

HAZEN IS SCENE OF SERIOUS CUTTING SCRAPE SUNDAY

ONE MAN AT POINT OF DEATH

Row Over One Dollar May Re- sult Fatally—Employes of Ore Purchasing Co.

HAZEN, Nev., Sept. 5.—In a drunken brawl here last night William Smith was seriously cut in the stomach by Charles Jones and is now in a precarious condition.

He is in the local hotel, attended by Dr. Lehnert of Fallon and Jones is in jail. The officers are awaiting the result of Smith's injuries before placing a formal charge against Jones, who will be accused of murder if Smith dies.

Smith is in such a serious condition that District Attorney Wall has come to Hazen to take his dying statement in case it is found that he cannot live.

Both men were employed by the Western Ore Purchasing company, and last night they got into a dispute over a debt of \$1 and this dispute soon led to blows. It was then that Jones pulled a knife and so seriously cut Smith.

ATTENDANCE AT BALL GAMES.

A Philadelphia statistician has come forth with the statement that over 1,000,000 persons have witnessed the games at the American and National League parks in that city. The Athletics are credited with drawing an average of 16,912 persons a game for 52 games and the Philadelphia with 8356 persons per game.

DOSE OF SNUFF SENDS GIRL TO HOSPITAL

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Miss Nellie de Onzo, 17 years old, is under the care of physicians in a hospital as the result of a 90-minute spell of sneezing. Her experience was due to snuff which a young man, in a spirit of fun, scattered near her while she was singing.

HACKENSCHMIDT DEFEATED BY CHAMPION FRANK GOTCH

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Frank Gotch, champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler of the world successfully defended his title with George Hackenschmidt yesterday afternoon at the American League Park grounds.

Frank A. Gotch was born April 27, 1878, at Humboldt, Iowa.

George Hackenschmidt was born August 2, 1877, at Dorat, Russia.

Conditions of the match were as follows: Best two out of three falls, pin falls to count, for catch-as-catch-can wrestling championship of the world. The division of the purse was as follows: Gotch received \$21,000 and 50 per cent of the moving picture profits; Hackenschmidt, \$11,000.

Hackenschmidt was first to enter the field where the great conflict took place. He received a big ovation as he entered. He was accompanied to the mat by Doctor Roller, Johan Koch and Americus. "The Russian Lion" looked the picture of health, but betrayed a little nervousness. When asked regarding Hack's nervousness, Doctor Roller said: "The fact that he is a little nervous and anxious shows that he is on edge and in perfect physical condition. He is prepared to meet Gotch and is in better shape right now than ever before in his life."

Frank Gotch followed Hackenschmidt a few minutes later, accompanied by his trainers, Rogers and Jess Westergaard. The ovation he received as he was seen to emerge from the crowds to the arena was so long and vociferous it was several minutes before quiet was restored. As he appeared upon the stage he bowed smilingly and shook hands with many nearby, and then stood erect and looked at Hackenschmidt with bitter contempt. Gotch

BENEFIT DANCE LAST NIGHT BIG SUCCESS FINANCIALLY

The ball given by the Tonopah Miners' union last evening at the Miners' Exchange hall, for the benefit of the Miners' hospital was largely attended. The evening's temperature was just right for dancing and the lovers of terpsichorean held sway until dawn this morning and were then loath to depart for their homes. The music was a special feature of the occasion, and the committee of arrangement are deserving of special mention in making the dance the success it was.

TRIAL OF KOYNE.

This morning, in the district court, the trial by jury of W. A. Koyno, charged with grand larceny, or high-grading gold ore from the Clifford mine at Ellendale, was begun. A jury is being selected from the venire, but at the time of going to press a jury had not been selected. Hugh Miller, who was indicted for the same offense, pleaded guilty, but has not as yet been sentenced.

P. M. Bowler is assisting the district attorney in the prosecution and Judge Chambers is defending the accused.

O'DELL DEPOSITS \$100 WITH SPORTING EDITOR OF BONANZA

This afternoon G. M. O'Dell, better known as the "Fighting Miner," deposited \$100 with the manager of the Bonanza for a 26-round contest with Prof. George Braun. The contest to take place within forty days and the winner to take all. O'Dell says that by such an arrangement the public will have confidence in the bout being on the square.

