

MORE BOY BABIES BORN DURING WAR TIMES

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 3.—The theory that more boy babies than girl are born in war times is supported by the annual report of the register general for England and Wales. During the first quarter of the war the proportion rose to 1043 boys to 1000 girls, and the succeeding quarter was 1044. For the four quarters of 1916 it rose to 1050, 1051, 1045, and 1046. All these figures, says the report, are considerably above any recorded during the preceding fifty years, and are within measurable distance of the general European ratio, which for many years has been considerably in excess of the British.

The marriage rate was the highest on record; the birth rate was the lowest on record; the death rate from typhoid fever was the lowest on record; that from influenza the highest since 1900, and that from measles the highest since 1896. The average ages of both men and women marrying were the highest on record; that of men was 27.3 years; women, 25.5. The infant mortality rate was the lowest on record.
A rise in mortality among the aged of both sexes is noted. It is a feature that has appeared in the statistics of other belligerent countries and is regarded as a reflex of the unusual stress and anxiety of the time.

PRICE REGULATION BILL ON ITS PASSAGE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—To make available quickly an appropriation for a food survey, the department of agriculture yesterday asked, and the senate and house agricultural committees agreed to have the administration food-control legislation, re-introduced in congress in separate bills.
One measure, expected to pass without delay, will carry a \$25,000,000 appropriation for the survey and will provide for enlarging the department's staff to permit supervision of seeding operations; another will include provisions for licensing and controlling storage and distribution.

Both the house and senate committees continued hearings today. Secretary Houston before the house committee, outlined the government's price-fixing plan to be written later. Governor Frazier, of North Dakota, told the senate committee he believed farmers of his state would not oppose minimum price fixing. Prices have been fixed by gamblers, he said, and farmers, he thought, would not object to the government fixing them if the prices are made fair and equitable.

FOOD CONSERVATION MAY SAVE NATION

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 3.—Sir Oliver Lodge is an appeal for greater state aid of scientific research, declares his belief that England can grow all the food necessary for feeding her people, if proper scientific methods are employed. He says:
"People state that the area of the British Isles is too small to feed the inhabitants. The effort has never been made. The area is certainly inadequate if in the twentieth century we use the methods of the nineteenth. But it must be known that of late years discoveries of the utmost importance have cropped up in a sporadic manner through individual enterprise and at private cost. Though application of these discoveries on a large scale has still to be made. And no one can doubt that a multitude of other vital truths are awaiting discovery at the hands of biologists and chemists."
"Either we must grow our own food or we must labor at other

things to provide the wherewithal to purchase it from abroad. How dependent we are on other lands the war has shown, but the mistake of thus depending on them is a continuous folly.
"Let scientific men be encouraged, not stung, but lavishly, to attack the problems connected with the fertility of the soil, and the best means of utilizing solar energy in the production of the right kind of vegetation, and good results are bound to follow. What the nation chiefly lacks in this matter is faith.
"The satisfactory promotion of scientific discovery is an affair of millions of pounds sterling. The nation can afford to be lavish. The young energy and the brains are ready; the means and the equipment are lacking. Even now, in war time, the ancient stranglehold of official parsimony is tight in many instances, and not even now is official expenditure authorized which would enable schemes to move in the right direction. Private purses have to be appealed to, or we have to take refuge in other work of a less expensive character.
An adlet in the Bonanza is the best investment.

STORM OF COMPLAINT OVER REVENUE BILL

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—The house ways and means committee spent yesterday ripping apart and re-drafting the war revenue bill submitted by its sub-committee.
Two brief sessions of the full committee resulted in over-turning by a vote of 15 to 7 the sub-committee proposal to reduce the amount to be raised from \$1,800,000,000 as suggested by Secretary McAdoo to approximately \$1,400,000,000 and in a general upward revision of the income tax increases written into the bill.
Every rate affecting incomes above \$10,000, it is understood, was tentatively increased by the full committee. So sharp were advances, it is said, that about half of all incomes in excess of \$500,000 annually would go to the government.
Excess profits tax proposals will be attacked by the committee with every indication that the sub-com-

mittee plan will be greatly altered, if not wholly discarded. It proposes doubling the present rate of eight per cent on profits exceeding \$5,000 and eight per cent. Many Republican members not on the sub-committee, declare they will never agree to support a large increase.
Reading by Chairman Kitchin of the sub-committee's report today was the signal for a storm of complaints. Republicans demanded to know whether their members had agreed to the proposed bill, and when assured that such was the case, they gave unmistakable signs of dissatisfaction.
From the treasury department came a strong protest against eliminating some \$400,000,000 from the amount to be raised. Treasury officials said it was probable that nearer \$2,000,000,000 than \$1,800,000,000 would be needed during the coming year. The vote against the sub-committee's \$1,400,000,000 total followed.

