

Beckwith Mercantile Co.

ST. IGNATIUS, MONTANA

We Carry Everything for the Homesteader

Lumber, Building Material, Hardware, Barbed Wire, Fencing, Wagons, Buggies, Pumps, Groceries, Grain, Feed, Provisions, Clothing, Dry Goods, Footwear, etc.

LUMBER

Yards at Ronan, Ravalli, St. Ignatius

Complete stock of everything in the builders' line. See us before buying.

We can sell cheapest, because we ship in carloads and have the shortest haul

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, July 17, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Francis M. Cammack, of Ronan, Montana, who, on May 9, 1910, made Hd. No. 01964 for Unit B, W¹/₂ SW section 15, township 21 N., R. 20 W., Montana meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 5th day of September, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: James Farrow, Henry Troendle, J. A. Swanson, Joe Houle, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
July 21-aug 25

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, July 7, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Theodore O. Anderson, of Ronan, Montana, who, on June 17, 1910, made Hd. No. 02279, for Unit E W¹/₂ SE section 9, township 20 N., range 21 W. M. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 22nd day of August, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: Henry Roy, Julius Rinke, W. H. Riechard, Clarence Riechard, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
July 14-aug 18

Wanted

Relinquishment near town wanted. Good water. State terms and conditions in first letter to
A. KLINGENBERG,
Belton, Montana.

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, July 17, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Myrtle B. Irwin, of Ronan, Montana, who, on May 24, 1910, made Hd. No. 02210 for Unit D, SW NW Sec. 9, Twp. 21 north, range 20 west, 31 meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 4th day of September, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: J. Jackson, E. M. Weber, Chris. Vandenburg, Spencer Sterling, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
July 21-aug 25

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, July 17, 1911. Notice is hereby given that William H. Gardner, of Ronan, Montana, who, on Oct. 13, 1910, made Hd. No. 02087, for SW NE, N. 2-2-35, SE Sec. 14, Twp. 21 north, range 21 west, 31 meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 4th day of September, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: Nellie Wade, of Polson, Montana, R. K. Irton, Clyde Anderson, Ed. Baldwin, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
July 21-aug 25

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, Aug. 14, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Edward Johnson, of Dixon, Montana, who on May 23, 1910, made Hd. No. 02205, for Unit C, NW NW Sec. 21, T. 19 N., R. 21 W. M. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described, before G. E. Whiteman, a U. S. Commissioner, at Dixon, Montana, on the 2nd day of October, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: Charles Austin, J. M. Carver, Robert M. Sharp and W. W. Dunlap, all of Dixon, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
aug 18-sept 15

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, Aug. 14, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Helen McCrackin, of St. Ignatius, Montana, who on July 2, 1910, made Hd. No. 02380, for N¹/₂ NW section 22, T. 19 N., R. 19 W. M. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver, at Missoula, Montana, on the 2nd day of October, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: Joseph McDonald, Andrew D. Magee, Edward Deschamp and Andrew V. Beckwith, all of St. Ignatius, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
aug 18-sept 15

Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, Aug. 14, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Edgar L. McConnell, of Ronan, Montana, who, on May 11, 1910, made Hd. No. 02995, for Unit C lot 3 se nw Sec. 6 T. 20 N. R. 20 W. M. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 2nd day of October, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: F. C. Guenzler, H. D. Schmidt, Jacob Olson and John Corr, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
aug 18-sept 15

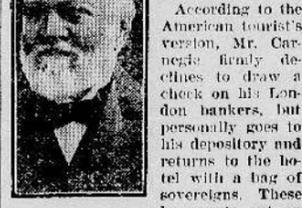
Notice for Publication.

(Non-coal land)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Missoula, Montana, Aug. 14, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Harry Boyd of Ronan, Montana, who on May 10, 1910, made Hd. No. 02049, for Unit C, E¹/₂ NW, Sec. 21, T. 21 N., R. 20 W. M. M., has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Coker F. Rathbone, a U. S. Commissioner, at Ronan, Montana, on the 2nd day of October, 1911. Claimant names as witnesses: W. V. Windus, Henry Troendle, James Farrow and Andrew Eck, all of Ronan, Montana.
JOSIAH SHULL, Register.
aug 18-sept 15

In the Limelight

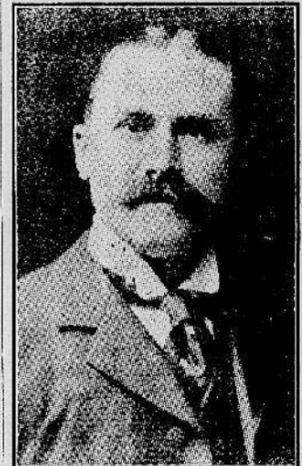
Gossip of Persons In the Dispatches

THE benevolent ironmaster, Andrew Carnegie, has a peculiar way of paying his hotel bills, while he is abroad anyway, according to an American who was at a London hostelry while the laird of Skibo was staying there. It appears that the Carnegie method is to pay by gold rather than check.



