



FARM AND GARDEN

GARDENING BY HORSEPOWER.

It Pays When Prices Are High For Labor and Low For Produce.

To grow garden stuff in sufficient quantity is a difficult task if wrong methods are practiced. If correct methods are adopted, it is a comparatively easy matter.

In these times of high prices for farm labor and low prices for farm produce certainly no one can afford to spend much time hoeing in the garden when the work can be done better and ten times as fast with the help of a horse which would otherwise be idle.

But the main point is that nearly all the cultivation in the garden ought to be done by horsepower and as little as possible by hand.

The popularity of buff plumage is doubtless responsible for the Buff Plymouth Rock. This popularity is in itself something remarkable.

In the Buff Plymouth Rock, when fully perfected, we have a medium sized fowl of great practical value and of remarkable beauty.

It used to be thought that the tops of cornstalks made the best feed. This idea was wholly based on the fact that they were fine and easily chewed.

From the Utah station comes a report concerning a test to determine the comparative feeding value of oats and corn for horses.

According to information sent out from the United States department of zoology, bees, instead of destroying fruit, are sometimes accused, and the only agents through which certain orchards ever bear fruit.

SURFACE CULTIVATION.

Shallow Cultivation Advocated For Oats, Wheat, Sweet Potatoes and Corn.

During the past ten years most of the farmers of my acquaintance have learned that they can grow much larger crops of oats with three inches of the surface soil made fine than to plow six or eight inches deep.

It is a great advantage to prepare the seed bed for oats with an improved harrow, for one team will put in as much land in a day as three teams will to break the land and harrow and roll until it is fine.

I am told that this method of putting in oats is now almost universally adopted, and that whenever one farmer begins it in a neighborhood in a few years all the rest follow this plan.

I meet occasionally at the institutes a man acknowledged by his neighbors to be one of the best corn growers of the locality, who claims that the same kind of a seed bed gives the best crop of corn, and there is an increasing number of farmers each year who have found that shallow cultivation which stirs two inches of the surface soil in the cornfield gives much better results than tearing the roots of the corn with plows that run four to six inches deep.

In my judgment, the implement which will give perfect surface cultivation in the cornfields is yet to be invented, and when it is we want it made so that it will cover these rows of corn and enable us to stir the soil on a strip not less than ten feet wide at each time through.

A correspondent of American Agriculturist says: Henderson's, which is the Dwarf Sieva, is always prolific, but the beans are small and deficient in that delicacy of flavor that is conspicuous in the regular lima.

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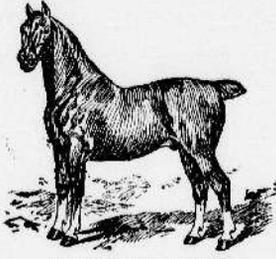


LIVE STOCK

FAMOUS HACKNEYS.

Two Noted Eastern Sires of This Fashionable Breed.

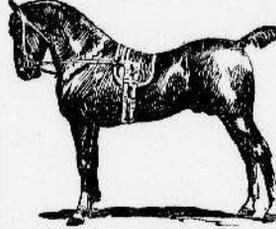
The hackneys are perhaps the horses that have attracted most attention at the New York horse shows in the past three years.



MATCHLESS OF LONDERSBORO.

Mals that have won fame annually in New York none are more familiar to the showgoers than the two hackney stallions represented below.

The first is the renowned old Matchless of Londersboro. Matchless, whose sire was the famous Danegelt, is now 10 years old.



FASHION.

Another one of the short backed, long legged hackneys that won great favor among the admirers of modish horse-flesh was Fashion.

With regard to live stock, the merciful man will make even his stable comfortable. Horses, cattle and sheep must not only be fed and watered, but they must be housed, whether in barns or folds or stables.

Valuable horses are kept in single, roomy stalls and generally are not confined by halters. Others are tied up, sometimes in single or double stalls.

When you are educating a colt, lead him up to baby wagons and make him smell them. Hand them about where he can see them.

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FEEDING A SICK HORSE.

What Are the Best Articles of Diet to Give Him?

F. T. McMahon, veterinary surgeon to the Chicago fire department, communicates an interesting article on the treatment of sick horses.

"Bran stands decidedly foremost as the food most generally in use for the invalid horse. It acts as a laxative, is frequently tempting to the appetite and easy of digestion.

"Of all the roots with which horses are tempted, the carrot, as a rule, is the favorite and perhaps the most beneficial. It is said to be somewhat diuretic in its effects and to exercise a salubrious influence on the skin.

"Oatmeal is extremely nutritious, and as a food for the convalescent horse is most valuable. The bruising process the grain has undergone breaks the husk and renders it more easily acted upon by the digestive organs.

"Linsed is decidedly to be included in the sick diet roll. It is nutritious, and from its obnoxious nature soothing to the frequently irritable mucous membrane of the alimentary canal, and hence is particularly to be recommended in the treatment of sore throats.

