

FIRE AND BLOOD

The Leadville Miners' Strike Ends in Riot and Destruction of Property.

CORONADO MINE IS BLOWN UP

Night of Horror and Excitement in the Great Mountain Mining Camp.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21.—The great miners' strike that has been in progress for three months has finally culminated in bloodshed and destruction. This morning at an early hour the Coronado and Emmett mines were attacked by unknown parties and with the use of dynamite the shaft house and other buildings of the former were soon in flames and totally destroyed. During the progress of the fire a battle ensued between the attacking party and the men employed in the mine. The utmost excitement prevailed, the militia and fire departments were called out, and hundreds of armed citizens responded to the alarm. For a time the firemen were not allowed to work by the rioters, and when they finally got into service it was too late to save the mining property and they had to turn their attention to adjoining property.

Dead and Injured.

LEADVILLE, Col., Sept. 21.—Five lives at least were sacrificed in the fighting and work of destruction at the Coronado and Emmett mines. The following is the list of the dead and injured: Dead: Bert Meier and James Lenson, both miners employed at the Coronado, who were killed by the explosion. They were identified only by means of papers found on the bodies. Dying: William O'Keefe, foreman of hose company No. 2, shot through the stomach; J. Higgins, a miner employed at the Coronado, shot eight times in the arms and stomach; John Mahoney, miner, shot through the stomach. Injured: Frank Telle and Martin Scott, both Coronado miners. Their wounds are not believed to be fatal.

Mahoney, who was shot near the Emmett mine, claims he was there merely as a spectator. At least three of the attacking party at Emmett were seen to be hit with bullets, but they were carried away by their comrades. The Coronado people heard of the coming of trouble last night, but the supposition was that the attack was to be made at the Emmett. Soon after the destruction commenced many of the citizens responded quickly, armed with rifles and shotguns, but they could do little in fighting the fire and dynamite. Foreman O'Keefe was shot from behind, just after he turned a stream on the Coronado. The first attack was made with dynamite near the oil tanks. The men within the inclosure returned the attack, and a fusillade of bullets, followed by the dynamite, did its work well.

It is charged the lawlessness of last night was due to a mob of strikers, principally from the Colorado country, who have long been breeding trouble in Leadville and who, seeing that the strike was nearing an end, were determined to make a final stroke. This assertion is largely made by the peaceful miners of the camp. Early last night there was every evidence that the strike was broken. Many miners had announced their intention of going to work this morning. After being repulsed at the Emmett mine the mob, which numbered not over 50 persons, fled the town and are hiding in the hills. Today hundreds of miners say they will go to work at once. They bitterly denounce the extremists and say their action has lost the miners the strike.

Militia Called For.

DEVELOP, Sept. 21.—At 2:30 this morning Sheriff Newman of Leadville and Judge Owens, of the district court of Lake county, called upon Gov. McIntyre for troops to quell the riot in Leadville. The governor at once issued a call, and before daylight, almost the entire military force of the state was en route for the scene of the trouble. Troops from this city, two infantry companies and a battery, reached Leadville by noon.

Banks Closed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Caffin, acting controller of the currency, received a telegram from the presidents of the national banks in Leadville, Col., under today's date, saying:

"This city is threatened by an armed mob. A battle took place last night, attended with fire, destroying valuable property, and four men were killed. We do not consider it safe to open the banks until order is restored, which will, we hope, be the case tomorrow, as the National guard is expected here this evening."

All Now Quiet.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 21.—Everything is quiet tonight, the camp being practically under military rule. This morning's riot, and in particular the attack upon the fire department, has destroyed much of the public sympathy for the strikers, and this fact was evidenced at a largely attended meeting of representative citizens this afternoon. Their proceedings were secret, but it is understood stringent

measures were decided upon. Two companies of state militia from Pueblo and Cripple Creek arrived at 4:30 this afternoon, and are now on duty. Gen. Brooks with several other companies will arrive during the night. The damage at Coronado by the burning of the oil tanks, boiler, house and machinery is now estimated at \$25,000, on which there is \$12,000 insurance. The houses burned were valued at \$3,000, with no insurance. Despite the presence of the troops and the unusual quietness of the streets, there is a very uneasy feeling prevalent, it being asserted that there are 5,000 Winchester rifles in the hands of the strikers, whose repeated threats against the military are recalled with alarm. It is the general belief, however, that there will be no further trouble unless the managers begin importing miners.

