

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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W. W. BOOTH, EDITOR AND MANAGER

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ACTIONS, NOT WORDS.

TWO SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS of the peace conference are much discussed in Washington.

First, the sudden prominence of General Angeles in Mexico is said to be directly traceable to the insistence of France and Great Britain that Mexico be placed on a stable basis and the rights of all foreigners protected.

Second, increasing conviction on the part of members of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate that Germany will not sign the peace treaty at this time.

In support of the first contention those who have closely followed the situation in Mexico and in the discussion of the Mexican problem in Paris point out that General Angeles, who is a graduate of the French military schools, has been until recently on the pay roll of the French army and one of the most trusted officers connected with the purchase of munitions in the United States. That he has the complete confidence of both France and Great Britain there is no doubt.

While the alternative is not discussed, it is freely said by officials who know that both France and Great Britain have told President Wilson that action and not words is required in the Mexican affair. Among the allied embassies and in some quarters of the State Department's unofficial family it is predicted that Angeles will be recognized at the first opportunity. These people declare General Obregon is fully cognizant of what is going on and is not averse to the trend of affairs south of the border.

In regard to the second contention, the prediction is made on what is considered well-grounded authority that the Senate will have no peace treaty to consider before September. Those who take this view declare that the present German peace delegates will not sign until the German people compel them to do so after they have first declined and the allies have exerted force and the blockade to convince the German people that the treaty as it now stands must be signed.

This may lead to an entirely new German government and even may postpone the signing of a peace treaty until one is signed in Berlin.

POOR EXCUSE FOR ROBBERY.

SOME AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS are saying of China, despoiled at the peace table, robbed in the house of her friends, that it "serves her right,"—because China has always been a pacifist nation. This is a pretty poor excuse for joining other nations in dismembering the republic. China at least never has claimed to be "too proud to fight." She has been too poor and too weak to get ready to fight, and has had a pathetic dependence in recent years in the disinterested friendship of the United States, more than once invoked to prevent wrongs upon China. Now, however, China sees her old friend sitting in at a diplomatic poker table where Japan holds all the high cards and gets all the chips. This cannot be blamed upon China's lack of military and naval power, except that if she were armed for the fray, there might be more hesitancy about pulling off this piece of international grand larceny. China had no more right to expect such treatment than the United States would have had to suppose that her allies would take New England and annex it to Canada. It is a sorry start on the millenium that the phrase-makers say is right around the corner to justify the despoiling of China by mentioning China's inability to defend herself against aggression. China may by this very act be made militaristic, and thus become a menace to the world.

AUSTRIA'S COLLAPSE.

MOST COMPLETE of all the collapses brought about by the world war is that of the Austro-Hungarian empire and the House of Hapsburg. When Dr. Karl Renner received the peace terms at Versailles on Monday he discovered that all that is left of this once proud and powerful monarchy, of the empire that held the balance of power in Europe a century ago and used it to drive Napoleon from his throne and into exile—all that remains is a fragment of territory smaller in size than Switzerland and containing a population of but 5,000,000.

When the war opened the Austro-Hungarian empire contained an area of 239,997 square miles and a population estimated at 50,000,000. The area allotted to the new republic of Austria by the allies contains but 5000 square miles, with a population before the war of less than 6,000,000, much of which has been scattered during the armistice.

Austria has fared even worse than Persia at the hands of Alexander. It has sunk from a first-class power to the rank of one of the least of the Balkan states. In 1914 Russia went to the aid of Serbia when she was attacked by Austria. Serbia would today laugh in derision at any threatened attack from what is left of Austria. The last seions of the House of Hapsburg, once the most powerful in Europe and oldest of all the European dynasties, are exiles in foreign lands. They have renounced empire and crown and are now menaced by a criminal indictment on a charge of conspiring against the peace of Europe.

Out of the territory that once composed this great empire have been carved the Hungarian republic, the Czecho-Slovakian republic and the Serb-Croat-Slovene state. Austria is also required to cede portions of territory to other of her new neighbors. Poland and Rumania get a slice of her former territory, and Italy as well. There remains to Austria little more than enough ground in which to busy her dead.

Few tears will be shed over the destruction of the dual empire, except by those who profited from the flesh pots of the old regime.

No man can be a good American and engage in propaganda in the United States in behalf of any foreign nation.

CHAUTAUQUANS OPEN TODAY

The Venetian Trio and S. Platt Jones, who present the first numbers of the Tonopah Chautauqua this afternoon and evening, are amazed at Nevada's enormous distances. Although they are travelers of wide experience they probably have never had such close-stop routing as they have tonight.

Leaving Tonopah tonight after the performance they go by auto the little matter of 135 miles to meet their next engagement at Bishop, Calif., tomorrow afternoon. This will require an all night auto ride through what is known to them as a wild and woolly region.

