spring from the W. C. Mound estate. Mr. and Mrs. Wyatt left for their home in Troy last Saturday when the hotel was closed for the season.

Only the caretakers were in the building when the fire was discovered about 9:30 o'clock this morning. The flames were then shooting out of the roof and this leads to the supposition that the fire started high up near the chimney. As there is little fire protection, nothing could be done to save the hotel and in less than an hour the four-story wooden structure was consumed, only the silverware and a few of the furnishings on the ground floor being saved.

Help was summoned by telephone from Castleton, Hydeville and from farm houses and by hand work with buckets of water and the assistance of the chemical engine from Castleton all the summer cottages near the hotel and the servants' quarters were saved. The building where the hotel employees are quartered caught fire several times, but the bucket brigade succeeded in keeping the flames down. The hotel is surrounded by pine woods and the chemical apparatus was very useful in preventing the spread of flames through the dry pine needles to handsome summer cottages.

The hotel was built 15 years ago by W. C. Mound. It originally cost \$22,000. It has been improved a number of times. Mr. Wyatt having expended a large amount of money in repairs and improvements the past season.

MOST SAY THE COMING WINTER WILL BE COLD

Hamburg, Pa., Sept. 16.—Here are the predictions as to the coming winter, according to the leaders of the Berks county weather prophets' convention, in session here.

Gideon Keller—The leaves are falling early and the apple crop is early and short; the weeds are tall. It will be cold.

Cyrus E. Schneck—The ground hogs are digging their holes deeper; chickens are molting early; the summer was wet. It will be cold.

John Drake—I watch the planets. January will be cold.

John S. Fritz—The planet of Jupiter is in the ascendancy. The winter will be warm and next summer will be hot and dry.

Henry Walters—The red squirrels and chipmunks are digging deep holes. It will be cold.

Henry Walters—There is a big crop of persimmons. It will be cold.

Cyrus Deep—The summer was wet; the winter will be mild.

W. E. Mumma—The caterpillars arrived late, a mild winter.

Excursion to New York. See ad on page seven.

TORNADO HURT ALL IN ITS PATH

Farmers Make Little Progress
Clearing the Debris from
10-Mile Strip.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Scores of farmers, their residences and barns destroyed and crops ruined, the result of yesterday's tornado, early to-day started their task of reconstruction, aided by hundreds of willing helpers. At nightfall, they had made little headway, the 10-mile strip in the town of Salina devastated by the storm presenting a scene of chaos.

Highways are blocked for miles with fallen trees and in some places the obstructions are 30 feet high. Many of the farmers are practically ruined as they carried no insurance against tornadoes. There were reports to-day of at least a half dozen persons missing, but an all-day search of the debris-strewn zone failed to reveal any bodies. Several persons were hoisted on Onondaga lake when the tornado appeared. To-night the death list stands at three. Of the seriously injured, it is believed all will recover. Physicians stated that practically every man, woman and child in the path of the storm was injured to some extent.

ALLEGED SUITS NEVER CAME

Wallingford Man Is Charged with Being a Good Collector.

Rutland, Sept. 16.—F. J. Brenner of Wallingford was arrested to-day by Deputy Sheriff Allen A. Leonard on a warrant issued by State's Attorney R. L. Stafford of this city charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses. Mr. Brenner said that complaints had been made to him that Brenner had been conducting an alleged suit club, collecting \$1 weekly from various Wallingford men but never having delivered any suits. It is said that he has collected nearly \$300.

The case was continued until next Saturday afternoon at two o'clock and Brenner was admitted to bail by City Judge F. G. Swinerton this morning. Bert Andrews of Danby, who was arrested last week on a charge of killing a horse belonging to Elkanah Parls of Danby, was before Judge Swinerton this afternoon. He waived examination and was bound over to county court in the sum of \$500 bail and was sent to county jail to await trial. J. D. Spellman was his counsel. The horse was found dead in the pasture with its throat cut and it is said that Andrews had made threats.

WOMAN SUING PITTSFIELD.