"Grass, hay, etc., are also very useful in the treatment of disease and should be used in connection with other remedies."

Live Stock Points.

A calf is a calf till it is a year old. Then it becomes a yearling.

All horses should be broken to drive in either single or double harness before they are offered for sale.

Put female animals near the time of parturition away by themselves. The event throws the other animals into a state of nervous excitement.

A horse dealer says that a carriage animal broken so that he is entirely safe for a lady to drive brings from 25 to 50 per cent more money than one that cannot thus be warranted.

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A SEVERE BLOW

To the Great Falls Fair Bill—Placed on General Files and Thus Delayed.

Special to The Tribune.

HELESA, Feb. 8.—There was quite a contest in the senate today over the bill providing for the location of the state fair at Great Falls.

The bill to compel owners of ditches to build screens was favorably reported. The committee on mines and mining reported a concurrent resolution appropriating \$2,000 for the use of the governor in carrying out the provisions of the senate memorial requesting him to take steps to protect mineral lands.

The following bills were introduced: By Chandler—Amending that section of the political code defining legal fences. By Sligh—Providing for the establishment of a uniform system of signals in all mines where the shaft is 75 feet or more deep.

In committee of the whole the bill abolishing the office of mineral land commissioner was considered. It was explained that if the services of the commissioner were necessary at Washington, the resolution reported earlier in the day appropriating \$2,000 for the use of the governor in mineral land business, could be used to pay the salary of the commissioner.

Brown presented a resolution providing that on all state work Montana contractors, Montana workmen and Montana material be given preference.

Helelsa, Feb. 8.—Among the first business in the house was a personal statement from Chairman Paschal of the committee on education.

Helelsa, Feb. 8.—The House adjourned until Tuesday night, so members could hear the views of educators. This took place after the chaplain had prayed four folios over the preservation of the stars and stripes yesterday.

Craven gave notice of a bill relating to the sale of oleomargarine. Harris introduced a bill to prevent wood and prairie fires.

Isbell wanted a committee appointed to visit educational institutions and to look at Fort Ellis with a view of its adaptability for a soldiers' home.

The bill to purchase toll roads and bridges was reported from the committee with a recommendation of indefinite postponement, for the reason that the code covered the subject.

Knippenberg offered a resolution that no employes of the house be required to work Sunday.

Cunnigham offered a substitute that clerks who had conscientious scruples against Sunday work be excused that day by sacrificing pay.

The house bill establishing a free public employment office in connection with the bureau of agriculture passed without a dissenting vote.

The bill to prevent gambling on ground floors was taken up in committee of the whole and caused a long discussion. The friends of the bill argued

that it was a step toward the desired result of prohibiting gambling. The opponents professed to favor absolute prohibition of gambling, but held that so long as it was allowed it should be open. To send it to upper floors would encourage the crooked element of the gambling fraternity. The committee arose without reaching a decision, and the house adjourned till 3 p. m. Monday.

Leave Doubtful Seeds alone. The best are easy to get, and cost no more. Ask your dealer for FERRY'S SEEDS. Always the best. Known everywhere. Ferry's Seed Annual for 1895. What, how, and when to plant. Sent free. Get it. Address D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—250 cords of woods in exchange for 65 acres of land near city. A good garden spot. J. Haven, 5 First National Bank building.

SUMMONS. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, in and for the county of Cascade.

The State of Montana sends greeting to the above named defendant: You are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the within complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District of the State of Montana, in and for the County of Cascade, this 13th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

W. M. COCKRILL, Clerk. By W. L. Turner, Deputy Clerk. M. M. Lyter, attorney for plaintiff. [First publication Dec. 18, 1894.]

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, in and for the county of Cascade. Charles D. Ricker, plaintiff, vs. Nellie I. Ricker, defendant. Summons. Action No. 125.

The State of Montana sends greeting to the above named defendant: You are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the within complaint, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District of the State of Montana, in and for the County of Cascade, this 13th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

W. M. COCKRILL, Clerk. By W. L. Turner, Deputy Clerk. H. W. Berry, attorney for plaintiff. [First publication Dec. 25, 1894.]

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA, in and for the county of Cascade. Estate No. 40. In the matter of the estate of Thomas L. Gorman, deceased.

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made. George E. Cope, the administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Thomas L. Gorman, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of all the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore ordered by the said court that all persons interested in the estate of said decedent appear before the said court on Saturday, the 2nd day of March, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said court, at the court house in the city of Great Falls, county of Cascade, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administrator with will annexed to sell all of the real and personal property of the said decedent, as shall be necessary, or to sell all of it.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four consecutive weeks in the Weekly Tribune, a newspaper printed and published in said Cascade county. C. H. BENTON, Judge. Dated January 23, 1895. [Entered] Filed this 22nd day of January, 1895. W. M. COCKRILL, Clerk. First publication Jan. 27, 1895.