Ominous Quiet.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 22.—Over 1,000 members of the national guard of the state of Colorado, under command of Gen. Edgar Brooks, are now on duty in this city. Some of them are doing guard duty at the Maid of Erin and other mines, where an attempted destruction of property is apprehended, but the main body is encamped near the Denver & Rio Grande railroad depot. The streets are filled with idle men, excitedly discussing the situation, but no violence has been done since the attacks upon the Coronado and Emmett mines early yesterday, in which it is now known that at least six men were killed. No attempt has yet been made to resume operations at any of the mines, which are closed in consequence of the strike, but it is believed that, as many of the miners are desirous of returning to work, some of the mines will soon be reopened under the protection offered by the troops.

Roll of Honor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Dominick Murphy, commissioner of pensions, has made his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, to Secretary Francis. He says:

"There were added to the rolls during the year 40,374 new pensioners; and there were restored 3,873, who had been previously dropped, a total of 44,247. During the same period, the losses were 29,333 by death and 1,101 by remarriage (widows); 1,684 by legal limitation (minors); 2,552 because of failure to claim pension for three years, and 9,323 for other causes, an aggregate of 44,033. The net gain over the previous year was only 154, and it may be now safely assumed that the roll from this time forth will show a marked and steady decrease, unless congress should enact still more liberal provisions than are now upon the statute books."

Augusta News.

ATLANTA, Sept. 18.—The weather for the past 10 days has severely injured the fine crop prospects of this section. Quite a number of farmers had delayed putting up their hay in the early part of the season and now, when it is too late, regret it. Never did the old adage seem of more importance than this season, "make hay while the sun shines." The late crop of alfalfa is seriously injured and 60 to 70 per cent of the wheat and oat crops of this section is uncut and quite a large portion of it has been broken down by the wet snows and will be difficult to harvest. Grain in the shock is damaged some and will be more or less stained and bleached.

The people of this vicinity expect to ship about two train loads of fine beef cattle to the Chicago market two weeks from today from Great Falls. This will make three trains, and there will be at least two more this fall. This is what forms the backbone of our prosperity.

Dr. Crowder is extracting and filling teeth at the Augusta house.

Dr. Carlsbad of Great Falls is to be here the 19th and exercise the same duties.

Dr. A. C. Fleming is back from Helena, as solid a goldbug as ever. The doctor's motto is "No. 1 first."

Many silver republicans and others commended the move at Helena and Great Falls to smoke out the candidates for legislative honors and make them declare themselves either for one side or the other. Probably never in the history of our state and country was it as important to scan carefully the legislative ticket and vote for none but competent men, whose position on the main question is beyond question. Very often, too often, in fact, men are nominated who have but very little to qualify or recommend them for the position as legislators, only that they are popular with "the boys" and belong to some popular order or orders and by these influences secure a nomination of their political party. It is not a question of politics this year; it is a year that calls for concerted action to elect none but men tried and true, men of ability, men of probity and, last but not least, men of honor, who will act up to their convictions and stand as our noble representatives in Washington amid the storm of vituperations and abuse of a purchased goldbug press and colleagues who are too timid and pusillanimous to stand for the right.

Rev. W. W. Van Orsdel is here and will hold the first quarterly conference at this place Saturday and Sunday. Brother "Van" is always a welcome guest.

Threshing is at a standstill, awaiting better weather.

Mrs. Fulberg and family have moved into the Schmidt residence for the winter, so as to be near school. Several other families are talking of moving for the same reason in the near future.

Pure and Wholesome.