BASIC OIL FLOTATION PATENTS ARE AT STAKE

Three students of the department of mining of the University of California conducted experiments 13 years ago which may determine the outcome of one of the most important pieces of mining litigation in the world. For years the story has gone the rounds of the big mining centers of the country that the original discoverer of the oil flotation process, which has effected a revolution in mining methods in recent years, was a certain old woman who lived in a shoe and divided her time between counting her children and playing in a tub of soap-suds. The habitat of this mythical creature has been located in a score of Western mining camps. From her accidental experiments is said to have sprung the process which has been patented by the Mineral Separations Company of London, now reaping a golden harvest from royalties in every country on the globe in which mineral is found.
Various mining company, among them the Butte and Superior, the big zinc producer of Butte, Mont., attempted to develop a process similar to that claimed by the London company, and out of these efforts has sprung litigation that is now famous. Beaten in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, the Minerals Separations company appealed to the supreme court of the United

States and won, to the extent that the case was sent back to the district court in Montana, where it is on trial this week.
The Butte and Superior, which is owned jointly by the Jackling and the Guggenheims, recently produced witnesses who showed that the three aforesaid young men from Berkeley conducted successful experiments and utilized the oil flotation process three years before the patents of the Minerals Separation company were secured in this country. These experiments were described at length in an article which appeared in the California Journal of Technology in November 1903, a copy of which was produced at the trial. In this article, which was contributed by W. F. Copeland, Drury Butler and Jas. H. Wise, appeared the following paragraph, which will be interesting to all who are familiar with the oil flotation process now in use:
"The foam effect is produced by a violent agitation, especially in acid and salt solutions. This throws the oil into a froth, which is heavily charged with air or other gases. This gas gives a greatly increased buoyant force. The oil in this condition assumes a certain load of mineral and holds it in a very stable condition. The charge does not settle. The foam effect is best adapted for light flaky minerals, such as molybdenite."

The testimony came as a surprise to the London company may have a material effect upon determining the issue at stake. The mining world will watch the result of the suit with interest, for the Minerals Separation company wins, it means that it will be able to collect tolls in thousands of mining districts the world around—S. F. Chronicle.

RUSSIAN TROOPS TAKE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

(By Associated Press.)
SALONKI, May 3.—All the Russian troops on the Balkan front have now taken the oath of allegiance to the new Russian government. Russian soldiers in the vicinity of Salonki were marshalled on a suburban parade ground for the ceremony of swearing allegiance to the provisional authority. The general in command addressed them, reading the Russian emperor's proclamation of abdication and explaining that a constitutional convention was to be held later to choose a form of government.

DEER AS TAME AS A MILK COW

J. R. Bunch states that when riding over in the Clover Valley section of Humboldt county, he saw a young deer at the Liotard ranch that was as tame as an old milk cow. He said the animal had a little tinkling bell strapped to its neck and when he started up the canyon from the house the deer followed him for over a mile.

Local Druggist Pleades

We are highly pleased with the QUICK action of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, the appendicitis preventative. ONE SPOONFUL relieves sour stomach, gas, and constipation AT ONCE. Jos. Piercy, Druggist.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE

TONOPAH GIPSY QUEEN MINING COMPANY
Location of principal place of business and location of works, Tonopah, Nye County, Nevada.
Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of Directors, held on the ninth day of April, 1917, an assessment (No. 11) of One (1) Cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States Gold Coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the company, Room 265, Russ Building, San Francisco, California.
Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 14th day of May, 1917, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday, the 14th day of June, 1917, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.
By order of the Board of Directors,
CHARLES D. OLNEY, Secretary.
Office: Room 265 Russ Building, San Francisco, California. Apr12M14

