

THE DAILY YELLOWSTONE JOURNAL.

VOLUME VI. No. 239.

MILES CITY, MONTANA FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1888.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE DAILY JOURNAL

The Official Paper of Custer County.

Every Morning Except Monday.

Population of Miles City . . . 3,000

Terms of Subscription;
By Mail, in Advance, Postage Paid.
Daily Edition, one year . . . \$10.00
Daily Edition, six months . . . 6.00
Daily Edition, one month . . . 1.00
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS,
Carrier, Every Morning, at 25 cents per week.
WEEKLY EDITION, YELLOW PAPER.
One Year . . . \$3.00
Six Months . . . 2.00
Three Months . . . 1.00

Advertising Rates.

TIME.	1 Inch.	2 Inches.	3 Inches.	4 Inches.	5 Columns.	6 Columns.	7 Columns.	8 Columns.	10 Columns.
1 Day	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	10.00	14.00	20.00	25.00	35.00
2 Days	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	12.00	18.00	25.00	30.00	40.00
3 Days	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	15.00	22.00	30.00	35.00	45.00
1 Week	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	18.00	25.00	35.00	40.00	50.00
2 Weeks	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.00	22.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	55.00
3 Weeks	8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	25.00	35.00	45.00	50.00	60.00
1 Month	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	30.00	40.00	50.00	55.00	65.00
2 Months	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	35.00	45.00	55.00	60.00	70.00
3 Months	15.00	18.00	20.00	22.00	40.00	50.00	60.00	65.00	75.00
6 Months	22.00	25.00	28.00	30.00	55.00	65.00	75.00	80.00	90.00
1 Year	35.00	40.00	45.00	50.00	80.00	90.00	100.00	110.00	120.00

Local notices—Ten cents per line for each insertion. Write-ups fifteen cents per line. Address THE YELLOWSTONE JOURNAL PUBLISHING COMPANY.

JOURNAL BUILDING,
MILES CITY, M. T.

PROFESSIONAL.

EDMOND BUTLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office at Courtenay's, Main street, Miles City.

CONTRACTORS

MAPLES & STUART,
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
Estimates furnished on all kinds of carpenter work.

CHURCHES.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. R. G. REDD,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at W. E. Savage's drug store. 12-14

DR. E. F. FISH,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND OBSTETRICIAN.
(Arch. Wundarzt und Geburtshelfer.) Office at Savage's drug store, Miles City, M. T.

C. S. WHITNEY,
DENTIST.
Main street, over Stockgrowers National Bank. All work guaranteed and at reasonable rates.

Emmanuel Church (Episcopal) Palmer St.—Services Sundays at 9:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Wm. Horsfall, rector.

Baptist Church—Wm. M. Weeks, acting pastor. Preaching services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayers and Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. A cordial invitation to all.

Methodist Church—Services Sunday, 11 a. m., 7:30 p. m. S. E. Snider, pastor.

Presbyterian Church—Services Sunday, 11 a. m., 6:30 p. m. T. C. Armstrong, pastor.

Church of Sacred Heart, Catholic—Sunday, 10 a. m. E. W. J. Jandemst, chaplain, U. S. A.

SOCIETIES.

A. O. U.—Division No. 1 meets first and second Sundays each month.

K. of H.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' Hall.

A. F. & M.—Yellowstone Lodge, No. 26, first and third Wednesdays.

R. A. M.—Yellowstone Chapter, No. 5, second Thursdays each month.

E. T.—Damascus Gounnamery, fourth Thursdays.

L. O. O. F.—Custer Lodge, No. 12, every Monday at their hall.

J. O. O. F.—Sentinel Encampment, No. 6, first and third Friday.

K. of P.—Granular Lodge, No. 7, Thursday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall.

C. K. of A.—Miles City Branch, every Sunday at 7 p. m.

R. of L.—First and third Fridays.

G. A. R.—U. S. Grant Post, No. 14, first and third Tuesdays.

L. O. U. T.—Star of the West, No. 21, every Thursday evening.

S. of V.—Gibson Camp No. 4. Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at Good Templars' hall.

C. N. PARKER. H. W. TOPPING

NORTHERN PACIFIC

FOUNDRY

PARKER & TOPPING,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

IRON and BRASS

CASTINGS.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

CREEDMOOR ARMORY.

