

POPULIST NOMINEES NAMED

The Convention Formulates Its Principles in a Lengthy Preamble and Platform.

List of the Successful Candidates for the Nomination for County Officers.

The Dark Lantern Methods Adopted by the Convention Not Regarded Favorably.

The populist convention of Cascade county assembled at the court house Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock to put in nomination a full county and legislative ticket. Before the hour arrive the court house was packed with delegates and spectators. Among the latter class were many well-known local politicians who appeared to take a lively interest in the proceedings. As the clock marked the hour of 2:35, Dan McKay, the father of the peoples party in this city, rose to his feet and called the meeting to order.

O. M. Holmes, secretary of the central committee, read the call under which the convention met.

Then Chairman McKay addressed the convention in an earnest speech which was greeted with great applause. He spoke in part as follows:

"The people's party owes no debt to any individual and personal ambition must be set aside if the party would win. The office in this new party should seek the man and not the man seek the office. The man who comes before this convention asking a nomination for any office at his hands is a man who ought to be defeated, for that fact is evidence that the ways of the old political parties cling to him and that he is not true to populist principles. While I feel sure that no sides have been prepared for this convention, yet it is the duty of the convention to smash any that shows itself. I hope and trust your nominations here today will consist of true populists, men, just as willing to be defeated as to win. I have heard talk of fusion or endorsement. Let me tell you if you will put up none but true men and men fitted for the office for which they are named you will need no endorsement for the people will endorse you at the polls. Gentlemen, nominations for chairman are in order."

Samuel Moore of Sand Coulee, T. W. Brozman and O. M. Holmes were nominated, but the two latter declined the honor and Mr. Moore was nominated unanimously.

For secretary, O. M. Holmes was unanimously chosen.

On motion the chair appointed the following committee:

Credentiales—J. E. Nunn, Sand Coulee; Tim Brozman, Great Falls; Sam Gouby, Belt; L. M. McDonald, O. H. Perry, Great Falls.

Permanent Organization and Order of Business—Dan McKay, James Erickson, George A. Graham, James Donovan, Great Falls; William M. Murphy, Belt; Platform—James Donovan, O. M. Holmes, E. W. Hanson, Great Falls; James Naymish, Sand Coulee; Great Falls.

On motion of James Donovan the convention then adjourned till 4:30 p. m.

It was 5:10 p. m. and the audience were getting impatient when the chairman again called the assembly to order. J. E. Nunn of the committee on credentiales reported the following delegates and alternates entitled to seats in the convention:

DELEGATES.	ALTERNATES.
E. Trevelyan,	N. B. Jensen,
Matt Olson,	E. B. Johnson,
D. D. Lemmon,	M. D. Brown,
H. Hill,	F. Middlemiss,

Second Ward.	Third Ward.
Aaron James,	W. L. Schart,
N. J. Cline,	K. B. Wilbur,
E. Embick,	J. E. McLain,
Charles Gies,	G. A. Poole,
J. E. Chenevert,	

Fourth Ward.
Dan McKay,
M. McDonald,
P. L. Mackay,
F. Stock,
J. Godfrey,
H. S. Green,

North Great Falls.
James Graham,
F. J. McQuivay,
J. H. Stenhouse,

West Side.
J. H. Riley,
Wesley Van Kooten,

Sand Coulee.
James Naymish,
John L. Gillen,
W. B. Dickson,
Thomas Meahan,
J. E. Nunn,
P. J. Kagan,
S. H. Moore,
P. H. Pannan,
Best Penwick,
James Erickson,
John Pearce,
H. M. McLaughlin,

Belt.
Sam Gouby,
M. McDonald,
M. L. Spoor,
W. M. Murphy,

Upper Sand Coulee.
John Stevens,
John Selstrom,

Armington.
James Lee,
Peter Hansen,
J. H. Hill,

reny every value he creates save the small portion necessary to his existence, and asserts that a continuance of the governmental policy of the past twenty-five years must of necessity result in no distant date for reconstruction through the medium of a bloody revolution, and to avoid this repetition of history the people's party asks the producer, the laborer, the professional and business man, every lover of good government, to conduct on behalf of the whole people to join in a social and political reform revolution, using only honest argument, education and the ballot with which to bombard and seize the corporation-owned government.

