

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

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THE SENATORSHIP.

While the republicans in their entirety are singing hosannas over the victory, the more thoughtful ones fully appreciate the fact that it has placed the party on the defensive to such an extent that nothing less than a miracle will give them success in 1896.

The World might have added that in Montana the Northern Pacific and a band of eastern sharks succeeded in defeating the will of the people, and that the great corporation with its immense land grant will soon have the people of the state at its mercy to a more alarming extent than the Southern Pacific has ever had California.

ARE ANY MISSED.

The list is growing with an alarming rapidity. We mean the list of republican candidates for the United States senatorships from Montana. These are already as pronounced candidates, Col. Sanders, Tom Carter, L. H. Hershfield, T. C. Power, E. D. Weed, Albert Seligman, all of Helena; Nelson Story of Bozeman, E. L. Bonner, Judge Knowles and A. B. Hammond of Missoula, Con Kohrs of Deer Lodge, and Lee Mantle of Butte.

Among this class who are willing to sacrifice themselves for the good of the party, the name of Col. H. P. Rolfe, the distinguished and amiable editor of the Leader, is being whispered by his friends. There is no telling where lightning will strike, and on the score of ability and party fidelity, Col. Rolfe looms up as a giant, when compared to most of the men on the list.

EXPLAINING.

Among the papers in the east which persistently cried out against democratic mismanagement one of the most conspicuous was the New York World, yet it sees nothing in the result to alarm any democrat. This is the way the World puts it:

"Some of our republican friends who are more given to shouting than to thinking are still hilarious over the enormous majorities obtained by their party in the late elections.

"They overlook the truth that the larger the majorities the more certain it is that the result is not a party triumph. A scant majority on a full vote would show an increase of republican strength. A great majority on a scant vote shows simply the absence from the polls of more democratic than republican voters.

"The refusal of democrats in vast numbers to vote is a distinct rebuke to their party management. It was intended, it was intelligent, it was deserved. But it did not mean that the dissatisfied democrats are republicans. The greater the majority, the clearer the proof.

"Another point which evidently has not occurred to the unthinking shouters is in connection with republican gains at the south. The fact that several Southern states have been carried against the democrats—some of them by republicans—proves that the belated bloody-shirt shakers have either misrepresented the facts or talked ignorantly in saying that there are not fair elections at the south—that the negroes are intimidated or the votes miscounted.

Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, West Virginia, Missouri, Maryland and Texas prove that the solidity of the south depends upon the free will of the southern voters, white and black. It is just as well to stick a pin in these points in passing.

It should be noted in connection with the school bond fiasco that the school district paid an alleged bond expert by the name of Palmer, who resides in Helena, the sum of \$1,250 for services in the way of looking after the issue of bonds and seeing that everything was in legal shape. Since the rendering of the supreme court decision that the very first step in the matter of issuing the bonds was fatally defective, it is probable that Mr. Palmer will return that \$1,250—in a horn.

This school district needs a new high school and needs it badly. The fact that the supreme court has decided the recent issue of bonds for this purpose invalid is unfortunate in that it will necessarily cause some delay, but it is no great public calamity. The school-house will be built in due time, and built in a

proper way. The moral of the situation is that business of this kind should be done in a business way. At nearly every step in the issue and sale of these school bonds undue haste was manifested by those in authority and poor advisers consulted.

SHORT OF WORDS.

Prof. Ben Harrison of Indianapolis sent a telegram to the chairman of the republican committee of Maryland, in which he mentioned "The victory is so great that language is pauperized" in expressing it. No doubt the gentleman felt very jubilant when he wrote the dispatch, but the fact remains so far as his chances are concerned he would have much preferred a closer victory. Political landleaves are apt to react and the signs of the times all indicate that two years hence the boot will be on the other foot and the democrats will be doing the shouting.

BEGGARS BY WHOLESALE.

Every man, woman and child in Helena, who is not a candidate for the United States senate, is a candidate for some office under the legislature. The mails are being deluged with begging appeals to members-elect, asking their vote and influence for every place from chief clerk and sergeant at-arms to page. For each one of these positions there are at least a dozen applicants resident of Helena, and the enormities each one bestows upon his, her or its ability for the office sought is characteristic of Helena. The Tribune suggests that the legislature turn over the matter of offices to a mass meeting of Helena people and let them fight it out, or if that does not work, insist that the Helena police enforce the law against begging.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

Only a few days ago all the Helena papers were loud in their protests against any foreign corporation doing business in Montana. They succeeded in convincing many people—even W. A. Clark of Butte—that foreign capital was a menace to the well being of the state, for even as they proclaimed the doctrine in the press Mr. Clark proclaimed it from the stump. Now, however, the election is over and the tune of the cheerful liars is changed. The Helena Herald of Monday contains a jubilant article a column long regarding the sale of a mining property near Dillon to an English syndicate. Instead of asking the people of the state to rise up in rebellion and save Dillon from the clutches of a grasping foreign corporation the Herald is loud in its congratulations that the deal has been accomplished. Yet the rot about "foreign corporations" helped Helena get the capital.