According to the American tourist's version, Mr. Carnegie finally decides to draw a check on his London bankers, but personally goes to his depository and returns to the hotel with a bag of sovereigns. These he counts out on the cashier's desk, one at a time, to the full amount of the bill, which is always a large one.

Of course this jangling of gold pieces always attracts considerable attention, and the inquisitive are duly informed that it is Andrew Carnegie of Pittsburgh, U. S. A., paying his bill.



The popular interest in the prospect of Mars being inhabited having been worn out both in magazines and on the stage, the assertion that Venus contained human beings much the same as the earth attracted no little attention. The discoverer of the Venus possibilities was Thomas J. J. See, astronomer at the observatory at Mare Island navy yard, San Francisco, who holds the rank of captain in the United States navy.

If Professor See's deductions are correct the entire theory of cosmic evolution since the days of La Place is considerably demoralized. Professor See has found many scientific supporters for his new theories as to the movements of Venus, though some dissent from the human habitation proposition. The See theory is that Venus is much more like the earth than Mars. Mars, he claims, rotates forty-one minutes slower than the earth, whereas Venus' rotation is thirty-five minutes faster.

Captain See is a graduate of the University of Missouri and later took a special course at the University of Berlin. He is the discoverer of what is known as the double star system.

London gossips have about settled that the next governor general of Canada will be Sir Lewis Vernon Harcourt, minister for the colonies. It has long been unofficially decided that the Duke of Connaught will not succeed Earl Grey because he is too formal to suit the democratic Canadians. The suggestion that the queen's younger brother, Prince Alexander of Teck, be appointed instead of the king's uncle, is also discarded by the political forecasters because of his not having had any experience in public office.

Harcourt, it is said, may accept the position, as he finds that his health cannot bear the strain of the continuous office work required in controlling a big department of the British government.

The Canadian post, it is figured, would give Harcourt the opportunity to restore his health by a change to a bracing climate and at the same time broaden his experience in the handling of colonial matters by actual contact with one of English's most important possessions.

Governor and State Senator Discuss Question of Woman's Vote.

By SIMON B. BALDWIN, Governor of Connecticut.

By "BIG TIM" SULLIVAN, State Senator from New York City.

I BELIEVE women eventually will obtain the vote, but I do not believe they will ever take AS MUCH INTEREST IN USING IT AS DO MEN.

Although the brains of a man and a woman may be equally fine and their education be similar, the RAW MATERIAL UPON WHICH YOU WORK IS DIFFERENT.

My idea would be to enfranchise women by degrees. Let them learn to use some civic power before giving them full power. I have now recommended that the women property owners of Connecticut be permitted to vote upon their proper taxation.

If this much were to be given them we would be BETTER ABLE TO JUDGE HOW ANXIOUS WOMEN ARE FOR THE FULL FRANCHISE. In many parts of the country women are permitted to vote on school boards and purely local political questions, and it must be admitted they do not exercise their rights to any great extent.

OF COURSE IT SEEMS A CERTAINLY THAT EQUAL SUFFRAGE WILL EVENTUALLY COME, BUT I DO NOT BELIEVE WE SHALL EVER SEE THE DAY IN WHICH MEN AND WOMEN ARE EQUALLY INTERESTED IN POLITICS.

IF man is the mighty affair he thinks he is, why should he be AFRAID of political competition by the women? If he's not such a mighty affair, then it's time he stepped down and GAVE THE LADIES A CHANCE to show what they can do in politics.

If you look at the young people going to work nowadays you'll see QUITE AS MANY GIRLS AS MEN.

If women compete with men in business, why shouldn't they COMPETE WITH THEM IN POLITICS?

Mr. Croker told me some time ago that he had too much respect for women to want to see them mixed up in politics.

I'VE GOT TOO MUCH RESPECT FOR POLITICS TO THINK IT WOULD DEFILE ANY WOMAN. POLITICS IS ENNOBLING. IT HAS AN EDUCATIONAL VALUE.

The WOMEN OUGHT TO VOTE if they think it's going to make things any better for them.