Tomorrow afternoon the Victory Orchestra, composed entirely of girls, will give a sacred concert at 2:30. At 7:30 tomorrow evening, after a sacred prelude by the Victory Orchestra, V. I. Shepherd will give "The Danger of Isma."

The Chautauqua is getting into swing and by Monday when the White Hussars invade the town it is expected that the Airdome will be crowded.

The Junior Chautauqua will begin Monday morning and continue until the end of the Chautauqua.

Although a dance is arranged for tonight by the Airdome management, this will be after the Chautauqua program. Many patrons who have desired to attend both will be thus accommodated.

PUGET SOUND CANAL SYSTEM

HOQUIAM, Wash., June 7.—Construction of a chain of three canals to connect the Puget Sound with the Columbia river, which has been discussed for years is being considered very seriously by the government, according to Representative Albert Johnson, Hoquiam.

One of the three ditches, according to outlined plans, would be dug from the Puget Sound, near Olympia, Wash., to the Grays Harbor on the coast. The second link would run down the coast from Grays Harbor to Willapa Harbor and the third would connect Willapa Harbor with the Columbia.

Proposals have been made at the canal at first be built large enough to handle only light draft boats. Later the waterway could be deepened for coastwise craft.

Construction of the Puget Sound-Columbia river canal has been considered since 1854 when Jefferson Davis, later president of the Confederacy, was secretary of war. At that time war department engineers went over the route and pronounced the plan feasible. Davis believed the canal would be of great wartime strategic value.

Twelve years ago the late General H. M. Chittenden went over the proposed canal route and made a complete report. He believed seven locks would be necessary to carry the canal over the divide between Olympia and the coast. He placed the cost around \$15,000,000.

Congressman Johnson recently said it might be possible to get the canal included among the government's projects for inland waterways.

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WYOMING MAKES ROLL OF HONOR

CREYENNE, Wyo., June 7.—Every doughboy, leatherneck and gob who wore a uniform during the world war and claimed Wyoming as his home will have his name, home address, and military record on file in the office of the newly created historical department of the state government, so that future generations may know the deeds of the present generation.

The work of compiling these records was commended during the war by the council of national defense through Miss Agnes Wright, state librarian, who undertook to organize county and local committees to gather the data. Then the legislature decided that now was a good time to accumulate a "past" and authorized the appointment of a state historian.

Charter No. 8580. Reserve District No. 12

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE THE NEVADA FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF TONOPAH

At Tonopah, in the State of Nevada, at the close of business on May 12th, 1919.

Resources	
1. Loans and discounts, including rediscunts, (except those shown in b and c)	\$295,898.83
Total loans	\$295,898.83
2. Overdrafts, secured, \$4,343.10; unsecured, \$1,211.39	5,554.49
3. U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):	
a. U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	\$ 35,000.00
b. U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,000.00
c. U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and pledged	\$295,000.00
4. Liberty Loan Bonds:	
a. Liberty Loan Bonds, 3%, 4, and 4 1/4 per cent. unpledged	5,350.00
5. Bonds, Securities, etc. (other than U. S.):	
b. Bonds (other than U. S. bonds) pledged to secure postal savings deposits	35,000.00
c. Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	281.25
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.	35,281.25
6. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	3,600.00
7. Real estate owned other than banking house	1,147.04
8. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	78,172.55
9. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	441,407.64
10. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in items 13, 14, or 15	31,443.85
11. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than item 17)	4,950.65
Total of items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18	\$477,802.14
12. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	5,952.29
13. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	1,250.00
14. Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on Notes and bills Receivable not past due	284.89
Total	\$1,141,294.68
Liabilities	
15. Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
16. Surplus fund	20,000.00
17. Undivided profits	\$ 21,854.24
a. Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	19,051.77
18. Interest and discount collected or credited, in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	1,141.79
19. Circulating notes outstanding	23,700.00
20. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	17,667.94
Total of items 32, 33, 34 and 35	\$17,667.94
21. Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
a. Individual deposits subject to check	935,520.11
b. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	4,731.94
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, items 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41	\$940,252.05
22. Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):	
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, items 42, 43, 44, and 45	\$22,073.80
23. United States deposits (other than postal savings):	
c. Other United States deposits, including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	1,000.00
24. Liabilities other than those above stated, Insurance premiums collected and not remitted	3,656.63
Total	\$1,141,294.68

State of Nevada, County of Nye, ss: I, A. G. RAYCRAFT, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. G. RAYCRAFT, Cashier.

Correct—Attest: JOHN G. KIRCHEN, H. R. COOKE, E. M. KIRCHEN, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of June, 1919. (Seal) S. R. MOORE, Notary Public.

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tain interest in the new company.—Ely Record.

PROPOSALS INVITED

The "Oro Divide" Mining and Development company will receive bids up to June 10th, 1919, to sink double compartment shaft, 50 feet deep. Contractors to furnish all materials required to complete the contract. The company reserves right to reject any or all bids. Apply, CARL YOUNG, Syndicate. AdvJ31f

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