"That when capital is dethroned we demand that every detail of the government be kept in the hands of the people, believing with Lincoln, that labor is senior and independent of capital, knowing that capital could not be created if labor had not first existed, and that labor is the superior of capital and deserves much the higher consideration. No men living are more worthy of trust than those who toil and produce. None more entitled to take or count on anything which they have not honestly earned. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty and losing that vigilance we have lost our liberty and are receiving our just reward—poverty, degradation and anarchy. Capital has been placed above labor in the structure of our government, and capital is taking unto itself the reward of labor.

"We denounce the political treachery of the republican and democratic parties that have in the period of twenty years granted class legislation that has taken 91 per cent of the wealth of the country from its seventy millions of people, and has given it to the favored 9 per cent, with neither toil or produce.

"That we ask the election of the state mining inspector by the direct vote of the people, instead of by a political appointment by the governor, and we further demand the constitution be amended to allow the election of United States senator and president by popular vote.

"That we demand the passage of a law establishing eight hours as a legal day's work.

The populist party of Cascade county in convention assembled, hereby adopted, and reaffirm the principles enunciated in the Omaha platform of 1892, and we hereby adopt the platform of the state convention as amended to include the wisdom and good judgment of the state convention in the nominations of that convention. We recognize in Hon. Geo. W. Reeves of Missoula, an able and distinguished jurist, well worthy of the people of Montana, and we recommend the wisdom and good judgment of the state convention in the nomination of that convention. We recognize in Hon. Geo. W. Reeves of Missoula, an able and distinguished jurist, well worthy of the people of Montana, and we recommend the wisdom and good judgment of the state convention in the nomination of that convention. We recognize in Hon. Geo. W. Reeves of Missoula, an able and distinguished jurist, well worthy of the people of Montana, and we recommend the wisdom and good judgment of the state convention in the nomination of that convention.

The populists of Cascade county, Montana, are opposed to the extravagant manner of conducting the affairs of Cascade county, Montana, and we invite the attention of our citizens and taxpayers to the fact that for the year 1893 the taxes of Cascade county exceeded \$250,000, collected from the people and paid out for questionable purposes. We believe that the expense of running the county offices of the county has been too great, except the district judgeship, and earnestly invite the attention of all citizens to the manner of expending the public funds of this county. We believe that the present manner of expending money on public roads and highways is useless, extravagant and in many instances worthless expenditure of public moneys, and earnestly urge upon all citizens and taxpayers to join us in the reformation of this department of our government.

We believe that all county officers should regard their duties as such officers that each and every county officer should give his office the same care and attention as is demanded in general business circles, and that such officers should have their offices open for the transaction of public business from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. each day except Sundays and holidays. We believe that the work in all the offices of this county can be done with a less number of deputies than are now employed therein, and we further believe that all officers when absent from their offices, whether on public or other private business, should have their salaries deducted for such time as they are absent from the office, and we believe that county officers are created by the people as necessary conveniences for the transaction of public business, and that they should be elected through which men shall ride to affluence and wealth. We believe that the salaries of all the county officers are too high, except that of the district judge, and out of proportion to that paid to labor in public and private enterprises, and we pledge the people of Cascade county that our representatives will use all honorable means to reduce the salaries of all county officers in this state at least 25 per cent.

We believe that the county commissioners and county attorney of Cascade county should have long since instituted suit or taken some means to collect from the county treasurer the money tied up in the Merchants National bank of this city and the money should be paid over by the county treasurer to its proper funds. We call the attention of the taxpayers of Cascade county, Mont., to the fact that Cascade county is the third county in the state in the taxable property and in the short period of its existence it has incurred a large and enormous indebtedness, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars, and its indebtedness is such at the present time as to cause great uneasiness among property owners and taxpayers of this county, and we believe that with reasonable and fair financial management of our financial affairs that our taxes in 1893, could have been reduced at least \$75,000, and we earnestly invite all citizens and taxpayers of all political parties who believe in reform in county affairs to join us in inaugurating a system of reform in this county. We believe the property of our county and city depend upon the rate of taxation, and if we would invite new enterprises and capital to develop our city and county our rate of taxation should be such as to encourage rather than repel new industries and capital.