Woman suffrage has been a success in the states in which it has been tried. Give a woman half a chance and you'll find she can REASON JUST AS WELL AND GENERALLY IS A GOOD DEAL FAIRER AND SQUAREER THAN A MAN.

Government of the City Is a Business Proposition.

By EMIL SEIDEL, Socialist Mayor of Milwaukee.



THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY IS A BUSINESS PROPOSITION AND ALL THE PEOPLE ARE STOCKHOLDERS. PUBLIC OFFICIALS ARE EMPLOYED TO RUN THE ENTERPRISE.

If a city can furnish its stockholders with cheap commodities that enter into the cost of living, then it is the DUTY OF ITS SERVANTS to see that measures are adopted which will bring about this much desired result.

The greatest problem confronting the American people today is the COST OF LIVING. It is the duty of every official to study this problem long and carefully. I think that the biggest single item in the cost of maintaining the home is the MEAT BILL.

No set of men ever exercised the power that these men do. They REACH INTO THE POCKETS OF EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN THE WORLD. They started out poor without a single exception.

Every locality has to face different conditions. Rural districts are free from the problems that confront the congested localities. Why, then, should not EACH LOCALITY BE ALLOWED TO MAKE ITS OWN LAWS, provided they do not infringe on the rights of the entire people of the state or nation?

A CITY REFLECTS ITS GLORY OVER THE ENTIRE COUNTRY. THE RURAL VOTER IS BENEFITED BY THE PROSPERITY OF THE NEAREST MARKET. WHY, THEN, SHOULDN'T HE ALLOW THAT MARKET TO EXPAND TO TAKE UP NEW ENTERPRISES, TO DEVELOP ALONG LINES THAT MAKE PROSPERITY AND HAPPINESS?

German Language Should Rank Next to English In Our Schools.

By THEODORE SUTRO, President of the United German Societies of New York City and of the German-American Alliance of New York State.

THE German language should be pushed to the very front as a BRANCH OF INSTRUCTION instead of being crowded to the rear. We may well say that in the whole civilized world the two principal languages in active use today are English and German.

AS A MEANS OF FITTING OUR CHILDREN FOR PRACTICAL LIFE INSTRUCTION IN GERMAN SHOULD RANK AT LEAST NEXT TO THAT IN ENGLISH.

Aside from its practical use, the German language also embraces, with English, the RICHEST AND MOST IMPORTANT LITERATURE OF THE WORLD in every science and in every art and in every field of human endeavor.

German is used to a large extent in our commercial life. It is a distinct aid to a man engaged in a large business, to doctors, to lawyers.

German should be taught in our schools FROM THE EARLY GRADES, and there should be no thought of ever dropping it from the curriculum.



Abe Meillier, Blacksmith and Repair SHOP

I have just installed a power trip-hammer, emory wheel and band saw and am prepared to turn out all work in quick time. Horseshoeing and wagon work trade especially solicited. Shop located on A street, 1st door east of M. J. Benedict's.
RONAN, MONTANA

Stanley Scarce Auto Stage Line

RAPID, SAFE, RELIABLE

TIME CARD

SIGHTSEER 33 PASS'			ARROW 7 PASSENGER		
NORTH BOUND					
Lv. Ravalli 10:30 A. M.	Lv. Mission 11:00 A. M.	Ar. Ronan 1:00 P. M.	Lv. Ronan 9:00 A. M.	Ar. Polson 10:00 A. M.	
SOUTH BOUND					
Lv. Ronan 2:00 P. M.	Lv. Mission 3:45 P. M.	Ar. Ravalli 4:15 P. M.	Lv. Polson 12:00 Noon	Ar. Ronan 1:00 P. M.	
Fare Ronan to Mission or Ravalli \$2.50			Fare \$2.00		
Baggage, Express or Freight 1 cent per pound. Minimum package 25c. Minimum trunk \$1.00.			Two Round Trips Daily		

RAVALLI TO POLSON IN 3 HOURS TRAVEL

This Plumper Stock Means Extra Good Wear

These Misses' and Children's shoes are made with exceptionally plump sole and upper stock.

The result is that they give much better wear than ordinary.

The fact that they are made by the Bradley & Metcalf Co., those makers of extra good shoes since 1843, proves that the leather and the workmanship are a much higher quality than the average.

A. B. C. Misses' and Children's Shoes

are made in the very latest styles. We have all sizes, but they are sure to sell fast. So call now while our stock is complete.

We carry this manufacturer's complete line for men, women and children. We have shoes for all occasions—dress, street, work, school or business. And our prices offer you a good saving.

LEMIRE BROS., Sole Agt's.