Have you that "tired feeling"? Don't take medicine. Try Montana Brewing company's beer, which is a pure, wholesome and refreshing beverage.

FREE ONCE MORE

Bardsley, the Defaulting Treasurer of Philadelphia, Has Been Pardoned.

THE EXCUSE IS ILL HEALTH

Clemency Was Recommended by Numbers of the Most Prominent Citizens.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 21.—Gov. Hastings tonight signed a pardon for John Bardsley, former city treasurer of Philadelphia, who, on July 2, 1891, was sentenced to 15 years in the eastern penitentiary for misappropriating over half a million dollars of the city and state moneys while occupying his official position. The governor gives no reason for his action, although it is thought his decision was hastened by the fact that Bardsley was stricken with paralysis of the left side on Thursday last.

The financial panic of the summer of 1891, which wrought Bardsley's downfall, was one of the worst Philadelphia ever suffered. It began with the sudden collapse of the Keystone bank and the flight of the president, Gideon W. Marsh, who is still a fugitive from justice. The Spring Garden bank was the next to close its doors, and the Kennedy brothers, its president and cashier, were sent to prison for ten years. Cashier Lawrence of the Keystone was given seven years and was pardoned about two months ago by President Cleveland.

In these two banks Bardsley had deposited hundreds of thousands of state and city funds under arrangements by which, it was charged, he and the officers named reaped a personal profit. Unfortunate stock speculations primarily caused Bardsley's ruin, although it has been repeatedly urged that he was little less than a scapegoat for worse sinners. He resigned from his office on May 21, 1891, and the financial crash followed. The Bradford Mills company, a big concern of which he was an officer, went to the wall, two banks went with it and so did a large number of small institutions. Bardsley was promptly arrested with others of those involved who could be captured, and on July 2 sentence was imposed.

An examination by a committee elected from both branches of the council finally succeeded in straightening out, so far as was possible, the tangled skein resulting from the speculations.

The agitation for Bardsley's pardon has been going on for a considerable time at the instigation of prominent citizens, who believed that Bardsley was more sinned against than sinning. The principal plea presented in favor of pardon was that of the prisoner's failing health, and there was abundant medical testimony brought before the board of pardons to prove that he is practically in a state of collapse, and if continued in confinement would live but a brief time. The board recommended the granting of the pardon about two weeks ago.

Delaware Enthusiasm.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 21.—Tonight an audience that filled the auditorium to its very utmost capacity, sitting and standing, became wildly demonstrative over a speech by William J. Bryan. He was presented by L. Civing Handy, the democratic candidate for congress. In introducing the Nebraska orator, Handy referred to Major McKinley and there was an outburst of cheering, interrupted with groans and hisses. More groans and hisses, but no cheers followed his reference to the third ticket the deputy ticket he called it. Bryan's reception was flattering; in its enthusiasm. When he finished his speech he went on a platform in an open lot, near the auditorium, and addressed a large crowd composed of those unable to gain admission to the principal speech. Bryan will leave here via the Pennsylvania railroad at 10:05 tomorrow morning for Philadelphia. He will make a speech at Chester en route.

Debs and the Firemen.

GALVESTON, Tex., Sept. 21.—Eugene V. Debs, the leader of the American Railway Union and former secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, addressed a note to the biennial convention, asking that he be accorded an audience at the pleasure of the convention. This note was received and acted upon in executive session. A reply was sent to Debs that he would be heard this afternoon. The beneficiary committee report was concluded this morning, claims amounting to \$33,000 having been allowed. The report of the grand executive board was taken up at the afternoon session, and while in the midst of it the hour of 4:30 rolled around and a recess was taken.

Debs made his talk and was followed by Editor W. S. Carter, of the Locomotive Firemen's Magazine, Grand Master Sargent, Secretary Arnold and Chairman Hayes, of the board of trustees. Debs invited interrogatories from delegates and he was subjected to a running fire of questions. Debs occupied from 4:30 to 7 p. m. About 6:50 a resolution was offered exonerating Debs, and it was passed unanimously. Debs then thanked the convention and his closing remarks, which betokened fellowship and good feeling, were received with applause.