Rutland, Sept. 16.—When Rutland county court reconvened this afternoon after the Sunday recess the trial of the case of Sylvia A. Parker vs. the town of Pittsfield was continued. It is a defective highway case involving a claim for damages of \$15,000. T. W. Moloney of this city and M. Gordon of Barre are counsel for the plaintiff and Lawrence, Lawrence & Stafford appear for the defense. The plaintiff declares that she was seriously injured when her carriage tipped over as she was driving across a bridge. She asserts that the town was negligent in allowing the highway to get out of repair.

CALF CASE IS STARTED.

Addison County Jury Must Decide about Theft in Ripton.

Middlebury, Sept. 17.—"All about a calf" might be the title of the case of State vs. Frank W. Taylor. Taylor is charged with stealing a calf, belonging to Mrs. Napoleon Hance of East Middlebury, from the pasture of Daniel Dragon in Ripton. Suspicion pointed to Taylor as the thief because he was seen in Ripton on August 16, when the theft was committed, and the testimony to-day brought out the fact that Daniel Dragon also lost property at the time, consisting of a young heifer and a flock of 21 turkeys. Taylor later sold a pig at J. K. Piper's market here, which strongly resembled the skin of the missing calf.

Deputy Sheriff Fred E. Rowley spent all the morning serving summonses for the panel and it was not until 1:30 that the case was taken up. There are many witnesses to be heard.

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY VERMONT TRADE REPORT.

Reports to Bradstreet's for the week are all optimistic regarding outlook for fall business. In a few instances not the usual number of men are employed, but throughout the State labor is believed better employed and general conditions are improved over what they were for the same period last year. Some complaints are heard regarding a shortage of cars for freight service. The furniture manufacturers report an increase in volume of business, while the manufacturers of turned wood and novelties note an increase in sales. The shipments of both tale and asbestos during the past month shows a good market. Knit goods plants are operating full time while manufacturers and jobbers in saddlery hardware show some gains. Manufacturers of overalls and garments report new business is coming in well and labor in this line is fully employed. Crop reports show better than a week ago. In Windham county the tobacco crop is said better than a year ago. Throughout the State the apple yield is expected to be less than usual. Potatoes show up well and other crops are doing well except as previously reported. Included in the failures for the week are two bankruptcies. Burlington manufacturing interests are well employed and the wholesale trade reports business fully up to the average for the season. The sale of fruits the past week has been brisk, native fruits are in good demand and bring good prices. Rutland reports labor well employed and retail business shows some improvement. Outlook for fall trade said good although there are some reports of slow work at St. Albans. Normal conditions are reported among both manufacturing and retail trade. The crop reports from that section indicate good yields and corn is growing well. At St. Johnsbury labor is well employed. Considerable new building work is under way. The farmer reports most all crops are in but are looking well. Montpelier reports little change in general conditions in either the manufacturing or retail line. Some complaint is heard of slow collections. Barre manufacturers speak well of condition of labor which is better employed than usual and some gain is reported in amount of business done among the retail stores. Bellows Falls reports labor well employed and general retail trade shows improvement. Brattleboro manufacturers note volume of new business received keeps up well and there is an increase in trade among the retail stores. At Bennington the manufacturing plants are reasonably well employed but among some of the retail merchants there is a complaint of less trade than usual.

WALDO GIVES OUT \$15,000 AFFIDAVIT

Captain Reith Swears He Was
Asked to Pay for His
Promotion.

LATER GOT IT FOR NOTHING

Alleged Attempt at Graft Prior
to Mayor Gaynor's Administration—Man Accused
Denies Charge.

New York, Sept. 17.—A summary of what purports to be the \$15,000 affidavit which Police Commissioner Waldo referred to the other day before the aldermanic committee was made public to-day. John T. Reith is the police captain who is said to have made oath that he was offered promotion from lieutenant to captain for \$15,000.

The summary of the affidavit asserts that Reith swears he was informed by an under sheriff that the people having the power to promote him wanted this sum for doing it, and that when he refused to pay it he was not promoted. This was prior to Mayor Gaynor's administration. Reith was promoted to a captaincy when Waldo became commissioner and his affidavit is said to contain a statement that his promotion then did not cost him a cent.