R. FRED BROWN STOCK BROKER

All Southern Nevada Stocks bought and sold on San Francisco, Philadelphia Exchange and New York Curb.
111 Main Street TONOPAH, : : : NEVADA

THE RIVERSIDE HOTEL

RENO, NEVADA
H. J. GOBSE, Mgr.
On the banks of the Truckee river. Strictly modern in every respect. Where you can find southern Nevada people. Dancing is a feature every evening, except Sunday, at the Riverside in The Lanai Cafe

THE TONOPAH BANKING CORPORATION

Offers You Every Facility Consistent With SAFE BANKING METHODS
Directors: H. C. Brougher, Hugh H. Brown, W. Brougher, Clyde A. Heller, R. B. Govan, John M. Gregory

HALL LIQUOR CO.

INCORPORATED
Wholesale and Retail
MANUFACTURERS OF
GINGER ALE, SODA WATER, MINERAL WATER, HIRES' ROOT BEER
Jack Beam Whisky from Early Times Distilling Company—Pride of Tonopah.
Los Angeles Bottle and Draught Lario, International, El Primo.
Pabst Blue Ribbon Bottle Beer, Pabst Export Bottle Beer, East Side.
Agent for Dry Climate, M. & O., Italian Swiss Colony Wines.
TONOPAH, NEVADA
MAIN ST. PHONE 818

BILLIARDS BOWLING

New alloys and tables
Fountain and light lunch service
A gentlemen's resort
Chris Sorenson, Prop.

Take home a quart bottle of delicious old port. 40 cents at the Tonopah Liquor company. Adv. 11

Dutch Lunches

Please the Palate
BEER DRAWN RIGHT
G. & F. BAR

THE Original Package

ENQUEST & CARROLL, Proprietors
Remodeled—Redecorated
The Bar Stocked with the Very Best—Everybody Treated Well

H. E. EPSTINE Stock Broker

ESTABLISHED 1906
—TWO PHONES—
778 1262
MAIN STREET

Chiatovich & Beko

Dealers in
Choice Groceries
Wines and Liquors
Shields Bldg.
Next to Valley View Hotel
Erie Main Street

THE COBWEB

State Bank Building
We handle the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars
7-YEAR-OLD LACEY WHISKY
Returns by wire received on all important sporting events
PAY CHECKS CASHED
THE COBWEB
John F. Manion, Prop.

You Will Be Served

Courteously, generously helped and enjoy pure food, if you go to
MOONEY'S CAFE
TONOPAH, NEVADA

Cheapest Store in Southern Nevada

We Buy Right
— and —
We Sell Right

PAUL WEISSE

Florence Avenue

San Francisco Excursions

Limit 3 months, \$33.50. On sale daily from April 27th to September 30th
Limit 15 days, \$28.00. On sale Fridays and Saturdays, April 27 to September 29

Tonopah and Goldfield Railroad Co.

Wm. FORMAN

LAWYER
219-219 State Bank and Trust Co. Building
TONOPAH - - - NEVADA

HUGH H. BROWN

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Offices: 212-216 State Bank and Trust Co. Building
TONOPAH - - - NEVADA

H. R. COOKE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Notary Public
Offices now located on the fifth floor State Bank and Trust Building
TONOPAH - - - NEVADA
F. R. McNamee Leo A. McNamee
McNamee & McNamee
LAWYERS
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, and 110-1 F. E. Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. H. Rutison-Shipleigh