HOW TO CARE FOR CLOTHING.

Hints About Closets—Packing Away Unused Articles.

If in a freshly whitewashed closet it is necessary to hang dark clothing, tack against the wall an old piece of sheeting or calico as a protection for the clothes against the lime, which would otherwise rub on them. The cleat upon which the hooks are screwed should be about 4 1/2 or 5 feet from the floor, and your closet shelf about 3 inches above the cleat. This is a convenient distance and prevents reaching and straining when things are to be put on or taken off the shelf. The capacity of a closet is increased by screwing to the underside of the shelf a row of double hooks shaped like the letter T. Another excellent plan is to run a rod across the closet lengthwise and then fasten to this a number of movable hooks of galvanized wire. These hooks are excellent, as the clothing can be hung loosely on them, and they can be pushed along the rod to make room in the same way that clothing stores arrange dresses and coats. The yokes which many clothing houses send along with coats and wraps are the best things for keeping cloaks and wraps in shape. Any housekeeper can make herself a supply of these by taking pieces of barrel hoops about 10 or 12 inches long and winding about them pieces of old cambric or muslin.

Woolen will not serve, as it invites the attention of moths. Suspend the yokes by a loop made at the center with stout cord, wire or cloth.

Closet floors need special attention. Wide cracks in them collect dust and lint or afford lodgment to moths and other troublesome insects. These should be carefully filled with putty or plaster of paris. A good substitute for these is newspaper shredded finely and made into a paste with gum tragacanth or a little hot water and glue.

Campbor, tar balls, tarred paper and cedar chests have proved inadequate as moth exterminators. It seems to be decided that the only safe thing is to thoroughly beat all dust out of the clothes, give them a thorough sunning, wrap them first in a piece of old muslin, then tightly inclose the bundle in newspaper. Printer's ink is very distasteful to insect forces.

A wise plan is to label these parcels, as the uniformity of appearance may lead to mistakes. Tack a set of papers on the inside of closet doors and on the lids of boxes and trunks. As each garment is laid away write its name on the paper. By this plan the closet, the shelf and the package which holds a desired garment can be recognized at a glance.

How Cigars Are Made in London.

All the ends of cigars and cigarettes, "dottels," chewed "quids," etc., are bought at so much per pound from public houses, music halls, etc., besides those picked up in the street. These savory morsels are put into a large bath, where a kind of tobacco broth is made.

In the early autumn, when the chestnut leaves are beginning to turn a golden color, parties are organized, who go to wherever they can get a good supply of these leaves, which are then put on long wires and immersed in this bath for either a long or short time according to the requirements of a strong or mild cigar. These leaves are then rolled into English cigars.

How to Make a Marguerite Bag.

Some young women are now turning their attention to prayer book bags which they carry to church.

Embroider on a square of satin, large enough to be afterward cut in a shield shape for a bag of sufficient capacity to carry a prayer book a crescent shaped bunch of orange blossoms with a few buds and leaves. Let the bunch descend from the upper right hand corner and sweep down to the left lower corner in a graceful curve.

Two or three loose, stray blossoms floating off as if in a breeze will add to the pleasing effect. Work with rich embroidery silks in natural colors on a cream white satin ground. Trim the shield shape all around with a double frill of elegant white lace.

Line bag with gold colored silk over a thin layer of perfumed wadding. Sew handsome 2 1/2 or 3 inch wide satin ribbons of best quality to attach the bag to the bride's belt. A skillful painter could substitute painted flowers for embroidery.

How to Make Artificial Fruits.

The latest luncheon favors are reproductions in silk of the early radishes, the tempting hot-house cucumbers, big, juicy strawberries and all such fruits and vegetables as bear their color to decoration.

