

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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RABID DOGS OF INDUSTRY

THERE should not be any temporizing in dealing with the I. W. W. question any more than there should be any diplomacy about handling a rabid dog. There is but one form of treatment. That is extermination. The pest is worse than a bedbug visitation and smells equally vile. The same system of fighting the evil should be pursued until complete eradication results. There is no excuse for the people of Tonopah to parley over the matter. They must meet the issue before it comes to the boiling point and dispose of it once and for all. The matter rests with the governor, who has a state police force at his disposal for just such cases. He should not wait for an overt act, but go to the bat with a viciousness and energy that will demonstrate that he is earnest in his efforts to spare the state any further infliction. The I. W. W. pest has not a solitary good point to its credit and the name stands for everything that is bad and malicious.

The I. W. W. brought ruin to Goldfield by throttling the greatest mining boom known in the world when everybody had the name of Goldfield on his tongue and every mining investor was eager to place his money in that camp.

The I. W. W. has thrown 15,000 men out of employment in Butte, the most prosperous camp in the United States. The evil principles of the order menace the great copper camp with extinction through closing the mines. The principal owners have seen so much of the effects of this form of anarchy that they say they will stop the pumps and allow the mines to flood rather than concede a single point to the revolutionary leaders.

The hop-growers of California witnessed their crops burn in the field; they saw their employes, both men and women, murdered in cold blood by this band of assassins and they endured the outrages until they were driven to the desperate measure of ridding their section of the banditti.

The lumbermen of Washington have had an analogous experience. Their camps have been subjected to the incendiary's torch and their men driven from their homes.

Cripple Creek suffered from the same agitators after the strike-breakers gained possession of the camp and organized under the flag that knows no peace except the peace that is brought about by absolute submission to tyrannical leaders.

Arizona saw the handwriting on the wall and prepared for the scourge by seizing the monster of sedition and treachery and hurling it out on the desert with the Gila lizard and other venomous creatures to perish from thirst and hunger. That is the only method. It may be drastic and cruel, but no man thinks of extracting the fangs from a rattler with silk gloves.

In Tonopah the I. W. W. dynamiters began their crusade of force by dynamiting the Bonanza and would have applied the same form of coercion to the mines had not the citizens risen in their might and quietly but firmly drove the assassin horde away from decent society. These creatures are the fit associates of the tarantula and centipede that at one time flourished on the burning sands of the southern deserts and the human variety of the poisonous reptiles should be consigned to everlasting association with the foul denizens of the desert who exist by stinging and killing.

Drive them out, if they get in. Don't let it be said that Tonopah harbored the tribe. This camp produces one-sixth of the world's silver and naturally is a fine objective for the minions of the kaiser who would not relish anything better than to encompass the destruction of Nevada's chief industry. Be ready to act, but don't wait for the plague to appear in your midst. Wire the governor what to do. Warn him of the consequences of the enemy invasion and bring every moral pressure and business influence to bear that the chief executive of Nevada cannot hide behind the pretext that he was ignorant of conditions.

LEAVE PROHIBITION TO THE STATES

A GLEAM of intelligence seems to have penetrated the senate in dealing with the question of prohibition. The men who have been obsessed by exaggerated examples cited by the bias eyed element insisting on confiscation of liquor interests have finally been induced to listen to reason and argument. The principle of prohibition is not universal. Sentiment differs in almost every community and there is a wide disparity between the various states depending on the local feeling of the inhabitants. Therefore it is not a matter that should be dealt with by congress, for it is strictly one of local welfare. If a community is forced to adopt certain laws against the wishes of a majority of the residents it is a foregone conclusion that the law will be a failure through refusal to punish infractions. The greatest evil inflicted on a community is the underground system of peddling whiskey or spirituous liquors, known as bootlegging, which cannot be suppressed unless the people affected see that the offenders are punished. Bootlegging will flourish wherever the traffic is suppressed and the only way to deal with it is to ascertain the sense of the people with regard to it and then do as they wish. Liquor licenses are strictly a subject of state control and should not be dealt with by congress, which only has power to legislate for the whole country. It stands to reason that what is good for Massachusetts or Rhode Island may not be equally beneficial for any of the western states where industrial and social conditions are diametrically opposed. Nevada has a different plane of living than the eastern states and this plane is established by the will of the people who occupy the land and support the state from the fruits of their toil. This is not a state for engrafting radical ideas. The citizens are too liberal to submit to any hidebound principles and the question of dealing with the liquor traffic should be left to them. California is a good example of the pernicious effects of country wide legislation on prohibition. The wine-growers representing the best elements of California cannot see why they should be disciplined and their property confiscated because some fanatic believes the light wines and beers are a source of crime. The wine-growers of California are among the most reputable citizens through whose efforts that state has been reclaimed from an area of sandy wastes and brought to a high degree of fertility. They make wine, and drink the juice of the