We earnestly pledge the nominees of the convention and the populist party of Cascade county to faithfully carry out the principles of our party platform that we may have an honest and economic and faithful administration of county affairs, and that we recommend and re-commend to our citizens and taxpayers to invite all citizens and taxpayers to

join us. We condemn in unmeasured terms the extravagance in the expenditure of public funds in the county printing and believe that such work should be let by contract each year to the lowest responsible bidder without regard to political affiliation. The price now paid for county printing is shocking to moral sense of the community and is but a fit example of the corrupt tendencies of the present administration of Cascade county. (Signed) JAMES DONOVAN, JAMES NAYMISH, HENRY McLAUGHLIN, R. W. HANSEN, O. M. HOLMES.

The report of the committee on resolutions and platform was adopted. The committee on permanent organization and order of business reported in favor of making the temporary organization permanent. Also that voting be by ballot and that the committee be pledged himself to support populist principles, and that a central committee be appointed by the chair to consist of eight members from this vicinity and one from each of the outlying precincts. This report was adopted.

At this point when nominations were the next order of business and interest was intense James Donovan moved to go into caucus and Harry Hill moved the same to make it more plain to the workingmen present by adding a request that everyone present not delegates leave the hall. The motion carried, to the extreme disgust of the spectators, only one voice voting against the motion. The crowd thereupon filed out, venting their dissatisfaction by curses on the secret session policy.

When the doors were re-opened about 8:30 p. m., the following ticket was given out as having been nominated: Senator—J. E. Nunn, Sand Coulee; Representative—O. M. Holmes, James Donovan, A. J. Bissout and J. E. Nunn, Sheriff—Dan Tracy; County Treasurer—H. B. Hill; County Clerk and Recorder—L. M. McDonald; County Attorney—H. H. Ewing; County Assessor—R. W. Hansen; County Surveyor—M. S. Parker; County Auditor—Jos. F. Dyer; County Superintendent of Schools—Geo. A. Graham; Coroner—M. Richardson; County Commissioners—Robert Blankenbaker, S. R. Jensen and A. J. Ober; Justices of the Peace—A. Rademacher and Jeff Campbell; Constables—Aaron James and J. Thayer.

The following is the new county central committee appointed by the chair: City—Dan McKay, Jeff Campbell, J. Chenevert, H. B. Hill, T. W. Brozman, O. M. Holmes; Sand Coulee—James Erickson, W. B. Dickson, Sam Moore, John L. Gillen, James Naymish; Belt—Sam Gouby, Robert Hendry; Ribkey—Van Henderlitz, J. Moore; North Great Falls—L. M. McQuivay, John Staindinger; B. and M. Addition—Pat O'Connell, John Connor; Silver Smelter—Nels Borden, Peter Hanson; Goyer—J. L. Lee; Armington—James Lee, Henry Matthews; Cora—H. L. DeesCombes. The convention then adjourned.

WOOL MARKET.

Review of the Situation As It Exists in Boston.

In its review of the wool market the Boston Advertiser of August 4 says: The total receipts of wool at this port during the past week comprise 19,781 bags and bales domestic, 628 bales foreign, against 20,029 bags and bales domestic, 2,294 bales foreign for the same time last year. The total receipts since Jan. 1, 1894, comprise 318,175 bags and bales domestic, and 3,765 bales foreign, against 311,118 bags and bales domestic and 117,508 bales of foreign for the same time in 1893.

The sales for the week comprise 6,063,000 lbs. of domestic fleece and pulled, and 111,000 lbs. foreign, making the week's transactions foot up 6,774,000 lbs. against 9,722,500 lbs. for the previous week, and 1,083,000 lbs. domestic, and 72,000 lbs. foreign for the corresponding week last year.

The total sales of domestic and foreign wool since the first of the year foot up 83,752,000 lbs. against 77,428,000 lbs. during the same time last year, showing an increase in business of 6,324,000 lbs this year.

