

FINE WATCH REPAIRING,
DIAMOND SETTING,
JEWELRY MANUFACTURING
AT
W. E. CHAMBERLAIN'S

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN
WATCHES, J. DIAMONDS,
STERLING SILVERWARE,
RICH JEWELRY.
120 Central Ave

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

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GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1893.

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KILLED 30 FIREMEN

While Fighting a Fire at the World's Fair Grounds The Brave Men Perish.

A Terrible Scene of Living Men Cremated Witnessed by Many Thousands.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, July 10.—No less than thirty firemen lost their lives at the World's fair grounds this afternoon just before 2 o'clock. At that time the cold storage warehouse just south of the Sixty-fourth street gate caught fire in the top of the cupola which rises fully 200 feet from the ground. Through this cupola the chimney passes. The cupola is built of wood overlaid with staff, and is highly ornamented with columns and pillars. Near the top is a landing. The fire broke out about thirty feet above this.

As soon as the firemen arrived, about thirty-five or forty of them climbed up ladders to the landing and were preparing to throw streams of water to the burning portion when the fire, which had eaten its way inside the staff to a point below where the firemen stood, broke out with a volcanic ferocity on all sides. An exclamation of horror went up from the 20,000 people assembled about the building. Five of the men saved themselves by sliding down ropes. Before the others could follow the flames burned away the ropes. The unfortunate fellows who remained huddled together on the north side of the cupola were doomed. It was beyond the reach of any of the ladders and the crowd stood horror-stricken and helpless to rescue the crew. The flames ran higher and higher till the men were almost concealed from view. At this moment one of the firemen sprang far out into the air and was dashed to pieces on the roof fully eighty feet below. Another and another followed his example, crazed by the awful heat, and doubtless preferring to be killed by the fall than burned to death. When five had jumped the upper portion of the cupola gave away and the remaining firemen were swallowed up in the seething mass of burning timber.

In the meantime, all the fire engines on the grounds had been called and aid had been summoned from Hyde park, but the main portion of the fire was far above the reach of the streams of water. It is probable that the entire building will be totally destroyed. It cost \$250,000 and is stored with meats, fruits and wines. The whole loss will probably reach half a million. It was built and occupied by the Hercules Iron Works company, manufacturers of refrigerating machinery.

At 2:15 the entire warehouse was in flames. It was reported that three women and several clerks employed in the office of the concern on the third floor were crushed by the falling cupola.

BLATCHFORD'S PLACE.

Men Who Want It Can It Be That Ex-President Harrison Is One.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The circuit from which the late Associate Justice Blatchford was appointed to the supreme court contains the districts of northern, southern, and eastern New York, Vermont, and Connecticut, and contains so many lawyers of eminence that President Cleveland is likely to be embarrassed in choosing a successor to the dead jurist. Among those suggested is E. J. Phelps of Vermont. Another name is E. H. Lacombe, judge of the United States circuit court of the southern district of New York. Other names from New York are those of J. C. Carter and Frederick C. Couderc. Connecticut possesses a possibility in the person of Carlos French. The names of both Secretary Gresham and Cadishe are mentioned, but it can be stated with confidence that the place will not be offered to either of these gentlemen. The Star has this suggestion: "Now is the time for President Cleveland to upset another party tradition and set a new political precedent by appointing ex-President Harrison to the vacancy on the supreme bench."

LABOR TO LABOR.

Montana's Labor Unions Urge Action by Those of Other States.

BUTTE, July 10.—At its meeting Saturday night the Silver Bow Trades and Labor assembly took action which cannot but result in much good being done for the cause of free silver. A committee, consisting of Charles Dane, Frank Reber, Pat Meany and Peter Breen, was appointed to draw up resolutions calling on labor organizations all over the country to appeal to their representative in congress to fight for free silver. The resolutions call for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to one, and will fully set forth the advantages of free coinage, particularly to the workmen. Copies of the resolutions will be sent to every labor organization in the United States.

Miners Out for Silver.