Prof. Braun, it is said, agreed to the contest, but desired that 60 per cent go to the winner and 40 per cent to the loser.

This O'Dell will not agree to. The Fighting Miner has quite a reputation as a mit artist and is well up in the many art of self defense. He has many admirers in the southern country who are legion to his judgment and ability.

It is now up to Prof. Braun to cover the deposit, as O'Dell means business.

LABOR DAY WAS PASSED UNNOTICED IN TONOPAH

No Parade, No Sports, No Celebration of Any Kind in the Greatest Union Camp in the West—Members of Tonopah Band Do- nated Services in the Afternoon.

Yesterday morning old Sol broke from the heavens with all his brilliancy in Tonopah in commemoration of the 29th anniversary of Labor Day, the one occasion given over to the men and women who earn their bread by the sweat of their brow, and whose work is a great essential in propelling the world to go round.

The day in Tonopah passed off so quietly that one would believe that most of the populace had taken up residences in some sleepy hollow.

There was not a semblance of a parade, not a statement from any of the many of Tonopah's citizens capable of making an appropriate and fitting oration for the Miller or Labor Day, so much in evidence throughout the length and breadth of the country, and not even so much as a burro race in go to make up a sports program.

The Stars and Stripes—the national emblem of the greatest of all republics—were unfurled and swung to the breezes on but few of the business houses of the city.

And all this is to be regretted; that the day passed off so quietly when we consider the number of union men that go to make up the 6000 or more souls who make this great camp's population.

And when we take into consideration that the Pine Tree camp, only a few miles distant and of much smaller dimensions, held high festivities there in celebration of the national holiday with an appropriate sports program and many other forms of amusement, such as drilling matches, races, etc.

However, during the afternoon Tonopah's brass band serenaded various business houses and discoursed music appropriate to the occasion. Much credit is due Prof. Carl and the members of his organization for their efforts.

Tonopah has learned a sweet lesson from this experience and (this from authoritative source) it is safe to predict that Labor Day will be celebrated in a way in the future so as to establish a record that will make other cities of this great labor state of Nevada envious and much emulation will result between the various cities to compete for highest honors in commemorating the toilers' day in years yet unborn.

In fact, already, arrangements are being made to have a committee of 25 appointed, consisting of labor and business men, known as the boosters' committee, that will spare no effort to boost the great camp whenever the least chance arises.

Much can be written regarding Labor Day and the persistent work going on to better the conditions and lessen the woe of the calloused-hand workers. When that day arrives each year the leaders of organized labor feel like pulling together the threads of the fabric they have been seeking to weave and holding it up for inspection.

The grandest achievement of the American labor movement is its laudable effort to prevent human misery. It has not mattered whether the cause was accident, disease, greed or poverty, the men of labor have been equal to the occasion by devising practical remedies for industrial and social evils.

Much has also been done in regards to conserving life and health by means of factory regulations and factory inspection and inspection of mines and smelting and milling

but all of them fell short.

Gotch wore a grim smile; Hack, however, appeared more serious.

Gotch won the first fall from Hackenschmidt in 14½ minutes, unofficial time, with a crotch and half-Nelson hold.

In the second fall it took the champion of the world 7 minutes 18½ seconds to get a reverse body hold on his bulky antagonist and the crowd split the air with their yells and cheers. The Russian fell to the mat with Gotch holding his legs in the air and plugging the Russian's big shoulders to the cushion.

The Montana tug-of-war team, with their captain, William Evans, appeared at the office of Harry Epstine, the stakeholder, yesterday afternoon and demanded the stake of \$200 deposited by the Belmont team as forfeiture money.

According to the articles of agreement, if shown that the anchor man or other members of either team were incapacitated on Labor day the stake money was to be refunded. The Montana men were ready to do battle yesterday, but no foe appeared on the scene and no proof of disability of any member of the Belmont team having been produced or offered, the Montana men and their captain made the following written demand

on Stakeholder Epstine:
"Tonopah, Nev., Sept. 4, 1911.
"H. E. Epstine, Tonopah, Nev.
"We, the undersigned, Montana tug-of-war team do hereby claim deposit money of four hundred dollars (\$400) which you hold as stakeholder, for the reason of the non-appearance of the Belmont tug-of-war team at 3 o'clock p. m., September 4, 1911, as per articles of agreement, drawn up and signed by representatives of both the above teams upon the 16th day of August, 1911.

