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THE DAILY JOURNAL

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CHURCHES.

Emmanuel Church (Episcopal) Palmer St.—Services Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Samuel Robinson, rector.

Baptist Church—Wm. M. Weeks, acting pastor. Teaching services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6 p. m. Prayers and Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. A cordial invitation to all.

Methodist Church—Services Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Elder Nutting, pastor.

Presbyterian Church—Services Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. T. C. Armstrong, pastor.

Church of Sacred Heart, Catholic—Services every first and third Sunday of the month. High Mass at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Vespers at 8 o'clock at 7:30 p. m. FATHER C. FAUWELN.

SOCIETIES.

A. O. U.—Division No. 1 meets first and second Sundays of each month.

K. of H.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m., at Odd Fellows Hall.

A. F. & A. M.—Yellowstone Lodge, No. 26, first and third Wednesdays.

E. A. M.—Yellowstone Chapter, No. 5, second Sunday in each month.

K. T.—Danvers Commandery, fourth Thursdays.

I. O. O. F.—Custer Lodge, No. 12, every Monday at their hall.

I. O. E.—Sentinel Encampment, No. 6, first and third Friday.

K. of P.—Granite Lodge, No. 7, Thursday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall.

C. E. of A.—Miles City branch, every Sunday at 7 p. m.

K. of L.—First and third Saturdays.

G. A. R.—U. S. Grant Post, No. 14, first and third Tuesdays.

I. O. G. T.—Star of the West, No. 24, every Thursday evening.

S. of V.—Col. Swaine Camp No. 7. Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Good Templars Hall.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. M. M. HEDGES
Will be at the Macqueen House Nov. 5th and remain as long as business will warrant him in so doing. All operations, whether on the natural teeth or artificial substitutes, performed according to the latest improvements in the art. Gas administered for the painless extraction of Teeth.
Come to Ladies' Entrance.

McAUSLAND'S
CREEDMOOR ARMORY

GUNS.
REVOLVERS,
AMMUNITION

Very complete in THE LARGEST STOCK of all kinds of Guns in the West.
Manufacturing and Repairing at

What in the Word is the Cause

Of the great rush at the Bee Hive the past week? was the question asked the other day. "They are always busy."

Well, Well, Can't You See!

They are selling Imported 35c Sattens at 25c and have the prettiest patterns you ever saw; And Outing Cloths, Gingham. Say, it's simply astonishing to the eye. Come let's hurry, as they are selling rapidly at

LEE EISENBERG'S STOCK GROWERS' NATIONAL BANK, MILES CITY, MONT.

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INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.



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Miles City Meat Market, Main St., Below Postoffice.

We desire to inform the people of Miles City that on or about March 20th we will open at the above stand, a first class family butcher shop, stocked at all times with the very best that the market will afford.

MR. GEO. REITZ, who is well and favorably known to the people of Miles City, will be behind the block ready to wait on all his old customers.

LONG & THOMAS.

ESTABLISHED 1877.
JAS. McHILLAN & CO., PROPRIETORS OF THE
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AND DEALERS IN
HIDES, SKINS, FURS, WOOL, TALLOW
Ginseng and Senecio Root.

SHRIMP PELTS & FURS A SPECIALTY.
101, 103 & 105 Second St. North.

CARPET WOOLS.

The New Schedule of Tariff on Carpet Wools is Satisfactory to the Ohio Wool Growers.

An Army of Boomers Invading the Cherokee Strip—Lynchers Sentenced.

INTERESTING TO SHEEPMEN.

The Tariff on Wool to be Readjusted on Coarse Wools.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—David Horster, president of the Ohio Wool Growers' Association, and Judge Lawrence, of the same association, have prepared for publication the following statement explanatory of the wool schedule in the tariff bill now under consideration by the house committee on ways and means:

We have examined for the first time to-day schedule K, providing for duties on wool and manufacturers of wool. It proposes a duty of 11 cents per pound on clothing wool, double on washed and treble on scoured. On combing wool 12 cents per pound, and treble on scoured wool. On unwashed carpet wools, value 12 cents or less, including charges at the last port of export, the duty is to be 3 1/2 cents, and if washed 7 cents; if scoured 8 1/2 cents. On carpet wools valued at over 12 cents the duty on unwashed is 8 cents, double if washed and treble if scoured. It provides that standard samples be deposited in the custom houses and contains provisions for "proven" round lot frauds, sorting "frauds" admixture "frauds," and defines washed and scoured wools. As to the so-called carpet wools, the proposed provisions are much better than ever incorporated in any tariff law, and these are the wools that are just now injuring the wool industry of the United States more than any other. We learn upon reliable authority that under the law as it now stands seventy-five per cent. of the carpet wools being imported will make excellent clothing, such as was used by our soldiers during the war, and if shaggy goods continue to increase in fashion as they have during the past ten years seventy-five per cent. of the carpet wools imported will be used for clothing; and further, if clothing wool can be imported as carpet wool at 2 1/2 cents duty, the 11 cents on clothing wool will not be operative; that if the cost of merino is too far above the cost of carpet wool the manufacturers will abandon the use of merino wool to some extent for cheaper carpet wool, thus bringing down the price of merino wool. The farmers of the United States and people generally, whose prosperity is dependent on the success of our agricultural industries, are to be congratulated on the fact that Maj. McKinley and those co-operating with him on the committee on ways and means, have proposed a measure of such immense value. The proposed duty is an increase of 1 per cent. per pound on clothing and combing wools over the present law.

The senate bill, which passed Jan. 22, 1890, proposed 4 cents on carpet wool, whether washed or unwashed, but the rates of the proposed bill of 3 1/2 cents on unwashed, with higher rates on washed and scoured, make it much better for the wool growers than the senate bill, besides which the restrictive provisions of Maj. McKinley's bill, in connection with his administrative bill, and as much as the protective feature as to all wools, and in these respects are much better than those found in any previous tariff law. We now respectfully urge the friends of protection to American industry all over the country to appeal to their representatives in congress to give their support to this measure and not to surrender any one feature of its protective provisions.

ANOTHER BOOM.

The Rush to the Cherokee Strip Almost Equal to the Oklahoma Craze.

ARKANSAS CITY, March 14.—Since news came last night that the bill had passed the house declaring the Cherokee strip public domain, the city has been the scene of wild excitement, with boomers in their excitement running to and fro half dressed, making preparations to start at daybreak for the strip. Before the sun was up the whole city was wild with excitement, and a continuous stream of people of every description, from the poorest tramp to speculative real estate men, women and children of every nationality, has been pouring into the strip. At noon a line of white covered wagons

bearing joyous boomers, is still crawling through the town and the end is not yet visible. News comes from the strip that the cattle have stampeded, frightened at the unusual scene, and have become unmanageable. Cattle men are in great straits to know what to do with their stock, inasmuch as the force of men at their command is as nothing before the streams of immigration. By sundown to-night 10,000 people will have entered the strip with the intention of staying there at all hazards and nothing short of the regular United States army can drive them from the mecca to which they have been struggling for so long.

The Trempealeau County Lynchers.

LA CROSSE, Wis., March 4.—Sentence was pronounced on the Trempealeau county lynchers at White Hall by Judge Newman at 11 o'clock this forenoon. Chas. Johnson, O'le Sletto, Mrs. Olson and her son Hanson, were sentenced to imprisonment for life, three days in each year solitary. There was a scene of great excitement in the court room. Mrs. Olson fainted and there was mourning and shedding of tears. The sheriff started for Waupun with the prisoners at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

CATTLEMEN'S CONVENTION.

Congress to be Asked to Establish a Bureau of Statistics.

FORT WORTH, Tex., March 13.—At today's session of the interstate cattlemen's convention the committee on statistics reported on the matter of establishing bureaus for information and statistics in each of the live stock producing and live stock feeding states and territories, to the effect that it was very essential to have a correct record of the available supply and probable demand of live stock, in order to form an intelligent opinion as to the value of the same. The committee were doubtful if united action could be had, and it was therefore recommended that the convention memorialize congress to appropriate sufficient money to introduce this improvement in the conduct of the live stock business of the country, under the auspices of the department of agriculture. The report was adopted asking the next legislature to appoint a veterinary whose duty it will be to suppress all diseases in cattle, especially that known as "Texas fever."

DRAMATIC GOSSIP.

Called From Danlop's Stage News.

At last accounts May Yohs was at Tutulla, Samoan Island.

"Natural Gas" has been coming money in northern Pennsylvania during the week.

Mathews and Smith's "Burglar" company have been in Buffalo this week, where the pretty play has made a hit.

Fay Templeton will return to the stage next season at the head of a burlesque company, under M. B. Leavitt's management.

The total subscription for the Geo. Knight benefit is reported by Mr. J. H. Russell, of "The City Directory" company, to be \$2,030.50.

Lotta opens her seasons in New England in September and Minnie Palmer in October in Philadelphia. Thus the two representative American soubrettes do not come in contact with each other.