GRANITE, July 10.—In response to a call for a citizens' meeting, the people of Granite turned out on Monday last night to hear and discuss plans for furthering the cause of silver. Miners' union hall, where the meeting was held, was crowded to its utmost capacity and many congregated about the doors unable to enter. Several ringing speeches were made, calculated to stimulate interest and each called out enthusiastic applause. A large delegation will leave Granite for Chicago to be present at the meeting of the bi-metallic league convention. The

delegation is to consist of workmen in the mines. The officers of the permanent organization are: President, L. J. Fisher; secretary, J. R. Lucas; treasurer, Peter Gallagher.

A Terrible Storm.

CHICAGO, July 10.—This city was visited yesterday by the most terrific storm it has experienced in several years. The wind blew almost a hurricane, leveling trees and breaking in windows, and the rain fell in torrents. The earlier part of the day, which was well nigh perfect, tempted many people to go on the lake and thousands of others to the parks. The storm gathered in the northwest with marvelous quickness and broke with terrifying suddenness over the city. The greatest havoc was wrought among the small pleasure crafts on the lake.

Many narrow escapes from death were reported, but, so far as known, the loss of life was limited to seven. Four of these were lost by the capsizing of the yacht Chesapeake. The party on the boat consisted of nine persons. They had been out sailing all the afternoon. The storm broke so suddenly that they capsized before the men could do anything to prevent it. The dead are: Ethel Chase, Boston; Themistocles Timbols, Harry Marlow, W. H. Cornice, and the others in the party clung to the side of the boat and managed to keep their heads above water till a steam tug rescued them. The bodies of the four drowned were not recovered. The party was in the water two hours before being rescued and was almost exhausted before aid reached them.

INDIANAPOLIS BANKRUPT.

Not a Dollar in the Treasury With Which to Pay Expenses.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—The failure of Coffin & Stanton, New York brokers, to take \$200,000 of the city refunding bonds has led to serious complications here, and the city treasury is practically bankrupt, not a dollar being on hand even to pay the officers' salaries or keep the several departments running. So serious has the situation become that Controller Woolen was forced to ask for a special session of the common council that that body might authorize a temporary loan of \$12,000 to meet current expenses. This will bridge the city over for the present, but other loans will have to be made till the taxes come in, which will not be until November. The city will be compelled to pay whatever the banks demand.

Counting the Victims.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The fall of night still finds the ruins of the cold storage building unexplored and it is just beginning to be realized that the full extent of yesterday's disaster cannot be ascertained until the mountain of rubbish is sifted and carted away. At some points the debris is fifteen to twenty feet high and it is impossible to know how many charred bodies may rest beneath these heaps.

The search is slow owing to the vast amount of iron and machinery that encumbers the ruins and the network of rods and bars formed by the intense heat. The complete list of the dead so far as known is as follows:

James Fitzpatrick, Lieut. John H. Freeman, Wm. Denning, Philip B. Breen, Capt. James A. Garvel, John McBride, John Cahill, Paul Schroeder, Capt. Burton E. Page, Lieut. Chas. Purvis, John A. Smith, John Campbell, Edward Fowler, Jasper Stanford, of Buffalo, Ky., R. Drummond, John Murphy, Charles Hutton, Lewis J. Frank, one of the injured firemen, is in a precarious condition tonight and the doctors at the hospital are fearful for his recovery. Other injured men are in a fair way to get well. In all thirteen bodies have been removed from the ruins. Besides these, three firemen died at the hospital.

Congress of Catholics.

CHICAGO, July 10.—The first information made public as to what will be done at the coming big Catholic congress was given last night in a statement issued by the committee on organization. The congress will assemble in memorial art place, September 4, at 11 a. m. The week of the Catholic congress will be "Catholic week of the World's Columbian exposition." It will be followed the succeeding week by the annual meeting of the archbishops of the United States, who will assemble in Chicago under the presidency of Cardinal Gibbons. Satelli will also be there. Representatives of the Catholic hierarchy of England, Ireland, Scotland and of several nations of the continent are expected. Mgr. Gaid, of Manchester, has already been chosen to represent the English bishops. Cardinal Moran will represent the Australian church. Several Irish archbishops and bishops are also looked for and distinguished Catholic laymen from almost everywhere.