The market has settled down to a stronger basis, and the advanced prices asked a week ago, are generally well maintained. Trade has not been as active as last week, but buyers show a more liberal disposition to buy, while sellers are not so ready to part with their wares as they were. The bulk of the later business has been at about 1c advance of former prices for territory grades, and in some cases dealers claim to have done even better, while fleeces are nominally 1c higher than two weeks ago. The claim is that fully three-quarters of the wool that changed hands during the past two weeks has been purchased by manufacturers, and consequently reduced offerings to that extent, but there is little doubt here that the activity was due in part to speculative operations among dealers.

Some houses have sold out of all their available wool and will have to wait for more supplies before being in the market to do further business. There has been a withdrawal from sale, owing to the more hopeful feeling on the part of the consignors, who prefer to wait and see how the future appears before selling out. The general feeling among dealers, however, is that it is a good time to sell when there is a market for the wool. Of course, if no tariff bill is passed this would not be profitable business, but chances would have to be taken on this point, and it now looks as though the odds are largely in favor of the party in power being able to come to an agreement and passing a bill of some sort, in which case there is little hope of wool being anything else but "free."

As has been the case for some time past when good sales have been reported, territory grades have absorbed the larger share of the business. This is due in part to the fact that wools grown west of the Mississippi river compose the bulk of the offerings, and also that larger sales can be made of these wools, and less actual wool change hands, than on any other grades selling. A fair quotation of the market at present would be about 1 cent advance on grease wools, or about 1 cent on scoured, compared with two weeks since. Where about 30 @ 32 cents was the selling price for scoured fine medium and fine strong staple wools two weeks since, they are now quotable on the basis of 33@35 cents. Wools of inferior quality range below these figures. Texas wools have met with a good sale at about the same basis as territories for twelve months' growth, while California grades also show some movement. A good line of eastern Oregon wool was also reported cleared up.

Dr. Price's Cough Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

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He Unqualifiedly Indorses All the Planks in the Platform of the Party.

It had been arranged that after the adjournment of the convention there should be a mass meeting at the opera house to listen to an address from Hon. R. B. Smith, populist candidate for representative in congress. The convention was rather late in adjourning and it was after 9 o'clock before the meeting was called to order. The opera house was only fairly well filled—there being quite a number of ladies among the audience. The B. & M. Smelter band was in attendance and rendered popular airs.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman McKay, who in a few introductory remarks, in which he introduced the coming battle would be fought on populist principles and on the populist platform, introduced James Donovan. Mr. Donovan briefly referred to the work that had been done in the shape of organization in the several sections of the county, and judging by the interest manifested, he felt certain that after the election the present county officials would have to retire. The populist doctrine was in favor of retrenchment and reform, for the populist convention believed that the expenses of the county could have been reduced fully \$75,000 during the past year. He spoke of the high personnel of the party and of its belief in the free coinage of silver, a sentiment which elicited applause. He urged that the platform of the party be read and studied by all and then he suggested it would be approved and the candidates who stood up to it would be elected.

After an air by the band, the chairman introduced Hon. R. B. Smith, as the next representative in congress. Mr. Smith, who has been a stranger in this vicinity, but was a frequent visitor in his earlier days, before he came to whom he had known for years and who were his friends. The great fundamental principles that he advocated today were inscribed upon the banner of the populist party and one should be ashamed to have advanced them. There was nothing save the ties of home that bound men closer together than political affiliation yet men should learn to distinguish between a principle and a name. There should be no party names, no party democracy, for it meant a government by the people for the people, but the party had departed from its ideal. Two years ago the democracy met in Chicago and declared that it believed in the subject as sought in the platform of the populist party. Mr. Smith declared that he believed in the platform of the populist party, and that he believed in the platform of the populist party, and that he believed in the platform of the populist party.

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SPRAY OF THE FALLS.

A Warranty Deed from Matt Dunn to Charles G. Minter was filed yesterday, conveying the east half of lot 5 in block 556, for a consideration of \$300.

P. Fitzgerald, the landlord of the new Anaconda house at Belt, who has been spending a day or two in Great Falls, left last night for the big coal camp.

B. D. Phillips of California, a well known capitalist, who is interested in wool and ranch property in the vicinity of Stanford, came in today from the latter place and is registered at the Park.

Thomas Ryan, who was arrested by Officer Joe Martin for stealing a watch from Tom Sullivan in a beer hall, was tried before Judge Hawkins yesterday afternoon and being found guilty was sentenced to ninety days in the county jail.