McAUSLAND'S

GUNS.

REVOLVERS,

AMMUNITION

of every description. The LARGEST STOCK of Heavy Shot, Rifle in the west.

Gunsmithing and Repairing of all kinds. Neatly done and Warranted

LEIGHTON & JORDAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, RANCHMEN'S SUPPLIES,

AND Goods Delivered at Ranches.

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST HOUSE IN EASTERN MONTANA.

STOCK GROWERS

NATIONAL BANK, MILES CITY, MONT.

THE LARGEST BANK IN EASTERN MONTANA

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$105,000.00.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

W. R. STEBBINS, President, WM. HARMON, Vice President.
H. F. BATCHELOR, Cashier, ELMER E. BATCHELOR, Asst. Cash.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

MILES CITY, MONTANA.

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN EASTERN MONTANA.

CAPITAL \$50,000

SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$70,000

JOSEPH LEIGHTON, President.
W. B. JORDAN, Vice President.
E. B. WEIRICK, Cashier.
H. B. WILEY, Assistant Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Live Stock, Loans, Real Estate and Notary Public

LIVE STOCK A SPECIALTY

Agent for the oldest and most reliable

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COS.

And the oldest agent in town.

Money Loaned on First Class Security.

Cattle and sheep ranches, and improved farms for sale at a bargain with easy terms of payment.

Houses to Rent and Collections Made.

Several comfortable and commodious dwelling houses and well located business and residence lots for sale cheap; also N. P. R. R. Co.'s lots and lands, and grazing lands in the Northwest Territory for lease or sale.

Montana, Western, Wyoming, Texas and Eastern

CATTLE FOR SALE

In lots to suit purchasers. Also several choice bands of sheep and Pennsylvania "Black Top," registered rams and Short Horn thoroughbred and grade bulls for sale.

WILLIAM COURTENAY, MAIN STREET.

I. ORSCHEL & BRO.,

Clothing and Gents Furnishings.

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes.

Commercial Block. Miles City.

McINTIRE'S

Your attention is called to the fact that we carry a very complete stock of

Ladies' Childrens' and Misses' Fine Shoes.

Quality and prices guaranteed. Common Sense, Opera and N. Y. last.

BAZAAR.

GENERALITIES.

The Local Lubricator Pushes the Faber For All it is Worth.

City Council Proceedings, Fourth of July Biz and Late Telegraph News.

City Council Proceeding.

The regular monthly meeting of the city council was held last night, there being present Mayor Scheetz, Aldermen Brown, Bullard, Flager and Holt, a full board. Monthly reports of the chief of police, police magistrate and city treasurer were read and referred to the city clerk for examination and audit. Ald. Bullard offered Ordinance No. 24, fixing the bond of the street commissioner at \$2,500, which was adopted.

It appearing that the terms of office of the city clerk, street commissioner and chief of police had expired, on motion the board proceeded to the election of city clerk and street commissioner. For city clerk S. Gordon was nominated, and there being no other nominations before the council, he received four votes and was declared elected. For street commissioner Geo. Rhode was nominated and there being no opposition he too was the recipient of the full vote of the board and declared elected. The mayor then nominated for chief of police Frank C. Westervelt and the nomination was unanimously confirmed by the council.

Under resolution offered by Alderman Brown, a form of warrant for the collection of the special sidewalk tax, prepared by the city attorney, was approved and the mayor authorized to sign the same. The city clerk presented a list of persons liable for poll tax, which the council ordered corrected in certain respects and then turned over to the city treasurer for collection. The following bills were then allowed:

J. H. Miner \$ 5 50
Stockgrowers Nat'l Bank 12 50
S. Gordon, telegrams 1 85
P. Reynolds 3 30

Ald. Flager gave notice of his intention to present at the next meeting of the council an ordinance amending Ordinance No. 19, relating to the salaries of city officers, looking to the reduction of such salaries. There being no further business the council adjourned.

Let the Eagle Scream.