The primary object of their being so arranged, but so admirably they serve a practical use. As a possible matter of fact, they make presentations or emblems according to size, and can be carried away as permanent souvenirs. Each model is copied as closely after nature as possible. The shape is obtained by careful piecing together of the various sections of white silk.

The color is applied with the brush, and is made so realistic as to suggest a practical test of their quality. But the ideal interest they excite is due to color and effect. Radishes with their tender, green tops surrounding the red, carrots with their splendid orange, and cucumbers that show the peculiar vivid green of the hot-house growth are the favorites.

How to Treat Jaundice.

It has been found that butter-milk is the best possible food for the patient, acting, as it does, not only as nutriment, but as a medicine. Rhen wine is also recommended and sour lemonade, but butter-milk stands far ahead of anything else. Then, in holding better and more healthful as a summer drink than this same fluid, and those who have any liver troubles, it is only should try it. For liver complaints it also should be remembered that only those vegetables which grow above ground are beneficial. These last are likewise prescribed for constipation by some doctors.

A WILD ENGINE GETTING NEAR

Four Men Killed and Others Injured in a Railroad Wreck in Indiana.

AS USUAL, ALL WERE EMPLOYEES

Down Grade, Impossible to Stop and the Engines Came Together With a Crash.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 18.—Four men were killed and a number of others badly injured this morning in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, near Connersville, Ind., about 40 miles east of here. The dead are:

Chris Sweetman, engineer, Dayton; Kinsey, fireman, Cincinnati; George House, conductor, Indianapolis; Hughes, fireman, Hamilton. Injured: Paymaster John Jansing, badly hurt; Charles Scallon, assistant paymaster, slightly injured; Fiaschi, porter of pay car, badly hurt; E. Wysoog, foreman of bridges and buildings, badly hurt; J. M. Kourike, roadmaster, slightly injured; M. P. Concanon, freight engineer, Hamilton, supposed to be fatally hurt; M. Brown, conductor pay car, badly hurt.

The accident was one of the worst that has happened in this part of the state for years. The paycar was following regular freight No. 35, east-bound. Both were running as extra trains. The freight, stopped at Longwood, and put part of the train on a siding, taking the rest to Salters' switch. A crew took the engine of the freight and started back to Longwood. When one and a half miles east of Longwood, the wild engine met the paycar. It was down grade and impossible to stop. The two engines came together with a terrible crash, and the paycar was thrown onto its side, into a ditch. Paymaster Jansing is so badly hurt he cannot possibly live.

Consumption Can Be Cured

By the use of Shilo's Cure. This great cough cure is the only known remedy for that terrible disease. Sold by Driver-Bradley Drug company.

THE MARKETS.

Money and Metals.

New York, Sept. 22.—Money on call, easier, 3 3/8 per cent; last loan, 4; closed, 4 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, nominally 7 1/2 per cent.

Bar silver, 65 1/2.

Silver certificates, 65 1/2 @ 65 1/2.

Copper, quiet; brokers' price, \$10.02 1/2; exchange, \$10.50 @ 11.00.

Lead, quiet; brokers' price, \$2.40; exchange price, \$2.75 @ 2.80.

Wheat.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Wheat—September, 61 1/2; October, 61 1/2; December, 62 1/2; May, 63 1/2 @ 64 1/2.

Montana Cattle.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

UNION STOCKYARDS, CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Receipts of cattle today were 2,500, of which 1,000 were westerns. The market is 10 cents lower.

Rosenbaum Bros. & Co., live stock commission merchants, today made the following sales of Montana cattle:

Owner No. Av. Wt. Kind. Price

Best Hereford 24 1,370 Steers \$3 45

Best Friesian 226 1,170 Heifers 4 20

Boston Mining Stock.