"W. B. EVANS, Captain.
"JOHN CAMPBELL.
"GUST. HANSON.
"G. A. ROBERTS.
"JOHN JOKI.
"NICK HILL.
"M. SOLOMEN.
"TOM DORSEY.
"D. B. CORBETT.
"MIKE MACARI, Sub.
"JOHN WALSH, Sub."

Mr. Epstine will confer with the captain of the Belmont team, who is now confined in the Miners' hospital with typhoid fever. It is said he will protest the payment of the money to the Montana champions.

Here is a list of some of the measure and regulations and reforms which have been obtained in various states throughout the Union by organized labor:

Twenty-four states have passed laws providing for proper ventilation for each and every operative employed in such factory.

Fire escape provisions have been made in at least twenty-four states.

Twenty-four states have passed laws requiring the proper care of employees employed in and about dangerous machinery.

Lavatory and proper sanitary toilet measures have been passed by twenty-seven states.

Thirty of the states of the Union require inspectors to properly enforce the laws regarding factory operatives.

It is also mandatory in eighteen states for employers to report all accidents to an authorized state official, so that accurate statistics can be readily procured for the information of the people for the needs of further legislation for the safety of life and limb.

Night work for children is strictly prohibited in at least thirty-six states. This provision has always been fought with a vengeance by large factory employers.

In 45 states legislation has been passed placing an age limit on children employed in factories. However in many states in this list the age limit is yet very low.

In many of the states legislation has been enacted placing the working week for a child at 48 hours and day work.

In fifteen states boiler inspection laws have been enacted. This law obtain in nearly every state where quartz mining prevails.

In a few of the states employers' liability measures have been passed. Montana, California and Nevada are included in this list.

In at least fifteen states provisions have been made for the inspection of baker and butcher shops for the proper conservation of eatables.

Mechanics' lien laws obtain in forty-eight states of the Union for conserving wages. These liens in many instances are attached to property, in others they attach to chattels and money in private or general funds.

Bureau of labor statistics have been established in thirty-five states of the Union. These bureau have been of untold value in many cases. All these bureaus have been born through the consistent efforts of organized labor, and have been the means of obtaining industrial information and means of protecting factory laws.

MINE SOLD.

Last week the Grand Prize group of mines at Tuscarora was sold by the sheriff to satisfy a mortgage of \$65,000. The property was bid in by A. F. Wheeler for \$40,960.

MONTANA TUG OF WAR TEAM CLAIMS FORFEIT MONEY

The Montana tug-of-war team, with their captain, William Evans, appeared at the office of Harry Epstine, the stakeholder, yesterday afternoon and demanded the stake of \$200 deposited by the Belmont team as forfeiture money.

According to the articles of agreement, if shown that the anchor man or other members of either team were incapacitated on Labor day the stake money was to be refunded. The Montana men were ready to do battle yesterday, but no foe appeared on the scene and no proof of disability of any member of the Belmont team having been produced or offered, the Montana men and their captain made the following written demand

on Stakeholder Epstine:
"Tonopah, Nev., Sept. 4, 1911.
"H. E. Epstine, Tonopah, Nev.
"We, the undersigned, Montana tug-of-war team do hereby claim deposit money of four hundred dollars (\$400) which you hold as stakeholder, for the reason of the non-appearance of the Belmont tug-of-war team at 3 o'clock p. m., September 4, 1911, as per articles of agreement, drawn up and signed by representatives of both the above teams upon the 16th day of August, 1911.

"W. B. EVANS, Captain.
"JOHN CAMPBELL.
"GUST. HANSON.
"G. A. ROBERTS.
"JOHN JOKI.
"NICK HILL.
"M. SOLOMEN.
"TOM DORSEY.
"D. B. CORBETT.
"MIKE MACARI, Sub.
"JOHN WALSH, Sub."

Mr. Epstine will confer with the captain of the Belmont team, who is now confined in the Miners' hospital with typhoid fever. It is said he will protest the payment of the money to the Montana champions.

