

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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EDITORIAL COMMENT

MEXICO AND SILVER.

Those delicate easterners who are afraid of carrying a silver dollar, and who still have fears lest the currency of this country may go to a silver basis, just to steady their nerves should read the history of Mexico for the past quarter of a century, because the money of Mexico is silver. When old man Diaz took charge down there he found an empty treasury, the government without credit, about 9,000,000 of people, 7,000,000 of whom were peons; no public means of transportation save by stage and pack train and a revenue of only \$15,000,000 per annum. That was twenty-seven years ago. Now the revenues are \$115,000,000 per annum; the government has built 19,000 miles of railway; all signs of discontent and revolution have disappeared and the conditions have been made so favorable that foreigners have gone there and invested \$1,200,000,000. In the whole time there has never been a panic, during all the time when the United States was in the doldrums after the demonization of silver, and through the final assassination of silver in 1893. Mexico was exulting in prosperity, and has been ever since. The conditions that have prevailed in enlightened France and half barbarous Mexico during the past twenty-five years ought to make our eastern financial savants think.—Salt Lake Telegram.

TRADING IN "FUTURES."

In our opinion the agitation against dealing in "futures" on stock or produce exchanges is rather silly, because it is not founded on any knowledge of the results of such trading. How wide apart the agitators are in their economic conceptions is shown by the fact that the agitation by the farmers is founded on the theory that gambling in produce reduces prices, while British cotton spinners, in the firm conviction that it raises prices, are buying land in the Southern States for the purpose of raising their own cotton—an enterprise from which they are morally certain to get only Irish dividends. Trading in futures, except upon the rare occasions when prices are temporarily disturbed by an attempted "corner," does not produce any perceptible effect of any kind upon the prices of the commodities dealt in, except as the wide publicity given to the various opinions of dealers as to the future trend of prices gives the farmers better information than they would otherwise have. No man can "sell short" on cotton or pork without there being a man "long" of the market at the other end of the bargain, and in so far as either is able to affect markets, if he can affect them at all, his efforts must be neutralized by those of his opponent. All gambling is opposed to public policy, but so far as trading in futures affecting prices, there is nothing in it except as prices are equalized by the general diffusion of information by the exchange quotations.

If, however, gambling operations could be stopped by law, public sentiment would favor it. It is not possible to stop gambling. It is well to keep trying so long as no serious injury is inflicted upon legitimate trade, such as would follow the suppression of the intelligent opinion now made common property by the exchange quotations. The practical difficulty in suppressing gambling transactions in futures is that the form of contract in such a transaction usually is and always may be identical with that of a legitimate contract for intended delivery. Actual delivery can be enforced under such contracts, and if, when they mature, the party who stands to gain chooses to accept a money compensation instead of the delivery to which he is entitled, we hardly see how it can be prevented. Of course, a high tax can be levied on all sales on exchanges, which would be so much taken out of the price of the product, and the farmers would pay it. Gambling is bad for public morals, but its economic injury is confined to those who are fools enough to engage in it.—San Francisco Chronicle.

HART M'KEE NOW SCORES HIS WIFE

PARIS, March 16.—The Hart McKee divorce case comes up again on next Wednesday, when Maitre La Bori will speak for McKee. McKee's acquaintances have been informed by him that he and his accusing wife were not legally married until seven months after they were united in common law bond. Answering the charge that he pawned her jewels, McKee says: "She never had any. Tevis promised to give her his first wife's diamonds, but he died before doing so. But as Cornelia was supposed to have the Tevis diamonds, she fooled society by having an imitation set made, which she wore everywhere and called the Tevis heirlooms. They were all fake, so how could I pawn them? The only real bit of jewelry she had was the wedding ring Tevis gave her. I never pawned it, but she gave it to another man to sell, and I have the receipt." McKee's first wife, Lydia Sutton, is among the people interested in the case, who are in Paris this week. Lydia believes "poor Hart's troubles all due to his unfortunate second marriage." Her partisans refer to the second wife as "poor Hart's mistake." Cornelia's allies retort by disdainfully cutting Lydia. McKee's father, Sellers McKee, says "Hart's wife looks so beautiful and has such pathetic blue eyes! But she is a little vixen!"