De Wolf Hopper, who stars next season with his own opera company, is one of the most genial men in the musical profession. He is a family man and one of the most devoted husbands one could imagine.

M. B. Leavitt is one of the busiest men in New York. He has arranged with W. H. Crane to go direct from the Star Theatre, New York, to the Bush Street Theatre, San Francisco, Cal., for a four weeks' run of "The Senator," commencing May 19.

Miss Nora Phyllis, one of D'Oyly Carte's new "Gondoliers" company, has made a very pleasing success at Palmer's Theatre, where the "Gondoliers" will probably remain until warm weather. Should the receipts fall off, The Mikado or Pinafore will take its place.

In Italy it is asserted the opera has become simply a fashionable pastime

and similar enjoyment implying the free use of the tongue, which renders the house so noisy that the music is spoiled. This fact is alleged to account for what is called the decline of opera in Italy of late years. That's exactly what's the matter with Italian operas in America.

Chicago lithographing establishments are said to be stocked with paper for piratical "Gondolier" companies, which, it is said, will be started shortly. Manager David Henderson is on the lookout and is determined to protect his rights to the opera west of Pittsburg, at any cost.

Rhea is having two new scenes painted for her presentation of "Josephine" at the Broadway Theatre on March 17. The first is a brilliant ball room scene in the Tuilleries, and the other an accurate and rich chamber—that of "Josephine"—at Malmaison, in which a striking tableau of Napoleon's return from the Ebe will be shown.

The Standard theatre, at St. Louis, was crowded at the Sunday matinee to see "Zuna," by the Peabody company. The company and the ballet were so bad that the audience began to hiss, and before the act was over the police had to be called in. The manager, Smith, got the crowd out and closed it for this week. This is the first time an American audience rises up in vigorous protest, and it is high time.

Johnson and George III.

Boswell tells a very characteristic story of Dr. Johnson and George III. Johnson was allowed the privilege of reading in the royal library. On one occasion the king, hearing of his presence there, entered the room in order to see and converse with the great author. After much interesting conversation about books and the university, the king asked him if he were writing anything. He answered that he was not, for he had pretty well told the world what he knew, and must now read to acquire more knowledge. The king replied: "I do not think you borrow much from anybody." Then Johnson said he thought he had already done his part as a writer. "I should have thought so, too, if you had not written so well," retorted his majesty. Johnson observed that "No man could have paid a handsomer compliment, and it was fit for a king to pay." When some one asked him if he made any reply to the king's speech, he answered: "Sir, when the king had said it, it was to be so. It was not for me to bandy civilities with my sovereign."—Chambers' Journal.

Real and Bogus.

A dealer in canvas back duck said the other day that there were very few chefs or caterers in town who did not occasionally substitute red head for canvas back, and he supplemented this statement with the cheering information that only about one man out of fifty is able to detect the difference. A pair of canvas back Havre de Grace ducks, weight seven and one-half pounds, are worth \$8. When the heads of the ducks are removed the difference between them is so slight that a great many frequent buyers of them will not buy at all unless the heads are in the place where nature intended them to be. The canvas back ducks which come from Lake Superior and Michigan feed on celery to a great extent, and their meat is therefore less fishy than the meat of the Chesapeake duck. When it is prepared, however, by a skillful cook, they can be very readily passed off for the genuine canvas back.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Muscovite Spelling.

A recent order for Tolstoi's "Sevastopol" was written "Sir Rasterbold." It is perhaps not surprising that Russian names should be distorted in this queer fashion, and the fact that orders for the journal of Marie Bashkirtseff should give the surname of the author as "Basketshiff" illustrates the difficulty that prevails among our people of mastering the difficulties of Muscovite spelling. It recalls the story of a Russian general in the wars of the first Napoleon, who was reported by an English newspaper as found dead on the battlefield with a long word sticking in his throat. The inference was that he was choked to death in attempting to pronounce his own name, the misprint of "word" for "sword" not occurring to the lynx eyed proof-reader.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Never Let a Grounded Wire.

It is always best to avoid danger if possible, therefore there is one rule which ought to be taught in every school in the United States, and that is, never lift a wire off the ground. As long as it is on the ground it is harmless, no matter what pressure may be on it. The moment it leaves the ground it may be dangerous. If it is in the way of traffic you can safely pull it across the street with your hands, then put your foot on it and hold it on the ground and it cannot hurt you, but do not lift it. Never touch a wire tied on a pole. It may not be dangerous, but it is like the snake that it may bite you.—New York Herald.