A JOURNAL man has interviewed a number of the business men of the city concerning a Fourth of July celebration and has from their conversation gleaned that it is uniformly advocated. The impression seems to be that a base ball game in the forenoon, racing in afternoon and a public ball at night would be the proper thing, and that the "chestnutty" proceeding of reading the declaration of independence, orating on love of country and sweating under the canopy of freedom be omitted. Fullest amount of publicity should be given by advertising in the newspaper and sending hand-bills calling attention to the event to all parts of the county. A suggestion is here made that a public meeting be called to arrange for the celebration. It will be a big thing for the town. Among horse men the scheme is most favorably endorsed. Some two or three of those approached expressed their willingness to subscribe in any amount up to \$50, and there would certainly be little trouble in raising \$500 toward the celebration, if that much should be necessary. The most essential point in the scheme is universal advertising and that could be done as stated above by billing every post-office in the county.

Another Timber Suit Flashed.

There was never a more ridiculous ending to a law suit than that which was witnessed in the probate court yesterday in the matter of the government prosecution for timber trespass. The democratic administration was determined to put a stop to timber cutting in this territory, no matter if the result was the suspension of work in every mill and mine of Montana, and the interior department officials brought all the machinery of the government to bear in the execution of their purpose. Undismayed by having their case thrown out of court on

several previous occasions for ignorance and imbecility on the part of the prosecutors or a lack of law and evidence, they returned to the charge only to meet the same humiliating result. A more complete collapse of a cause commenced with so much sound and fury cannot be imagined. The proceedings from the first have been ridiculous and the useless expense to the government enormous. We doubt if ever a case in this territory has been so clumsily managed or ended in such utter discomfiture for the plaintiffs in the action. After all the pins had been set up with great trouble and at great expense by the eminent counsel for the government Col. Sanders simply read a few passages of law to the court which were unanswerably correct, and the government was left flat on its back, at least until the next term. In the meantime the mines and mills and smelters of Montana will continue to turn out bullion and at least fifth thousand people in this territory who are dependent on the mining industry will feel that they have a new lease of life and property. Yesterday was a cold day in Montana for Cleveland and the bandana.—Butte Inter-Mountain.

The Marquis' Luck

News has reached Buffalo, Wyoming, says the Sentinel, that the miners developing the Marquis De Mores silver lode, located forty miles south-west of Buffalo and on the north fork of Powder river, have retained an assay made in New York which places the ore at \$84 per ton in silver. The lode is one of great width and indicates that by following it up a vast body of high grade silver ore will be developed. The assayer's report has put new life into the embryo camp and the men are pushing the work of development with renewed energy. Altogether the prospects are very flattering for a boom in the new camp at an early date. The Marquis De Mores, the gentleman who is backing the development of the district, is the French nobleman who has figured prominently in numerous enterprises in the northwest during the past few years. The push and nerve of the Marquis is well known, and it is almost useless to add that he will stay with the new district until he is thoroughly convinced as to its value.

Fatal Accident.

MENOMINEE, Wis., June 13.—A brick yard at this place was the scene of a most deplorable accident this morning. A force of men were engaged in digging clay for the brick makers from a bank and as is usually done, they undermined a portion of the bank, intending to then break off a large portion at one time. They delayed a little too long, however, and the bank fell before they were ready, burying seven of them. As speedily as possible men set to work removing the earth. Not one of the seven escaped injury. Two were killed outright, two can live but a few hours, and three others were seriously, perhaps fatally, injured.

Maine's Tariff Plank.

PORTLAND, June 13.—At the republican convention the platform adopted contained the following tariff plank: Resolved, That free trade as taught by the British Cobden club and supported by Grover Cleveland and the democratic party is hostile to the industrial business interests of the United States, and that the Mills tariff bill should be opposed by all honorable influences which the friends of American labor can exert, both in congress and among the people.

Another Pest for Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, June 13.—This afternoon pedestrians and those riding in carriages noted large numbers of chintz bugs in the air so thick in some places that the nose, eyes and mouth were liable to be treated to a dose of them. The present crop is too far along to be injured by these full grown bugs, or rather the bugs are now too lazy to do much damage to the crop, but it is believed that these may lay eggs perhaps in time for them to hatch out, in which time the pestiferous young ones may do great damage yet.

COW BOYS UP IN ARMS.