THE DEAF AND BLIND.

In order that the unfortunates throughout the state, who are entitled to the privileges of the state school for the deaf and blind at Boulder may have opportunity to avail themselves of the same, Superintendent Tillinghart asks publicity be given to the following statement: "If you know of any deaf or blind child any where in your locality, who has a claim to be educated in the state school for the deaf and blind, you will confer a great kindness upon such child and greatly help on a good work if you will kindly notify me of such case or cases, together with the name and address, if possible."

Space is cheerfully given to the communication. The institution is one of the best of all the state charities, and if any reader of THE TRIBUNE knows of any child who is unfortunate enough to come within the scope of the school, they should communicate with Superintendent J. A. Tillinghart at Boulder.

AS TO SILVER.

The cause of silver is looking brighter and brighter every day. The feeling is becoming universal that free coinage must be the issue, and the winning issue, in 1896. Its friends are alert, aggressive, and defiant, and its enemies are seeking by subterfuges to avoid a fair contest. The republicans have become alarmed at the sentiment of the people and it is authoritatively stated that a movement exists among the leading silver men of the country that an emphatic demand shall be made that the republican platform in 1896 shall contain an unequivocal declaration in favor of unequalled free coinage of silver, and in the event of the failure of republicans so to declare a new party movement shall forthwith be sprung with a two-plank platform declaring simply for protection and free coinage of silver.

This is the republican side and there is no doubt but that the demand will be made and rejected, for the republicans dare not make a free coinage campaign even when coupled with protection. On the other hand the democratic party as a party, in spite of Mr. Cleveland, favor free coinage and will have it as an unequivocal plank in the platform, and the free silver republicans will have no refuge but to join with the democrats.

On the other hand those who oppose free coinage, but are anxious in some way to secure recognition for silver, are not idle. They do not want it as a money metal, but are alarmed at its continued

depreciation as an article of commercial value. These gentlemen are also moving in concert as will be seen from the following, taken from the New York Mining and Engineering Journal:

"A late report is that a meeting was held on Thursday in Denver, at which the Omaha, Pueblo, Hanauer and other silver smelters were represented, to discuss the question of uniting interests. Two plans were said to have been discussed; one, the transfer of all the smelters to a syndicate, the other the appointment of a single agency to handle the silver from all the smelters, in order to reduce expenses and to prevent sudden fluctuations in price. The statement is given as current rumor, but there seems to be many difficulties in the way of any such arrangements as those mentioned."

The Journal knows that the report is more than a rumor, and it is further in error when it says there are many difficulties in the way of any such arrangement. There is but one difficulty, and that is that the people have determined that silver shall no longer be an article of commerce, but shall take its place in the monetary system, where it will be beyond the control of any syndicate, no matter how great.

PAY ITS DEBTS.

Helena has begun to organize schemes for legislation at the coming session of the legislature. It can be said that the first one that it talks of springing is quite a laudable one, for the proposition is to secure an amendment to its charter which will enable the city to borrow money with which to pay its vast debts. As is well known the city is hopelessly bankrupt, and in order to temporarily save its credit and stave off the inevitable it will ask for a law by which it can increase the limits of its indebtedness and also increase the rate of taxation. It is in a desperate condition and the legislature should give it the chance asked. This is a matter that only affects that community, but all other legislation that Helena asks should and will be very closely scrutinized. The people of that city and the Northern Pacific will do all in their power to get back what they expended in debauching voters during the capital contest, and they will try to do it by schemes that the legislature will be asked to sanction. Keep your eye on the gang.

Col. Breckenridge and ex-Gov. Waite have both announced that they will take the lecture platform. Breckenridge is an orator, Waite is a freak. Both will make money.

THE MAGAZINES.

The current number of the Forum Library contains twelve instructive autobiographical articles by W. E. H. Lecky, the historian, Frederic Harrison, Archdeacon Farrar, Prof. John Tyndall, Edward A. Freeman, George Ebers, Edward Everett Hale, Prof. A. P. Peabody, Prof. Simon Newcomb, Edward Eggleston, Prof. B. L. Gildersleeve and President Timothy Dwight (25 cents a copy).