The "John T. Reith" inquiry by Justice Goff, to ascertain if there has been suppression of any documentary evidence found in the quarters where Harry Horowitz and Louis Rosenzweig were arrested, was continued to-day. There have been stories that letters were found which would aid in the prosecution. Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, however, denies this.

Alfred G. Johnson, the former under sheriff named in the summary, declared to-night that he never offered to get Reith promoted. He said that the police officer had come to him several times "and wanted to know if there was not someone who could have him promoted for the payment of \$10,000 or \$15,000."

He told him straight off that he was a fool to think that money could help him," he added.

Mr. Johnson declared that the affidavit, which has been asked for by the aldermanic committee, had been brought to light in order to discredit him as a possible witness on police corruption. He asserted that he had information of the existence of a "branch office for the collection of police graft at 115 Broadway," which he investigated last December. His detectives, he said, had traced the man who maintained the office to the home of a high civil employe of the police department. The fact that he had made this investigation was known, he declared, to high police officials.

It is expected that the aldermanic committee will begin an investigation of the charges made in the affidavit to-morrow. The names of the two summon and a newspaper reporter were the only witnesses called in the John T. Reith case. Although District Attorney Moss refused to make known the nature of the evidence he had obtained, it was reported that he had obtained no corroboration of the published statement that letters had been found in "Gipsy" and "Lefty's" flat.

Former Magistrate Wahle, counsel for the two summon, said to-day that the defense of the client would hear the report of the witness who had no difficulty in proving. He added that when he went to visit his clients in the Tombs to-day, he found that "Lefty" had been moved to a new cell, the explanation being that he was too near "Jack" Sullivan, one of the seven defendants in the case.

SAW LINCOLN ASSASSINATED

Norman M. Puffer of Bennington Declared—Commanded Vermont G. A. R.

Bennington, Sept. 17.—Norman M. Puffer, a past department commander of the Vermont G. A. R., and one of the youngest survivors of the Civil War, died at his home here shortly before midnight. He was a native of Bennington, where he was born May 4, 1847. He enlisted as a drummer boy in 1861 at the age of 14 with the Second Regimental band and when the regiment was mustered out of the service he re-enlisted as drummer with Company E of the 10th regiment and served through the war.

He was one of the few survivors of the audience that was in Ford's theatre on the night that President Lincoln was assassinated and distinctly heard the report of the pistol. Returning from the war he entered the employ of the late A. B. Valentine, manufacturer of underwear, and remained with him until about 1890 when he established the Bennington Knitting company. The corporation went out of business about 10 years ago. At the time of his death he was a director of the Bennington County National bank and was connected with the Bennington Wax Paper company. A wife and one son survive.

WATSFIELD SUES CRAFTSBURY.

Montpelier, Sept. 17.—Washington county court took up the first jury case of the present term this morning at nine o'clock, that of the town of Watsfield vs. the town of Craftsbury. The drawing of the jury was completed during the morning. Fred L. Bond and Burton E. Bailey appear for Watsfield and H. F. Graham and Benjamin Gates for Craftsbury. The suit involves about \$150 allowed to have been paid for the care of a pauper by the town of Watsfield.

In an interview in the New York Sunday Times John Hays Hammond replies to George W. Perkins's recent article, "Why I Am a Bull Moose," and tells why he (Hammond) is for Taft. Mr. Hammond says that the sole arguments advanced by Mr. Perkins to justify his adherence to the Bull Moose party is based upon the statement that that party is in favor of large scale operation and maintenance of big business in the nation's industrial development. "So far as I know Mr. Roosevelt's public career," continued Mr. Hammond, "I can recall no training or experience that would specially qualify him to lead in the solution of this great economic problem. In respect to ability in this particular line Roosevelt is not comparable with those of President Taft."

END OF SPENCER. PETTY BURGLAR.

Industrious Clerk, Who Loved to
Read of His Own Exploits,
Murdered a Teacher.

