

HATS
Spring novelties now ready.
Our Stock comprises the cream of
the cream of the old and new world.
Give us a call.

SHOES SHOES SHOES

We are showing the largest and best assorted stock of Boots and Shoes that was ever shown in the city; no old shelf-worn goods; all brand new from the factory, and at prices lower than the lowest. No trouble to show Goods. Respectfully,
NATE WERTHEIM,
Great Falls, Montana.

Spring Neck wear.
We opened last week the largest and most handsome line of Neckwear ever shown in Great Falls. Correct styles for **Nobby Dressing.**

NO. 3525.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF GREAT FALLS.
Authorized Capital, \$1,000,000.
Paid-Up Capital, \$250,000.
OFFICERS:
T. E. COLLINS, President
J. T. ARMINGTON, Vice-President
A. E. DICERMAN, Cashier
H. H. MATTESON, Asst. Cashier
DIRECTORS:
C. A. BROADWATER, JOHN LEPLEY,
PARIS O'BROON, W. A. WEBSTER,
ROBERT VANHORN, H. O. CHOWEN,
J. STEWART TODD, J. H. MCKENROY,
J. BROOKWALKER, L. O. PERLES.
A general banking business transacted.
Exchange drawn on the principal points in the
of and Europe.
Prompt attention given to collections.
Interest allowed on time deposits.
C. M. Webster, Robt. Blankenbaker
PRESIDENT, VICE PRES.
W. A. Webster,
CASHIER.

The Security Bank
OF GREAT FALLS.
(Incorporated.)
DIRECTORS:
J. S. PILLSBURY, H. O. CHOWEN,
ROBT. BLANKENBAKER, W. A. WEBSTER,
A. W. KINGSBURY, C. M. WEBSTER,
SAMUEL GRANT, E. CRUTCHER.
Active Accounts Solicited.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Direct drafts issued on all the
principal cities of Europe.

CASCADE BANK
—OF—
GREAT FALLS, MONT.
Incorporated under the laws of Montana
April 5, 1889.
Capital, \$75,000. Surplus, \$15,000.
S. E. ATKINSON, President
JACOB SWITZER, Vice President
F. P. ATKINSON, Cashier
W. W. MILLER, Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS:
S. E. ATKINSON, F. P. ATKINSON,
PETER LARSON, JOHN J. KELLS,
JACOB SWITZER, JERE LESLIE.
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Interest allowed on time deposits.
No. 4434.

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK
Of Great Falls, Montana.
Capital Paid up, \$100,000
WILL HANKS, Prest.
WM. ULM, Vice-Prest.
Geo. A. Wells, Cashier
A General Banking Business Transacted.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EX-
CHANGE.
Interest on Time Deposits.
DIRECTORS:
E. R. Clingan, H. P. Rolfe,
A. NACHL, Wm. Albrecht,
D. H. Churchhill, A. F. Longeway,
C. H. Austin, S. N. Dickey,
E. B. Hotchkiss, John Sinclair.

51ST CONGRESS ENDED.

The Closing Hours Characterized by Calmness and Almost Total Lack of Partisan Bitterness.

BOTH HOUSES IN SESSION ALL NIGHT.

Czar Reed Makes a Little Speech and Declares the House Adjourned Without a Day.

The Timber Culture and Pre-emption Land Laws Repealed—No More Such Entries Allowed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The fifty-second congress expired by limitation at noon today, closing one of the most memorable sessions, both on account of the important business transacted and stormy scenes, in history. The closing hours were characterized by a calmness and almost total lack of partisan bitterness, the only evidence of which was when McKinley offered a resolution of thanks to Speaker Reed, which was finally carried by a party vote.

Both houses remained in session all night, most of the business being the adjustment of differences between the two bodies on the appropriation bills, the most of which was adjusted without much difficulty.

The senate took a recess at 6:15 until 8 o'clock, but the house remained in continuous session.

Senator Pasco's motion to reconsider the vote on accepting the conference report on the copyright bill created considerable discussion, but failed to pass, the bill thus becoming a law.

As the day grew, signs of life outside of the hall of the house multiplied. Restaurants were filled with early breakfasters. Members who had stolen off for the night to their homes began to drop in quietly. The senate doors were reopened; a large class of people who take a morbid interest in the congressional death struggle, began to flock to the capitol and seat themselves in the gallery and the last day of the session was fairly begun.

At 9 o'clock the president, accompanied by members of the cabinet, arrived at the capitol and commenced to examine and attach their signatures to various measures requiring approval.

The senate resumed its session at 9 o'clock, and a conference report on the general deficiency bill agreeing to house amendments was presented and accepted.

Mr. Morgan asked permission to be excused from further service on the foreign relations committee, but after Hoar, Cullum, Gorman and others paid high tribute to his ability, the senate voted not to accede to the request.

Senators Edmunds and Gorman were appointed a committee to wait on the president and inform him that congress was ready to adjourn.