Corbett and Jackson to Fight.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Tonight James G. Corbett and "Parson" Davis, acting for Peter Jackson, signed articles for a fight between Corbett and Jackson to come off in June, 1894. The fight is to be for the largest purse obtainable and a side bet of \$10,000, the winner to take everything. The men each put up \$1,000 forfeit, and are to put up \$1,000 additional in three months from date, \$2,000 in six months from date and the remaining \$2,000 three months before the fight.

A Fight On.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The famous middle weights, Jack Dempsey and Billy Smith, will not meet July 21 to contend for the championship of their class and a \$5,000 purse. The Coney Island Athletic club's board of directors, at a meeting today, decided to postpone the event because in the absence of the fighters they have no tangible proof that the men are in proper condition.

SILVER LEAGUE.

The Colorado State Silver League Holds an Enthusiastic Meeting at Denver.

Inflammatory Speeches Were Cheered to the Echo—Everything Possible Will Be Done for Silver.

DENVER, July 11.—A mass meeting was called by President Merrick of the State Silver league and a joint committee from the chamber of commerce, real estate and stock exchanges, met at Coliseum hall at noon today. The building was crowded with a thousand delegates from every section of the state who had come to see what could be done towards crystallizing a sentiment in Colorado for the establishment of the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Among the delegates were Senator Wolcott, Congressman Bell and Pence, Gov. Waite, David H. Moffatt, president of the First National bank, with many other bankers and members of the Colorado general assembly. There appeared to be but one feeling in all the gathering and that was free coinage or nothing. After order had been restored, the committee appointed in the morning made their report, except the resolution committee, which will report at tomorrow's session. The Hon. Charles St. Thomas, the democratic national committeeman from Colorado, was made permanent chairman. At the conclusion of Thomas' remarks, some delegate called for Gov. Waite. The echo of this shout was taken up in a mighty shout from one thousand lungs which was carried to the galleries where as many more joined in the demonstration, as the old gray-haired governor started down the aisle to the platform, the scene presented was beyond description. Men whose future depended upon the cause for which they were fighting, stood in their seats and yelled until exhausted. The executive who comes from Aspen, one of the leading silver camps in the state, confined his remarks to the question of silver and its demonization and to those in the east and Europe, who were not only the ruin of the west, but to the entire country, by forcing such a policy upon us. He concluded by saying: "If the money power should attempt to sustain its usurpation by a strong hand, we will meet that issue when it is forced upon us, for it is better infinitely that blood should flow rather than our national liberties be destroyed. If it is true that the United States is unable to carry out its governmental policy without the dictation or consent of foreign powers; if we are the province of a European monarchy, then we need another revolution, another appeal to arms, and when we have won that battle, if war is forced upon us, we will send to Halifax a far greater army of British torpedoes according to our population than our forefathers sent there."

The address created a sensation, and a scene of great confusion followed, the applause being deafening. Judge Kerr, of Pueblo, got the floor and spoke in the same inflammatory vein as Governor Waite. He endorsed the recent revolutionary telegram sent by Edward R. Holden to the east in which the latter declared that if war upon silver continued it would result in the west repudiating all her obligations; that 500,000 men would be paupers and that 500,000 people would be upon the verge of starvation, and a revolution would be the final result. A communication was then presented from the bankers all over the state by which they contributed \$1000 in behalf of the Denver clearing house to assist toward the expense of sending delegates to represent Colorado at St. Louis, Washington or other places as the convention deems best.

Failures Yesterday.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Alonso E. Conover, Wm. E. Conover and James S. Conover, composing the firm of J. S. Conover & Co., manufacturers and dealers in open fireplaces, grates and fenders, wood mantles and tiles, today assigned to Wm. P. Harris without preference. J. S. Conover & Co. are one of the oldest houses in the trade. The cause was bad business, with which the firm has had to contend for a considerable time past. The firm was always rated high. Bradstreet's latest estimate placed them at \$250,000 to \$300,000. One of the firm said this afternoon that the firm had liabilities of \$400,000. He thought the assets should show \$250,000.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Frederick J. Amweg, of this city, the contractor for the state asylum for the chronic insane at Wernersville, failed today with liabilities of \$300,000. Amweg says that if he was given time to complete the asylum, with its contracts, his assets will be \$500,000. The stringency of the money market and untrue rumors that he used bad material in constructing the Wernersville asylum which has affected his credit, are given as causes of the failure.