MANHATTAN CELEBRATED LABOR DAY PROPERLY

The Miners' union of Manhattan did themselves proud yesterday in conducting their Labor Day celebration. The weather was anything but pleasant, the wind and dust was unbearable during the day, but this did not mar the pleasure of the Manhattanites and the good people of Round Mountain, Smokey and Monitor valley and Tonopah, who had journeyed to the Pine Tree camp to partake of the hospitalities of which the thriving gold-producing camp is noted.

The visitors from Tonopah speak of their treatment as the "finest in the land" and say the program was good, and the sports better. The Manhattan brass band did themselves proud in discoursing sweet music, which made everybody happy in celebrating the day as it should be. The festivities closed with a grand ball, which was attended by everybody.

RAILROAD LABOR TROUBLES ABOUT TO BE ARBITRATED

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—That arbitration may become the means of settlement of the difficulty between the Harriman system, officials and shop employes is the belief of James W. Kline, international president of the Blacksmiths' union, acting as spokesman for the eastern labor leaders now in this city. Kline said he had received a number of telegrams from eastern cities to the effect that the shopmen favor arbitration, providing all efforts fail to gain from the railroad officials the recognition of the federation.

Kline said he expects that by Friday 35 delegates, comprising the general committees of the shopmen employed by the Harriman system will be in this city for a conference, and that the arbitration question then will receive formal consideration. The eastern labor leaders took part in the Labor Day parade here yesterday.

JUDGMENT IS ARRESTED FOR GEORGE STOUT

JURY FINDS HIM GUILTY OF
SELLING LIQUOR TO INDIANS.
INDICTMENT FAULTY.

Judge Averill today ruled in favor of the motion in arrest of judgment in the case of the state of Nevada against George Bruce Stout. The defendant had been convicted at the hands of a jury for the offense of disposing of intoxicating liquors to an Indian.

Attorney Richards, who was appointed by the court to defend Stout, took exceptions to the conviction and very ably and forcibly presented to the court matters of law in support of his motion that brought forth the foregoing victory, both for Richards and his client, principally his client.

The point made by Attorney Richards was that the indictment, in not containing the words "Not a ward of the government of the United

ALLEGED WIFE MURDERER'S STORY ON THE STAND

DENIES COUSIN'S STATEMENTS

Beattie Admits More About His Unlawful Relations With Beulah Binford.

CHESTERFIELD COURTHOUSE, Va., Sept. 5.—Henry Clay Beattie Jr., on the witness stand yesterday, categorically denied that he took part in or knew anything of the purchase of the shotgun which his wife was killed with. He likewise flatly contradicted almost the entire testimony of his cousin, particularly with regard to the alleged confession in which Henry is supposed to have said to Paul, "I wish I had not done it."

Tightly clenching a handkerchief with which he nervously rubbed his face, the prisoner rested his head on one hand and half reclining in an arm chair, faced the jury. His answers were quick and decisive and he showed an apt memory in relating the details of the manner in which the alleged highwayman approached his machine, and intending to shoot the accused, murdered his wife, who sat beside him.

It was the same story, identical in its phraseology, with that which the accused told to the coroner's jury, although he admitted more of his relations with Beulah Binford, following the course of the defense throughout the trial in pointing her out as a disreputable girl for whom the prisoner whom he never would have murdered his wife.

For nearly two hours and a half Beattie was in the witness chair and when the court recessed for luncheon, the direct examination of the prisoner, closing the case for the defense, was concluded except for the demonstration requested by counsel for the prisoner, that the jury be shown by the accused on the lawn outside the court room the exact manner in which the murder occurred while he was seated in the car.

TONOPAH TEAM VICTORIOUS.

Mark Page and Robert Burns, of Tonopah, proved themselves champions yesterday at Manhattan in the double-handed drilling contest. They succeeded in putting down a hole in very hard rock to a depth of 34 5/8 inches. Two other teams drilled 32 and 29 inches respectively.

States," did not state a cause of action.

This trial has cost the taxpayers of Nye county several hundred dollars and after a conviction by jury, it is found the indictment is faulty. The district attorney drew the indictment and secured a conviction. This is a case pure and simple where an innocent man was tried and convicted at no small expense, through ignorance or negligence of the district attorney's office.

Dr. Ralph Goldberg, the optician at Shemanski's jewelry store, is doing a land office business in his line. His work is giving entire satisfaction, which proves he is a master of his profession. He will remain only a few days longer.

See the greatest glove contest of the season at the Butler tonight.

6191