Mr. Ransom offered a resolution thanking the vice president for his courteous and able manner as presiding officer and it was adopted.

In the house things were rather dull. Members were standing around trying to catch the speaker's eye and get some pet bill through, but few were gratified.

Haugen succeeded in getting the floor, but his motion to suspend the rules and pass the Eau Claire public building bill failed, not receiving the necessary two-thirds majority.

Belden of New York moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill for the relief of Henry E. Rhodes. Yeas and nays were ordered, but were interrupted by the speaker with the statement that in electing an agricultural bill the appropriation of \$15,000 for the relief of destitute persons in the west had been inadvertently retained. He therefore asked unanimous consent for the passage of a joint resolution rectifying the mistake. Pickler of South Dakota objected, whereupon Tunstone of Kansas vigorously exclaimed: "Shame on you, shame on you, you villain, you villain!" but Pickler subsequently withdrew his objection and the joint resolution was passed.

Speaker Reed then rose and said: "After two long and stormy sessions, in some respects unparalleled in a hundred years, the house of representatives of the Fifty first congress will soon pass with a completed record into the history of the country and its works will follow it. What we have done is in a large measure political. Whatever is political rouses the sternest, most turbulent, most unforgiving passions of the human race. To state in language which would seem to me to be adequate the achievements of the house would not be suitable to time or place. Whether we have disposed of questions of finance with the wisdom of broad statesmanship, time will surely show. Whether the things we have done and the things we have attempted for the furtherance of human liberty, we were actuated by high and honorable motives, will be visible to all the world at no distant day. Towards those who have opposed what a majority of this house have desired, we can have no unkindly or personal feeling. Whoever offers battle to old convictions and faiths must expect battle, and the vigor of resistance must always bear some proportion to the vigor of the onset. To the members on my left, with whom I am politically associated, I beg leave to tender my most sincere and heartfelt acknowledgments. No man ever proved more ungrudging and unflinching support, or from a band of men more patriotic. I now declare this house to be adjourned without a day."

The hands on the dial of the senate clock pointed to five minutes before noon, and it appeared as if, for the first time in the memory of this generation the steaming little scene of old Captain Bassett's march to the locality of the clock, with a long white wand in hand, in order to put back the minute hand to suit the emergency of the occasion, was to be omitted. Those who imagined so, however, were amusingly disappointed, for that veteran gentleman, wand in hand and with his characteristic gait, strode solemnly up the central aisle—amid the hardly suppressed laughter of the thousand spectators—and tured back, by about three minutes, the hands upon the dial, once again, and the third time, still the time-killing operation was performed, and finally when the thing was over, he stalked back for the fourth time and advanced the hands a few minutes, meanwhile the clerk of the house had brought over the joint resolution just passed, to correct an error in the enrollment of the agricultural appropriation bill. The joint resolution was passed, the last piece of senate legislation of the fifty-first congress, but it was of no force or effect, for, before it could be sent back to the house, that body (not having had recourse to the Bassett method of postponing the hour of noon) had adjourned. When no other piece of business remained to be transacted, and the clock had taken the three-minute step forward at the touch of the old wizard's wand, the vice-president arose and made his farewell speech.

He said: "I am admonished by the dial that the life of the fifty-first congress is ended, and that the hour of separation and farewell has again arrived. The record is made up and has gone into history. No one of us can be unmindful as we part of the fact that all are not with us who answered to the first roll-call of this congress. Without previous experience as a presiding officer, I came with distrust to the discharge of duties imposed by the constitution upon the vice-president in his relation to the senate, certain only of an unflinching purpose to do right and of patience and forbearance of this great body, I acknowledge with grateful sensibility, courtesy and kindness which members of the senate have been accustomed to accord to me, I now declare that the senate stands adjourned without a day."

There was a good deal of applause on the floor and galleries at the conclusion of Morton's little speech, precisely thirteen minutes past 12. For the next half hour or so there were on the floor and in the halls many hearty and probably sincere leave-takings of the senators with each other and with the senate officials.

Blair, Everts, Hampton, Ingalls, Payne and Spooner, six of the senators whose term expired at noon, were in the chamber to the last and gave no outward mani-

festation of concern or regret at leaving the old familiar hall, although now and again one of their associates approached to say farewell.

THE NEW LAWS.

A List of the Bills Passed by the Fifty-First Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The total appropriation for this congress will probably reach a billion dollars.