St. Louis, July 11.—J. A. Barnett & Co., a lumber company, using business at 102 South Fourth street, made an assignment today to Elias Eliason for the benefit of their creditors. The firm is composed of Messrs. James O. Barnett and Henry C. Bagot, two of the oldest and best known lumber commission men in the southwest. The former's assets are placed at \$18,000, and liabilities at \$50,000. The cause was the preparing financial stringency.

Mrs. Sargent in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—After a week spent in this city, Miss Margaret Sargent and party started this morning for the east. Mrs. Sargent will spend a day at Salt Lake City and will then go on to St. Paul to visit Archbishop Ireland.

NORTH AMERICAN SANGERFEST.

The Twenty-Seventh Sangerfest Opened in Cleveland With a Large Attendance.

CLEVELAND, O., July 11.—The long anticipated 27th sangerfest of the North American sangerbund opened today. The city is gaily decorated and the music of many brass bands fills the air. By night seventy-one German singing societies from as many cities had arrived and had been assigned to quarters. In the evening the big sangerfest hall on Wilson avenue was the center of interest. A reception concert was then given participated in by 100 singers and listened to by an audience of 2,000. Mayor Blew welcomed the visitors to Cleveland briefly but heartily, and Governor McKinley then did a like duty for Ohio. His appearance at the front of the stage was applauded long and loud. He spoke of the birth of the sangerbund in Cincinnati forty-four years ago and of its great singing festivals in Columbus in 1895 and in Cleveland in 1874. Then he delivered an eloquent apostrophe to Music which drew forth thunders of applause. In conclusion he formally welcomed the guests to Ohio. J. Hanno Deiler of New Orleans presented the banner of the National Singers' union as its former president, to Paul Schneider, president of the sangerbund. The concert was a great success. Mme. Rita Alinda, prima donna, received an ovation to which she responded by singing "Home, Sweet Home" more feelingly because Cleveland is her home. Miss Lena Little, contralto, to Barron Berthold, tenor, and Gustav Benekke, basso, fully vindicated their high reputations as vocalists.

STEEL BULLETS FOR WAR.

Ordinance Authorities Selecting Ammunition for the New Rifle.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Having begun the manufacture of a new magazine rifle the army ordinance authorities have directed their attention to the matter of ammunition for the new arm. This is quite as important as the gun, for without suitable power and bullet the modern magazine rifle will be less effective than the old Springfield. The department will continue the use of the Wetterin imported brand obtained for use in the trials which resulted in the adoption of the Krug-Jorgenson gun. The authorities have recently obtained some remarkable results with a sample lot of the new Krupp nickel steel bullets. These are graphically shown by several pieces of oak timber with bullets imbedded just received by the chief of ordinance from the Frankfurt arsenal. The new nickel steel bullet shows a penetration of eighteen and one-half inches into hard oak. It remains imbedded in a knot in practically the same shape as when it left the gun.

A Little Crop Report.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Following is the weekly crop report: The weather has been especially favorable for harvesting throughout the winter wheat belt. The rice harvest is progressing in Minnesota and Nebraska and the corn crop is reported as much improved and in excellent condition in the principal corn-producing states.

Minnesota crops are injured beyond recovery by drought. Wheat is thin and heading short, but filling well. There is some rust. Rye harvesting has begun. Potato bugs are numerous. Corn is doing fairly.

North Dakota.—Wheat is generally headed in all sections. Corn and potatoes are in fine condition.

South Dakota.—Corn is in remarkably fine condition. The effect of drought is not so bad as was supposed.

Naval Station Changes.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Secretary Herbert has taken action in two cases of importance concerning navy commands. He has decided to make a permanent suspension of the order of Commodore Kirkland to take command of the South Atlantic station and will allow him to remain in command of the League Island, Pa., navy yard. This will probably result in sending Commodore Staunton to the South Atlantic Station. The secretary also today issued an order making Capt. Howison commandant of the Mare Island, Cal., navy yard. The captain has been in temporary command there for some time and it was fully expected that he would be relieved by a naval officer of the rank of commodore in view of the importance of the command and the desirability of the navy.