LOSES FORTUNE IN FAKE CONTEST

NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—J. E. Cavanaugh, a wealthy lumber man of Davenport, Ia., reported to the police here today that he had been fleeced out of \$37,500 by a party of men in New Orleans, who posed as representatives of prominent local sporting clubs. Cavanaugh said he was recently approached in the Middle West by a man who told him there was a crowd of wealthy men in New Orleans who were willing to risk all they had on a wrestler here, but that he knew of a man named Marsh, from Seattle, Wash., who could throw the New Orleans wrestler, and that an opportunity was presented to make a lot of money. Cavanaugh came to New Orleans and says he met by appointment several well groomed men, who said they had a wrestler named Gorman, who could beat the world. A match was arranged and Cavanaugh bet \$37,500 on Marsh. The match was held in secret. Marsh won the first fall, but when the men went to the mat a second time Marsh began suddenly bleeding profusely from the nose and mouth. A man who said he was a doctor declared Marsh was dying. Cavanaugh was advised that if he did not want to go to jail he had better get out of the way, and he went to Memphis, Tenn., temporarily.

HELLO!

The Old Lady—Lor', sir, I do love to 'ear you preach about 'eaven. You get so hellequent.—The Sketch.

A SECRET.

Casey—Phat ud you do to a man that called ye a prevaricator?
Higgins—Man, I—I'd kill um.
Casey—Thin I'll not say pwhat I think.—St. Louis Republic.

Certificates of location at this office.

O'MEARA VISITS THE VALCALDA

SAYS SILVER PEAK PROPERTY HAS ENCOUNTERED FINE BODY OF ORE.

W. P. O'Meara came in yesterday from a visit to the Silver Peak Valcalda. He reports the mill and mine in superb condition. On the west extension of the lower level an ore body about five feet wide, the value of which is about \$150 a ton, was uncovered. The output of the mill this month he says will exceed that of any previous two months.

MARRIAGE RULES MORE STRINGENT

NEW YORK, March 16.—Archbishop Farley has issued a letter, which is to be read in all the Catholic churches in this diocese, stating a more rigorous enforcement of the rules of the church regarding marriages will begin next Easter Sunday. The decree on which the letter was based was promulgated by the Sacred Congregation under the authority of the Pope.

The archbishop's letter informs the faithful that no marriages shall be valid in the eyes of the church unless the ceremony is performed by a priest duly authorized and before at least two witnesses. Marriage between two Catholics or between a Catholic and a baptized non-Catholic performed by a civil magistrate, alderman, notary public or Protestant minister will be void. Such marriages up to the present time have been recognized as valid.

Marriage to be legal must be performed by a pastor of the bride or by a priest delegated either by him or by the Bishop of the diocese. Those contemplating marriage must secure positive and correct information as to the time and place of their baptism.

MAKES PERILOUS TRIP IN NORTH

TACOMA, Wash., March 16.—William Beech, accompanied by his wife and son, Karl, reached Gimli, B. C., yesterday from Port Churchill, completing a journey of 1100 miles in a few minutes less than ninety-one days. The trip was made by a dog sleigh, and many severe hardships and privations were encountered. The party was delayed twenty-three days at Nelson river on account of the water not being frozen over. This unexpected halt resulted in the food supplies running low, and the travelers had to subsist on short rations for several days. In order to provide for food for the dogs, Beech had to make a trip of 600 miles to a small trading post west of their temporary encampment.

Mrs. Beech is the first white woman to survive the trip from Fort Churchill to Gimli by dog train. Mrs. H. G. Rutledge, who previously attempted the trip, died during an exceptionally severe three days' snow-storm.