The second Napoleon article in McClure's for December presents 14 more portraits of Napoleon, showing him at the time he suddenly became the greatest man of his day. The story of his love for Josephine and marriage, and his extraordinary campaigns in Italy and Egypt, and his marvelous rise to the supreme head of France, is fully told in this number.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, MONTANA, HELENA, MONT., NOV. 12, 1894.

Grateful to the Giver of all good, to whom we owe the prosperity we enjoy, and mindful of the blessings vouchsafed to Montana as a state, I hereby appoint as a day of thanksgiving and praise to God, Thursday, the 29th day of November, A. D. 1894. In observance of this time-honored holiday, I invoke the reverent appreciation of all patriotic Montana hearts of the kind Providence that has shielded our beloved state from disasters by fire and flood, from civil commotions and disturbances of the public peace, and from the manifold afflictions that have visited less favored sections of the world. I earnestly request all the people of this commonwealth to lay aside their secular duties and pursuits and to assemble themselves together in their customary places of worship to offer praise and thanksgiving unto Him who doeth all things well and unto whom we owe the prosperity that is and the prosperity that is to come. Let the needy and the sick be remembered in kindness and the spirit of thankfulness that pervades our hearts be supplemented by the good work of our hands.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state of Montana, at Helena, the capital, this 12th day of November A. D. 1894, and the one hundred and nineteenth year of our American independence. J. E. RICKARDS, By the Governor.

L. ROTWITT, Secretary of State.

Sanderville-Shepherd. Married, at the Methodist parsonage Nov. 20th, 1894, Rev. F. A. Riggin officiating, Mr. Richard Sanderville of the Pigeon Agency and Miss Nancy Shepherd of Lacy, Montana. Mr. Sanderville is now the clerk at the agency, formerly of the Fort Shaw Indian school. Miss Shepherd has lived for a number of years on Highwood and is well known in this section. The young couple started immediately for their home at the agency.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



THE CITY COUNCIL MEETING

Paris Gibson Makes a Plea for Lighting the City Streets Once More.

A "Legislative" Committee Appointed—Some More Kicks on the City Attorney.

At the regular meeting of the city council held Monday every Alderman was in his seat and answered to roll call.

After the reading and approval of the minutes, the mayor announced that Mr. Paris Gibson was present and desired to address the council, and he was invited to take the floor. Mr. Gibson said he desired to speak on the matter of lighting the streets of the city. He understood that there were some differences between the electric light company and the city council, and for this reason the lights in the streets had been discontinued. He did not desire to express any opinion on the merits of the controversy between the company and the city, but he felt sure that if the council would appoint a committee to wait on the superintendent of the electric light company concessions would be made which would result in the renewal of the electric lights on the streets, and as the season of long, dark evenings was at hand he thought it was very desirable that this should be accomplished.

Aldermen Young and Sullivan spoke in favor of Mr. Gibson's suggestion and the mayor appointed as such committee Aldermen Young, Hansen and Fitzgerald.

The question of securing certain legislation this winter at Helena in relation to licenses was brought up and discussed and the mayor appointed as a special legislative committee to look after this and other matters Aldermen Sullivan, Jocelyn and Williams.

On the suggestion of Alderman Jocelyn, a joint meeting was arranged between the ways and means committee and the park commissioners for tonight at the office of Paris Gibson, at which meeting the new city parks will be named and matters relating to their improvement discussed.

A communication was read from the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company stating that the city license fee of 50 cents per annum charged on each instrument was exorbitant, and asking for a reduction of the rate. The communication was referred to the committee on taxes and licenses.

T. A. Wall of Kibbey asked the city to refund to him \$8 which he paid to the poundmaster for a horse which had been stolen in Belt and turned loose in the city. As it appeared that the only charge made in the case was for feeding the animal ten days and advertising it, by means of which he was enabled to recover the horse, the council considered the request rather cool and ordered the communication laid on the table indefinitely.

The city engineer was ordered to fix up the lateral sewer in the rear of the beer hall.

The fire committee was instructed to purchase an alarm box for the B. & M. addition and have it connected with the fire alarm system.

The contract for a new hose wagon at a cost of \$570 was signed by the mayor and clerk.

The volunteer fire company in the B. & M. addition asked the city to purchase uniforms for them, and after a long discussion the fire committee were ordered to report the cost of such uniforms at the next meeting.