Boston, Sept. 17.—Bertram G. Spencer, who, as a marked burglar, shot and killed Miss Martha B. Blackstone at Springfield on March 31, 1910, paid the penalty for his crime with death by electrocution at the Charlestown State prison at 12:15 o'clock this morning. The crime for which Spencer was convicted was the culmination of a long series of bold petty burglaries which for two years had baffled the police and detectives and terrorized the citizens of Springfield. The fascination for reading newspaper accounts of his exploits was the motive for the burglaries, according to a confession made by Spencer. Until his arrest he was an industrious young clerk in a meat store.

On the night of March 21, 1910, Spencer broke into the home of Mrs. Sarah J. Dow on Round hill in Springfield. Miss Blackstone, who was a school teacher of Springfield, was visiting at the home. With Mrs. Dow were her two daughters, Lucy and Harriet. Spencer, masked and carrying a revolver, walked into the room and demanded money.

The women screamed and started to run. The masked figure ordered them to stop and as the women did not heed the warning he discharged the revolver. One shot killed Miss Blackstone instantly and another entered Miss Harriet Dow's head, causing a fracture of the skull, from which she has since recovered.

Spencer was arrested three months later, and confessed to the shooting and numerous burglaries.

NEWS TOLD IN BRIEF.

Greenland has been crossed for the first time from west to east over the barren ice by the Swiss expedition under Dr. de Quervain, who is now at Reykjavik, the capital of Iceland.

His promotion to the rank of major makes Charles Young of the 9th cavalry, a negro, the first of his race to attain that grade in the regular army of the United States.

A young woman, Ethel Isaacs of Wintbourne, Gloucestershire, England, confined to bed three years with spinal disease, is able to walk, the result, she says, of prayer.

The revenue cutter Unalga, newly built and now lying at Perry Park, Baltimore, will begin next week her 2,000-mile trip around the world to her new station in Alaska.

Statistics for the fiscal year ended June 30, show that railroads of this country paid in taxes \$11,000,000 more than in the preceding year, the total amount being \$120,000,000.

The city of Fargo, N. D., has declared a dividend of 6 1/2 per cent, which will be paid in cash March 1, 1913. This is the first city on record to return to taxpayers money of which it has no immediate need.

The earnings of the North German Lloyd Steamship company for the current quarter said to exceed those of the same period in 1911 by more than \$1,000,000.

Germany is taking steps to fortify Westerland on Sylt island, one of the North Frisian group, off the coast of Schleswig-Holstein, which will shortly be joined to the mainland by a railroad.

The Susquehanna Power company has bought the entire town of Conowingo, Md., and notified the residents to move. A \$100,000 mill dam is to be built across the Susquehanna at this point.

A straw vote poll made in Indiana and Kentucky by the Cincinnati Enquirer shows that Governor Wilson leads over Roosevelt in Indiana with President Taft a bad third, and in Kentucky the democratic nominee is far in the lead over the combined strength of the other nominees.

Thomas A. Edison has perfected a combination of gasoline engine, generator and storage batteries by which for a modest expense, one can make his own electricity in his own cellar.

Rail orders last week totaled 39,500 tons, and since September 1 have amounted to less than 100,000 tons orders for 600 cars were placed last week, a total of 4,339 since the first of the month.

The time honored muster roll of the United States regular army has been abolished and will be replaced by a descriptive list that will accompany a soldier wherever he goes and will present a complete history of the soldier as long as he is in the army.

In August Chicago was the leading postal center in the United States with receipts of \$1,937,000, compared with \$1,905,000 for New York. This is the first time that Chicago has outranked New York in receipts.

PRESIDENT FAVORS BUTLER.