Among the bills which have become laws are these: Copyright bill, private land court bill, postal subsidy bill, Indian deprivations claim bill, timber and pre-emption law repeal bill, customs administrative bill, general land forfeiture bill, bill to relieve the supreme court by the establishment of intermediate circuit courts appeal, United States salaries bill, World's fair bill, Wyoming and Idaho administration bill, anti-lottery and anti-trust bills, reapportionment bill, immigration bill, bill to ratify agreement with various Indian tribes and to pay friendly Sioux \$100,000, to reduce fees of pension agents, to pay French spoliation claims, meat inspection bill, bill to prevent the importation of adulterated food and drink, live cattle and hog inspection bill, bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for improvement of the Mississippi river, to permit sugar manufacturers to use alcohol without payment of tax, for the relief of settlers on the Northern Pacific railroad indemnity lands, to apply proceeds of sales of public lands and receipts from certain land grant railroads to the support of agricultural and industrial colleges, to amend the inter-state commerce act as to give the commissioner fuller powers in respect to making inquiries, providing applications to purchase forfeited railroad lands shall begin to run from date of restoration of lands to settlement and sale, to extend time payment for public lands in case of failures of crops, to issue 1,000 stands of arms to North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Montana and Nebraska, to enable the postmaster general to expend \$10,000 to test the free delivery system in small towns, to create a customs districts of North and South Dakota and Puget sound.

LAND LAWS REPEALED.

No More Entries Allowed Under the Timber Culture and Pre-emption Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of R. S. Berlin of Nebraska to be a member of the Missouri river commission. Commissioner Groff of the general land office today sent to all registers and receivers of land offices the following telegram: "Timber culture and pre-emption laws are this day repealed. Allow no further entries thereunder of claims hereafter initiated."

Bills Approved.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The president today approved the legislative deficiency, Indian, consular and diplomatic, sundry civil, pension and agricultural appropriation bills; joint resolution providing for the organization of circuit courts of appeals; the laws in regard to the timber culture; the copy right bill and ninety-two private pension bills.

The Census Cases Settled.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 3.—The famous census cases which have caused so much bitter feeling between the Twin cities were settled today in the United States district court by E. A. Stevens and Thaddeus Dickey pleading guilty to the fourth count of the indictment, charging them with conspiracy to pad the census. A nolle prosequi was entered in the other cases. The sentence will probably be pronounced tomorrow.

Powers Promises to Kill It.

HELENA, March 3.—[Special to the TRIBUNE.]—The Teton county bill passed the house this afternoon by a vote of 31 to 12. Powers says he will kill it in the senate.

Riverside Addition.

Adjoining the new Boston Montana Smelter ground, below the immense dam near the Montana Silver Smelter, above Giant Spring. A Hotel, Store and residences; also Lumber and Fuel yards already on the ground and other buildings contracted for. This is the cheapest and best investment in vicinity of Great Falls. Lots from \$150 to \$300. Part cash and balance on time. For particulars call on or address

G. W. LEARY, Room 19, Dunn Block, Great Falls.
St. Amour & Lambie, Room 18, Baily blk, Helena
T. H. Kleinschmidt, Trustee, Helena, Mont.

Are You Going to
FURNISH YOUR HOUSE THIS SPRING?
LOOK OUT FOR OUR

Special Announcement

WM. ALBRECHT,
Opposite Park Hotel.
Central Avenue, - Great Falls

New Music Store!

On or before March 1st I will display in the Collins-Lepley Block the largest stock of
PIANOS ORGANS and all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and MERCHANDISE
ever shown in Northern Montana. Do not buy until you see my Instruments and get prices.
G. W. LEARY,
Collins-Lepley Block, Great Falls.

I Have Sold 88 Out of the First 100 Lots

WILLARD.
PRICES WILL BE ADVANCED SHORTLY.

WILLARD is situated at the Narrow Gauge Depot and only two miles from the Park Hotel. Be quick and take advantage of low psices and first choice. **LIBERAL TERMS.**
T. Gahagan.

T. Gahagan, REAL ESTATE

Bargains in all additions.
Corner lots on the motor line.
Acre property in all sections from \$40 per acre upwards.

BUY LOTS IN NORTH GREAT FALLS.

It covers the BEAUTIFUL PLATEAU overlooking the BLACK EAGLE FALLS, where the CHOICEST RESIDENCE and BUSINESS LOTS may, for a limited time, be purchased for less than HALF THE PRICE of other property not so well located. Prices only \$100 to \$350 for 50 feet front Terms easy Send for maps and other information to

J. O. Gregg, 826 N. Sixth Ave., Great Falls

THE SITE OF IMMENSE FACTORIES.

The BOSTON & MONTANA COMPANY have selected NORTH GREAT FALLS as the site of their IMMENSE FACTORIES, which will furnish constant employment to thousands of workmen whose CASH WAGES will circulate every month in NORTH GREAT FALLS and vicinity.

AN IMMENSE DAM BEING BUILT.

An Immense Dam is now being constructed across the Missouri River above Black Eagle Falls at NORTH GREAT FALLS at a cost of a Half Million Dollars, and will furnish power for Hundreds of Mills. Other improvements will rapidly follow which will create a demand for more mill frontage and the Coulter, Rainbow and Crooked falls will be utilized, all of which are within a few minutes' walk of NORTH GREAT FALLS.

Special Inducements to those who desire to build immediately.