A \$500,000 Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—A very destructive fire broke out this afternoon and raged beyond control for many hours. The Methodist and Presbyterian churches, Baker's hotel and Farmers' bank were entirely consumed and also Mayor Seall's residence, which was situated at the east end of the square and from where the fire originated. Twenty-five leading business houses were burned. The loss will run up beyond \$500,000. At 8 tonight the fire was gotten under control. Many persons were seriously injured, but no fatal casualties have been reported.

The Detroit Boats.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Columbia River Works have notified the navy department that the cruiser Detroit, built by them is ready for delivery to the government. The reports of the bureau of construction and engineering recommending the acceptance of the vessel are in the hands of Secretary Herbert and will probably be acted on tomorrow. The vessel will be sent from Baltimore to the Norfolk navy yard, where she will stay until she goes into commission.

A Good Deal.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The department of state today received news of the death of United States Consul Joseph P. Stone at Nagasaki, Miss. this morning. He was appointed vice consul in 1877 and was promoted to be consul last February.

SETTLED AT LAST.

Corbett Has Signed Articles to Fight at Coney Island—This Settles the Battleground.

Chicago News—Still Searching the Ruins For Victims of the Late Fire.

NEW YORK, July 12.—At the Coleman house this afternoon Judge Newton of the Coney Island Athletic club and W. A. Brady, James J. Corbett's manager, met and signed articles calling for a contest at Coney Island next December. The arrangements were conducted with perfect harmony on both sides. The article calls for a scientific glove contest of twenty rounds or more for a purse of \$40,000 on a day to be hereafter mutually agreed upon between the fifth day of December and the 30th day of December, 1893, under the rules of the Marquis of Queensbury, which are to be followed by the official referee in every instance and particular, the winner to receive the full purse of \$40,000 without reservation. The gloves shall be of the size already mutually agreed upon by the principals hereto, but of not less weight than five ounces. The club shall name the official referee and timekeeper, the principals reserving the right to secure one timekeeper each. All of the conditions in the agreement signed during the month of February, 1893, shall hold good in this agreement. The club agrees to post \$10,000 and the principals \$5,000 each. The articles will be delivered to Mitchell for his signature, which must be obtained on or before August 5. By stipulations in the articles neither Mitchell nor Corbett is permitted to fight with anyone else prior to meeting each other.

AT THE WHITE CITY.

Searching the Ruins Continues—A Protest Against Sunday Opening.

CHICAGO, July 12.—The list of victims of the world's fair fire still increases. At 4 o'clock this afternoon another body was recovered. A large area of debris is still unexplored. The remains this afternoon recovered were those of R. A. Drummond, the constructing engineer of the storage company, and this was the only body today unearthed, the rumors that have been frequent of ghastly finds being usually based on the discovery of piles of roasted meat that had formerly been stored in the refrigerator. It is known that at least two or three and possibly half a dozen more bodies must be yet in the ruins, as the Michigan crew of amateurs, the elevator boy, and the Columbian guard are still missing.

At a meeting of the national commissioners today a memorial protesting against Sunday opening to which 1,000 names were attached was presented. The names were gathered from various Ohio towns.

The banquet to be given by the imperial German commissioner, Wernuth, at the Auditorium Saturday evening promises to be a fine affair, it being under the auspices of the German government.

It is estimated that the paid admissions today will reach 125,000, with a total of 100,000.

The exhibit of Johare was opened yesterday and the bust of its sultan was unveiled.

Gas Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 12.—Two men were killed, two fatally injured, and two badly hurt by an explosion of gas in the Pettone mine, operated by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company, at Wyoming, late this afternoon. The dead are William Kiser, 23; Robert Hughes, 17, driver boy. The fatally injured are W. May, aged 15 years, violently blown against the door; John Ford, aged 31 years, miner, burned on the head and body; his arm and legs were also broken. The seriously hurt are Frank Menus and Peter Szabo.