Gossip Concerning Republican Candidate for Governor of New York.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 17.—Although President Taft will not attempt to dictate to the New York State republican convention next week, it is probable that he will let leaders in the State know that he would like to see his secretary of war, Henry L. Stimson, made temporary chairman. The President, it was said to-night, has not finally determined to push the candidacy of Mr. Stimson, but if the New York leaders agree to him as temporary chairman, the President would approve. Gossip concerning a possible gubernatorial candidate that reached Beverly to-night brought out most prominently the name of Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University. It is believed here that Mr. Butler would be agreeable to the President.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Sept. 17.—W. D. Lucky, substituting as an aviator at the Ogdensburg fair to-day, crashed through the race court fence with his biplane and completed the wreck of the machine by smashing against the outside fence. He was hurried to a hospital but it was thought he was seriously injured. The fair was opened by Lieut. Governor Conner who came from his home in Plattsburgh with a military escort and delivered a formal address.

Excursion to New York. See ad on page seven.

Make it a want advertising matter, and fill the blanks.

ROOSEVELT FINDS ARIZONA RED HOT

Temperature of 105 Degrees As
the Colonel Is Whirled
across the State.

HE APPEALS TO DEMOCRATS

Promises to Call a Special Session
of Congress to Put "Human
Welfare" Planks into
Effect.

Phoenix, Ariz., Sept. 17.—Across the sun-baked plains of Arizona, Colonel Roosevelt was whirled to-day on his way eastward after his trip through the Northwest and down the Pacific coast. In mid-afternoon the thermometer registered 105 degrees.

Colonel Roosevelt had expected to make one speech in Arizona, that in Phoenix to-night, but the Arizona progressive committee offered to take him on a special train to Tucson and bring him on to Phoenix in time. He consented and the committee kept its promise.

In coming to Arizona Colonel Roosevelt entered the first of the democratic States to which he has carried his fight for the Progressive party. He promised the people of Arizona that if he were elected he would call a special session of Congress immediately in an effort to put into effect the "human welfare" planks of the progressive platform, so far as might be done by congressional action.

He appealed to democrats to stand with the new party and asked for support on the strength of what he had done as president and what the Progressive party purposed to do for the reclamation of arid lands such as are found in this State.

At Phoenix Colonel Roosevelt was welcomed by Governor Hunt, two companies of the State militia and a brass band. He spoke in the ball park.

"I felt that I must come to Arizona," he said, "for it was from this State that part of my regiment came, and I feel that Arizona has set a pace which might well be followed elsewhere in framing its constitution. There are some things in your constitution which I intend to try to have put into the New York constitution when there is a constitutional convention."

"I am glad to see the men who are taking the lead in the progressive fight in Arizona. This is a truly national, and not a sectional party. We have the right to appeal to those who cherish the name of Lincoln, to those who revere the name of General Lee, to join with us in this fight for the common good."

The colonel referred to President Taft's opposition to the provision in the Arizona constitution for the recall of judges, saying that he preferred the recall of judicial decisions to the recall of judges.

Colonel Roosevelt said the bosses of both parties and the supporters of "special privileges" were rallying to the support of Governor Wilson.

"The Archbishops and the Penroses know," he said, "that they can do nothing with Mr. Taft, that he's a dead cork in the pit, and so they are turning to Mr. Wilson."

Colonel Roosevelt left Phoenix to-night for New Mexico.

HARVESTER TRUST POLICY.

Sales of \$100,000,000 Last Year with \$150,000,000 in Profits.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Although it sold \$100,000,000 worth of farm implements the International Harvester company of America last year made only \$150,000 in profits, or fifteen-hundredths of one per cent, according to R. C. Haskins, the president, who testified to-day before a special examiner in the government's suit to dissolve the corporation under the Sherman anti-trust law.

Questions were asked by the government attorneys to show that the International Harvester company of America was merely the selling agent of the International Harvester company of New Jersey and that the latter company was to make all the money.

"Is it not your object to buy from the New Jersey corporation at such a price as will enable you to sell so that you will have neither a loss nor a profit?" asked Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant attorney-general.

"Our object is to buy as cheaply as we can and to make as much as possible. We try to buy from the New Jersey company at prices we would get from any other company," replied Mr. Haskins.

"But you never have paid a dividend?" "No, we never have."

"Most of today's session was devoted to describing technical features of farm implements. Mr. Haskins related the methods of sale to farmers in answer to the government's charge that as a trust the Harvester company maintained prices "to the serious injury of the farmer."