WELLS FARGO AT RAWHIDE.

Owing to the demand for an express office at Rawhide the Wells Fargo Company has decided to establish a branch office there in the near future and Route Agent Michaels, who has been in charge of the Reno district is slated for the same office at the new camp.

A. H. Peterson who has been assistant route agent for the Wells Fargo Company at Portland, arrived in Reno yesterday and has been assigned to the position formerly held by Michaels.

THE BEST HE KNEW.

Gladstone, a Jamaican negro, was assistant to a district physician in the Canal Zone, and, being rather poor in his Latin, the bottles had been numbered for his benefit. One day a Spanish laborer came in for medicine, and the doctor told his worthy assistant to give him two pills out of No. 6. After he had gone the doctor asked:

"Gladstone, did you give the man a dose of No. 6?"
"Oh, no, sah, doctor; numbah six war finished, so I just give him one pill out of numbah foah and one out of numbah two."—Lippincott's.

Journals, cash books and ledgers—the thing the merchant needs—best that can be made. For sale at the Bonanza office.

Certificates of location at this office.

GOLD CIRCLE IS OF MUCH PROMISE

Certainly Gold Circle is making good, and every shovelful of dirt and every inch of development work that has been advanced has only emphasized the strength and richness of this remarkable field, says the Gold Circle Miner. Gold in inexhaustible stores is actually in sight in the outcrop of the great dykes on the gold zone of this district and the prosecution of limited development only will be necessary to open up and disclose at depth many great paying mines.

The mineralized area is at least twenty-five miles long and more than ten miles wide and within this vast territory at least one hundred prospects are toray in line as actual producing properties within the next sixty days. The phenomenal values found in the outcrop are maintained at the greatest depth yet had, and in several instances even the sensational values found at the grass roots are eclipsed by the general average values at a greater depth.

Of all the districts in Nevada today, Gold Circle is positively the best, for not only have remarkable values been found in those properties already located, but newer and richer fields are being daily added, which extend the mineralized area far beyond the most sanguine expectations of the original locators.

The veins are not only strong and well defined, being from ten feet to two hundred feet in width, but the general average values at no time runs less than \$18 or \$20 to \$10,000 and even as high as \$50,000 per ton. This too, absolutely free milling.

Several streams of pure mountain spring water run through the district and not only furnish an ample supply for ordinary purposes, but a very limited outlay will make water power of sufficient capacity to run large reduction plants.

Every condition is favorable for extensive and aggressive mining and the entire Gold Circle district is one vast mineralized area, of exceeding high grade milling material.

The Gold Circle Miner does not believe in booms or excitements, but we do believe that actual facts will hurt no one, and, in this case, one-half of the truth is entirely sufficient to warrant the positive opinion that the great veins in this rich gold zone are richer and better defined and carry higher values in gold than any section of Nevada. The values being exceptionally high: the ore free milling, and plenty of water for all mining purposes; with veins from fifty to two hundred feet wide, certainly denominate it a remarkable section.

Prospectors will find the field sufficiently large to enlist their attention and while other districts of the state are moving along quietly in the even tenor of their way, the rich gold lodes of Gold Circle district demand more earnest consideration than any section we know of.

No doubt the public will think the Gold Circle Miner is enthusiastic and we candidly admit such to be the fact, for we cannot but concede that where every condition is favorable we have a right to feel perfect confidence in the permanence and strength of the camp.

The field is plentiful and the workers are few and it only remains for a very small degree of further development to be prosecuted before Gold Circle will astonish the world, not only from the output of twelve or twenty great producers, but from every indication at least a hundred will be added to this number.

Gold Circle district is situated in the western part of Elko county and near the line of Humboldt and about forty-five miles directly east of Golconda, on the main line of the Southern Pacific railroad the latter place being the outfitting point for the district.