grape with moderation that has not brought harm to their families who for generations have been engaged in the same pursuit.

Nevada is rapidly developing into one of the great barley-growing states which would be injuriously affected by the enactment of Puritanical laws. This is a matter that should properly be regulated by the states whose lawmakers know the wants of their constituents and mould the statutes accordingly. It is an evidence of weakness that the prohibition leaders have annexed the dry amendment to the war revenue bill instead of boldly challenging public sentiment by the direct issue of wet or dry. This is begging the real question and dodging the merits by tacking the movement to a measure that invokes the support of every patriotic citizen. This is a cowardly way. The question of prohibition should be placed squarely before the people and not presented as a rider with the expectation of eliciting support for the purpose of conducting war. The best way is to leave the entire subject to the several states.

Having seen the handwriting on the wall, the Junkers of Germany have put their handwriting on a petition asking for more liberal election laws.

If the saloons are abolished, where will the Salvation Army send collectors to get money for its various charities?

The last syllable of his name seems to be the limit for those who wish to honor Kerensky.

So long as the government has to buy dummy targets for our soldiers in training, we are opposed to hanging spies.

Wonder if the Germans put the "spies" in "Despise?"

BASEBALL GAMES

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct.
San Francisco	59	40	.596
Los Angeles	51	45	.531
Salt Lake	48	43	.527
Oakland	46	52	.471
Portland	42	49	.463
Vernon	40	57	.413

At Los Angeles—

R. H. E.
 Salt Lake 1 6 1
 Los Angeles 2 14 1

Batteries: Evans and Hannah, Sepulveda; Hogg and Boles.

At San Francisco—

R. H. E.
 Vernon 2 6 2
 Oakland 5 10 1

Batteries: Mitchell and Simon; Krause and Murray.

At Portland—

R. H. E.
 San Francisco 1 6 1
 Portland 2 4 2

Batteries: Johnson and Baker; Fincher and Fisher.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Standing of the Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct.
Boston	47	28	.627
Chicago	48	29	.623
Cleveland	43	37	.537
New York	38	34	.528
Detroit	38	38	.500
Washington	31	43	.424
St. Louis	30	49	.380
Philadelphia	28	45	.384

(By Associated Press.)
DETROIT, July 12.—Ruth held Detroit to one hit yesterday and Boston won 1 to 0. With two men out in the ninth, Shorten, a pinch hitter, tripled and scored Walker, who had hit for three bases. Ruth passed four and hit two, but five of his eight strikeouts were made with men on second.

(By Associated Press.)
CLEVELAND, July 12.—Cleveland defeated Washington 3 to 1. Coveliski holding Washington to four hits. Washington made a clean steal of home in the third inning.

(By Associated Press.)
ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Philadelphia and St. Louis changed places in the American League race yesterday when the visitors batted five St. Louis pitchers hard and won 13 to 4. The locals are now in last place.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	45	23	.662
Philadelphia	38	30	.559
St. Louis	40	35	.533
Cincinnati	43	39	.524
Chicago	41	39	.513
Brooklyn	32	37	.464
Boston	28	40	.412
Pittsburg	23	47	.329

SHIPPING DAY OLD CHICKS.

As They Need No Water Nor Food For Sixty Hours It is Easy.

When little chicks come from the shell they need neither water nor food for sixty hours. That fact has given rise to a new business. Day old chicks are sold and shipped by people who operate incubators. Those who buy are relieved of the trouble, of the inconvenience, and to some extent of the uncertainty of hatching. Only a small percentage of day old chicks perish while on the way from shipper to customer. People are thus enabled to get the little chicks and begin the poultry business without the necessity of purchasing an incubator.