The explosion was caused by the gathering of a body of gas in one of the breasts, the air current having been changed by an incompetent out-labor boy leaving one of the doors open. As the gangway is usually free from gas the miners were not on the lookout for it, and apparently one of them ventured into the body with a naked lamp and the explosion followed.

Armed Plate Tests.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—One important result of the armor plate tests yesterday will be to extend the use of the Harvey process. Secretary Herbert was satisfied with the tests as far as they went. But he has reached the conclusion that while the plates were as good as could be expected from plain nickel steel they did not show the resisting power of Harvey-treated nickel steel plate. This will mean much to manufacturers of armor plate.

Time in Post Office.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Postmaster General Bissell has decided to abandon the three series of postal cards now in use and to substitute one size for both single and reply cards.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the Chamberlain's Kidney and Bladder Remedy is a condition, made a free benefit to women. To get the true genuine article, look for the name of the Chamberlain Kidney Remedy, printed near the bottom of the package.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Sparks from the Wires That Tell Many Stories in Small Space.

Deputy Sheriff Thomas of Mobile county, Alabama, has been murdered and his murderers have been arrested. One hundred people ate impure and poisonous cheese near Mansfield, O., and twelve may die.

The fight Tuesday at Jackson, Mich., between La Blanche and Joe Mann was stopped by the police.

Eighty-five cases and forty deaths from cholera were reported at Alexandria.

C. M. Barnes, a Chicago stationer, failed for \$113,000, with assets of \$175,000.

President Cleveland took a drive, but didn't fish.

C. A. Smith, a Denver politician, issued a challenge for a Colorado onion-eating match.

The Milwaukee grand jury indicted all officials and directors of the failed Plantation and Lappen banks.

The American Varnish company of Chicago lost \$55,000 by fire.

A grand reception was tendered the arriving Viking ship at the world's fair.

The Bank of Garnett, Kan., failed.

William Kehoe, a California pugilist, has been sent to the Chicago insane hospital.

The offers of silver to the treasury department aggregated 375,000 ounces at prices ranging from 72 to 72.35 cents, all of which were declined and 72.150 tendered.

Bar silver closed at 70 cents in New York.

Attorney General Little of Kansas says the state administration will not enforce prohibition.

Associate Justice Blatchford was buried in Greenwood cemetery, New York.

CHAT BY THE WAY.

C. P. Downing, the popular mining man of Nefhart, is not badly discouraged by the temporary knock down that has been given to silver. In speaking of the subject yesterday to a Tribune man he said: "People who were selling silver as a commodity were fairly content so long as it did not fall below 80 cents. But now they are all ready to fight. I am glad it has come to this, as we have been forced from a position of doing nothing to one of action." This seems to be a pretty accurate expression of the feeling of mining men. The more aggressive silver miners who are fond of keeping on the frontier and delight in the search for precious metals in new and unexplored regions are leaving the Montana silver camps for the various gold sections, whether they are moving in large numbers. Many of these men are, fortunately for the mining industry, entirely untrammelled by earthly ties and are enabled to move about from place to place with great freedom. All such miners who are foot loose will now hunt for gold. And they are right in two ways: In the first place they can make money of their gold, and in the second the more gold there is found the better it will be for silver.

Mrs. Keyes, the lady who lectured to women at the Methodist church on Tuesday, has made a special study of the nervous diseases of her sex, and seems to have had considerable success in their treatment. Montana is a field of operation, her headquarters being at Butte. In an interview yesterday at the home of Mrs. Keyes said: "Nervous diseases are altogether too common among the women of the west, and the worst of it is that they neglect wrong methods in their treatment. Diet, bathing, and an adherence to ordinary hygienic rules are often all that is required, and these who persist in ignoring these things and doing themselves with drugs, simply become chronic sufferers."

An Expression for Slowness. A Washington youngster has succeeded in adding to the already numerous phrases that are used to emphasize an impression of slowness. He was waiting for his sister to finish something on which she was engaged. After a time his patience was exhausted, and he exclaimed:

"Wait! you please hurry up! You are slower than a snail with the running foot."—Washington Star.

Confirmed smokers will do well to read Dr. F. J. Munro's definition of a free without a wife, written not long before his death. "A chimney," he said, is a person who smokes a tolerable dinner, but a very bad supper."

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