The matter of the alleged neglect of the city attorney to attend to his duties was brought up and discussed at length. Alderman Williams said that he had been investigating the subject, and it was his opinion that in his duty, in the matter of attending to the suit of the city against the bondsmen of the late City Treasurer Elliott. He did not think that the city had any standing in court on that case, from what he could learn, through the default of the city attorney. Alderman Jocelyn said that he had a conversation with the city attorney before he left this city on this point and he had been assured by him that there was no truth in the statement that there was any default in that case. The city attorney further stated to him that as soon as he returned from his trip east he would file with the city clerk a tabulated statement of the condition of all business entrusted to him.

It was finally decided to appoint a committee to confer with Mr. Huntton, the law partner of the city attorney, and see whether all necessary steps had been taken to protect the city's interest in the suit against the bondsmen of the late city treasurer, Elliott.

The city council then adjourned.

THE CAMP BURNED OUT.

Some Maiden Freighters Lose Their Entire Camp Outfit by Fire.

Charles Cowdry and others who have been running a freighting outfit between this city and Maiden, met with quite a loss Monday last. They had camped on the South side, not far from H. O. Chown's place, and after getting lunch went into the city on business. While they were away the high wind blew the tent over, and as they had not extinguished the fire inside the tent thoroughly the whole camp equipage

was soon in a blaze. When Mr. Cowdry and his companions returned to the camp it was after dark and they hunted for their tent for some time before they came across the blackened remains of the tent and its contents. Among the latter were 10 bales of ore sacks, a lot of bedding and supplies. The loss is placed at about \$300.

A BIG DEAL.

Union Pacific Receivers Expect Congress to Give the Road a New Start.

OMAHA, Nov. 20.—Frederic R. Coudert of New York, one of the Union Pacific receivers, said today that he looked to congress to make at this session a final settlement of the affairs of the railroad. The plan of the directors is to substitute a 3 per cent blanket mortgage covering the entire debt to the government, to run 100 years, for the present 6 per cent mortgage, soon to become due, and to arrange for payment so that accrued interest will not exceed the minimum earning power. Moneys and securities in the sinking fund will be applied to the extension of bonds which have priority of lien over the lien of the government, and so on until the stock of the government is all provided for under the new conditions.

"It is the judgment of the directors," said Mr. Coudert, "that no plan of reorganization can be carried into effect without complete foreclosure of the property of the company to be organized, including in such foreclosure the sale of its property held in collateral trusts."

SAUCY KOLB.

He Proposes to Inaugurate Himself Governor of Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 20.—R. F. Kolb, defeated candidate of the populist party for governor of Alabama, publishes a lengthy address to the people of Alabama in the People's Daily Tribune in which he declares his intention to be inaugurated governor of the state on Dec. 1 and calls upon his followers everywhere to gather at Montgomery on that day and aid him in taking his seat. The arrest of Kolb for treason is not improbable, and if his followers undertake to seat him it is believed there will be serious trouble. "W. C. Oates has been elected governor and it is my duty to see that he is duly installed," said Jones at Montgomery. "I do not anticipate any number of men will be foolish enough to heed Kolb's advice, but if they do the consequences will be their own heads."

Demented and Penniless.

TUXPAN, Mexico, Nov. 20.—F. J. Haley, an American, who came here to buy a vanilla plantation, started out alone and was brought back by two Mexicans who found him wandering.

He is demented and all his money gone. It is thought that he was drugged by the loco weed and robbed.

A card found in his pocket shows his home is in Pittsburg.

Change of Base.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Dr. J. A. Robinson, who has resigned from the Yale law school, with which he has been connected for twenty years, will become dean of the new school of philosophy at the Catholic university of America at Washington. His resignation will take effect Jan. 1, 1895. The new department of the university will be opened in fall. Meanwhile Dr. Robinson will organize the new faculty.

Five Were Killed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 20.—Five people were killed in the wreck on the Pennsylvania railroad at Carmer station, two miles east of here, last night. They were George Rice, August Thone and Fred, and two Italians, whose names are unknown.

Gibson Won.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 20.—Mr. Gibson and Jerry Arnold fought a bloody battle of nine rounds last night. Gibson's arm was broken in dealing his opponent a heavy swinging blow, but he continued the fight and won.

Help For the Needy.

ROME, Nov. 20.—King Humbert sent 40,000 lire for the relief of the earthquake sufferers, and Premier Crispien donated the sum of 12,000 lire for the same purpose.

It Was a Draw.

COONEY ISLAND, Nov. 20.—The McCallife-Zeigler fight last night was pronounced a draw. The police intervened on account of severe punishment.

Smallpox in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Five cases of smallpox were reported to the board of health this afternoon.

Work Resumed.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Nov. 20.—Two hundred worsted weavers in the Lorrain mills started to work this morning after a strike of seven weeks duration.