The witness said the company sold to agents with a five per cent. discount for cash and the agent by adding his profit determined the price the farmer was to pay. One reason, Mr. Haskins explained, why the sales company made only \$150,000 while it sold \$100,000,000 worth of implements was that it was constantly expending its business and expending large sums for advertising.

TAFT TOUCHED BY LOYAL LETTER FROM LITTLE BOY

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 17.—President Taft was so touched by one letter he received congratulating him on his birthday that he wrote a letter to its writer, a little boy in Bethlehem, Pa. The boy's letter reads:

"My father is dead, and my mother said I could write you a birthday letter. I will be nine years old in October. When I get big I will vote for you. My papa was a republican and I will stay one."

The President answered his young well wisher expressing the hope that he would grow up to be a good citizen.

Autumn, 1912
There is much pleasure derived
in selling goods, and it is equally
as true about showing new goods
here.

The old custom of keeping all the new goods in the basement as fast as they were received until a given date and then have an opening with orchestra and flowers has been entirely done away with by up-to-date houses in smart cities. We have been accustomed for several years to display in the various departments the new goods as fast as they were received, and following that definite plan we are showing at this time the most comprehensive lines of—

NEW DRESS AND SUIT WOOL FABRICS in the handsome illuminated wide-wale diagonals and plain colors, 54 inches wide; also, in the silk and wool illuminated wide-wale diagonals, as well as the illuminated chevrons, all of which are the newest and most desirable for this season.

DOE-SKIN SUITING is a very high-class plain material that is richer and more elegant than a rich broadcloth, yet they do not conflict with the broadcloths in the least as they cost more. Broadcloths are prominently shown in newest colors here.

IMPORTED CORDUOYS. In plain colors and illuminated are so handsome that one can understand why they have met with such great favor in Paris, Berlin and New York.

PLAIN COSTUME VELVETEENS are softer and handsomer than ever.

THE SILK DEPARTMENT is foremost in its showing of the new and elegant double-fold Charmeuse in many of the newest shades as well as white and black.

DOUBLE-FOLD CREPE METEOR is equally as desirable for a dressy gown, and as for

OREPE DE OHINE!—when that most charming and graceful silk is wanted nothing will quite take its place, (double-fold also).

THE BROCADED SATINS in single and double width are leaders in their class.

You are most cordially invited to see this early display in the lightest and best appointed dress goods and silk department in the city. It pays to come to this department, on the 3rd floor, in more ways than one. If you have not been convinced, just promise yourself that you'll do so the first opportunity.

REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES THROUGH THE MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT are always promptly attended to. We ask you to be specific when you write, so that we will be able to send you what you are specially interested in.

E. E. Clarkson & Company

STATE DEPOSITS
ARE \$80,390,469

Increase of \$6,453,614.39 Largest
of Any Year in History
of Vermont.

VERMONT NOTES

The total amount subscribed by 18 persons for the proposed hotel at Barre is now \$22,500.

Fred Wheeler of Rutland had to pay \$18.35 for a fight in which John Calahan was rendered unconscious.

John C. Silver of Montpelier, a grocer has filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving liabilities of \$17,500 and assets of \$1,949.97, with \$200 claimed exempt.

The annual exhibition of the Battenkill Valley Industrial association will open at Manchester Center to-day. Treating is a strong feature of the fair.

Mrs. Madeline Blotto and Mrs. Geo. van der Pelt of Rutland were fined \$100 in city court for stealing lumber and wood from the Temple Brothers plant.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Vail of Bennington celebrated their golden wedding Thursday evening when a large number of friends and relatives gave them a reception.

Sergeant-at-arms F. T. Parsons of Montpelier is swamped with applications for various positions to be filled at the coming Legislature session. Applications this year exceed all records.

Mrs. Sylvia Parker of Pittsfield wants \$15,000 from the town because she says she was seriously injured when her carriage tipped over as she was driving across a bridge. She holds that the town was negligent in allowing the highway to get out of repair.

George C. Wright of Westminster has sent his resignation as sheriff