Boston, Sept. 22.—Following were the quotations on the Boston mining stock board today:

Allouez Mining Co. 1/2

Atlantic 17 1/2

Boston & Montana 83

Butte & Boston 1 1/2

Calumet & Hecla 306

Franklin 8 1/2

Kearsarge 11

Oscoda 20

Quincy 108

Tamarack 83

Wolverine 6 3/4

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Sept. 22.—There was a large volume of sales in the wool market this week, quotations for the leading descriptions being:

Territory wool—Montana, fine medium and fine, 19 1/2; scored price, 28; staple, 30; Utah, Wyoming, etc., fine medium and fine, 8 @ 10; scored price, 27 @ 28; staple, 2 @ 30.

California wools—Northern, spring, 9 @ 12 1/2; scored price, 28 @ 29; middle county, spring, 8 @ 9; scored price, 25 @ 26; free northern, fall, 7 @ 8.

No. 1 Michigan, 14 1/2 @ 16; No. 1 Michigan combing, 18 @ 19; delaine, Michigan, 17 @ 18.

Unwashed medium—Kentucky and Indiana quarter-blood combing, 15 @ 16; Missouri quarter-blood combing, 14 @ 15; Lake and Georgia, 14 @ 14 1/2.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate, and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents per bottle, at Driver-Bradley Drug company.

Ogden, Utah, Is the Victim of a Heavy and Destructive Wind Storm.

THE DAMAGE WAS EXTENSIVE

General Havoc With Property of Kinds, but No Loss of Life Reported.

SALT LAKE, Sept. 19.—A special Ogden says: One of the most destructive storms ever witnessed in this city passed over the city last night today, leaving devastation in its wake. Fortunately there was no loss of life, the damage amounts to \$100,000. A large warehouse of A. J. Keisel was burned; loss, \$50,000. The department by great effort saved surrounding buildings. Great damage was caused by wires being blown down. The smokestack of the railway power house was blown down and the city left in darkness. Camps at the power works, south Ogden, were torn to rags. The roof of the large machine shop was carried away and other damage done. Scores of the large buildings in the city escaped without serious injury. The presents a pitiable spectacle. The thoroughfares are strewn with debris. Every imaginable description of trees and men are employed in cutting up and removing ruins. At noon the subsided after a 24-hour hurricane. The great machine shops in the camp above the city have been blown down. The buildings are a complete wreck. The loss to the power works is heavy.

Fire in Ogden.

OGDEN, Sept. 19.—Fire broke out last night in the warehouse of Fred J. Keisel & Co. and destroyed the building and contents. Loss, \$75,000. At midnight the fire was still burning and buildings are threatened.

Deafness Can Not Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional means. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound, imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, unless the inflammation can be got out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are cured by Catarrh, which is nothing but a flattened condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give \$100 for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

MORNING WEDDING.

Miss Bessie McKenzie and Mr. Angus Grant Married.

At 10 o'clock Tuesday morning the marriage of Miss Bessie McKenzie and Mr. Angus Grant took place at home, near the Boston & Montana road, of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McKenzie. Miss McKenzie being a sister of the late Rev. F. H. Gwynne, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated.

Miss Edith Rochester was maid of honor and Mr. Robert Oakes acted best man.

The bride was attired in steel silk, with point lace, and wore white floral roses. The maid of honor's dress was lavender, with pearl trimmings, she also carried white roses.

The parlors of the residence were beautifully decorated with cut flowers. The ceremony was witnessed by a number of friends of the couple, which followed, when they partook of a sumptuous repast.

At 2 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Grant left for an extended southern tour and will be at home after Oct. 10 at Seventh and north and Twentieth streets.

Bicycle Repair Shop.

Messrs. Webber & Denton are equipped with the Western Hardware Co., which they are prepared to do first-class repairing bicycles, sewing machines, arms, locks, presses, etc. All tires, single or double tubes, made as good as new by our new rubber vulcanizer. Satisfaction guaranteed.

There's Only One Railroad

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago; That lights its trains by electricity throughout; That uses the celebrated electric best reading lamp;

That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago at Milwaukee;

And that road is the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

It also operates steam heated, vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair and the very best dining car service. For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents or address J. T. COSTLEY, Ass't Gen. Pass Agent, St. Paul, Minn. Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.