Three automobile lines and a stage make regular trips from Golconda to the district. Automobile fare one way, \$15; the round trip, \$25. Stage fare, one way, \$7. Automobiles make the trip in about three hours and a half and the stage time about eight hours.

WILL OBSERVE ST. PATRICK'S DAY

St. Patrick's day will be fittingly observed in this city today. In the morning an address will be delivered on Ireland's patron saint at St. Patrick's church by the Rev. Father Butler. The music will be of an exceptionally high order. In the evening a dance will be given at the Miners' Exchange hall.

Advertise in The Bonanza.

FRENCH SUCCESS AGAINST TRIBESMEN

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, March 16.—Gen. D'Amade in a report from Morocco, states that 2000 tribesmen who recently attacked a French column were beaten off with heavy loss. The French infantry captured the enemy's camp at the point of the bayonet. The French loss is insignificant.

SANITARY AFFAIRS IN SAN FRANCISCO

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The Citizens' Health Committee issued a report on sanitary accomplishments of the past six weeks. From February 2d to March 14th, 72,460 premises were inspected, 384 premises were disinfected, 171 houses destroyed, 54 buildings condemned, 17,564 nuisances abated, and 56,994 rats trapped or poisoned.

GREEKS RETURN TO WORK.

The strike of the Greek section hands which has been on at Millers for the past month, was settled yesterday, all hands returning to work at the old scale of \$3.00 per day.

QUITE WARM YESTERDAY.

The temperature yesterday was 63 degrees, the warmest day of the month. The highest for the month of March a year ago was 62 degrees.

Manzan Pile Remedy, price 50c, is guaranteed. Put up ready to use. One application prompt relief to any form of piles. Soothes and heals. Sold by Tonopah Drug Co. 3-3-4-12

APPOINTS NEW GREEK CONSUL

(By Associated Press.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The Secretary of State, through the Treasury Department, has advised Collector Stratton that G. N. Tsolomitis has been appointed consul for Greece at San Francisco, with jurisdiction over California and Nevada. He succeeds Peter Kinas.

RAWHIDE CLUB IS INCORPORATED

It develops that the presence of Riley Grannan and Sam Wallen here on Thursday was to complete the incorporation of the Rawhide Club Company.

The company has been incorporated at 100,000 shares of a par value of \$1 each.

The incorporators are Grannan, Wallen and G. C. Weeden.

Grannan is famous as the only plunger that ever took a \$100,000 bet in a race in this country. He bet \$80,000 on his horse against \$100,000 bet by James R. Keene, the celebrated New York stock operator and turfman. The race was a dead heat and so the purse was split in two, Keene getting \$90,000 and Grannan \$90,000, and therefore winning \$10,000 on his bet.—Reno Journal.

Here comes the Spring Winds to chap, tan and freckle. Use Pinesalve Carbolyzed, (acts like a poultice) for cuts, sores, burns, chapped skin. Sold by Tonopah Drug Co. 3-3-4-12

Try our four year old port and sherry wines at \$2.00 per gallon. H. J. Hall & Co. tf

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SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

H. J. HALL

Tonopah's New Wholesale

LIQUOR HOUSE

Is Now Ready for Business

This is the Largest Liquor Establishment in Southwestern Nevada

LOWER MAIN STREET, NEAR DEPOT

All Orders Promptly Attended to

SIMPLEX AUTO LIVERY

Cars to Manhattan Daily

Leaving Tonopah 9 a. m. Booking Office
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Electric fixtures, shades and electric utensils to be SOLD AT COST

You are cordially invited to inspect our Sample Room.

Pioneer Stables

SIX-HORSE STAGE DAILY

Leave Tonopah 7:00 a. m. daily Leave Manhattan 7:00 a. m. daily
SUMMERFIELD & JOHNSON, Props.

RENFRO'S AUTOS

Will make regular daily trips between Wanda and Fallon, and will make the trip from

TONOPAH TO WONDER

Will start with three or more passengers, going by way of Phonolite and Sulphur.