Cattle Men in Indian Territory Resist the Cattle Tax.
GAINESVILLE, Tex., June 13.—Some time ago the cattlemen of the Chickasaw nation in the Indian Territory resisted the collection of the cattle tax of \$1 per head for cattle grazing on Indian lands, and drove the collector and his deputies away with violence. The governor was notified and through him the United States government. A peaceable settlement was attempted but without result favorable to the Indians. The cowboys began to assemble, and now about 500 are rendez-

voused in the southern part of the nation. Governor Guy has ordered out the national militia, about 100 Indians, and they are assembled now at Armore, preparatory to moving upon the cowboys. Capt. McLish was put in command of them, and he has orders to move them at once. The camp is in a stir getting ready for the campaign, and it is expected the troops will be on the march tomorrow. They will move cautiously. It is feared they are not strong enough to combat the cattle men, who are armed with Winchesters. Many of these men are citizens of the nation, and it is said that this is the first outbreak of a civil war. The troops at Ft. Reno are prepared to take the field in case the Chickasaws cannot quell the disturbance.

A Pennsylvania Candidate.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 13.—The Philadelphia Press to-day says: "The movement to present Mayor Edwin H. Fittler as the Pennsylvania candidate for the republican presidential nomination yesterday assumed a most significant character. It took such shape as to justify the expectation that he will receive the support of a majority of the delegation."

Base Ball Wednesday.

At Washington—Washington 4, Pittsburg 0.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 15, Indianapolis 5. Athletics 6, Brooklyn 3.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 3, Louisville 2.

At Chicago—Maroons 13, Des Moines 7.

At New York—New York 6, Detroit 8.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 6, Cincinnati 11.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 5, St. Louis 1.

At St. Paul—St. Paul 9, Omaha 1.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis 3, Kansas City 7.

Wretched English in Newspapers.

"Such wretched English as we get in our newspapers!" exclaimed a certain Chicago clergyman not long since. "There is no polish in the work. It is clumsily done. Words are badly chosen, shades of meaning are lost in bungling composition, and sometimes there are grammatical errors. I don't see why our newspapers cannot be better written." One night last week this clergyman happened to be in a newspaper office. Near where he stood talking with one of the editors of the papers was a reporter writing. On the desk in front of him lay his watch open. With one hand the young man was moving a pencil at an amazing speed, and with the other was manipulating a cigarette with that skill and ease which only come of long experience.

The Clergyman's Curiosity was Roused.

"Why the watch?" he inquired. "Oh," replied the editor, "the young man has just come in from his assignments. He has been busy all afternoon and early in the evening gathering information concerning a matter of considerable public interest. He has been doing some lively hustling, and is probably tired. He is also hungry, but his superior has told him that he is to have his copy finished at a certain hour. In two hours he must write a column and a half. That is why he has his watch out. He is timing himself. If he finds he is falling behind he will work all the harder to catch up. That is the way newspaper men are made. Would you like to write your sermons in that fashion, and then have somebody go over your work at his leisure and criticize your style and your choice of words?"—Chicago Tribune.

Dwelling Houses in Japan.

Japanese houses are toys in size and toys in construction, resting on corner posts set on large rocks, that they may give and sway with earthquakes, and held in place and made stable by the heavy roofs of mud and tiles. The only way of stemming a fire is to tear down the houses in advance of the flames, and it is done as easily as a child knocks over a house of blocks or cards. A rope is fastened to one of the upright corner posts, the crowd gives one pull, and there is a crash and tiles falls upon the ruins of the flimsy dwelling. A thatched roof or a shingle roof drops quite as easily. The ordinary house or shop in the town seldom exceeds twelve feet in frontage, and if there is a second story it is quite as much in miniature and the roof not more than fifteen feet from the ground. It sounds frightful to hear of 500 or 1,000 houses being burned in a night, but with these flimsy dwellings and their microscopic landscape gardens back of them, the area need not be more than that of two or four small city blocks.—Yokohama Cor. Globe-Democrat.

Relief for Ivy Poisoning.

I was repeatedly poisoned by ivy when a boy, and found no relief till an uncle told my mother to give me a tablespoonful of thoroughwort tea each morning before eating during the month of May, and I never would be poisoned again. She followed his directions, and the result was I never have been poisoned since, although I was exposed to it more or less each summer for a number of years afterward. The above may not be a sure cure in all cases, but it is worth trying, as it can do no harm if it does no good.—Albert S. Trank in Scientific American.