P. J. Shields, superintendent of the Castner Coal and Coke company at Belt, came in yesterday and is registered at the Park. Mr. Shields reports everything progressing favorably at the new coal camp, and that his company are steadily increasing their output and pay roll.

William Parsons and Thomas Long, the burglars who were caught by City Detective Gerin last Friday night in the act of breaking into the tailor shop of J. M. Day, were arraigned yesterday morning before Judge Hawkins and pleaded not guilty. Their examination will take place today in the municipal court.

The citizens of the Boston and Montana addition held a meeting last night at their home house to consider ways and means for securing better protection from fire. They decided to petition the council for some electric communication with the city so that in event of fire an alarm could be sent in to the central department without loss of time, and also for the adoption of some means to secure a better pressure on the city mains in that addition.

Chief of Police Pontet arrested a man named Wm. Knox Sunday night on the strength of a telegram from Chief of Police Ryan of Grand Forks. The dispatch stated that Knox was wanted there to answer a charge of "assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill," but gave no particulars of the crime and the prisoner refused to talk further than to assert his innocence. Chief Ryan is expected here tomorrow to take his prisoner back to Grand Forks.

The presbytery of Great Falls held a special meeting on Thursday, August 2nd, at White Sulphur Springs, Montana. Judge B. H. Badger was elected temporary clerk. The chief item of business was the examination and ordination of the Rev. J. Addison Hedges, a young minister, recently graduating from the McCormick Theological seminary of Chicago, who is ministering at present to the spiritual wants of the Presbyterian church at White Sulphur Springs, where he is greatly esteemed.

Paris Gibson has harvested his wheat crop on the bench, south of the B. & M. addition. The field contained about 120 acres and was put in early in the spring. Notwithstanding the protracted drought, a very fine crop of grain has been raised and Mr. Gibson has now a very solid chunk of hard fact with which to break the head of the grumblers, who say wheat can not be raised on the bench lands of northern Montana without irrigation. Mr. Gibson expects his crop to thresh out 25 bushels to the acre.

Great Falls horses are doing well at the Anaconda races. In the long distance running race over a one and one-eighth mile course, which took place last Saturday, Billy Randall's filly, Minnie Beach, took first money, finishing the course in 1:57 1/2 after a very exciting contest. The same horse also won third money Wednesday last, while Williams' Freedom captured second money in the 3/2 trot on the same day. The Great Falls horsemen are well pleased at the results made by these horses at Anaconda.

Nat McGiffin, a well known cattlemen of Sand Coulee, came in town today and is registered at the Park.

Capt. L. W. Cook, U. S. A., stationed in command at the Blackfoot Indian reservation, accompanied by his wife, arrived here yesterday and is registered at the Park.

A deed was filed yesterday from the Great Falls Water Power and Traction company to John W. Stanton, conveying lot 12 in block 216 for a consideration of \$1,500.

A warranty deed was filed yesterday from John S. Rupert to Rose G. Russell, conveying an undivided one-half interest in lot 13, block 100, and lot 12, block 245, to wit, of Great Falls for a consideration of \$4,100.

Rev. F. A. Riggan, presiding elder of the M. E. church for the Bozeman district, left here yesterday afternoon on the westbound train for his home. He has been attending the North Montana Mission meeting at Lewistown.

Miss Mabel Collins returned yesterday from White Sulphur Springs where she has been visiting for some time. She was accompanied by Miss Heightman of White Sulphur Springs, who will remain here for a time as the guest of Miss Collins.

Y. H. Ahrens, proprietor of the New York Cash Bazaar, left yesterday afternoon for a visit to friends in Miles, Iowa. Mrs. Ahrens accompanies him. They expect to be gone about three weeks and visit several eastern cities before they return.

Mrs. Ira Myers and children, who have been visiting for some time at Miles, are expected home today on the west bound train.

The Great Falls Street Car company gave another of its popular dances at the pavilion at Black Eagle falls last night. A good crowd was in attendance and thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

left on the train yesterday afternoon for his home in Helena.

Bishop Joyce of Chattanooga, Tennessee, who has been attending the North Montana Mission meeting at Lewistown, returned to this city