Special boxes of pasteboard are made for shipping purposes. Some have a capacity of twenty-five chicks, some of fifty and some of 100. It is doubtless best that no more than twenty-five shall in any case occupy a single compartment. The walls of the boxes are moderately thick, and some soft material as grass is put in the bottom. Otherwise there are no special provisions against cold weather. However, the chicks themselves may be depended upon to cluster together and in this way keep one another warm.

The boxes are not to be opened en route nor are the chicks to be given food or water. Successful shipments have been made for 2,000 miles.—Popular Science Monthly.

Tanned Skin.

In the majority of cases tanned skin is an indication of health. It is a condition resulting from the action of chemical rays or of the ultra violet rays of the sun on the pigment of the skin. Tan may be produced also by exposure to the rays of a mercury lamp or it may be caused electrically. But in these cases it is no indication of the state of health. It does not mean that there has been a multiplication of red corpuscles in the blood, such as follows a healthful exercise in the open air. The tan acquired by the skin at sea or ashore as a result of life and exercise in the open air is always a sign of health, for the reason that it is accompanied by general conditions that do not obtain in the case of electric tan.—New York Times.

Maybe you also have notice that most of the crying at a June wedding is done by the June brides of other years.—Dallas News.

ANACONDA COPPER PRODUCTION COST

CLAIM IS MADE THAT FIGURES STAND AROUND FIFTEEN CENTS A POUND

It is said that the federal trade commission is about to investigate the cost of copper production with a view toward arriving at a fair price for copper metal on war orders to the government and the allies, says the Anaconda Standard. The government's needs for this year are estimated at between 300,000,000 and 400,000,000 pounds. The producers are willing to accept around 24 to 25 cents on allied and United States war orders, against a present market price around 30 cents, and notwithstanding that government orders of magnitude would cause the general market to go higher. On the contrary, certain radical government officials are demanding a 20 cent price, and some even ask why the producers cannot deliver it at 16 2/3 cents per pound. The feeling is unanimous in all circles, however, that the copper producers are entitled to a fair profit—and that word "fair" is entitled to a liberal interpretation under existing circumstances.

It may come as a distinct surprise to those members of the federal trade commission who are holding out for 16 2/3 cent copper, or even 20 cent copper, to ascertain the real cost of copper production, says the New York Commercial.

Anacoda, for instance, "can" produce copper for 8 cents per pound, after crediting miscellaneous income. That word "can" is only theoretical. It probably will never be realized. It refers to pre-war conditions of labor and pre-war costs of powder, steel, oil and other mine and mill and smelter supplies. It refers also to pre-war taxes.

It is costing Anaconda well over 15 cents per pound to produce copper metal. It is receiving some income in the shape of dividends from its stockholdings in Inspiration, Greene-Canaan, International Smelting & Refining, its zinc business, merchandizing, dividends from the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific railway and other outside sources, not to mention silver by-products recovered from the copper ores. On production from the Butte copper mines, the cost of copper production well exceeds 15 cents per pound.

Utah Copper, too, has a cost not far from 15 cents under present conditions. This company's costs are being increased by further wage bonuses and shortening of hours.



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 Above costs do not include special war taxes on income and excess profits.

he is employed by the United States geological survey "too look up minerals for it." There is no such name on the rolls of the survey, and anyone bearing it who claims to be doing work for the United States geological survey in Oregon should be treated as an impostor.

THE SILVER AND GOLD

The sunlight gleams on silken seams,
 And dances on each noble fold,
 Until the sheen of those bright beams
 Do gild the flag with glowing gold.

The Belmont mine below declines,
 An entrance to the silver store,
 Whose bright rays shine with welcome signs
 From out the precious ores.

The Banner blows, and blowing blows
 Above the crags so cold;
 For silver rose from sweet repose
 And placed Old Glory in the gold.
 JEAN LA SALLE.

If there is not something wrong
 with the heart of the man who asks
 at this late day what America is
 fighting for, his head needs attention.—Pittsburg Post.

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