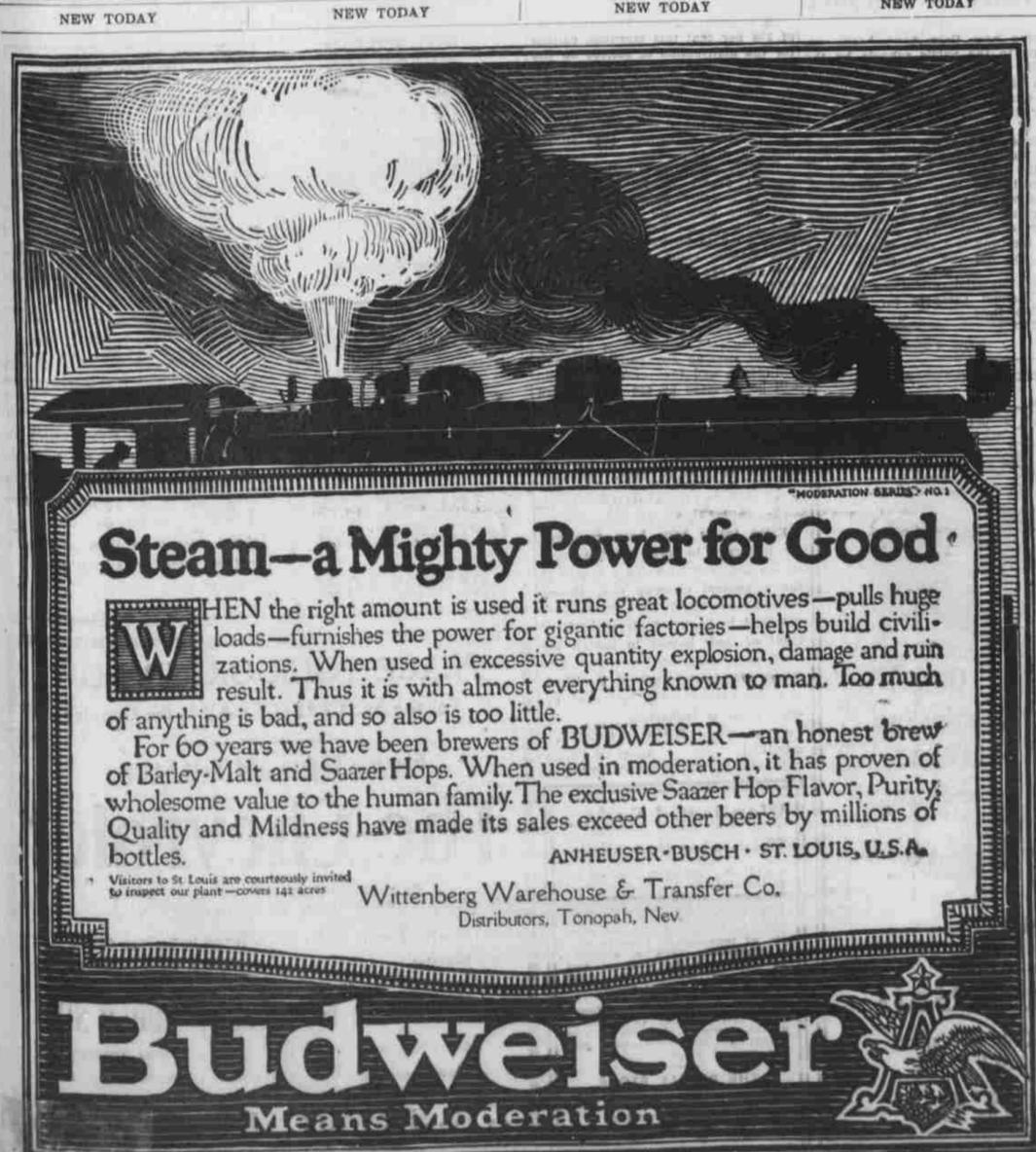
DENTIST
Rooms 206-207 State Bank Building
Phone 822
Tonopah, Nevada

DR. T. A. MUSANTE

DENTIST
Rooms 208, 206, 207 State Bank Bldg.
PHONE 942
TONOPAH - - - NEVADA

Stoddard Southworth, D.D.S.

Suite 202-203
State Bank Building
Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.



Steam—a Mighty Power for Good

WHEN the right amount is used it runs great locomotives—pulls huge loads—furnishes the power for gigantic factories—helps build civilizations. When used in excessive quantity explosion, damage and ruin result. Thus it is with almost everything known to man. Too much of anything is bad, and so also is too little.
For 60 years we have been brewers of BUDWEISER—an honest brew of Barley-Malt and Saazer Hops. When used in moderation, it has proven of wholesome value to the human family. The exclusive Saazer Hop Flavor, Purity, Quality and Mildness have made its sales exceed other beers by millions of bottles.
ANHEUSER-BUSCH • ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.
Wittenberg Warehouse & Transfer Co.
Distributors, Tonopah, Nev.

Budweiser

Means Moderation